

# CXO OSCILLATOR

300 kHz to 170 MHz

Low Profile Miniature Surface Mount Crystal Oscillator

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Statek's surface-mount CXO oscillators consist of a Statek miniature quartz crystal and a CMOS/TTL compatible hybrid circuit in a low-profile ceramic package with a small footprint. In addition to the conventional solder or epoxy electrical connection techniques, bond pads on the topside of the CXO allow it to be connected electrically in a hybrid assembly using wire bonds.

# **FEATURES**

- Designed for surface mount applications using infrared, vapor phase, or epoxy mount techniques
- CMOS and TTL compatible
- Low power consumption
- Optional Output Enable/Disable with Tri-State
- Low EMI emission
- High shock resistance
- Full military testing available
- Hermetically sealed ceramic package
- Wire bond pads for hybrids

# **APPLICATIONS**

## Military & Aerospace

- Smart munitions
- Cockpit systems
- Navigation

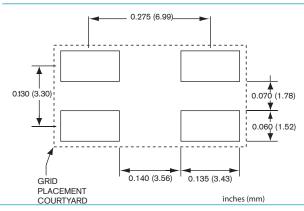
# **Industrial, Computer & Communications**

- Industrial controls
- Instrumentation
- Microprocessor clocks

#### Medical

Infusion pumps

# SUGGESTED LAND PATTERN



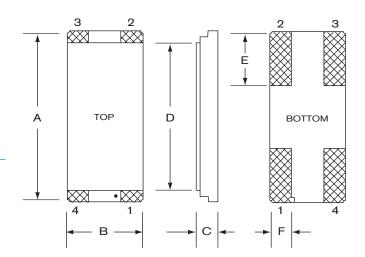


# actual size

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side view

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



	TYF	PICAL	MA	XIMUM
DIM	inches	mm	inches	mm
А	0.400	10.16	0.405	10.29
В	0.180	4.57	0.190	4.83
C (SM1)	0.051	1.30	0.055	1.40
C (SM3/SM5)	0.055	1.40	0.063	1.60
D	0.340	8.64	0.350	8.89
E	0.125	3.18	0.135	3.43
F	0.050	1.27	0.060	1.52

## PIN CONNECTIONS

- 1. Enable/Disable (E or T) or not connected (N)
- 2. Ground
- 3. Output
- 4. V<sub>DD</sub>

10106 Rev F



#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Specifications are typical at 25°C unless otherwise noted. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Tighter specifications available. Please contact factory.

Supply Voltage<sup>1</sup>

 $300 \text{ kHz to } 120 \text{ MHz}^2$   $5.0 \text{ V } \pm 10\%$   $300 \text{ kHz to } 170 \text{ MHz}^2$   $3.3 \text{ V } \pm 10\%$  Calibration Tolerance<sup>3</sup>  $\pm 100 \text{ ppm}$ 

Supply Current 3.3 V 5.0 V (Typical) 4 mA 10 MHz  $2 \, \text{mA}$ 24 MHz 4 mA 8 mA 30 MHz 6 mA 10 mA 40 MHz 8 mA 12 mA 50 MHz 10 mA 14 mA

CMOS<sup>5</sup> 15 pF Start-up Time 5 ms MAX

Rise/Fall Time 6 ns MAX

Duty Cycle 40% MIN, 60% MAX

Aging, first year 10 ppm MAX

Shock, survival<sup>6</sup> 3,000 g, 0.3 ms,  $\frac{1}{2}$  sine

Vibration, survival<sup>7</sup> 20 g , 10-2000 Hz swept sine Operating Temp. Range -10°C to +70°C (Commercial)

-40°C to +85°C (Industrial) -55°C to +125°C (Military)

- 1. Other voltages available. Contact factory.
- 2. Not all frequencies available at all voltage/enable combinations.
- 3. Other tolerances available.
- 4. Does not include calibration tolerance. Other tolerances available.
- 5. Higher CMOS loads and TTL loads available. Contact factory.
- 6. Higher shock version available. Contact factory about CXOHG.
- Per MIL-STD-202G, Method 204D, Condition D. Random vibration testing also available.

Note: All parameters are measured at ambient temperature with a 10M  $\Omega$ ,15 pF load.

#### PACKAGING OPTIONS

CXO - Tray Pack

- 16 mm tape, 7" or 13" reels Per EIA 418 (see Tape and Reel data sheet 10109)

# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage  $V_{DD}$  -0.5 V to 7.0 V Storage Temperature -55°C to +125°C Maximum Process Temperature 260°C for 20 seconds

# **ENABLE/DISABLE OPTIONS (E/T/N)**

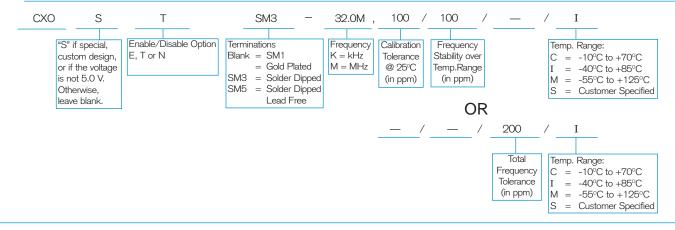
Statek offers three enable/disable options: E, T, and N. Both the E-version and T-version have Tri-State outputs and differ in whether the oscillator continues to run internally when the output is put into the high Z state: it stops in the E-version and continues to run in the T-version. So, the E-version offers very low current consumption when the oscillator is disabled and the T-version offers very fast output recovery when the oscillator is re-enabled. The N-version does not have PIN 1 connected internally and so has no enable/disable capability. The following table summarizes the three options.

# COMPARISON OF ENABLE/DISABLE OPTIONS E AND T

	E	Т		
When enabled (PIN 1 is high*)				
Output	Freq. output	Freq. output		
Oscillator	Oscillates	Oscillates		
Current consumption	Normal	Normal		
When disabled (PIN 1 is low)				
Output	High Z state	High Z state		
Oscillator	Stops	Oscillates		
Current consumption	Very low	Lower than normal		
When re-enabled (PIN 1 changes from low to high)				
Output recovery	Delayed	Immediate		

<sup>\*</sup> When PIN 1 is allowed to float, it is held high by an internal pull-up resistor.

#### HOW TO ORDER CXO SURFACE MOUNT CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS



10106 Rev F

