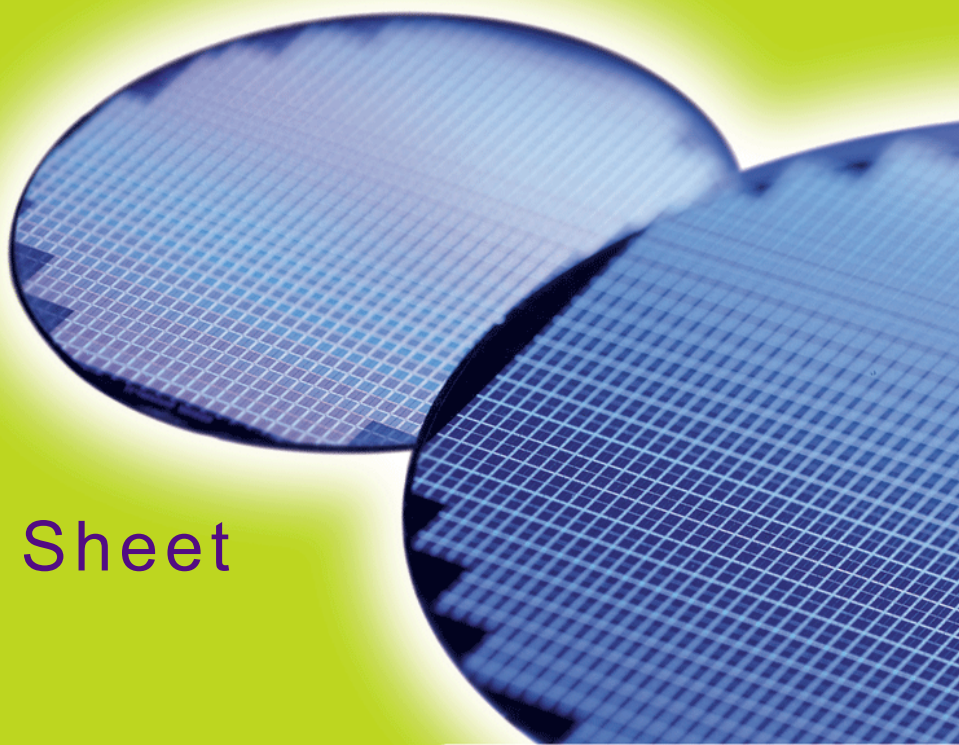


HYS72T1G042ER-5-B

*240-Pin Dual Die Registered DDR2 SDRAM Modules
RDIMM SDRAM
RoHS Compliant*



Internet Data Sheet

Rev. 1.0



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1 Overview

This chapter gives an overview of the 240-Pin Dual Die Registered DDR2 SDRAM Modules product family and describes its main characteristics.

1.1 Features

- 240-Pin PC2-3200 DDR2 SDRAM memory modules.
- 1024M x72 module organization and 2 x 256M x 4 chip organization
- Standard Double-Data-Rate-Two Synchronous DRAMs (DDR2 SDRAM) with a single + 1.8 V (± 0.1 V) power supply
- 8 GB built with 1Gbit DDR2 SDRAMs in P-TFBGA-71 chipsize packages
- All speed grades faster than DDR2-400 comply with DDR2-400 timing specifications.
- Programmable CAS Latencies (3, 4 and 5), Burst Length (8 & 4) and Burst Type
- Auto Refresh (CBR) and Self Refresh
- Average Refresh Period 7.8 μs at a T_{CASE} lower than 85°C, 3.9μs between 85°C and 95°C.
- Programmable self refresh rate via EMRS2 setting
- Programmable partial array refresh via EMRS2 settings
- DCC enabling via EMRS2 setting
- All inputs and outputs SSTL_1.8 compatible
- Off-Chip Driver Impedance Adjustment (OCD) and On-Die Termination (ODT)
- Serial Presence Detect with E²PROM
- RDIMM Dimensions (nominal): 42mm high and 133.35 mm wide
- Based on standard reference layouts Raw Card “Z”
- RoHS compliant products¹⁾

TABLE 1
Performance Table

Product Type Speed Code			-5	Unit
Speed Grade			PC2-3200 3-3-3	—
Max. Clock Frequency	@CL5	f_{CK5}	200	MHz
	@CL4	f_{CK4}	200	MHz
	@CL3	f_{CK3}	200	MHz
Min. RAS-CAS-Delay		t_{RCD}	15	ns
Min. Row Precharge Time		t_{RP}	15	ns
Min. Row Active Time		t_{RAS}	40	ns
Min. Row Cycle Time		t_{RC}	55	ns

1) RoHS Compliant Product: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances (RoHS) in electrical and electronic equipment as defined in the directive 2002/95/EC issued by the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003. These substances include mercury, lead, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls and polybrominated biphenyl ethers.



HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Registered DDR2 SDRAM Module

1.2 Description

The QIMONDA HYS72T1G042ER-5-B module family are Registered DIMM modules “RDIMMs” with 42 mm height based on DDR2 technology. DIMMs are available ECC modules in 1024M × 72 (8 GB) organization and density, intended for mounting into 240-pin connector sockets.

The memory array is designed with stacked 1-Gbit Double-Data-Rate-Two (DDR2) Synchronous DRAMs. All control and address signals are re-driven on the DIMM using register devices and a PLL for the clock distribution. This reduces capacitive loading to the system bus, but adds one cycle to the SDRAM timing. Decoupling

capacitors are mounted on the PCB board. The DIMMs feature serial presence detect based on a serial E²PROM device using the 2-pin I²C protocol. The first 128 bytes are programmed with configuration data and are write protected; the second 128 bytes are available to the customer.



TABLE 2
Ordering Information for RoHS Compliant Products

Product Type ¹⁾	Compliance Code ²⁾	Description	SDRAM Technology
PC2-3200			
HYS72T1G042ER-5-B	8 GB 4R×4 PC2-3200R-333-12-ZZ	4 Ranks, ECC	2 × 256Mbit(× 4)

- 1) All Product Type numbers end with a place code, designating the silicon die revision. Example: HYS72T1G042ER-5-B, indicating Rev. “B” dies are used for DDR2 SDRAM components. For all Qimonda DDR2 module and component nomenclature see **Chapter 6** of this data sheet.
- 2) The Compliance Code is printed on the module label and describes the speed grade, for example “4R×4 PC2-3200R-333-12-ZZ”, where 3200R means Registered DIMM modules with 3.2 GB/sec Module Bandwidth and “333-12” means Column Address Strobe (CAS) latency = 4, Row Column Delay (RCD) latency = 4 and Row Precharge (RP) latency = 4 using the latest JEDEC SPD Revision 1.2 and produced on the Raw Card “Z”.

TABLE 3
Address Format

DIMM Density	Module Organization	Memory Ranks	ECC/ Non-ECC	# of SDRAMs	# of row/bank/column bits	Raw Card
8 GByte	1024M × 72	4	ECC	36	14/3/11	Z

TABLE 4
Components on Modules

Product Type ¹⁾	DRAM Components ¹⁾	DRAM Density	DRAM Organisation	Note ²⁾
HYS72T1G042ER	HYB18T2G402BF	1 Gbit	2 × 256M × 4	

- 1) Green Product
- 2) For a detailed description of all functionalities of the DRAM components on these modules see the component data sheet.



2 Pin Configuration

The pin configuration of the Registered DDR2 SDRAM DIMM is listed by function in **Table 5** (240 pins). The abbreviations used in columns Pin and Buffer Type are explained in **Table 6** and **Table 7** respectively. The pin numbering is depicted in **Figure 1**.

TABLE 5
Pin Configuration of RDIMM

Ball No.	Name	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Function
Clock Signals				
185	CK0	I	SSTL	Clock Signal CK0, Complementary Clock Signal CK0
186	CK0	I	SSTL	
52	CKE0	I	SSTL	Clock Enables 1:0
171	CKE1	I	SSTL	<i>Note: 2-Ranks module</i>
	NC	NC	—	Not Connected <i>Note: 1-Rank module</i>
Control Signals				
193	S0	I	SSTL	Chip Select
76	S1	I	SSTL	<i>Note: 2-Ranks module</i>
	NC	NC	—	Not Connected <i>Note: 1-Rank module</i>
220,	S2	I	SSTL	Rank 2 is selected by S2
	NC	NC	—	Not Connected <i>Note: 1-Rank, 2-Ranks module</i>
221	S3	I	SSTL	Rank 3 is selected by S3
	NC	NC	—	Not Connected <i>Note: 1-Rank, 2-Ranks module</i>
192	RAS	I	SSTL	Row Address Strobe (RAS), Column Address Strobe (CAS), Write Enable (WE)
74	CAS	I	SSTL	
73	WE	I	SSTL	
18	RESET	I	CMOS	Register Reset
Address Signals				
71	BA0	I	SSTL	Bank Address Bus 1:0
190	BA1	I	SSTL	
54	BA2	I	SSTL	Bank Address Bus 2 Greater than 512Mb DDR2 SDRAMS
	NC	I	SSTL	Not Connected Less than 1Gb DDR2 SDRAMS



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Registered DDR2 SDRAM Module

Ball No.	Name	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Function
188	A0	I	SSTL	Address Bus 12:0, Address Signal 10/AutoPrecharge
183	A1	I	SSTL	
63	A2	I	SSTL	
182	A3	I	SSTL	
61	A4	I	SSTL	
60	A5	I	SSTL	
180	A6	I	SSTL	
58	A7	I	SSTL	
179	A8	I	SSTL	
177	A9	I	SSTL	
70	A10	I	SSTL	
	AP	I	SSTL	
57	A11	I	SSTL	
176	A12	I	SSTL	
196	A13	I	SSTL	Address Signal 13
	NC	NC	—	Not Connected <i>Note: Non CA parity modules based on 256 Mbit component</i>
174	A14	I	SSTL	Address Signal 14 <i>Note: CA Parity module</i>
	NC	NC	—	Not Connected <i>Note: Non CA parity module. Less than 1 GBit per DRAM die.</i>
173	A15	I	SSTL	Address Signal 14 <i>Note: CA Parity module</i>
	NC	NC	—	Not Connected <i>Note: Non CA parity module. Less than 1 GBit per DRAM die.</i>



HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Registered DDR2 SDRAM Module

Ball No.	Name	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Function
Data Signals				
3	DQ0	I/O	SSTL	Data Bus 63:0 Data Input/Output pins
4	DQ1	I/O	SSTL	
9	DQ2	I/O	SSTL	
10	DQ3	I/O	SSTL	
122	DQ4	I/O	SSTL	
123	DQ5	I/O	SSTL	
128	DQ6	I/O	SSTL	
129	DQ7	I/O	SSTL	
12	DQ8	I/O	SSTL	
13	DQ9	I/O	SSTL	
21	DQ10	I/O	SSTL	
22	DQ11	I/O	SSTL	
131	DQ12	I/O	SSTL	
132	DQ13	I/O	SSTL	
140	DQ14	I/O	SSTL	
141	DQ15	I/O	SSTL	
24	DQ16	I/O	SSTL	
25	DQ17	I/O	SSTL	
30	DQ18	I/O	SSTL	
31	DQ19	I/O	SSTL	
143	DQ20	I/O	SSTL	
144	DQ21	I/O	SSTL	
149	DQ22	I/O	SSTL	
150	DQ23	I/O	SSTL	
33	DQ24	I/O	SSTL	
34	DQ25	I/O	SSTL	
39	DQ26	I/O	SSTL	
40	DQ27	I/O	SSTL	
152	DQ28	I/O	SSTL	
153	DQ29	I/O	SSTL	
158	DQ30	I/O	SSTL	



HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Registered DDR2 SDRAM Module

Ball No.	Name	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Function
159	DQ31	I/O	SSTL	Data Bus 63:0 Data Input/Output pins
80	DQ32	I/O	SSTL	
81	DQ33	I/O	SSTL	
86	DQ34	I/O	SSTL	
87	DQ35	I/O	SSTL	
199	DQ36	I/O	SSTL	
200	DQ37	I/O	SSTL	
205	DQ38	I/O	SSTL	
206	DQ39	I/O	SSTL	
89	DQ40	I/O	SSTL	
90	DQ41	I/O	SSTL	
95	DQ42	I/O	SSTL	
96	DQ43	I/O	SSTL	
208	DQ44	I/O	SSTL	
209	DQ45	I/O	SSTL	
214	DQ46	I/O	SSTL	
215	DQ47	I/O	SSTL	
98	DQ48	I/O	SSTL	
99	DQ49	I/O	SSTL	
107	DQ50	I/O	SSTL	
108	DQ51	I/O	SSTL	
217	DQ52	I/O	SSTL	
218	DQ53	I/O	SSTL	
226	DQ54	I/O	SSTL	
227	DQ55	I/O	SSTL	
110	DQ56	I/O	SSTL	
111	DQ57	I/O	SSTL	
116	DQ58	I/O	SSTL	
117	DQ59	I/O	SSTL	
229	DQ60	I/O	SSTL	
230	DQ61	I/O	SSTL	
235	DQ62	I/O	SSTL	
236	DQ63	I/O	SSTL	
Check Bits				
42	CB0	I/O	SSTL	Check Bits 7:0 Check Bit Input / Output pins <i>Note: NC on Non-ECC module</i>
43	CB1	I/O	SSTL	
48	CB2	I/O	SSTL	
49	CB3	I/O	SSTL	



HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Registered DDR2 SDRAM Module

Ball No.	Name	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Function
161	CB4	I/O	SSTL	Check Bits 7:0 Check Bit Input / Output pins <i>Note: NC on Non-ECC module</i>
162	CB5	I/O	SSTL	
167	CB6	I/O	SSTL	
168	CB7	I/O	SSTL	
Data Strobe Bus				
7	DQS0	I/O	SSTL	Data Strobes 17:0
6	$\overline{\text{DQS0}}$	I/O	SSTL	
16	DQS1	I/O	SSTL	
15	$\overline{\text{DQS1}}$	I/O	SSTL	
28	DQS2	I/O	SSTL	
27	$\overline{\text{DQS2}}$	I/O	SSTL	
37	DQS3	I/O	SSTL	
36	$\overline{\text{DQS3}}$	I/O	SSTL	
84	DQS4	I/O	SSTL	
83	$\overline{\text{DQS4}}$	I/O	SSTL	
93	DQS5	I/O	SSTL	
92	$\overline{\text{DQS5}}$	I/O	SSTL	
105	DQS6	I/O	SSTL	
104	$\overline{\text{DQS6}}$	I/O	SSTL	
114	DQS7	I/O	SSTL	
113	$\overline{\text{DQS7}}$	I/O	SSTL	
46	DQS8	I/O	SSTL	
45	$\overline{\text{DQS8}}$	I/O	SSTL	
125	DQS9	I/O	SSTL	
126	$\overline{\text{DQS9}}$	I/O	SSTL	
134	DQS10	I/O	SSTL	
135	$\overline{\text{DQS10}}$	I/O	SSTL	
146	DQS11	I/O	SSTL	
147	$\overline{\text{DQS11}}$	I/O	SSTL	
155	DQS12	I/O	SSTL	
156	$\overline{\text{DQS12}}$	I/O	SSTL	
202	DQS13	I/O	SSTL	
203	$\overline{\text{DQS13}}$	I/O	SSTL	
211	DQS14	I/O	SSTL	
212	$\overline{\text{DQS14}}$	I/O	SSTL	
223	DQS15	I/O	SSTL	
224	$\overline{\text{DQS15}}$	I/O	SSTL	
232	DQS16	I/O	SSTL	



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Registered DDR2 SDRAM Module

Ball No.	Name	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Function
233	$\overline{\text{DQS16}}$	I/O	SSTL	Data Strobes 17:0
164	$\overline{\text{DQS17}}$	I/O	SSTL	
165	$\overline{\text{DQS17}}$	I/O	SSTL	
Data Mask				
125	DM0	I	SSTL	Data Masks 8:0 <i>Note: $\times 8$ based module</i>
134	DM1	I	SSTL	
146	DM2	I	SSTL	
155	DM3	I	SSTL	
202	DM4	I	SSTL	
211	DM5	I	SSTL	
223	DM6	I	SSTL	
232	DM7	I	SSTL	
164	DM8	I	SSTL	
EEPROM				
120	SCL	I	CMOS	Serial Bus Clock
119	SDA	I/O	OD	Serial Bus Data
239	SA0	I	CMOS	Serial Address Select Bus 2:0
240	SA1	I	CMOS	
101	SA2	I	CMOS	
Parity				
55	$\overline{\text{ERR_OUT}}$	O	CMOS	Parity bits
68	PAR_IN	I	CMOS	
Power Supplies				
1	V_{REF}	AI	—	I/O Reference Voltage
238	V_{DDSPD}	PWR	—	EEPROM Power Supply
51, 56, 62, 72, 75, 78, 170, 175, 181, 191, 194	V_{DDQ}	PWR	—	I/O Driver Power Supply
53, 59, 64, 67, 69, 172, 178, 184, 187, 189, 197	V_{DD}	PWR	—	Power Supply



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Ball No.	Name	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Function
2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29, 32, 35, 38, 41, 44, 47, 50, 65, 66, 79, 82, 85, 88, 91, 94, 97, 100, 103, 106, 109, 112, 115, 118, 121, 124, 127, 130, 133, 136, 139, 142, 145, 148, 151, 154, 157, 160, 163, 166, 169, 198, 201, 204, 207, 210, 213, 216, 219, 222, 225, 228, 231, 234, 237	V_{SS}	GND	—	Ground Plane
Other Pins				
19, 102, 137, 138,	NC	NC	—	Not connected
195	ODT0	I	SSTL	On-Die Termination Control 1:0
77	ODT1	I	SSTL	<i>Note: 2-Ranks module</i>
	NC	NC	—	<i>Note: 1-Rank modules</i>

TABLE 6
Abbreviations for Buffer Type

Abbreviation	Description
SSTL	Serial Stub Terminated Logic (SSTL_18)
CMOS	CMOS Levels
OD	Open Drain. The corresponding pin has 2 operational states, active low and tristate, and allows multiple devices to share as a wire-OR.

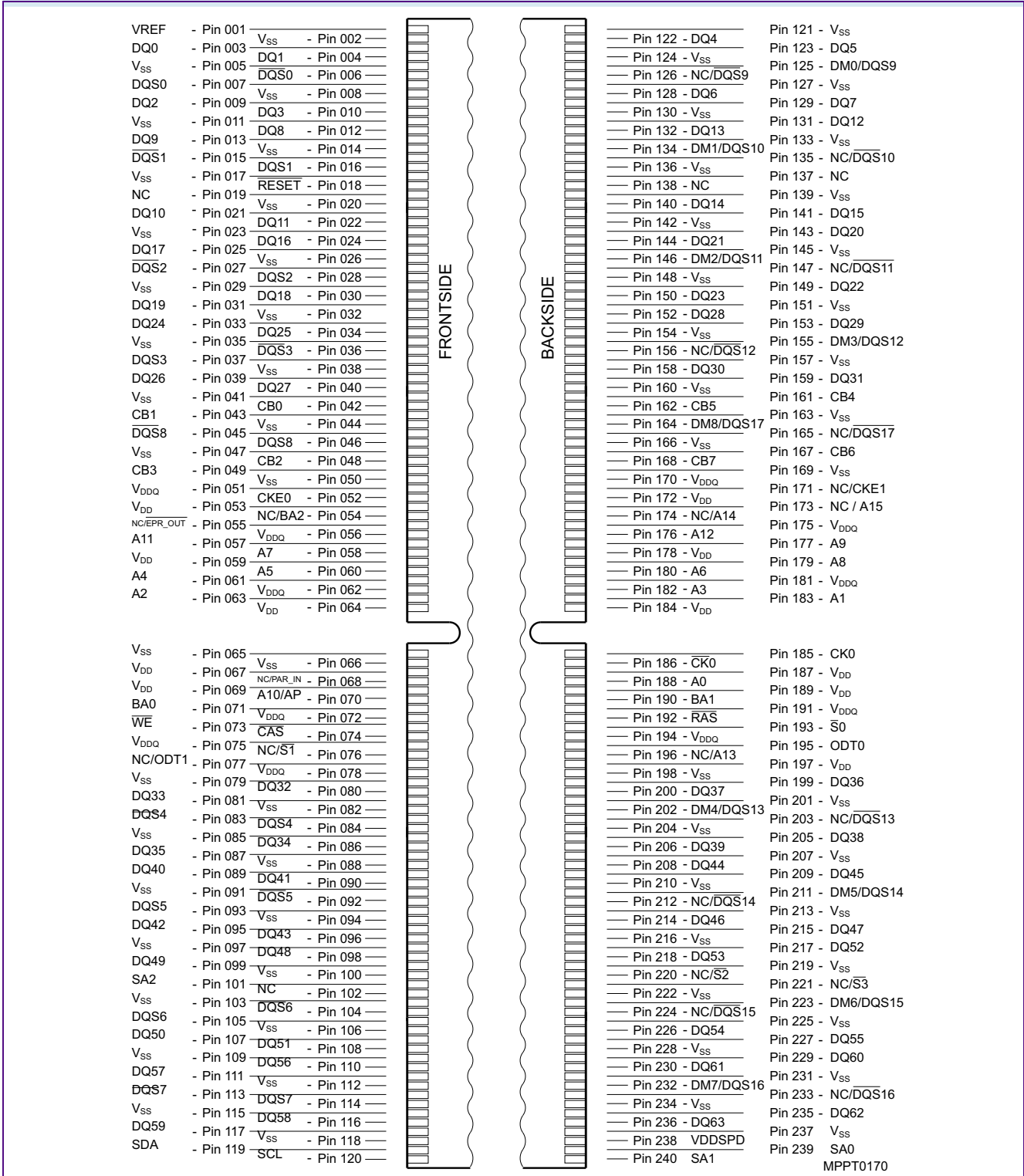
TABLE 7
Abbreviations for Pin Type

Abbreviation	Description
I	Standard input-only pin. Digital levels.
O	Output. Digital levels.
I/O	I/O is a bidirectional input/output signal.
AI	Input. Analog levels.
PWR	Power
GND	Ground
NU	Not Usable
NC	Not Connected



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Registered DDR2 SDRAM Module

FIGURE 1
Pin Configuration for RDIMM (240 pins)





3 Electrical Characteristics

This chapter lists the electrical characteristics.

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Caution is needed not to exceed absolute maximum ratings of the DRAM device listed in **Table 8** at any time.

TABLE 8
Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
V_{DD}	Voltage on V_{DD} pin relative to V_{SS}	-1.0	+2.3	V	1)
V_{DDQ}	Voltage on V_{DDQ} pin relative to V_{SS}	-0.5	+2.3	V	1)2)
V_{DDL}	Voltage on V_{DDL} pin relative to V_{SS}	-0.5	+2.3	V	1)2)
V_{IN}, V_{OUT}	Voltage on any pin relative to V_{SS}	-0.5	+2.3	V	1)
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55	+100	°C	1)2)

1) When V_{DD} and V_{DDQ} and V_{DDL} are less than 500 mV; V_{REF} may be equal to or less than 300 mV.

2) Storage Temperature is the case surface temperature on the center/top side of the DRAM.

Attention: Stresses greater than those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

TABLE 9
DRAM Component Operating Temperature Range

Symbol	Parameter	Rating		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
T_{OPER}	Operating Temperature	0	95	°C	1)2)3)4)

1) Operating Temperature is the case surface temperature on the center / top side of the DRAM.

2) The operating temperature range are the temperatures where all DRAM specification will be supported. During operation, the DRAM case temperature must be maintained between 0 - 95 °C under all other specification parameters.

3) Above 85 °C the Auto-Refresh command interval has to be reduced to $t_{REFI} = 3.9 \mu s$

4) When operating this product in the 85 °C to 95 °C T_{CASE} temperature range, the High Temperature Self Refresh has to be enabled by setting EMR(2) bit A7 to “1”. When the High Temperature Self Refresh is enabled there is an increase of I_{DD6} by approximately 50 %



3.2 DC Operating Conditions

This chapter contains the DC operating conditions tables.

TABLE 10
Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Operating temperature (ambient)	T_{OPR}	0	+65	°C	
DRAM Case Temperature	T_{CASE}	0	+95	°C	1)2)3)4)
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	- 50	+100	°C	
Barometric Pressure (operating & storage)	P_{Bar}	+69	+105	kPa	5)
Operating Humidity (relative)	H_{OPR}	10	90	%	

- 1) DRAM Component Case Temperature is the surface temperature in the center on the top side of any of the DRAMs.
- 2) Within the DRAM Component Case Temperature Range all DRAM specifications will be supported
- 3) Above 85 °C DRAM Case Temperature the Auto-Refresh command interval has to be reduced to $t_{REFI} = 3.9 \mu s$
- 4) When operating this product in the 85 °C to 95 °C T_{CASE} temperature range, the High Temperature Self Refresh has to be enabled by setting EMR(2) bit A7 to "1". When the High Temperature Self Refresh is enabled there is an increase of I_{DD6} by approximately 50 %.
- 5) Up to 3000 m.

TABLE 11
Supply Voltage Levels and DC Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Device Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	
Output Supply Voltage	V_{DDQ}	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	1)
Input Reference Voltage	V_{REF}	$0.49 \times V_{DDQ}$	$0.5 \times V_{DDQ}$	$0.51 \times V_{DDQ}$	V	2)
SPD Supply Voltage	V_{DDSPD}	1.7	—	3.6	V	
DC Input Logic High	$V_{IH(DC)}$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	—	$V_{DDQ} + 0.3$	V	
DC Input Logic Low	$V_{IL(DC)}$	- 0.30	—	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	V	
In / Output Leakage Current	I_L	- 5	—	5	μA	3)

- 1) Under all conditions, V_{DDQ} must be less than or equal to V_{DD}
- 2) Peak to peak AC noise on V_{REF} may not exceed $\pm 2\% V_{REF(DC)}$. V_{REF} is also expected to track noise in V_{DDQ} .
- 3) Input voltage for any connector pin under test of $0 V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DDQ} + 0.3 V$; all other pins at 0 V. Current is per pin



3.3 Timing Characteristics

This chapter describes the timing characteristics.

3.3.1 Speed Grade Definitions

All Speed grades faster than DDR2-400B comply with DDR2-400B timing specifications ($t_{CK} = 5\text{ns}$ with $t_{RAS} = 40\text{ns}$).

Speed Grade Definitions: **Table 12** for DDR2-400B

TABLE 12						
Speed Grade Definition Speed Bins for DDR2-400B						
Speed Grade			DDR2-400B		Unit	Note
QAG Sort Name			-5			
CAS-RCD-RP latencies			3-3-3		t_{CK}	
Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Max.	—	
Clock Frequency	@ CL = 3	t_{CK}	5	8	ns	1)2)3)4)
	@ CL = 4	t_{CK}	5	8	ns	1)2)3)4)
	@ CL = 5	t_{CK}	5	8	ns	1)2)3)4)
Row Active Time		t_{RAS}	40	70000	ns	1)2)3)4)5)
Row Cycle Time		t_{RC}	55	—	ns	1)2)3)4)
RAS-CAS-Delay		t_{RCD}	15	—	ns	1)2)3)4)
Row Precharge Time		t_{RP}	15	—	ns	1)2)3)4)

- 1) Timings are guaranteed with $\overline{CK}/\overline{CK}$ differential Slew Rate of 2.0 V/ns. For DQS signals timings are guaranteed with a differential Slew Rate of 2.0 V/ns in differential strobe mode and a Slew Rate of 1 V/ns in single ended mode. Timings are further guaranteed for normal OCD drive strength (EMRS(1) A1 = 0) .
- 2) The $\overline{CK}/\overline{CK}$ input reference level (for timing reference to $\overline{CK}/\overline{CK}$) is the point at which CK and \overline{CK} cross. The $\overline{DQS} / \overline{DQS}$, $\overline{RDQS} / \overline{RDQS}$, input reference level is the crosspoint when in differential strobe mode
- 3) Inputs are not recognized as valid until V_{REF} stabilizes. During the period before V_{REF} stabilizes, $CKE = 0.2 \times V_{DDQ}$ is recognized as low.
- 4) The output timing reference voltage level is V_{TT} .
- 5) $t_{RAS,MAX}$ is calculated from the maximum amount of time a DDR2 device can operate without a refresh command which is equal to $9 \times t_{REFI}$.



3.3.2 Component AC Timing Parameters

Timing Parameters: **Table 13** for DDR2-400B

TABLE 13					
DRAM Component Timing Parameter by Speed Grade - DDR2-400					
Parameter	Symbol	DDR2-400		Unit	Note ¹⁾²⁾³⁾⁴⁾⁵⁾⁶⁾⁷⁾
		Min.	Max.		
DQ output access time from CK / $\overline{\text{CK}}$	t_{AC}	-600	+600	ps	
CAS A to CAS B command period	t_{CCD}	2	—	t_{CK}	
CK, $\overline{\text{CK}}$ high-level width	t_{CH}	0.45	0.55	t_{CK}	
CKE minimum high and low pulse width	t_{CKE}	3	—	t_{CK}	
CK, $\overline{\text{CK}}$ low-level width	t_{CL}	0.45	0.55	t_{CK}	
Auto-Precharge write recovery + precharge time	t_{DAL}	WR + t_{RP}	—	t_{CK}	⁸⁾²¹⁾
Minimum time clocks remain ON after CKE asynchronously drops LOW	t_{DELAY}	$t_{IS} + t_{CK} + t_{IH}$	—	ns	⁹⁾
DQ and DM input hold time (differential data strobe)	$t_{DH}(\text{base})$	275	—	ps	¹⁰⁾
DQ and DM input hold time (single ended data strobe)	$t_{DH1}(\text{base})$	-25	—	ps	¹¹⁾
DQ and DM input pulse width (each input)	t_{DIPW}	0.35	—	t_{CK}	
DQS output access time from CK / $\overline{\text{CK}}$	t_{DQSCK}	-500	+500	ps	
DQS input low (high) pulse width (write cycle)	$t_{DQSL,H}$	0.35	—	t_{CK}	
DQS-DQ skew (for DQS & associated DQ signals)	t_{DQSQ}	—	350	ps	¹¹⁾
Write command to 1st DQS latching transition	t_{DQSS}	- 0.25	+ 0.25	t_{CK}	
DQ and DM input setup time (differential data strobe)	$t_{DS}(\text{base})$	150	—	ps	¹¹⁾
DQ and DM input setup time (single ended data strobe)	$t_{DS1}(\text{base})$	-25	—	ps	¹¹⁾
DQS falling edge hold time from CK (write cycle)	t_{DSH}	0.2	—	t_{CK}	
DQS falling edge to CK setup time (write cycle)	t_{DSS}	0.2	—	t_{CK}	
Four Activate Window period	t_{FAW}	37.5	—	ns	
Four Activate Window period	t_{FAW}	50	—	ns	¹³⁾
Clock half period	t_{HP}	MIN. (t_{CL}, t_{CH})			¹²⁾
Data-out high-impedance time from CK / $\overline{\text{CK}}$	t_{HZ}	—	$t_{AC,MAX}$	ps	¹³⁾
Address and control input hold time	$t_{IH}(\text{base})$	475	—	ps	¹¹⁾
Address and control input pulse width (each input)	t_{IPW}	0.6	—	t_{CK}	
Address and control input setup time	$t_{IS}(\text{base})$	350	—	ps	¹¹⁾
DQ low-impedance time from CK / $\overline{\text{CK}}$	$t_{LZ}(\text{DQ})$	$2 \times t_{AC,MIN}$	$t_{AC,MAX}$	ps	¹⁴⁾
DQS low-impedance from CK / $\overline{\text{CK}}$	$t_{LZ}(\text{DQS})$	$t_{AC,MIN}$	$t_{AC,MAX}$	ps	¹⁴⁾



HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Registered DDR2 SDRAM Module

Parameter	Symbol	DDR2-400		Unit	Note ¹⁾²⁾³⁾⁴⁾⁵⁾⁶⁾⁷⁾
		Min.	Max.		
Mode register set command cycle time	t_{MRD}	2	—	t_{CK}	
OCD drive mode output delay	t_{OIT}	0	12	ns	
Data output hold time from DQS	t_{QH}	$t_{HP} - t_{QHS}$	—		
Data hold skew factor	t_{QHS}	—	450	ps	
Average periodic refresh Interval	t_{REFI}	—	7.8	μ s	14)15)
Average periodic refresh Interval	t_{REFI}	—	3.9	μ s	16)18)
Auto-Refresh to Active/Auto-Refresh command period		127.5	—	ns	17)
Precharge-All (4 banks) command period	t_{RP}	$t_{RP} + 1t_{CK}$	—	ns	
Precharge-All (8 banks) command period	t_{RP}	$15 + 1t_{CK}$	—	ns	
Read preamble	t_{RPRE}	0.9	1.1	t_{CK}	14)
Read postamble	t_{RPST}	0.40	0.60	t_{CK}	14)
Active bank A to Active bank B command period	t_{RRD}	7.5	—	ns	14)18)
Active bank A to Active bank B command period	t_{RRD}	10	—	ns	16)22)
Internal Read to Precharge command delay	t_{RTP}	7.5	—	ns	
Write preamble	t_{WPRE}	0.25	—	t_{CK}	
Write postamble	t_{WPST}	0.40	0.60	t_{CK}	19)
Write recovery time for write without Auto-Precharge	t_{WR}	15	—	ns	
Internal Write to Read command delay	t_{WTR}	10	—	ns	20)
Exit power down to any valid command (other than NOP or Deselect)	t_{XARD}	2	—	t_{CK}	21)
Exit active power-down mode to Read command (slow exit, lower power)	t_{XARDS}	6 – AL	—	t_{CK}	21)
Exit precharge power-down to any valid command (other than NOP or Deselect)	t_{XP}	2	—	t_{CK}	
Exit Self-Refresh to non-Read command	t_{XSNR}	$t_{RFC} + 10$	—	ns	
Exit Self-Refresh to Read command	t_{XSRD}	200	—	t_{CK}	
Write recovery time for write with Auto-Precharge	WR	t_{WR}/t_{CK}	—	t_{CK}	22)

- 1) For details and notes see the relevant Qimonda component data sheet
- 2) $V_{DDQ} = 1.8 V \pm 0.1 V$; $V_{DD} = 1.8 V \pm 0.1 V$. See notes ⁵⁾⁶⁾⁷⁾⁸⁾
- 3) Timing that is not specified is illegal and after such an event, in order to guarantee proper operation, the DRAM must be powered down and then restarted through the specified initialization sequence before normal operation can continue.
- 4) Timings are guaranteed with CK/ \overline{CK} differential Slew Rate of 2.0 V/ns. For DQS signals timings are guaranteed with a differential Slew Rate of 2.0 V/ns in differential strobe mode and a Slew Rate of 1 V/ns in single ended mode.
- 5) The CK / \overline{CK} input reference level (for timing reference to CK / \overline{CK}) is the point at which CK and \overline{CK} cross. The DQS / \overline{DQS} , RDQS / \overline{RDQS} , input reference level is the crosspoint when in differential strobe mode.
- 6) Inputs are not recognized as valid until V_{REF} stabilizes. During the period before V_{REF} stabilizes, $CKE = 0.2 \times V_{DDQ}$ is recognized as low.
- 7) The output timing reference voltage level is V_{TT} .
- 8) For each of the terms, if not already an integer, round to the next highest integer. t_{CK} refers to the application clock period. WR refers to the WR parameter stored in the MR.



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- 9) The clock frequency is allowed to change during self-refresh mode or precharge power-down mode.
- 10) For timing definition, refer to the Component data sheet.
- 11) Consists of data pin skew and output pattern effects, and p-channel to n-channel variation of the output drivers as well as output Slew Rate mis-match between DQS / \overline{DQS} and associated DQ in any given cycle.
- 12) MIN (t_{CL} , t_{CH}) refers to the smaller of the actual clock low time and the actual clock high time as provided to the device (i.e. this value can be greater than the minimum specification limits for t_{CL} and t_{CH}).
- 13) The t_{HZ} , t_{RPST} and t_{LZ} , t_{RPRE} parameters are referenced to a specific voltage level, which specify when the device output is no longer driving (t_{HZ} , t_{RPST}), or begins driving (t_{LZ} , t_{RPRE}). t_{HZ} and t_{LZ} transitions occur in the same access time windows as valid data transitions. These parameters are verified by design and characterization, but not subject to production test.
- 14) The Auto-Refresh command interval has been reduced to 3.9 μ s when operating the DDR2 DRAM in a temperature range between 85 °C and 95 °C.
- 15) $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{CASE} \leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 16) $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} < T_{CASE} \leq 95\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 17) A maximum of eight Auto-Refresh commands can be posted to any given DDR2 SDRAM device.
- 18) The t_{RRD} timing parameter depends on the page size of the DRAM organization. See **Table 2 “Ordering Information for RoHS Compliant Products” on Page 4.**
- 19) The maximum limit for the t_{WPST} parameter is not a device limit. The device operates with a greater value for this parameter, but system performance (bus turnaround) degrades accordingly.
- 20) Minimum t_{WTR} is two clocks when operating the DDR2-SDRAM at frequencies ≤ 200 MHz.
- 21) User can choose two different active power-down modes for additional power saving via MRS address bit A12. In “standard active power-down mode” (MR, A12 = “0”) a fast power-down exit timing t_{XARD} can be used. In “low active power-down mode” (MR, A12 = “1”) a slow power-down exit timing t_{XARDS} has to be satisfied.
- 22) WR must be programmed to fulfill the minimum requirement for the t_{WR} timing parameter, where $WR_{MIN}[\text{cycles}] = t_{WR}(\text{ns})/t_{CK}(\text{ns})$ rounded up to the next integer value. $t_{DAL} = WR + (t_{RP}/t_{CK})$. For each of the terms, if not already an integer, round to the next highest integer. t_{CK} refers to the application clock period. WR refers to the WR parameter stored in the MRS.

3.3.3 ODT AC Electrical Characteristics

TABLE 14
ODT AC Electrical Characteristics and Operating Conditions for DDR2-400

Symbol	Parameter / Condition	Values		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
t_{AOND}	ODT turn-on delay	2	2	t_{CK}	
t_{AON}	ODT turn-on	$t_{AC.MIN}$	$t_{AC.MAX} + 1\text{ ns}$	ns	1)
t_{AONPD}	ODT turn-on (Power-Down Modes)	$t_{AC.MIN} + 2\text{ ns}$	$2 t_{CK} + t_{AC.MAX} + 1\text{ ns}$	ns	
t_{AOFD}	ODT turn-off delay	2.5	2.5	t_{CK}	
t_{AOF}	ODT turn-off	$t_{AC.MIN}$	$t_{AC.MAX} + 0.6\text{ ns}$	ns	2)
t_{AOFPD}	ODT turn-off (Power-Down Modes)	$t_{AC.MIN} + 2\text{ ns}$	$2.5 t_{CK} + t_{AC.MAX} + 1\text{ ns}$	ns	
t_{ANPD}	ODT to Power Down Mode Entry Latency	3	—	t_{CK}	
t_{AXPD}	ODT Power Down Exit Latency	8	—	t_{CK}	

- 1) ODT turn on time min. is when the device leaves high impedance and ODT resistance begins to turn on. ODT turn on time max is when the ODT resistance is fully on. Both are measured from t_{AOND} .
- 2) ODT turn off time min. is when the device starts to turn off ODT resistance. ODT turn off time max is when the bus is in high impedance. Both are measured from t_{AOFD} .



3.4 I_{DD} Specifications and Conditions

List of tables defining I_{DD} Specifications and Conditions.

- **Table 15 “IDD Measurement Conditions” on Page 19**
- **Table 16 “Definitions for IDD” on Page 20**
- **Table 17 “IDD Specification for HYS72T1G042ER-5-B” on Page 21**

TABLE 15
 I_{DD} Measurement Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Note 1)2)3)4)5)
Operating Current 0 One bank Active - Precharge; $t_{CK} = t_{CK.MIN}$, $t_{RC} = t_{RC.MIN}$, $t_{RAS} = t_{RAS.MIN}$, CKE is HIGH, \overline{CS} is HIGH between valid commands. Address and control inputs are SWITCHING, Databus inputs are SWITCHING.	I_{DD0}	
Operating Current 1 One bank Active - Read - Precharge; $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, BL = 4, $t_{CK} = t_{CK.MIN}$, $t_{RC} = t_{RC.MIN}$, $t_{RAS} = t_{RAS.MIN}$, $t_{RCD} = t_{RCD.MIN}$, AL = 0, CL = CL_{MIN} ; CKE is HIGH, \overline{CS} is HIGH between valid commands. Address and control inputs are SWITCHING, Databus inputs are SWITCHING.	I_{DD1}	6)
Precharge Standby Current All banks idle; \overline{CS} is HIGH; CKE is HIGH; $t_{CK} = t_{CK.MIN}$; Other control and address inputs are SWITCHING, Databus inputs are SWITCHING.	I_{DD2N}	
Precharge Power-Down Current Other control and address inputs are STABLE, Data bus inputs are FLOATING.	I_{DD2P}	
Precharge Quiet Standby Current All banks idle; \overline{CS} is HIGH; CKE is HIGH; $t_{CK} = t_{CK.MIN}$; Other control and address inputs are STABLE, Data bus inputs are FLOATING.	I_{DD2Q}	
Active Standby Current Burst Read: All banks open; Continuous burst reads; BL = 4; AL = 0, CL = CL_{MIN} ; $t_{CK} = t_{CK.MIN}$; $t_{RAS} = t_{RAS.MAX}$, $t_{RP} = t_{RP.MIN}$; CKE is HIGH, \overline{CS} is HIGH between valid commands. Address inputs are SWITCHING; Data Bus inputs are SWITCHING; $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA.	I_{DD3N}	
Active Power-Down Current All banks open; $t_{CK} = t_{CK.MIN}$, CKE is LOW; Other control and address inputs are STABLE, Data bus inputs are FLOATING. MRS A12 bit is set to LOW (Fast Power-down Exit);	$I_{DD3P(0)}$	
Active Power-Down Current All banks open; $t_{CK} = t_{CK.MIN}$, CKE is LOW; Other control and address inputs are STABLE, Data bus inputs are FLOATING. MRS A12 bit is set to HIGH (Slow Power-down Exit);	$I_{DD3P(1)}$	
Operating Current - Burst Read All banks open; Continuous burst reads; BL = 4; AL = 0, CL = CL_{MIN} ; $t_{CK} = t_{CK.MIN}$; $t_{RAS} = t_{RAS.MAX}$; $t_{RP} = t_{RP.MIN}$; CKE is HIGH, \overline{CS} is HIGH between valid commands; Address inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus inputs are SWITCHING; $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA.	I_{DD4R}	6)
Operating Current - Burst Write All banks open; Continuous burst writes; BL = 4; AL = 0, CL = CL_{MIN} ; $t_{CK} = t_{CK.MIN}$; $t_{RAS} = t_{RAS.MAX}$, $t_{RP} = t_{RP.MAX}$; CKE is HIGH, \overline{CS} is HIGH between valid commands. Address inputs are SWITCHING; Data Bus inputs are SWITCHING;	I_{DD4W}	
Burst Refresh Current $t_{CK} = t_{CK.MIN}$, Refresh command every $t_{RFC} = t_{RFC.MIN}$ interval, CKE is HIGH, \overline{CS} is HIGH between valid commands, Other control and address inputs are SWITCHING, Data bus inputs are SWITCHING.	I_{DD5B}	



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Parameter	Symbol	Note 1)2)3)4)5)
Distributed Refresh Current $t_{CK} = t_{CK,MIN}$; Refresh command every $t_{RFC} = t_{REFI}$ interval, CKE is LOW and \overline{CS} is HIGH between valid commands, Other control and address inputs are SWITCHING, Data bus inputs are SWITCHING.	I_{DD5D}	
Self-Refresh Current CKE ≤ 0.2 V; external clock off, CK and \overline{CK} at 0 V; Other control and address inputs are FLOATING, Data bus inputs are FLOATING. I_{DD6} current values are guaranteed up to T_{CASE} of 85 °C max.	I_{DD6}	
All Bank Interleave Read Current All banks are being interleaved at minimum t_{RC} without violating t_{RRD} using a burst length of 4. Control and address bus inputs are STABLE during DESELECTS. $I_{out} = 0$ mA.	I_{DD7}	6)

- 1) $V_{DDQ} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.1\text{ V}$; $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.1\text{ V}$
- 2) I_{DD} specifications are tested after the device is properly initialized and I_{DD} parameter are specified with ODT disabled.
- 3) Definitions for I_{DD} see **Table 16**
- 4) For two rank modules: for all active current measurements the other rank is in Precharge Power-Down Mode I_{DD2P}
- 5) For details and notes see the relevant Qimonda component data sheet
- 6) I_{DD1} , I_{DD4R} and I_{DD7} current measurements are defined with the outputs disabled ($I_{OUT} = 0$ mA). To achieve this on module level the output buffers can be disabled using an EMRS(1) (Extended Mode Register Command) by setting A12 bit to HIGH.

TABLE 16
Definitions for I_{DD}

Parameter	Description
LOW	$V_{IN} \leq V_{IL(ac),MAX}$; HIGH is defined as $V_{IN} \geq V_{IH(ac),MIN}$
STABLE	Inputs are stable at a HIGH or LOW level
FLOATING	Inputs are $V_{REF} = V_{DDQ}/2$
SWITCHING	Inputs are changing between HIGH and LOW every other clock (once per 2 cycles) for address and control signals, and inputs changing between HIGH and LOW every other data transfer (once per cycle) for DQ signals not including mask or strobes



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TABLE 17
 I_{DD} Specification for HYS72T1G042ER-5-B

Product Type	HYS72T1G042ER-5-B	Units	Note ¹⁾
Organization	8 GB		
	×72		
	4 Ranks		
	-5		
I_{DD0}	3330	mA	2)
I_{DD1}	3420	mA	2)
I_{DD2P}	1840	mA	3)
I_{DD2N}	4580	mA	3)
I_{DD2Q}	4220	mA	3)
I_{DD3P_0} (fast)	3500	mA	3)
I_{DD3P_1} (slow)	2060	mA	3)4)
I_{DD3N}	4940	mA	3)5)
I_{DD4R}	4050	mA	2)
I_{DD4W}	4050	mA	2)
I_{DD5B}	5040	mA	2)
I_{DD5D}	1910	mA	3)6)
I_{DD6}	720	mA	3)6)
I_{DD7}	5490	mA	2)

- 1) Module I_{DD} is calculated on the basis of component I_{DD} and includes currents of Registers and PLL. ODT disabled. I_{DD1} , I_{DD4R} , and I_{DD7} , are defined with the outputs disabled.
- 2) The other rank is in I_{DD2P} Precharge Power-Down Current mode
- 3) Both ranks are in the same I_{DD} current mode
- 4) Fast: MRS(12)=0
- 5) Slow: MRS(12)=1
- 6) I_{DD5D} and I_{DD6} values are for $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{\text{Case}} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$



4 SPD Codes

This chapter lists all hexadecimal byte values stored in the EEPROM of the products described in this data sheet. SPD stands for serial presence detect. All values with XX in the table are module specific bytes which are defined during production.

List of SPD Code Tables

- [Table 18 “HYS72T1G042ER-5-B” on Page 22](#)

TABLE 18
HYS72T1G042ER-5-B

Product Type		HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Organization		8 GByte ×72 4 Ranks (×4)
Label Code		PC2-3200R-333
JEDEC SPD Revision		Rev. 1.2
Byte#	Description	HEX
0	Programmed SPD Bytes in EEPROM	80
1	Total number of Bytes in EEPROM	08
2	Memory Type (DDR2)	08
3	Number of Row Addresses	0E
4	Number of Column Addresses	0B
5	DIMM Rank and Stacking Information	63
6	Data Width	48
7	Not used	00
8	Interface Voltage Level	05
9	$t_{CK} @ CL_{MAX}$ (Byte 18) [ns]	50
10	t_{AC} SDRAM @ CL_{MAX} (Byte 18) [ns]	60
11	Error Correction Support (non-ECC, ECC)	02
12	Refresh Rate and Type	82
13	Primary SDRAM Width	04
14	Error Checking SDRAM Width	04
15	Not used	00



HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Registered DDR2 SDRAM Module

Product Type		HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Organization		8 GByte
		×72
		4 Ranks (×4)
Label Code		PC2-3200R-333
JEDEC SPD Revision		Rev. 1.2
Byte#	Description	HEX
16	Burst Length Supported	0C
17	Number of Banks on SDRAM Device	08
18	Supported CAS Latencies	38
19	DIMM Mechanical Characteristics	01
20	DIMM Type Information	01
21	DIMM Attributes	05
22	Component Attributes	07
23	$t_{CK} @ CL_{MAX} -1$ (Byte 18) [ns]	50
24	t_{AC} SDRAM @ $CL_{MAX} -1$ [ns]	60
25	$t_{CK} @ CL_{MAX} -2$ (Byte 18) [ns]	50
26	t_{AC} SDRAM @ $CL_{MAX} -2$ [ns]	60
27	$t_{RP.MIN}$ [ns]	3C
28	$t_{RRD.MIN}$ [ns]	1E
29	$t_{RCD.MIN}$ [ns]	3C
30	$t_{RAS.MIN}$ [ns]	28
31	Module Density per Rank	02
32	$t_{AS.MIN}$ and $t_{CS.MIN}$ [ns]	35
33	$t_{AH.MIN}$ and $t_{CH.MIN}$ [ns]	47
34	$t_{DS.MIN}$ [ns]	15
35	$t_{DH.MIN}$ [ns]	27
36	$t_{WR.MIN}$ [ns]	3C
37	$t_{WTR.MIN}$ [ns]	28
38	$t_{RTP.MIN}$ [ns]	1E
39	Analysis Characteristics	00
40	t_{RC} and t_{RFC} Extension	06
41	$t_{RC.MIN}$ [ns]	37
42	$t_{RFC.MIN}$ [ns]	7F



HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
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Product Type		HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Organization		8 GByte
		×72
		4 Ranks (×4)
Label Code		PC2-3200R-333
JEDEC SPD Revision		Rev. 1.2
Byte#	Description	HEX
43	$t_{CK.MAX}$ [ns]	80
44	$t_{DQSQ.MAX}$ [ns]	23
45	$t_{QHS.MAX}$ [ns]	2D
46	PLL Relock Time	0F
47	$T_{CASE.MAX}$ Delta / ΔT_{4R4W} Delta	50
48	Psi(T-A) DRAM	00
49	ΔT_0 (DT0)	00
50	ΔT_{2N} (DT2N, UDIMM) or ΔT_{2Q} (DT2Q, RDIMM)	00
51	ΔT_{2P} (DT2P)	00
52	ΔT_{3N} (DT3N)	00
53	$\Delta T_{3P.fast}$ (DT3P fast)	00
54	$\Delta T_{3P.slow}$ (DT3P slow)	00
55	ΔT_{4R} (DT4R) / ΔT_{4R4W} Sign (DT4R4W)	00
56	ΔT_{5B} (DT5B)	00
57	ΔT_7 (DT7)	00
58	Psi(ca) PLL	00
59	Psi(ca) REG	00
60	ΔT_{PLL} (DTPLL)	00
61	ΔT_{REG} (DTREG) / Toggle Rate	00
62	SPD Revision	12
63	Checksum of Bytes 0-62	46
64	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID Code (1)	7F
65	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID Code (2)	7F
66	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID Code (3)	7F
67	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID Code (4)	7F
68	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID Code (5)	7F
69	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID Code (6)	51



HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
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Product Type		HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Organization		8 GByte
		×72
		4 Ranks (×4)
Label Code		PC2-3200R-333
JEDEC SPD Revision		Rev. 1.2
Byte#	Description	HEX
70	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID Code (7)	00
71	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID Code (8)	00
72	Module Manufacturer Location	xx
73	Product Type, Char 1	37
74	Product Type, Char 2	32
75	Product Type, Char 3	54
76	Product Type, Char 4	31
77	Product Type, Char 5	47
78	Product Type, Char 6	30
79	Product Type, Char 7	34
80	Product Type, Char 8	32
81	Product Type, Char 9	45
82	Product Type, Char 10	52
83	Product Type, Char 11	35
84	Product Type, Char 12	42
85	Product Type, Char 13	20
86	Product Type, Char 14	20
87	Product Type, Char 15	20
88	Product Type, Char 16	20
89	Product Type, Char 17	20
90	Product Type, Char 18	20
91	Module Revision Code	0x
92	Test Program Revision Code	xx
93	Module Manufacturing Date Year	xx
94	Module Manufacturing Date Week	xx
95 - 98	Module Serial Number	xx

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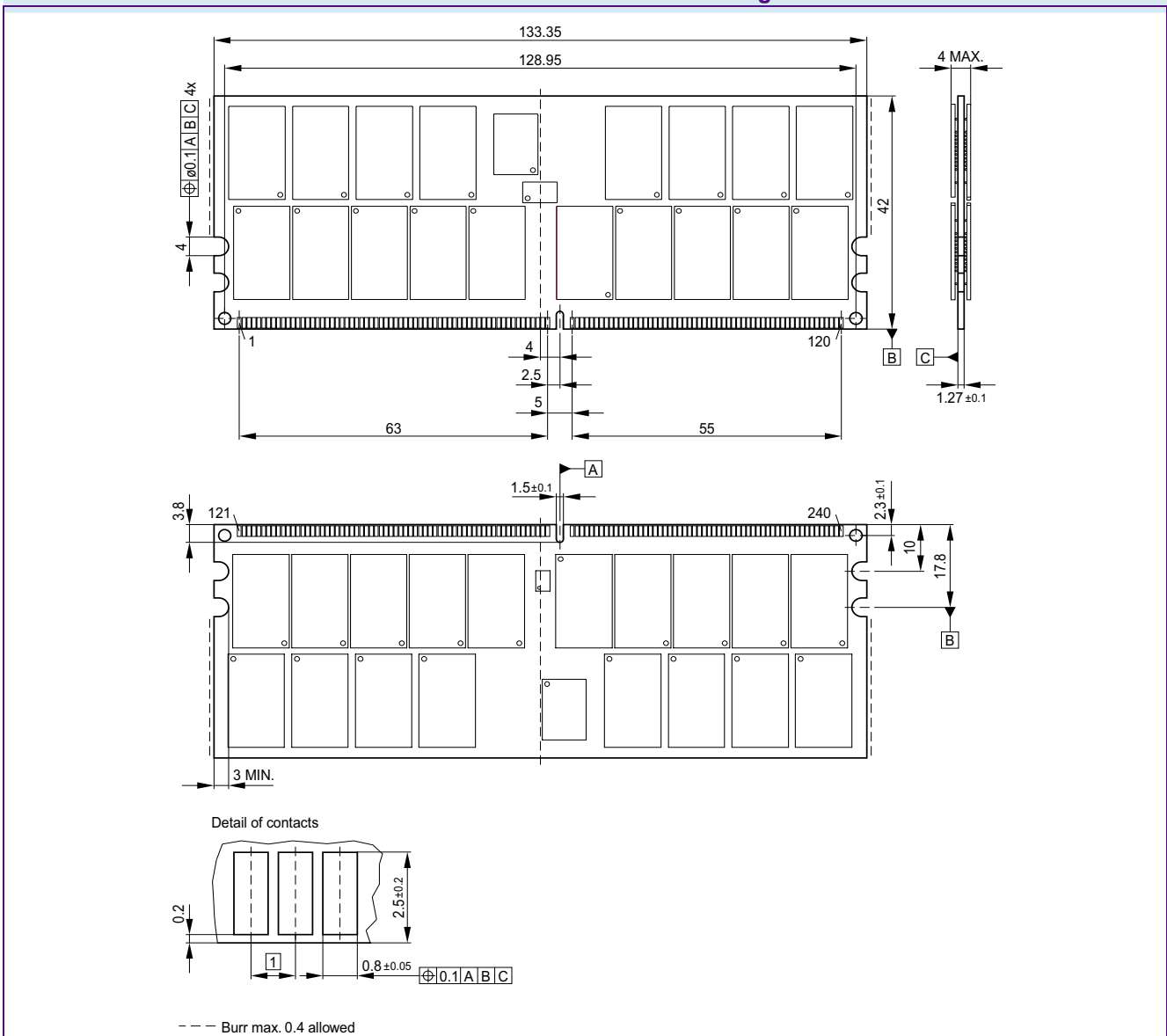
Product Type		HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Organization		8 GByte
		×72
		4 Ranks (×4)
Label Code		PC2-3200R-333
JEDEC SPD Revision		Rev. 1.2
Byte#	Description	HEX
99 - 127	Not used	00
128 - 255	Blank for customer use	FF



5 Package Outlines

This chapter contains the package outlines of the products.

FIGURE 2
Package Outline Raw Card Z L-DIM-240-46



Notes

1. Drawing according to ISO 8015
2. Dimensions in mm
3. General tolerances +/- 0.15



6 Product Type Nomenclature

Qimonda’s nomenclature uses simple coding combined with some proprietary coding. **Table 19** provides examples for module and component product type number as well as the field number. The detailed field description together with possible values and coding explanation is listed for modules in **Table 20** and for components in **Table 21**.

TABLE 19
Nomenclature Fields and Examples

Example for	Field Number										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Micro-DIMM	HYS	64	T	64/128	0	2	0	K	M	-5	-A
DDR2 DRAM	HYB	18	T	512/1G	16		0	A	C	-5	—

TABLE 20
DDR2 DIMM Nomenclature

Field	Description	Values	Coding
1	Qimonda Module Prefix	HYS	Constant
2	Module Data Width [bit]	64	Non-ECC
		72	ECC
3	DRAM Technology	T	DDR2
4	Memory Density per I/O [Mbit]; Module Density ¹⁾	32	256 MByte
		64	512 MByte
		128	1 GByte
		256	2 GByte
		512	4 GByte
5	Raw Card Generation	0 .. 9	Look up table
6	Number of Module Ranks	0, 2, 4	1, 2, 4
7	Product Variations	0 .. 9	Look up table
8	Package, Lead-Free Status	A .. Z	Look up table
9	Module Type	D	SO-DIMM
		M	Micro-DIMM
		R	Registered
		U	Unbuffered
		F	Fully Buffered



HYS72T1G042ER-5-B
Registered DDR2 SDRAM Module

Field	Description	Values	Coding
10	Speed Grade	-2.5F	PC2-6400 5-5-5
		-2.5	PC2-6400 6-6-6
		-3	PC2-5300 4-4-4
		-3S	PC2-5300 5-5-5
		-3.7	PC2-4200 4-4-4
		-5	PC2-3200 3-3-3
11	Die Revision	-A	First
		-B	Second

1) Multiplying “Memory Density per I/O” with “Module Data Width” and dividing by 8 for Non-ECC and 9 for ECC modules gives the overall module memory density in MBytes as listed in column “Coding”.

TABLE 21
DDR2 DRAM Nomenclature

Field	Description	Values	Coding
1	Qimonda Component Prefix	HYB	Constant
2	Interface Voltage [V]	18	SSTL_18
3	DRAM Technology	T	DDR2
4	Component Density [Mbit]	256	256 Mbit
		512	512 Mbit
		1G	1 Gbit
		2G	2 Gbit
5+6	Number of I/Os	40	×4
		80	×8
		16	×16
7	Product Variations	0 .. 9	Look up table
8	Die Revision	A	First
		B	Second
9	Package, Lead-Free Status	C	FBGA, lead-containing
		F	FBGA, lead-free
10	Speed Grade	-25F	DDR2-800 5-5-5
		-2.5	DDR2-800 6-6-6
		-3	DDR2-667 4-4-4
		-3S	DDR2-667 5-5-5
		-3.7	DDR2-533 4-4-4
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