### INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

# DATA SHEET

# **SA57005**

Multiple output low noise, low dropout linear regulator

Product data 2002 Jun 20





### Multiple output low noise, low dropout linear regulator

SA57005

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The SA57005 is a very low dropout, low noise composite voltage regulator with three fixed independent outputs. The output voltages are preset to 2.5 V, 2.8 V and 3.0 V having a common input voltage pin V<sub>IN</sub>. Two ON/OFF switches allow V<sub>o1</sub> and V<sub>o2</sub>/V<sub>o3</sub> to be turned off when not needed, thus conserving power. Also, three regulators in one package save board space, which is critical in microprocessor systems.

Designed for battery-powered and portable applications the SA57005 achieves unequalled performance in all specifications such as low supply-current, low dropout voltage, low power consumption, small size, fast dynamic response to line and load, precision output and so on. Each of these regulators consists of an internal voltage reference, an error amplifier, resistors, and control switch. The SA57005 is housed in a VSOP-8A 8-lead package.



- Very low dropout voltage:  $V_{o1}$ : 0.25 V typ.;  $V_{o2}$ : 0.28 V typ.;  $V_{o3}$ : 0.30 V typ.
- $\bullet$  Low noise: 60  $\mu V_{rms}$  typ. (f = 10 Hz to 10 kHz; I\_O = 30 mA)
- High precision output voltage: ±3%
- Output current capacity:
   I<sub>o1</sub> and I<sub>o2</sub> = 100 mA max; I<sub>o3</sub> = 150 mA max.
- Low consumption current:  $I_{IN1} = 250 \mu A \text{ typ.}$ ,  $I_{IN2}/I_{IN3} = 500 \mu A \text{ typ.}$  (when not loaded), 3  $\mu A$  max. (when off)
- Line regulation: 1%/V typ.  $(I_{OUT} = 30 \text{ mA}; V_{IN} = 4.0 \text{ to } 8.0 \text{ V})$
- Load regulation: 30 mV typ. for I<sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 70 mA
- Low temperature drift co-efficient to V<sub>OUT</sub>: ±100 ppm/°C
- Thermal shutdown
- Wide operating temperature range: −20 °C to +75 °C



### **APPLICATIONS**

- Cellular phones, cordless phones and 2-way radios
- Electronic notebooks, PDAs and Palmtop computers
- Cameras, VCRs and camcorders
- Modems
- Battery-powered or hand-held instruments

### SIMPLIFIED DEVICE DIAGRAM

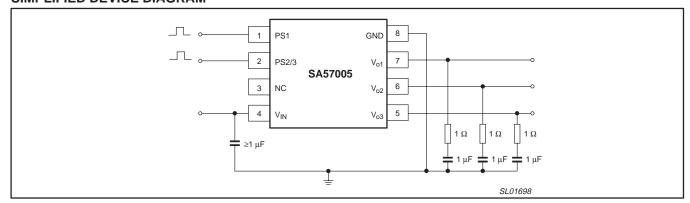


Figure 1. Simplified device diagram.

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### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

| TYPE NUMBER  | PACKAGE |   |                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---------|---|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| I TPE NOWBER | NAME    | DESCRIPTION                               | TEMPERATURE RANGE |  |  |  |  |  |
| SA57005DH    | VSOP-8A | 8-pin surface mount small outline package | −20 to +75 °C     |  |  |  |  |  |

### Part number marking

Each device is marked with a four letter code on the first line. The first three letters designate the product. The fourth letter, represented by 'x' is a date tracking code. Any other lines contain manufacturing codes.

| Part Number | Marking |
|-------------|---------|
| SA57005DH   | AHXx    |

### **PIN CONFIGURATION**

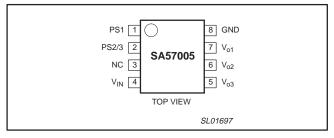


Figure 2. Pin configuration.

### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

| PIN | SYMBOL          | DESCRIPTION  |
|-----|-----------------|--|
| 1   | PS1             | ON/OFF control for $V_{01}$ ; tie to $V_{\rm IN}$ if ON/OFF function is not used.          |
| 2   | PS2/3           | ON/OFF control for $V_{o2}$ and $V_{o3}$ ; tie to $V_{IN}$ if ON/OFF function is not used. |
| 3   | NC              | No connection  |
| 4   | V <sub>IN</sub> | Input voltage  |
| 5   | V <sub>o3</sub> | Regulated output 3   |
| 6   | V <sub>o2</sub> | Regulated output 2   |
| 7   | V <sub>o1</sub> | Regulated output 1   |
| 8   | GND             | Ground   |

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| SYMBOL                            | PARAMETER                           | CONDITIONS   | Min. | Max. | UNIT |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------|------|------|
| V <sub>IN</sub>                   | Supply voltage                      |  | -0.3 | +12  | V    |
| I <sub>O1</sub> , I <sub>O2</sub> | Output current 1, 2                 |  | _    | 100  | mA   |
| I <sub>O3</sub>                   | Output current 3                    |  | -    | 150  | mA   |
| T <sub>opr</sub>                  | Operating ambient temperature range |  | -20  | +75  | °C   |
| T <sub>stg</sub>                  | Storage temperature                 |  | -40  | +125 | °C   |
| P <sub>D</sub>                    | Power dissipation                   | unmounted  | -    | 300  | mW   |
|                                   |                                     | when mounted on glass epoxy board $(40 \times 40 \times 1.6 \text{ mm})$ | -    | 500  | mW   |

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### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $V_{IN}$  = 4 V;  $C_{IN}$  = 2.2  $\mu F;$   $C_{VO(n)}$  = 2.2  $\mu F;$  unless otherwise specified.

| SYMBOL   | PARAMETER                                       | CONDITIONS  | Min.     | Тур. | Max. | UNIT          |
|--|---|---|----------|------|------|---------------|
| I <sub>IN(OFF)</sub>                                   | Supply current (OFF)                            | V <sub>PS1</sub> = V <sub>PS2/3</sub> = 0 V   | -        | 0    | 3    | μΑ            |
| I <sub>IN1</sub> , I <sub>IN2</sub> , I <sub>IN3</sub> | Supply current 1, 2, 3                          | no load   |          |      |      |               |
|  | I <sub>IN1</sub>                                | $V_{PS1} = 3 \text{ V}; V_{PS2/3} = 0 \text{ V}$  | _        | 250  | 370  | μΑ            |
|  | I <sub>IN2</sub> , I <sub>IN3</sub>             | $V_{PS2/3} = 3 \text{ V}; V_{PS1} = 0 \text{ V}$  | _        | 500  | 740  | μΑ            |
| V <sub>o1</sub>  | -   | •   | _        |      |      |               |
| V <sub>o1</sub>  | Output voltage                                  | I <sub>O1</sub> = 30 mA   | 2.42     | 2.50 | 2.58 | V             |
| V <sub>io(dif)(min)1</sub>                             | Input/output differential voltage               | V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.3 V; I <sub>O1</sub> = 30 mA  | _        | 0.1  | 0.25 | V             |
| $\Delta V_{LO1}$                                       | Load regulation                                 | I <sub>O1</sub> = 0 to 70 mA  | -        | 30   | 60   | mV            |
| $\Delta V_{LI1}$                                       | Line regulation                                 | V <sub>IN</sub> = 4.0 V to 8.0 V; I <sub>O1</sub> = 30 mA                                   | -        | 10   | 25   | mV            |
| $\Delta V_{o1}/\Delta T$                               | V <sub>O</sub> temperature coefficient (Note 1) | $T_{amb} = -20  ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +75  ^{\circ}\text{C}; I_{O1} = 30  \text{mA}$ | _        | ±100 | _    | ppm/°C        |
| RR1  | Ripple rejection (Note 1)                       | $f = 120 \text{ Hz}; V_{ripple} = 1 V_{p-p}; I_{O1} = 30 \text{ mA}$                        | 50       | 60   | -    | dB            |
| V <sub>n1</sub>  | Output noise voltage (Note 1)                   | f = 10 Hz to 10 kHz; I <sub>O1</sub> = 30 mA  | _        | 60   | 90   | $\mu V_{rms}$ |
| t <sub>DH1</sub>                                       | Output delay time (Note 1)                      | $I_{O1}$ = 30 mA; $V_{PS1}$ = 0 V $\rightarrow$ 4 V; $V_{PS2/3}$ = 0 V                      | _        | 0.04 | 0.15 | ms            |
| V <sub>o2</sub>  |   |   |          | _    |      |               |
| V <sub>o2</sub>  | Output voltage                                  | $I_{O2} = 30 \text{ mA}$  | 2.72     | 2.80 | 2.88 | V             |
| V <sub>io(dif)(min)2</sub>                             | Input/output differential voltage               | $V_{IN} = 2.6 \text{ V}; I_{O2} = 30 \text{ mA}$  | _        | 0.1  | 0.25 | V             |
| $\Delta V_{LO2}$                                       | Load regulation                                 | I <sub>O2</sub> = 0 to 70 mA  | _        | 30   | 60   | mV            |
| $\Delta V_{LI2}$                                       | Line regulation                                 | $V_{IN} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 8.0 \text{ V; } I_{O2} = 30 \text{ mA}$                         | _        | 10   | 25   | mV            |
| $\Delta V_{o2}/\Delta T$                               | V <sub>O</sub> temperature coefficient (Note 1) | $T_{amb} = -20  ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +75  ^{\circ}\text{C}; I_{O2} = 30  \text{mA}$ | _        | ±100 | _    | ppm/°C        |
| RR2  | Ripple rejection (Note 1)                       | $f = 120 \text{ Hz}; V_{ripple} = 1 V_{p-p}; I_{O2} = 30 \text{ mA}$                        | 50       | 60   | -    | dB            |
| V <sub>n2</sub>  | Output noise voltage (Note 1)                   | $f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 10 \text{ kHz}; I_{O2} = 30 \text{ mA}$                              | _        | 60   | 90   | $\mu V_{rms}$ |
| t <sub>DH2</sub>                                       | Output delay time (Note 1)                      | $I_{O2}$ = 30 mA; $V_{PS2/3}$ = 0 V $\rightarrow$ 4 V; $V_{PS1}$ = 0 V                      | _        | 0.04 | 0.15 | ms            |
| V <sub>o3</sub>  |   |   |          |      |      |               |
| V <sub>o3</sub>  | Output voltage                                  | I <sub>O3</sub> = 80 mA   | 2.92     | 3.00 | 3.08 | V             |
| V <sub>io(dif)(min)3</sub>                             | Input/output differential voltage               | V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.8 V; I <sub>O3</sub> = 80 mA  | -        | 0.15 | 0.30 | V             |
| $\Delta V_{LO3}$                                       | Load regulation                                 | I <sub>O3</sub> = 0 to 100 mA   | _        | 30   | 60   | mV            |
| $\Delta V_{LI3}$                                       | Line regulation                                 | $V_{IN} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 8.0 \text{ V; } I_{O3} = 30 \text{ mA}$                         | _        | 10   | 25   | mV            |
| $\Delta V_{o3}/\Delta T$                               | V <sub>O</sub> temperature coefficient (Note 1) | $T_{amb} = -20  ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +75  ^{\circ}\text{C}; I_{O3} = 30  \text{mA}$ | _        | ±100 | _    | ppm/°C        |
| RR3  | Ripple rejection (Note 1)                       | $f = 120 \text{ Hz}; V_{ripple} = 1 V_{p-p}; I_{O3} = 30 \text{ mA}$                        | 50       | 60   | -    | dB            |
| V <sub>n3</sub>  | Output noise voltage (Note 1)                   | f = 10 Hz to 10 kHz; I <sub>O3</sub> = 30 mA  | -        | 60   | 90   | $\mu V_{rms}$ |
| t <sub>DH3</sub>                                       | Output delay time (Note 1)                      | $I_{O3}$ = 30 mA; $V_{PS2/3}$ = 0 V $\rightarrow$ 4 V                                       | -        | 0.04 | 0.15 | ms            |
| PS output cor  | ntrol pin                                       |   |          |      |      |               |
| V <sub>OFF</sub>                                       | LOW-level threshold voltage                     |   | -        | -    | 0.4  | V             |
| V <sub>ON</sub>  | HIGH-level threshold voltage                    |   | 1.6      | _    | -    | V             |
| I <sub>PS1</sub>                                       | PS1 terminal current                            | V <sub>PS1</sub> = 1.6 V  | _        | -    | 8    | μΑ            |
| I <sub>PS2/3</sub>                                     | PS2/3 terminal current                          | V <sub>PS2/3</sub> = 1.6 V  | <u> </u> | -    | 16   | μΑ            |

### NOTE:

<sup>1.</sup> Guaranteed by design.

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### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES**

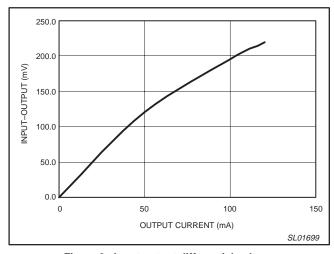


Figure 3. Input-output differential voltage.

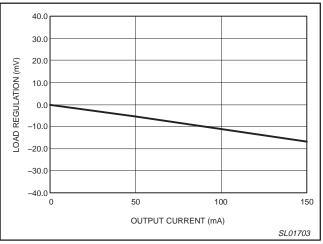


Figure 5. Load regulation.

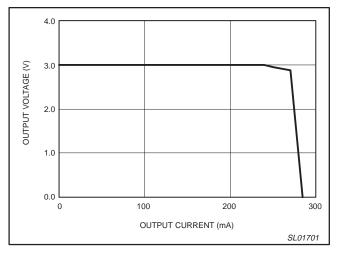


Figure 7. Current limit.

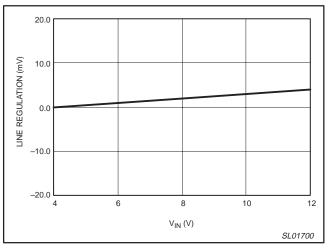


Figure 4. Line regulation.

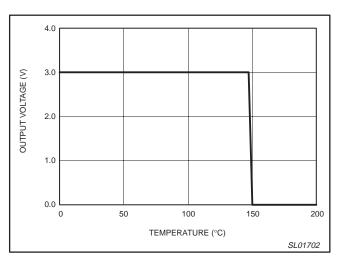


Figure 6. Thermal shutdown.

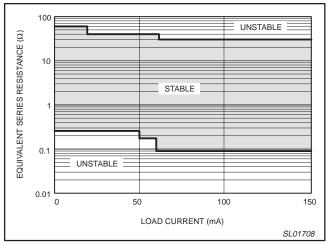


Figure 8. ESR stability.

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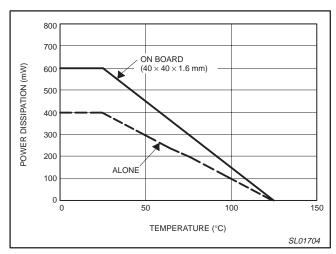


Figure 9. Power dissipation.

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### **TECHNICAL DISCUSSION**

As illustrated in the circuit diagram, each of the regulators in the SA57005 consists of a voltage reference, an error amplifier, P-channel pass transistor, current limit circuit and an internal feedback voltage divider. The output voltage is fed back through an internal resistor voltage divider connected to the output voltage pins. The reference will be activated if any of the PS1 and PS2/3 switches is turned on

The reference is connected to the error amplifier's non-inverting input. The error amplifier compares the reference with the feedback voltage and amplifies the difference. If the feedback voltage is lower than the reference voltage the output of the error amplifier goes up, which pulls down the pass transistor's gate. This allows more current to pass to the output and increase the output voltage. On the other hand, if the feedback voltage is too high the pass transistor gate is pulled up, allowing less current to pass to the output, resulting a decrease in output voltage.

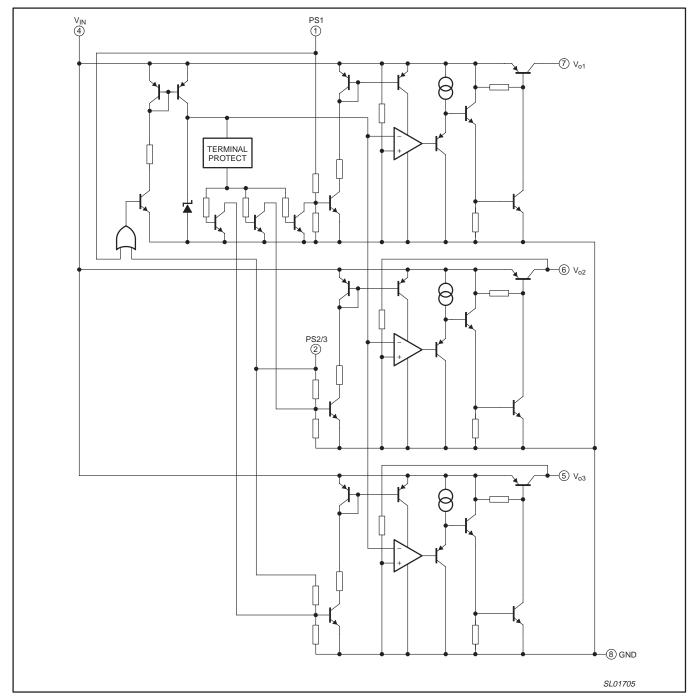


Figure 10. Functional diagram.

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### APPLICATION INFORMATION

For good performance, the following points must be considered:

### Input capacitor

An input capacitor of  $\geq 1~\mu F$  is required between the SA57005 input and the ground (the amount of capacitance may be increased without limit).

This capacitor must be located as close as possible to  $V_{\rm IN}$  or GND pin (not more than 1 cm) and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic, tantalum or film capacitor will work.

### **Output capacitor**

Phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current varies. For this reason, an output capacitor with good frequency characteristics is needed at each of the three outputs. Set it as close to the circuit as possible and make the wiring as short as possible.

The value of the output capacitance has to be at least  $1\mu F$ . Also it must have the ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) value within the stable range shown Figure 8.

### PS (Chip Enable) pins

These active-HIGH ON/OFF pins must be actively terminated. If the function is not to be used, the corresponding PS pin should be tied to  $V_{\text{IN}}.$  PS1 (pin 1) controls  $V_{01}$  while PS2/3 (pin 2) controls  $V_{02}$  and  $V_{03}$  simultaneously. In other words  $V_{02}$  and  $V_{03}$  are always in the same state, either both active or both inactive depending on the input of PS2/3.

### Line impedance of V<sub>IN</sub> and GND

The  $V_{\text{IN}}$  and GND lines should be sufficiently wide. Otherwise when the impedance of these lines is high, there is a chance to pick-up noise or malfunction.

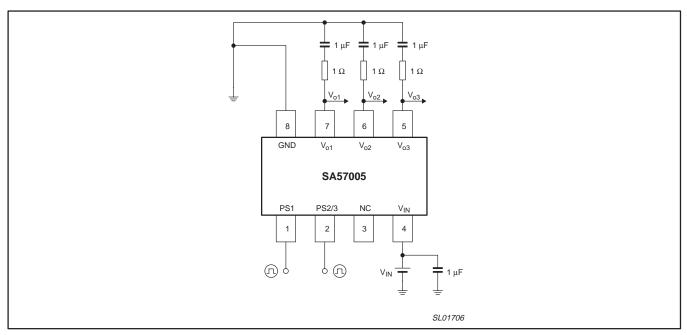


Figure 11. Typical application circuit.

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### **TEST CIRCUIT**

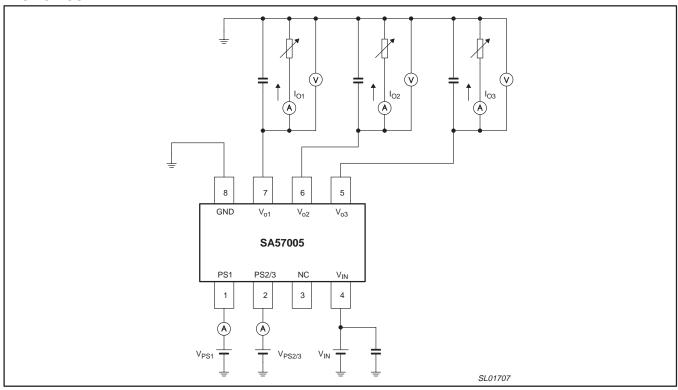


Figure 12. Test circuit.

### **PACKING METHOD**

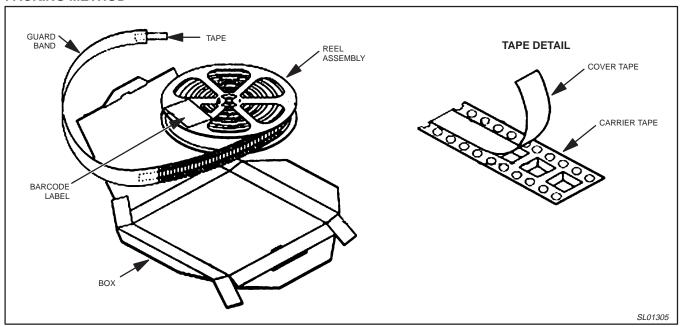
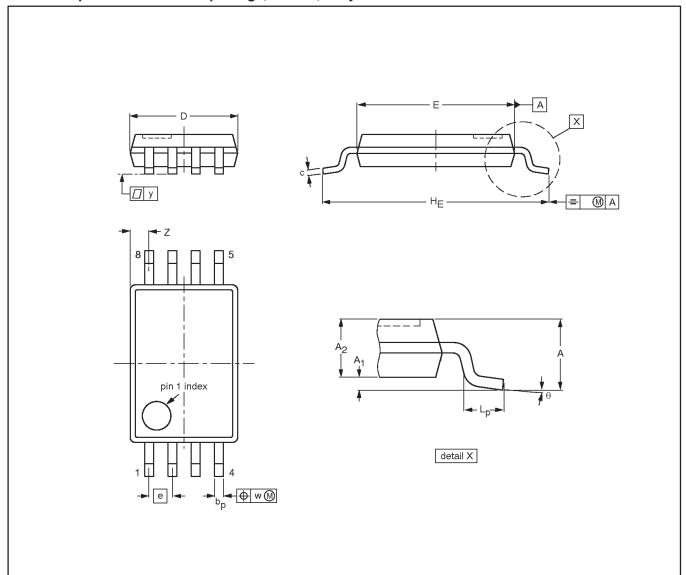


Figure 13. Tape and reel packing method.

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VSOP-8A: plastic small outline package; 8 leads; body width 4.4 mm



### DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

|      | ,            |                | _              |              | ,            |                  |                  |      |            |            |      |      |                  |           |
|------|--------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|------|------------|------------|------|------|------------------|-----------|
| UNIT | Α            | A <sub>1</sub> | A <sub>2</sub> | bp           | C            | D <sup>(1)</sup> | E <sup>(2)</sup> | е    | HE         | Lp         | w    | у    | Z <sup>(1)</sup> | θ         |
| mm   | 1.35<br>1.15 | 0.15<br>0.05   | 1.15           | 0.23<br>0.21 | 0.16<br>0.10 | 3.4<br>2.8       | 4.6<br>4.2       | 0.65 | 6.7<br>6.1 | 0.7<br>0.3 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.875<br>max.    | 10°<br>0° |

#### Notes

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE |     | EUROPEAN |      |  |            |
|---------|-----|----------|------|--|------------|
| VERSION | IEC | JEDEC    | EIAJ |  | PROJECTION |
| VSOP-8A |     |          |      |  |            |

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**NOTES** 

### Multiple output low noise, low dropout linear regulator

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#### Data sheet status

| Data sheet status <sup>[1]</sup> | Product<br>status <sup>[2]</sup> | Definitions  |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Objective data                   | Development                      | This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development.  Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.   |
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<sup>[1]</sup> Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

#### **Definitions**

**Short-form specification** — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

Limiting values definition — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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<sup>[2]</sup> The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.semiconductors.philips.com.