Product Features

- High dynamic range downconverter with integrated LO, IF, & RF amps
- RF: 800 960 MHz
- IF: 200 250 MHz
- +37 dBm Output IP3
- +20 dBm Output P1dB
- 5 dB Noise Figure
- +5V Single supply operation
- Pb-free 6mm 28-pin QFN package
- Low-side LO configuration
- Common footprint with other PCS/UMTS versions

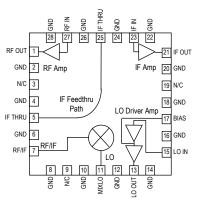
Product Description

The CV110-2A is a high linearity downconverter designed to meet the demanding issues for performance, functionality, and cost goals of current and generation mobile infrastructure. It provides high dynamic range performance in a low profile surfacemount leadless package that measures 6 x 6 mm square.

Functionality includes RF amplification, frequency conversion and IF amplification, while an integrated LO driver amplifier powers the passive mixer. The MCM is implemented with reliable and mature GaAs MESFET and InGaP HBT technology.

Typical applications include frequency downconversion used in CDMA/GSM/TDMA, CDMA2000, W-CDMA, and EDGE 2.5G and 3G mobile base transceiver stations for cellular frequency bands.

Functional Diagram



Specifications (1)

Parameters	Units	Min	Тур	Max	Comments
RF Frequency Range	MHz		800 – 960	_	
LO Frequency Range	MHz		550 - 760		
IF Center Frequency Range	MHz		200 - 250		See note 2
% Bandwidth around IF center frequency	%		±7.5		See note 3
IF Test Frequency	MHz		240		
SSB Conversion Gain	dB		22		Temp = $25 ^{\circ}$ C
Gain Drift over Temp (-40 to 85 °C)	dB		±1.5		Referenced to +25 °C
Output IP3	dBm		+37		See note 4
Output IP2	dBm		+45		See note 4
Output 1dB Compression Point	dBm		+20		
Noise Figure	dB		5		See note 5
LO Input Drive Level	dBm	-2.5	0	+2.5	
LO-RF Isolation	dB		60		See note 6
LO-IF Isolation	dB		40		$P_{LO} = 0 \text{ dBm}$
Return Loss: RF Port	dB		15		
Return Loss: LO Port	dB		10		
Return Loss: IF Port	dB		15		
Operating Supply Voltage	V	+4.9	+5	+5.1	
Supply Current	mA	290	360	480	
FIT Rating	failures/1E9 hrs			72.1	@ 70° C ambient, 90% confidence
Thermal Resistance	°C / W			27	
Junction Temperature	°C			160	See note 7

Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Rating
Operating Case Temperature	-40 to +85 °C
Storage Temperature	-55 to +125 °C
DC Voltage	+6 V
Junction Temperature	+220 °C
RF Input (continuous)	+2 dBm

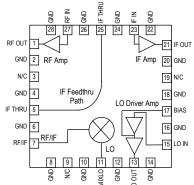
Ordering Information

Part No.	Description
CV110-2AF	Cellular-band High Linearity Downconverter (lead-free/RoHS-compliant 6x6mm OFN package)
CV110-2APCB240	Fully Assembled Eval. Board, IF = 240MHz

Specifications when using the application specific circuit (shown on page 3) with a low side LO = 0 dBm in a downconverting application over the operating case temperature range. IF matching components affect the center IF frequency. Proper component values for other IF center frequencies than shown can be provided by emailing to applications.engineering@wj.com. The IF bandwidth of the converter is defined as 15% around any center frequency in its operating IF frequency range. The bandwidth is determined with external components. Specifications are valid around the total ± 7.5 % bandwidth. ie. with a center frequency of 240 MHz, the specifications are valid from ± 2.0 MHz. Assumes the supply voltage = +5 V. OIP3 is measured with ± 0.0 MHz with IF out = 5 dBm / tone. Assumes LO injection noise is filtered at the thermal noise floor, -174 dBm/Hz, at the RF, IF, and Image frequencies. L-R Isolation is referenced to an LO injection of 0 dBm. The L-R performance shown also includes the isolation due to an external SAW filter between the RF amplifier and mixer. The maximum junction temperature ensures a minimum MTTF rating of 1 million hours of usage.

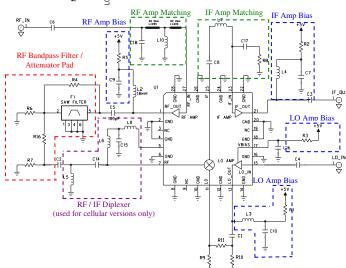
Operation of this device above any of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

Device Architecture / Application Circuit Information

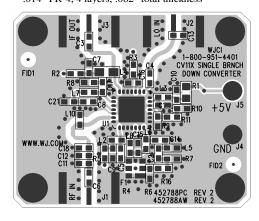


Typical Downconverter Performance Chain Analysis

		Output	Output			Cumulative Performance			
Stage	Gain (dB)	P1dB (dBm)	IP3 (dBm)	NF (dB)	Current (mA)	Gain (dB)	Output P1dB (dBm)	Output IP3 (dBm)	NF (dB)
RF Amplifier	13.5	21	40.0	3.5	150	13.5	21.0	40.0	3.5
RF Filter	-1.5			1.5		12.0	19.5	38.5	3.5
MMIC Mixer	-9.0	8	23.0	9.8	60	3.0	6.1	22.1	4.5
IF Amplifier	19.0	22	39.1	2.5	150	22.0	20.3	37.0	5.0
CV110-2A	V110-2A Cumulative Performance			360	22.0	20.3	37.0	5.0	



Printed Circuit Board Material: .014" FR-4, 4 layers, .062" total thickness



CV110-2A: The application circuit can be broken up into four main functions as denoted in the colored dotted areas above: RF/IF diplexing (purple), amplifier matching (green), filtering (red), and dc biasing (blue). There are various placeholders for chip components in the circuit schematic so that a common PCB can be used for all WJ single-branch converters. Additional placeholders for other optional functions such as filtering are also included.

RF / IF Amplifier Matching: The RF amplifier requires a shunt matching element for optimal gain and input return loss performance. The IF amplifier requires matching elements to optimize the performance of the amplifier to the desired IF center frequency. Since IF bandwidths are typically on the order of 5 to 10%, a simple two element matching network, in the form of either a high-pass or low-pass filter structure, is sufficient to match the MMIC IF amplifier over these narrow bandwidths. Proper component values for other IF center frequencies can be provided by emailing to applications.engineering@wj.com.

RF Bandpass Filtering: Bandpass filtering is recommended to reject the image frequencies and achieve the best noise figure

performance with the downconverter. The bandpass filter, implemented with a SAW filter on the application circuit, allows for the suppression of noise from the image frequency. It is permissible to not use a filter and use a 2 dB pad with R6, R7, and R16 instead with slightly degraded noise figure performance. Standard WJ evaluation boards will have the 2 dB pad in place.

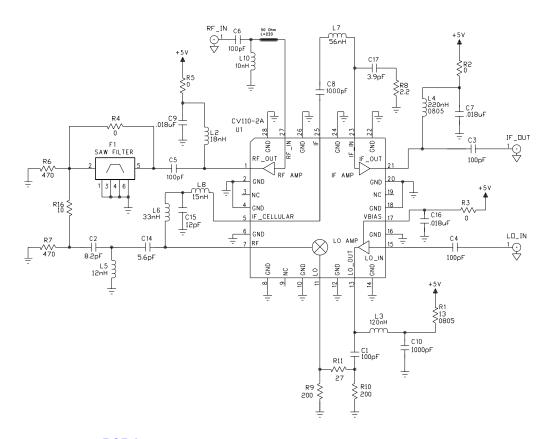
External Diplexer: In a downconversion application, the incoming RF signal impinges on the switching elements of the mixer; the interaction with these switches produces a signal at the IF frequency. The two signals (RF and IF) are directed to the appropriate ports by the external diplexer. Pin 5 contains the IF signal and allows the signal to be transferred to pin 25 for the convenience of PCB layouts.

DC biasing: DC bias must be provided for the RF, LO and IF amplifiers in the converter. R1 sets the operating current for the last stage of the LO amplifier and is chosen to optimize the mixer LO drive level. Proper RF chokes and bypass capacitors are chosen for proper amplifier biasing at the intended frequency of operation. The "+5 V" dc bias should be supplied directly from a voltage regulator.

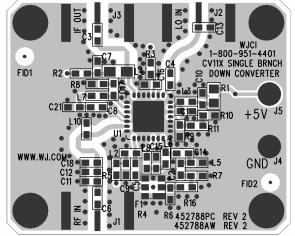
IF Amplifier Matching

ii iiipiiici iiideeniig				
Frequency (MHz)	180	210	240	
L7 (nH)	82	82	56	
C17 (pF)	4.7	3.3	3.9	
R8 (ohms)	2.2	2.2	2.2	
L4 (nH)	330	220	220	

Downconverting Application Circuit: CV110-2APCB240RF = 800 – 960 MHz, IF = 240 MHz



PCB Layout



Circuit Board Material: .014" FR-4, 4 layers, .062" total thickness

Bill of Materials

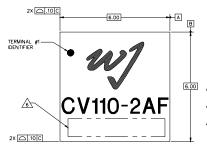
Ref. Desig.	Component
R1	13 Ω chip resistor, size 0805
R2, R3, R4, R5	0 Ω chip resistor
R6, R7	470 Ω chip resistor
R8	2.2 Ω chip resistor
R9, R10	200 Ω chip resistor
R11	27 Ω chip resistor
R16	10 Ω chip resistor
C1, C3, C4, C5, C6	100 pF chip capacitor
C2	8.2 pF chip capacitor
C7, C9, C16	0.018 μF chip capacitor
C8, C10	1000 pF chip capacitor
C11, C12, C13,	Shown in silkscreen, but not
C18, C21, F1	used in actual circuit.
C14	5.6 pF chip capacitor
C15	12 pF chip capacitor
C17	3.9 pF chip capacitor
C18	1.5 pF chip capacitor
L2	18 nH chip inductor
L3	120 nH chip inductor
L4	220 nH chip inductor, size 0805
L5	12 nH chip inductor
L6	33 nH chip inductor
L7	56 nH chip inductor
L8	15 nH chip inductor
L10	10 nH chip inductor
U1	CV110-2A WJ Converter

All components are of size 0603 unless otherwise specified.

Mechanical Information

This package is lead-free/RoHS-compliant. The plating material on the pins is annealed matte tin over copper. It is compatible with both lead-free (maximum 260 °C reflow temperature) and leaded (maximum 245 °C reflow temperature) soldering processes.

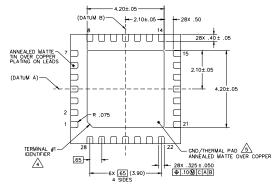
Outline Drawing



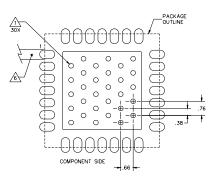
NOTES:

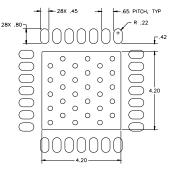
- EXCEPT WHERE NOTED, THIS PART OUTLINE CONFORMS
 TO JEDEC STANDARD MO-220, ISSUE E (VARIATION
 VJJC) FOR THERMALLY ENHANCED PLASTIC VERY THIN
 EINE DITCH OLLD ELAT NO LEAD PACKAGE (OFM)
- DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.4M-1994.
- S. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES
- IN DEGREES.
- THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION CONFORM TO JESD 95-1 SPP-012.
- COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED GROUND/THERMAL PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
- ALPHA-NUMERIC LOT CODE.

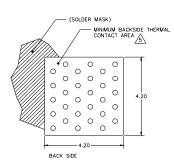




Mounting Configuration / Land Pattern







NOTES:

GROUND/THERMAL WAS ARE CRITICAL FOR THE PROPER PERFORMANCE OF THIS DEVICE. WAS SHOULD USE A .35mm (#80/.0135") DIAMETER DRILL AND HAVE A FINAL, PLATED THRU DIAMETER OF .25mm (.010").

- ADD AS MUCH COPPER AS POSSIBLE TO INNER AND OUTER LAYERS NEAR THE PART TO ENSURE OPTIMAL THERMAL PERFORMANCE
- 3. TO ENSURE RELIABLE OPERATION, DEVICE GROUND PADDLE-TO-
- ADD MOUNTING SCREWS NEAR THE PART TO FASTEN
 THE BOARD TO A HEATSINK. ENSURE THAT THE
 GROUND/THERMAL VIA REGION CONTACTS THE HEATSINK
- DO NOT PUT SOLDER MASK ON THE BACK SIDE OF THE BOARD IN THE REGION WHERE THE BOARD CONTACTS THE

6 RF TRACE WIDTH DEPENDS UPON THE PC BOARD MATERIAL AND CONSTRUCTION.

- 7. USE 1 OZ. COPPER MINIMUM.
- 8. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES

Product Marking

The component will be lasermarked with a "CV110-2AF" product label with an alphanumeric lot code on the top surface of the package.

Tape and reel specifications for this part will be located on the website in the "Application Notes" section.

ESD / MSL Information



Caution! ESD sensitive device.

ESD Rating: Class 1B

Value: Passes ≥ 500V to <1000V
Test: Human Body Model (HBM)
Standard: JEDEC Standard JESD22-A114

ESD Rating: Class III

Value: Passes ≥ 500V to <1000V
Test: Charged Device Model (CDM)
Standard: JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101

MSL Rating: Level 2 at +260 °C convection reflow Standard: JEDEC Standard J-STD-020

Functional Pin Layout

Pin	FUNCTION	Pin	FUNCTION	
1	RF Amp Output	15	LO Amp Input	
2	GND	16	GND	
3	N/C	17	LO Amp Bias	
4	GND	18	GND	
5	IF Feedthru Port	19	N/C or GND	
6	GND	20	GND	
7	Mixer RF/	21	IF Amp	
/	IF Port	21	Output/Bias	
8	GND	22	GND	
9	N/C or GND	23	IF Amp Input	
10	GND	24	GND	
11	Mixer LO Input	25	IF Feedthru Port	
12	GND	26	GND	
13	LO Amp Output	27	RF Amp Input	
14	GND	28	GND	

Specifications and information are subject to change without notice