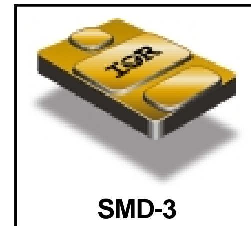
International
IOR Rectifier

RADIATION HARDENED POWER MOSFET SURFACE MOUNT(SMD-3)

IRHNB7Z60
30V, N-CHANNEL
RAD-Hard™ HEXFET® TECHNOLOGY

Product Summary

Part Number	Radiation Level	$R_{DS(on)}$	I_D
IRHNB7Z60	100K Rads (Si)	0.009Ω	75*A
IRHNB3Z60	300K Rads (Si)	0.009Ω	75*A
IRHNB4Z60	600K Rads (Si)	0.009Ω	75*A
IRHNB8Z60	1000K Rads (Si)	0.009Ω	75*A



SMD-3

International Rectifier's RADHard HEXFET® technology provides high performance power MOSFETs for space applications. This technology has over a decade of proven performance and reliability in satellite applications. These devices have been characterized for both Total Dose and Single Event Effects (SEE). The combination of low Rds(on) and low gate charge reduces the power losses in switching applications such as DC to DC converters and motor control. These devices retain all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of electrical parameters.

Features:

- Single Event Effect (SEE) Hardened
- Low $R_{DS(on)}$
- Low Total Gate Charge
- Proton Tolerant
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Hermetically Sealed
- Surface Mount
- Ceramic Package
- Light Weight

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Pre-Irradiation

	Parameter		Units
I_D @ V_{GS} = 12V, T_C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	75*	A
I_D @ V_{GS} = 12V, T_C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current	75*	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	300	
P_D @ T_C = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	300	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.4	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	500	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	75	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	30	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	0.35	V/ns
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
	Package Mounting Surface Temperature	300 (for 5 sec.)	
	Weight	3.3 (Typical)	g

For footnotes refer to the last page
*Current is limited by internal wire diameter

Electrical Characteristics @ Tj = 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	30	—	—	V	V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 1.0mA
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.023	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I_D = 1.0mA
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.009	Ω	V_{GS} = 12V, I_D = 75A ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 1.0mA
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	31	—	—	S (℧)	V_{DS} > 15V, I_{DS} = 75A ④
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	25	µA	V_{DS}= 24V ,V_{GS}=0V
		—	—	250		V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125°C
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	100	nA	V_{GS} = 20V
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	-100		V_{GS} = -20V
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	421	nC	V_{GS} =12V, I_D = 75A
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	104		V_{DS} = 15V
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	74		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	32	ns	V_{DD} =15V, I_D = 75A
t_r	Rise Time	—	—	370		V_{GS} =12V, R_G = 2.35Ω
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	150		
t_f	Fall Time	—	—	280		
$L_S + L_D$	Total Inductance	—	4.0	—	nH	Measured from the center of drain pad to center of source pad
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	7000	—	pF	V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	4800	—		f = 1.0MHz
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	1800	—		

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	75*	A	
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	300		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.8	V	T_j = 25°C, I_S = 75A, V_{GS} = 0V ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	245	nS	T_j = 25°C, I_F = 75A, di/dt ≤ 100A/µs
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	1.1	µC	V_{DD} ≤ 50V ④
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.				

*Current is limited by the internal wire diameter

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R_{thJC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.42	°C/W	
$R_{thJ\text{-}PCB}$	Junction-to-PC board	—	1.6	—		Soldered to a 1" sq. copper-clad board

Note: Corresponding Spice and Saber models are available on the G&S Website.

For footnotes refer to the last page

International Rectifier Radiation Hardened MOSFETs are tested to verify their radiation hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at International Rectifier is comprised of two radiation environments. Every manufacturing lot is tested for total ionizing dose (per notes 5 and 6) using the TO-3 package. Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct comparison.

Table 1. Electrical Characteristics @ Tj = 25°C, Post Total Dose Irradiation ⑤⑥

	Parameter	100K Rads(Si)[1]		300 - 1000K Rads (Si)[2]		Units	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	30	—	30	—	V	V_{GS} = 12V, I_D = 1.0mA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	4.0	1.25	4.5		V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1.0mA
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	100	—	100	nA	V_{GS} = 20V
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	-100	—	-100		V_{GS} = -20 V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	25	—	50	µA	V_{DS}=24V, V_{GS} =0V
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source ④ On-State Resistance (TO-3)	—	0.009	—	0.03	Ω	V_{GS} = 12V, I_D =15A
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source ④ On-State Resistance (SMD-3)	—	0.009	—	0.03	Ω	V_{GS} = 12V, I_D =15A
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ④	—	1.8	—	1.8	V	V_{GS} = 0V, I_S = 75A

1. Part number IRHNB7Z60
2. Part numbers IRHNB3Z60, IRHNB4Z60 and IRHNB8Z60

International Rectifier radiation hardened MOSFETs have been characterized in heavy ion environment for Single Event Effects (SEE). Single Event Effects characterization is illustrated in Fig. a and Table 2.

Table 2. Single Event Effect Safe Operating Area

Ion	LET MeV/(mg/cm²))	Energy (MeV)	Range (µm)	VDS(V)				
				@VGS=0V	@VGS=-5V	@VGS=-10V	@VGS=-15V	@VGS=-20V
Br	36.8	305	39	30	30	30	25	20
I	59.9	345	32.8	25	25	20	15	10
AU	80.3	313	26.5	22.5	22.5	15	10	_

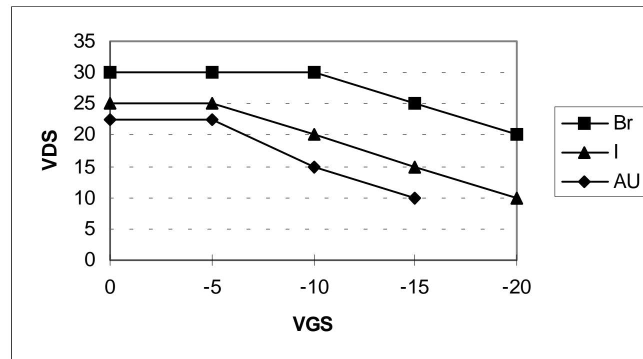


Fig a. Single Event Effect, Safe Operating Area

For footnotes refer to the last page

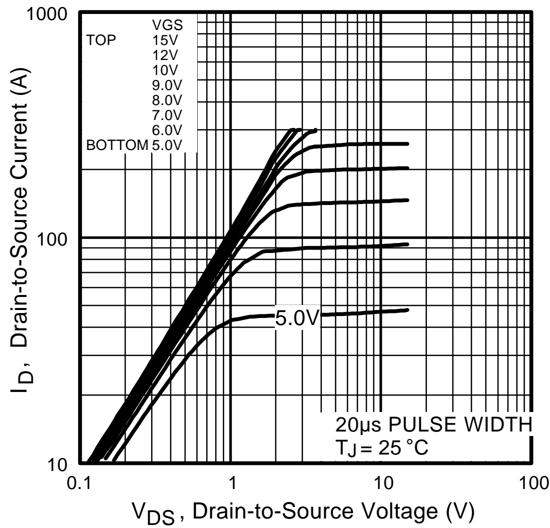


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

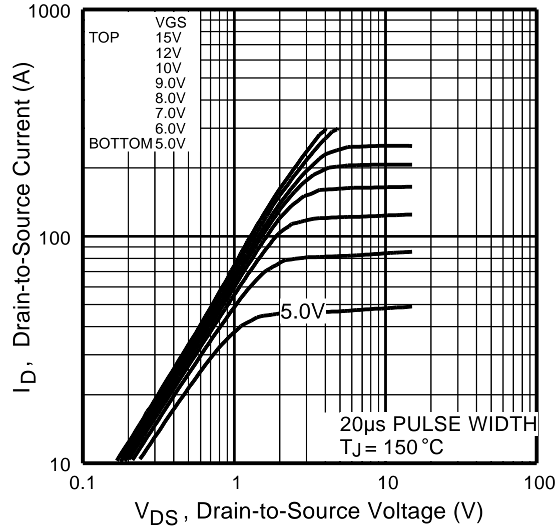


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

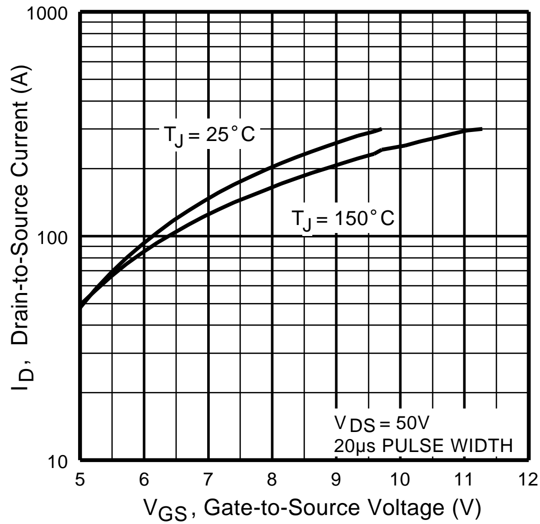


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

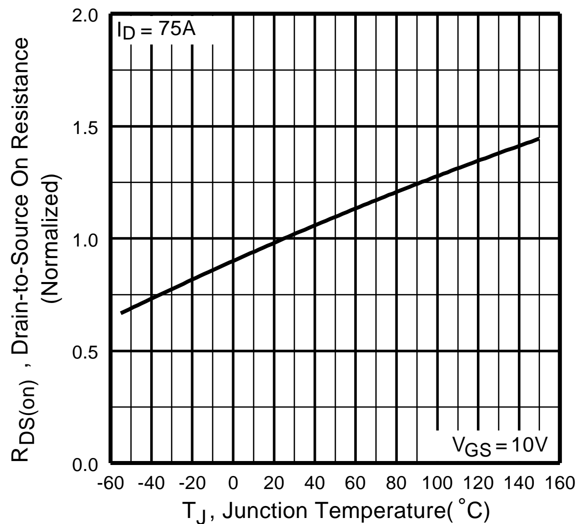


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

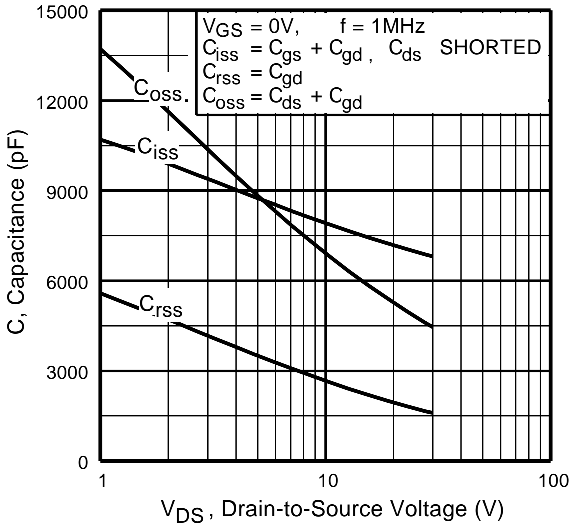


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

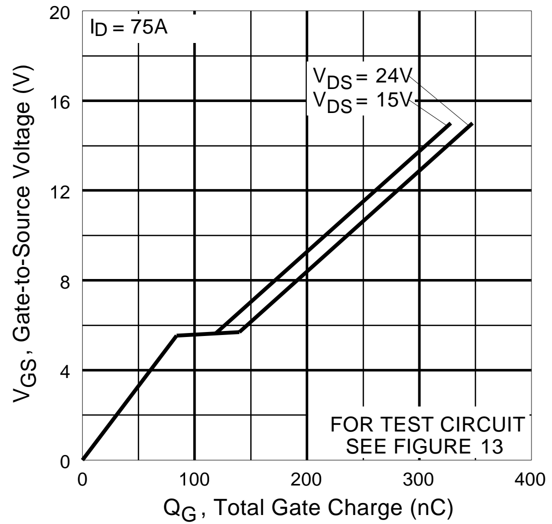


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

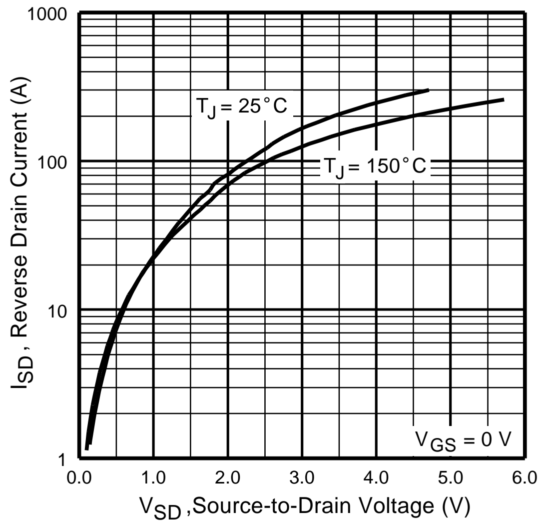


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

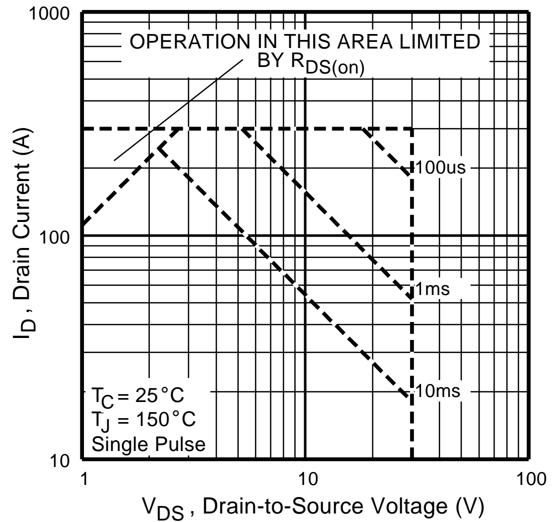


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

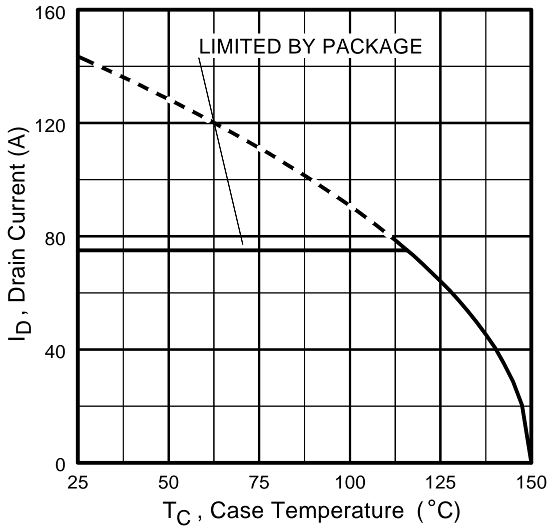


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

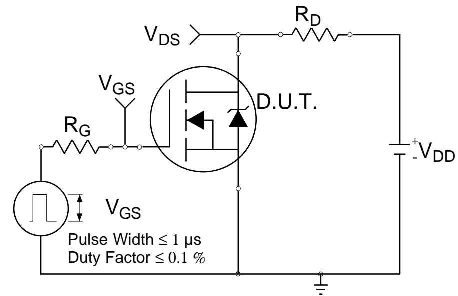


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

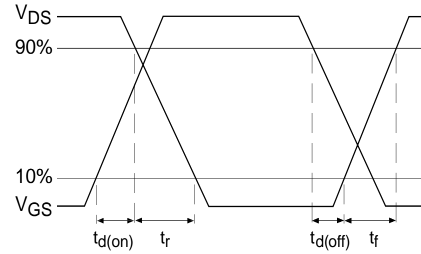


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

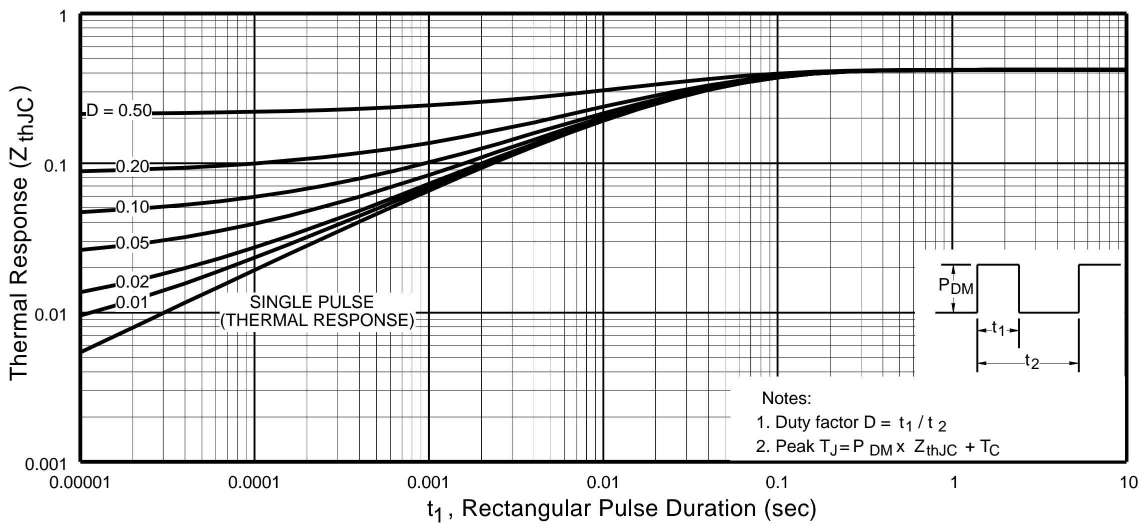


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

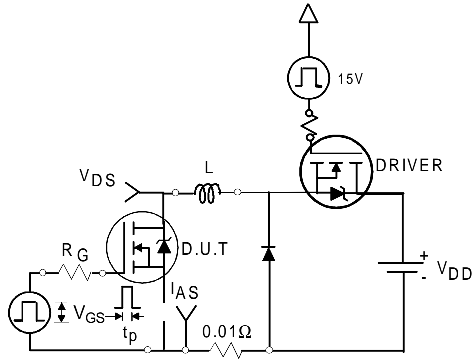


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

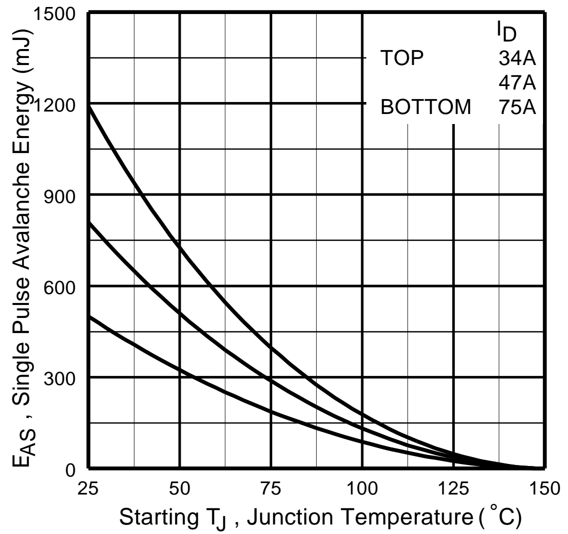


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

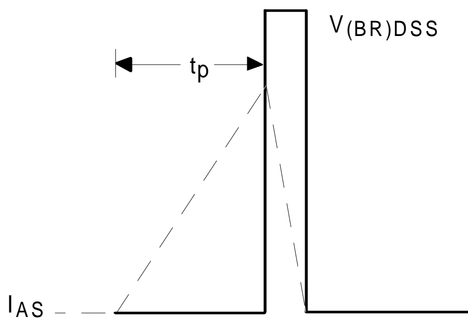


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

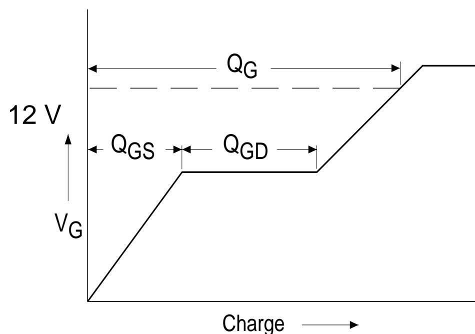


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

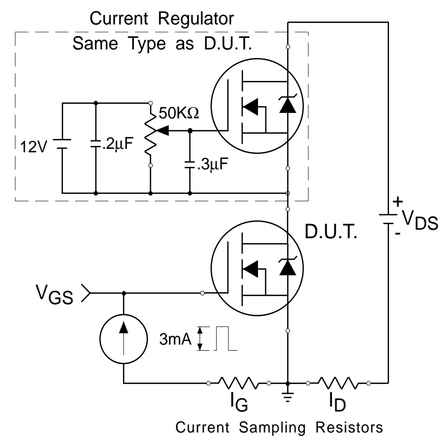


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

Foot Notes:

① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

② V_{DD} = 25V, starting T_J = 25°C, L=0.17mH Peak I_L = 75A, V_{GS} =12V

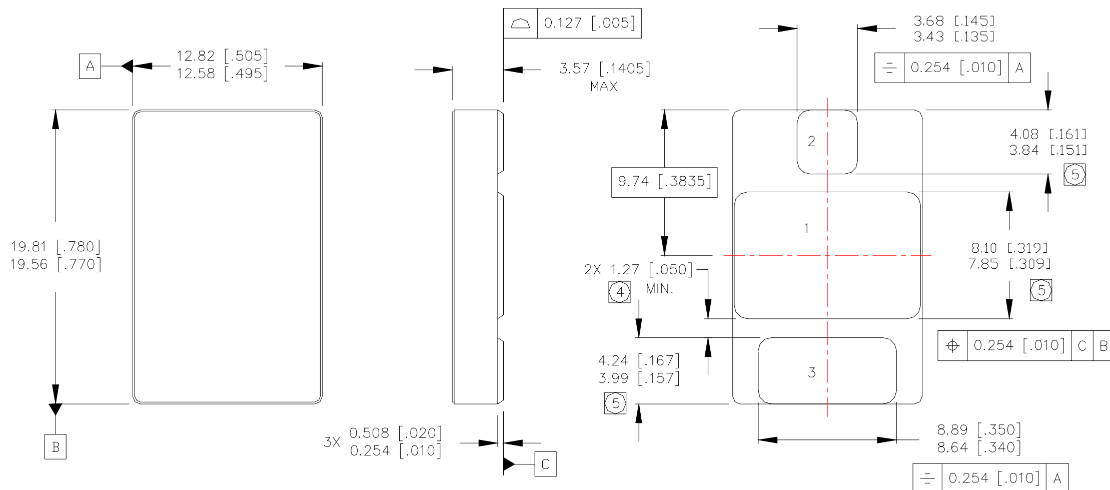
③ $I_{SD} \leq$ 75A, di/dt $\leq$ 94A/µs, $V_{DD} \leq$ 30V, $T_J \leq$ 150°C

④ Pulse width ≤ 300 µs; Duty Cycle ≤ 2%

⑤ **Total Dose Irradiation with V_{GS} Bias.** 12 volt V_{GS} applied and V_{DS} = 0 during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.

⑥ **Total Dose Irradiation with V_{DS} Bias.** 24 volt V_{DS} applied and V_{GS} = 0 during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.

Case Outline and Dimensions — SMD-3



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M−1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
4. DIMENSION INCLUDES METALLIZATION FLASH.
5. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE METALLIZATION FLASH.

PAD ASSIGNMENTS

1 = DRAIN
2 = GATE
3 = SOURCE

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