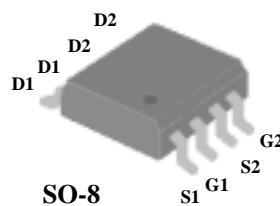


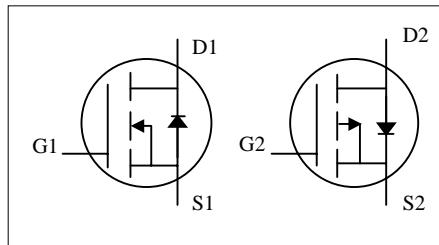

**▼ Simple Drive Requirement**
**▼ Low On-resistance**
**▼ Fast Switching Performance**


## Description

The Advanced Power MOSFETs from APEC provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.

The SO-8 package is universally preferred for all commercial-industrial surface mount applications and suited for low voltage applications such as DC/DC converters.

N-CH	$BV_{DSS}$	40V
	$R_{DS(ON)}$	25mΩ
	$I_D$	7.6A
P-CH	$BV_{DSS}$	-40V
	$R_{DS(ON)}$	33mΩ
	$I_D$	-6.5A



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating		Units
		N-channel	P-channel	
$V_{DS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	40	-40	V
$V_{GS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	$\pm 20$	V
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current <sup>3</sup>	7.6	-6.5	A
$I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current <sup>3</sup>	6	-5.2	A
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	30	-30	A
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation	2.0		W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.016		W/°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150		°C
$T_J$	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150		°C

## Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{thj-a}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient <sup>3</sup>	Max. 62.5	°C/W



## N-CH Electrical Characteristics@ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	40	-	-	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{\text{D}}=1\text{mA}$	-	0.03	-	$^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=7\text{A}$	-	-	25	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=5\text{A}$	-	-	32	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	1	-	3	V
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=7\text{A}$	-	12	-	S
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=40\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1	$\text{uA}$
	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T_j=70^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=32\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	25	$\text{uA}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Source Leakage	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{D}}=7\text{A}$	-	17	27	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-Source Charge	$V_{\text{DS}}=32\text{V}$	-	4	-	nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}$	-	10	-	nC
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-on Delay Time <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{DS}}=20\text{V}$	-	11	-	ns
$t_r$	Rise Time	$I_{\text{D}}=1\text{A}$	-	8	-	ns
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$R_G=3.3\Omega, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$	-	30	-	ns
$t_f$	Fall Time	$R_D=20\Omega$	-	11	-	ns
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	1400	2240	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=25\text{V}$	-	250	-	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	f=1.0MHz	-	170	-	pF

## Source-Drain Diode

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Forward On Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$I_S=1.7\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1.2	V
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time <sup>2</sup>	$I_S=7\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	26	-	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	$dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	21	-	nC

**P-CH Electrical Characteristics@ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-250\mu\text{A}$	-40	-	-	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_{\text{D}}=-1\text{mA}$	-	-0.03	-	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-6\text{A}$	-	-	33	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=-4.5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-4\text{A}$	-	-	42	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1	-	-3	V
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=-10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-6\text{A}$	-	10	-	S
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=-40\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	-1	$\mu\text{A}$
	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T=70^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=-32\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	-25	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Source Leakage	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{D}}=-6\text{A}$	-	20	32	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-Source Charge	$V_{\text{DS}}=-32\text{V}$	-	4	-	nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	$V_{\text{GS}}=-4.5\text{V}$	-	10	-	nC
$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-on Delay Time <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{DS}}=-20\text{V}$	-	11	-	ns
$t_r$	Rise Time	$I_{\text{D}}=-1\text{A}$	-	7	-	ns
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$R_G=3.3\Omega, V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}$	-	67	-	ns
$t_f$	Fall Time	$R_D=20\Omega$	-	43	-	ns
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	1440	2300	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=-25\text{V}$	-	250	-	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	f=1.0MHz	-	190	-	pF

**Source-Drain Diode**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Forward On Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{S}}=-1.7\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	-1.2	V
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{S}}=-6\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	27	-	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	$dI/dt=-100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	23	-	nC

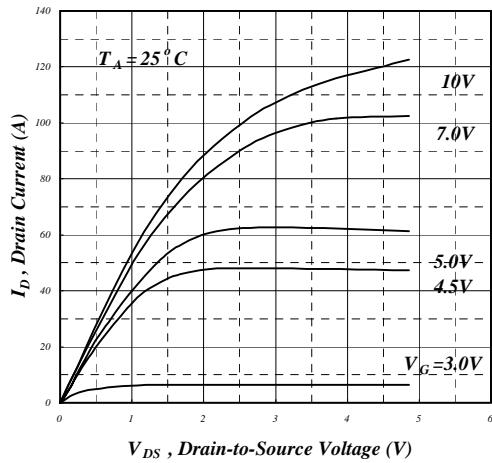
**Notes:**

- 1.Pulse width limited by Max. junction temperature.
- 2.Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- 3.Surface mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> copper pad of FR4 board ;  $135^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  when mounted on min. copper pad.

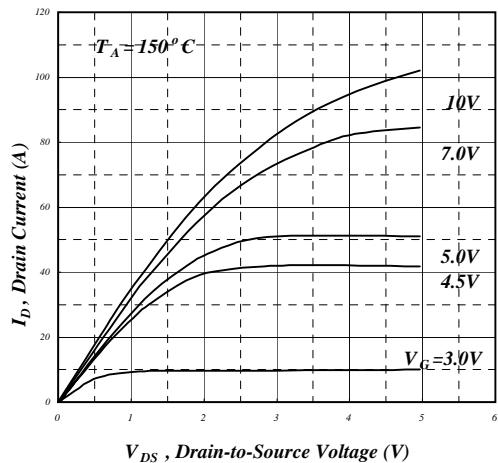


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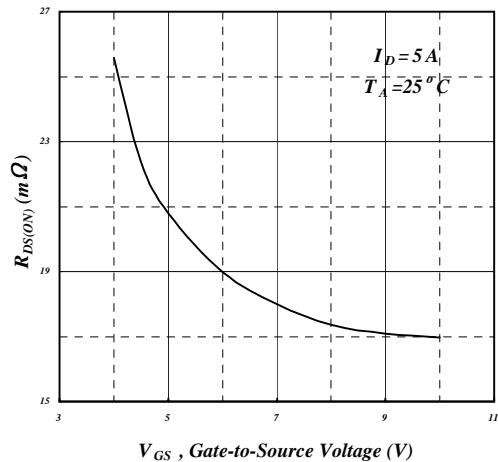
## N-Channel



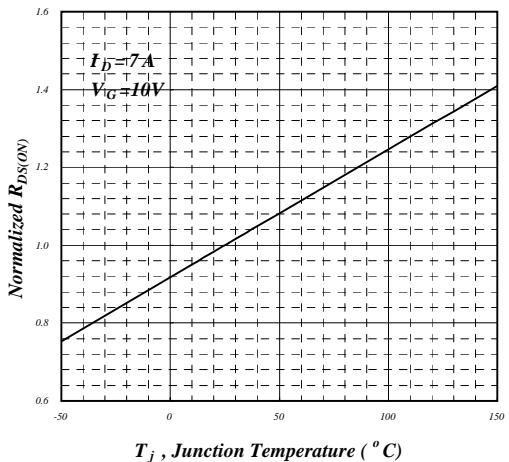
**Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics**



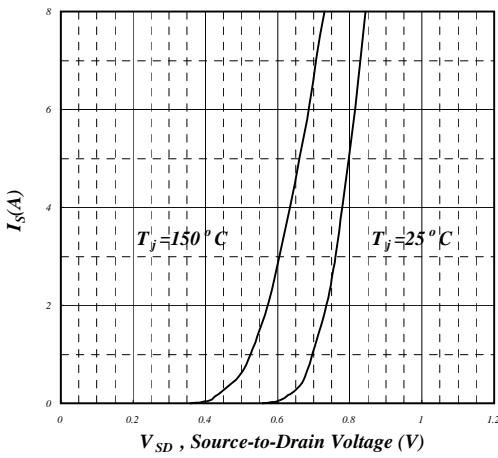
**Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics**



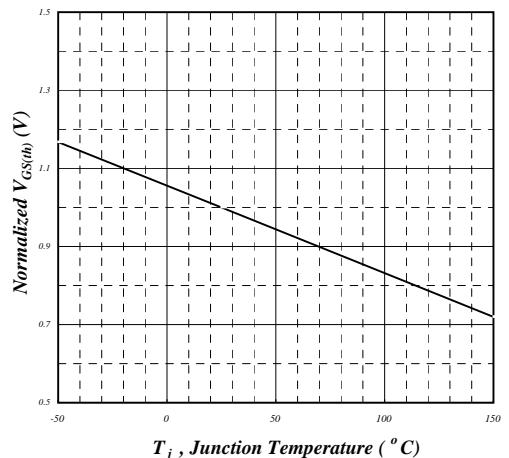
**Fig 3. On-Resistance v.s. Gate Voltage**



**Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance v.s. Junction Temperature**



**Fig 5. Forward Characteristic of Reverse Diode**

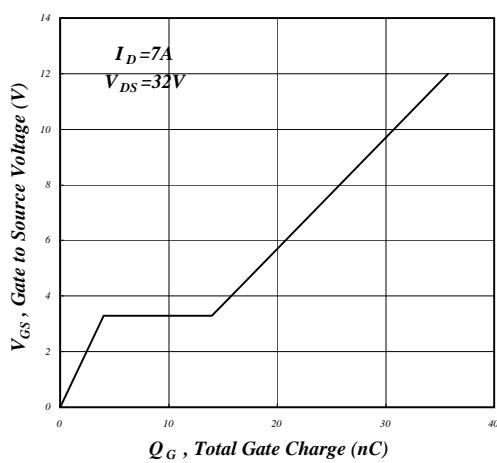


**Fig 6. Gate Threshold Voltage v.s. Junction Temperature**

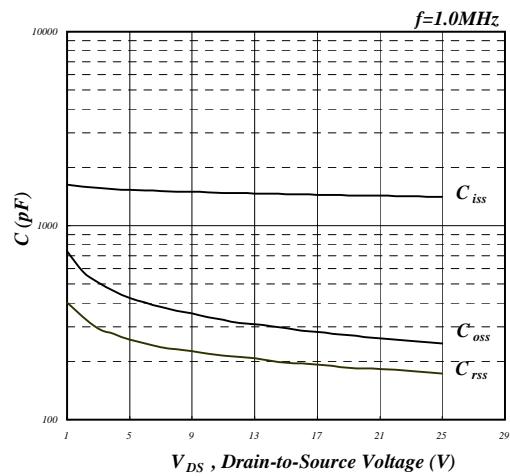


**AP4565GM**

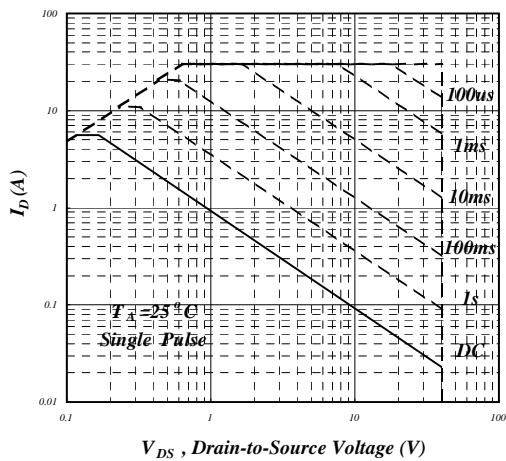
### N-Channel



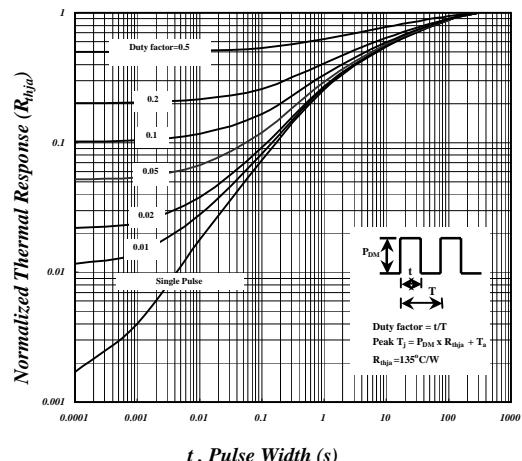
**Fig 7. Gate Charge Characteristics**



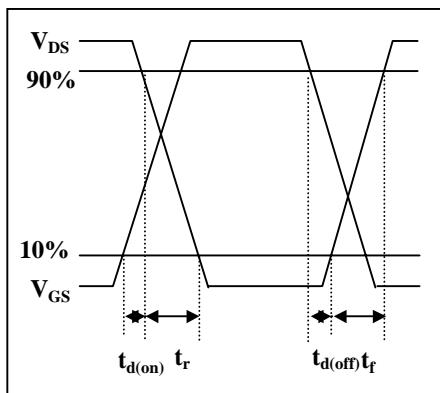
**Fig 8. Typical Capacitance Characteristics**



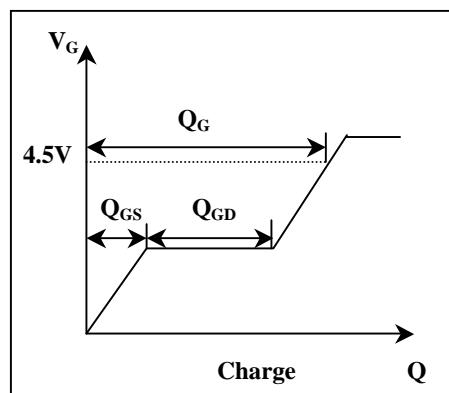
**Fig 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area**



**Fig 10. Effective Transient Thermal Impedance**



**Fig 11. Switching Time Waveform**



**Fig 12. Gate Charge Waveform**

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## P-Channel

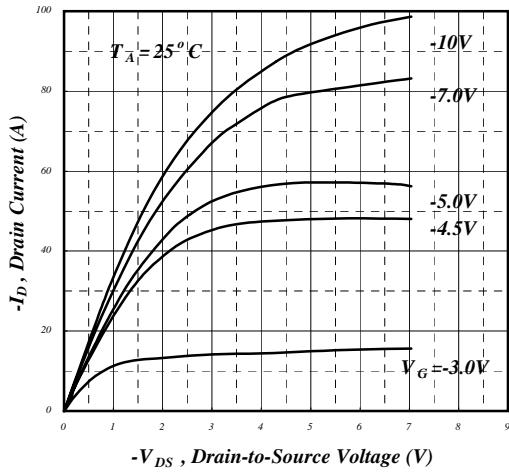


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

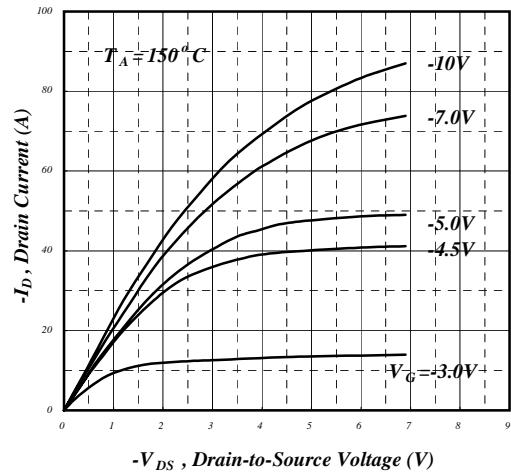


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

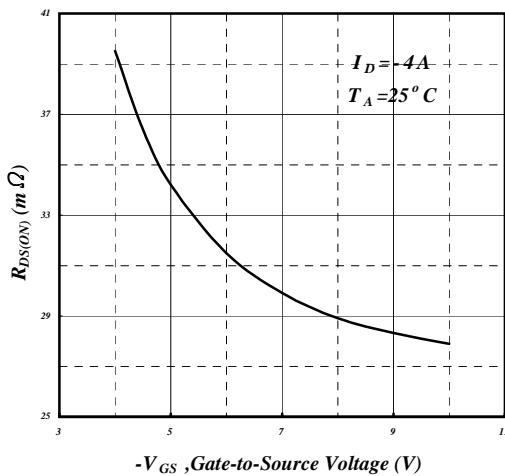


Fig 3. On-Resistance v.s. Gate Voltage

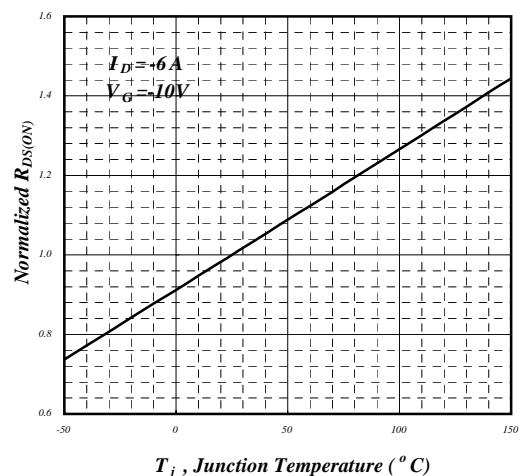


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance v.s. Junction Temperature

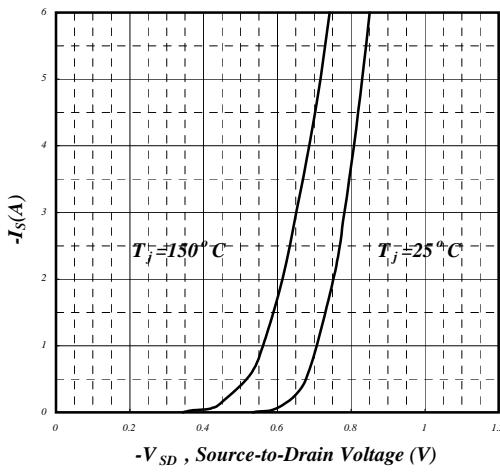


Fig 5. Forward Characteristic of Reverse Diode

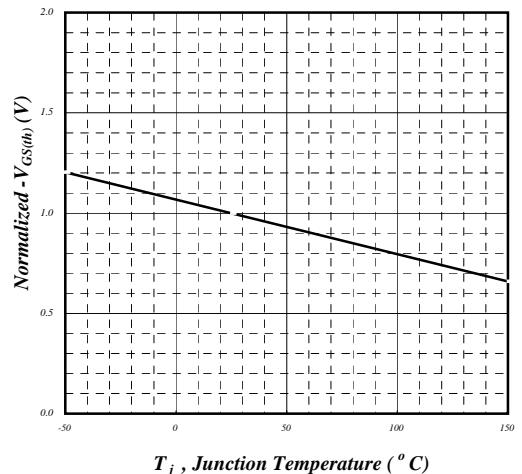
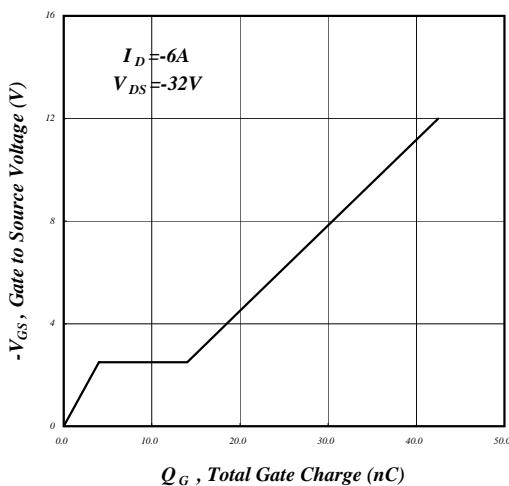


Fig 6. Gate Threshold Voltage v.s. Junction Temperature

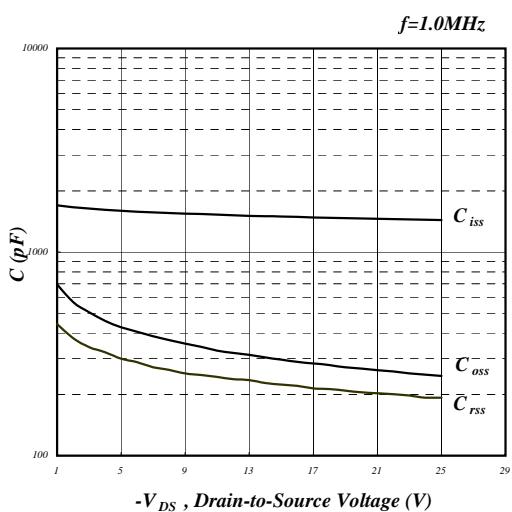


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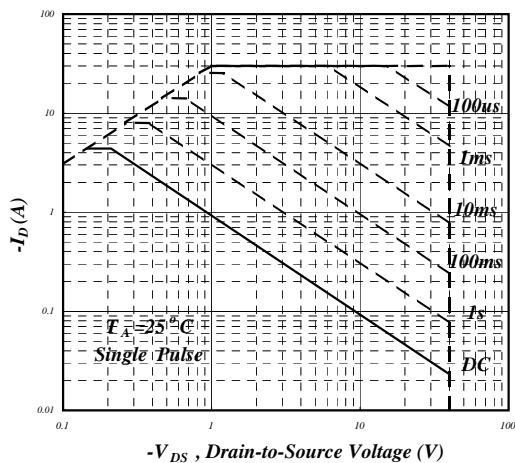
## P-Channel



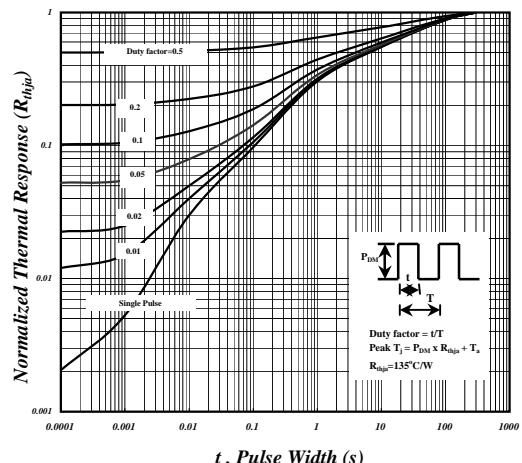
**Fig 7. Gate Charge Characteristics**



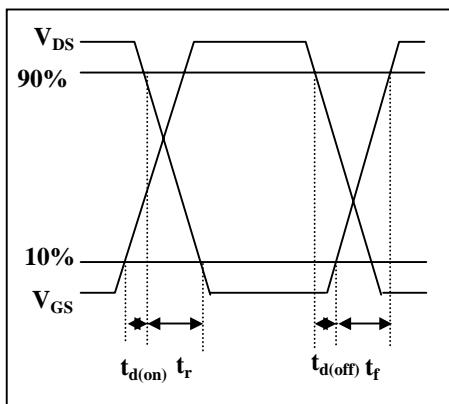
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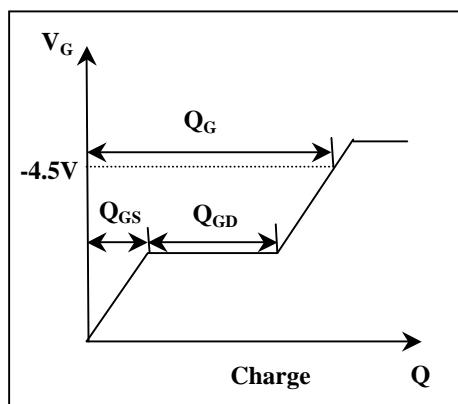
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