

# **TC682**

## **Inverting Voltage Doubler**

#### Features:

- 99.9% Voltage Conversion Efficiency
- 92% Power Conversion Efficiency
- Wide Input Voltage Range:
  - +2.4V to +5.5V
- Only 3 External Capacitors Required
- 185 µA Supply Current
- Space-Saving 8-Pin SOIC and 8-Pin PDIP Packages

#### **Applications:**

- -10V from +5V Logic Supply
- -6V from a Single 3V Lithium Cell
- Portable Handheld Instruments
- Cellular Phones
- LCD Display Bias Generator
- Panel Meters
- Operational Amplifier Power Supplies

#### **Device Selection Table**

Part Number	Package	Operating Temp. Range
TC682COA	8-Pin SOIC	0°C to +70°C
TC682CPA	8-Pin PDIP	0°C to +70°C
TC682EOA	8-Pin SOIC	-40°C to +85°C
TC682EPA	8-Pin PDIP	-40°C to +85°C

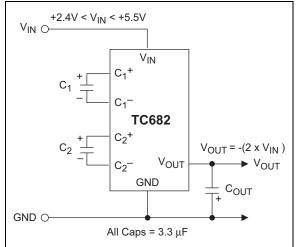
#### **General Description:**

The TC682 is a CMOS charge pump converter that provides an inverted doubled output from a single positive supply. An on-board 12 kHz (typical) oscillator provides the clock and only 3 external capacitors are required for full circuit implementation.

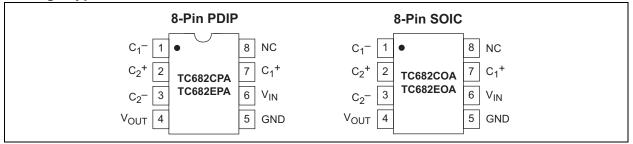
Low output source impedance (typically  $140\Omega$ ), provides output current up to 10 mA. The TC682 features low quiescent current and high efficiency, making it the ideal choice for a wide variety of applications that require a negative voltage derived from a single positive supply (for example: generation of -6V from a 3V lithium cell or -10V generated from a +5V logic supply).

The minimum external parts count and small physical size of the TC682 make it useful in many mediumcurrent, dual voltage analog power supplies.

#### **Functional Block Diagram**



#### Package Type



#### 1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings\***

V <sub>IN</sub> +5.8V
$V_{IN} \; dV/dT \; 1 V/\mu sec$
V <sub>OUT</sub> 11.6V
Short-Circuit Duration - V <sub>OUT</sub> Continuous
Power Dissipation ( $T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ )
8-Pin PDIP730 mW
8-Pin SOIC470 mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature (Unbiased)65°C to +150°C

\*Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **TC682 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

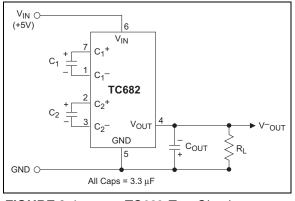
Electrical Characteristics: Over operating temperature range, V <sub>IN</sub> = +5V, test circuit Figure 3-1 unless otherwise noted.						
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
V <sub>IN</sub>	Supply Voltage Range	2.4	_	5.5	V	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$
I <sub>IN</sub>	Supply Current	-	185 —	300 400	μA	$ \begin{array}{l} R_{L} = \infty, \ T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \\ R_{L} = \infty \end{array} \end{array} $
R <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Source Resistance		140 — 170	180 230 320	Ω	$I_L^- = 10 \text{ mA}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_L^- = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_L^- = 5 \text{ mA}, V_{IN} = 2.8\text{V}$
F <sub>OSC</sub>	Oscillator Frequency	-	12	—	kHz	
P <sub>EFF</sub>	Power Efficiency	90	92	_	%	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$
VOUTEFF	Voltage Conversion Efficiency	99	99.9	_	%	$V_{OUT}, R_L = \infty$

#### 2.0 PIN DESCRIPTION

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 2-1.

Pin No. (8-Pin PDIP, SOIC)	Symbol	Description
1	C1–	Input. Capacitor C1 negative terminal.
2	C2+	Input. Capacitor C2 positive terminal.
3	C2–	Input. Capacitor C2 negative terminal.
4	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output. Negative output voltage (-2V <sub>IN</sub> ).
5	GND	Input. Ground.
6	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input. Power supply voltage.
7	C1+	Input. Capacitor C1 positive terminal.
8	NC	No connection.

#### 3.0 DETAILED DESCRIPTION





#### 3.1 Phase 1

 $V_{SS}$  charge storage – before this phase of the clock cycle, capacitor C<sub>1</sub> is already charged to +5V. C<sub>1</sub><sup>+</sup> is then switched to ground and the charge in C<sub>1</sub><sup>-</sup> is transferred to C<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>. Since C<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> is at +5V, the voltage potential across capacitor C<sub>2</sub> is now -10V.

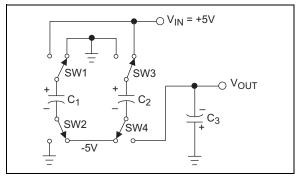


FIGURE 3-2: Charge Pump – Phase 1

#### 3.2 Phase 2

 $V_{SS}$  transfer – phase two of the clock connects the negative terminal of  $C_2$  to the negative side of reservoir capacitor  $C_3$  and the positive terminal of  $C_2$  to ground, transferring the generated -10V to  $C_3$ . Simultaneously, the positive side of capacitor  $C_1$  is switched to +5V and the negative side is connected to ground.  $C_2$  is then switched to  $V_{CC}$  and GND and Phase 1 begins again.

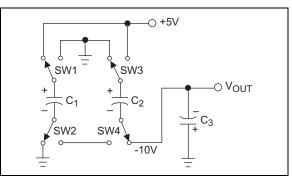


FIGURE 3-3: Charge Pump – Phase 2

#### 3.3 Maximum Operating Limits

The TC682 has on-chip Zener diodes that clamp  $V_{IN}$  to approximately 5.8V, and  $V_{OUT}$  to -11.6V. Never exceed the maximum supply voltage or excessive current will be shunted by these diodes, potentially damaging the chip. The TC682 will operate over the entire operating temperature range with an input voltage of 2V to 5.5V.

#### 3.4 Efficiency Considerations

Theoretically a charge pump voltage multiplier can approach 100% efficiency under the following conditions:

- The charge pump switches have virtually no offset and are extremely low on resistance.
- Minimal power is consumed by the drive circuitry.
- The impedances of the reservoir and pump capacitors are negligible.

For the TC682, efficiency is as shown below:

Voltage Efficiency = 
$$V_{OUT} / (-2V_{IN})$$
  
 $V_{OUT} = -2V_{IN} + V_{DROP}$   
 $V_{DROP} = (I_{OUT}) (R_{OUT})$ 

Power Loss  $= I_{OUT} (V_{DROP})$ 

There will be a substantial voltage difference between  $V_{OUT}$  and  $\text{-}2V_{\text{IN}}$  if the impedances of the pump capacitors  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are high with respect to their respective output loads.

Larger values of reservoir capacitor  $C_3$  will reduce output ripple. Larger values of both pump and reservoir capacitors improve the efficiency. See **Section 4.2** "**Capacitor Selection**" "Capacitor Selection".

#### 4.0 TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

#### 4.1 Negative Doubling Converter

The most common application of the TC682 is as a charge pump voltage converter which provides a negative output of two times a positive input voltage (Figure 4-1).

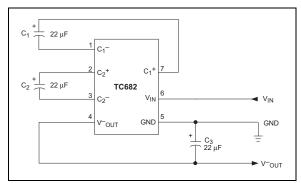


FIGURE 4-1:

Inverting Voltage Doubler

#### 4.2 Capacitor Selection

The output resistance of the TC682 is determined, in part, by the ESR of the capacitors used. An expression for  $R_{OUT}$  is derived as shown below:

$$\begin{split} \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{OUT}} &= 2(\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SW1}} + \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SW2}} + \mathsf{ESR}_{\mathsf{C1}} + \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SW3}} + \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SW4}} + \mathsf{ESR}_{\mathsf{C2}}) \\ &+ 2(\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SW1}} + \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SW2}} + \mathsf{ESR}_{\mathsf{C1}} + \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SW3}} + \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SW4}} + \mathsf{ESR}_{\mathsf{C2}}) \\ &+ 1/(\mathsf{f}_{\mathsf{PUMP}} \times \mathsf{C1}) + 1/(\mathsf{f}_{\mathsf{PUMP}} \times \mathsf{C2}) \\ &+ \mathsf{ESR}_{\mathsf{C3}} \end{split}$$

Assuming all switch resistances are approximately equal:

$$\begin{split} \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{OUT}} &= \mathsf{16R}_{\mathsf{SW}} + \mathsf{4ESR}_{\mathsf{C1}} + \mathsf{4ESR}_{\mathsf{C2}} + \mathsf{ESR}_{\mathsf{C3}} \\ &\quad + \mathsf{1/(f_{\mathsf{PUMP}} \times \mathsf{C1})} + \mathsf{1/(f_{\mathsf{PUMP}} \times \mathsf{C2})} \end{split}$$

 $R_{OUT}$  is typically 140 $\Omega$  at +25°C with V<sub>IN</sub> = +5V and 3.3  $\mu$ F low ESR capacitors. The fixed term (16R<sub>SW</sub>) is about 80-90 $\Omega$ . It can be seen easily that increasing or decreasing values of C1 and C2 will affect efficiency by changing R<sub>OUT</sub>. However, be careful about ESR. This term can quickly become dominant with large electrolytic capacitors. Table 4-1 shows R<sub>OUT</sub> for various values of C1 and C2 (assume 0.5 $\Omega$  ESR). C1 must be rated at 6VDC or greater while C2 and C3 must be rated at 12VDC or greater.

Output voltage ripple is affected by C3. Typically the larger the value of C3 the less the ripple for a given load current. The formula for  $_{P-P}$  V<sub>RIPPLE</sub> is given below:

 $V_{\mathsf{RIPPLE}} = \{1/[2(f_{\mathsf{PUMP}} \times \mathsf{C3})] + 2(\mathsf{ESR}_{\mathsf{C3}})\} (\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}})$ 

For a 10  $\mu$ F (0.5 $\Omega$  ESR) capacitor for C3, f<sub>PUMP</sub> = 10 kHz and I<sub>OUT</sub> = 10 mA the peak-to-peak ripple voltage at the output will be less then 60 mV. In most applications (I<sub>OUT</sub> <= 10 mA) a 10-20  $\mu$ F capacitor and 1-5  $\mu$ F pump capacitors will suffice. Table 4-2 shows V<sub>RIPPLE</sub> for different values of C3 (assume 1 $\Omega$  ESR).

TABLE 4-1:	OUTPUT RESISTANCE
	VS. C1, C2

R <sub>OUT</sub> (Ω)
4085
2084
510
285
145
125
105
94
87

TABLE 4-2:VRIPPLEPEAK-TO-PEAKVS. C3 (IOUT 10mA)

	, ,
C3 (μF)	V <sub>RIPPLE</sub> (mV)
0.50	1020
1.00	520
3.30	172
5.00	120
10.00	70
22.00	43
100.00	25

#### 4.3 Paralleling Devices

Paralleling multiple TC682s reduces the output resistance of the converter. The effective output resistance is the output resistance of a single device divided by the number of devices. As illustrated in Figure , each requires separate pump capacitors  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ , but all can share a single reservoir capacitor.

#### 4.4 -5V Regulated Supply From A Single 3V Battery

Figure 4-3 shows a -5V power supply using one 3V battery. The TC682 provides -6V at V<sub>OUT</sub>, which is regulated to -5V by the negative LDO. The input to the TC682 can vary from 3V to 5.5V without affecting regulation appreciably. A TC54 device is connected to the battery to detect undervoltage. This unit is set to detect at 2.7V. With higher input voltage, more current can be drawn from the outputs of the TC682. With 5V at V<sub>IN</sub>, 10 mA can be drawn from the regulated output. Assuming 150 $\Omega$  source resistance for the converter, with I<sub>L</sub><sup>-</sup>= 10 mA, the charge pump will droop 1.5V.

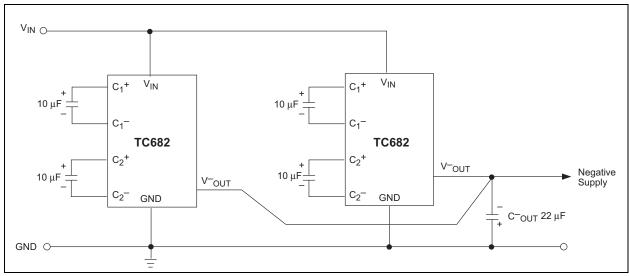


FIGURE 4-2: Paralleling TC682 for Lower Output Source Resistance

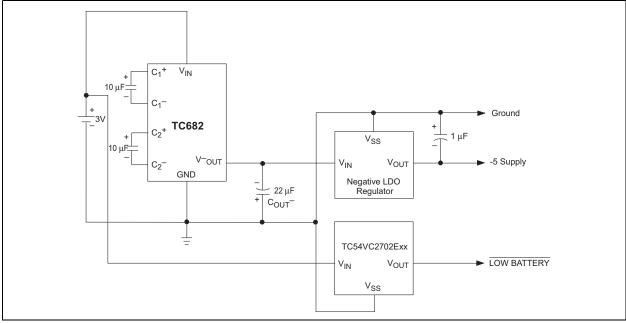
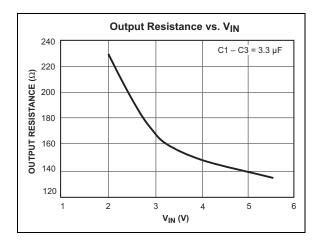


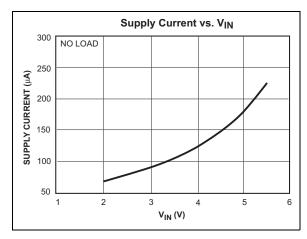
FIGURE 4-3: Negative Supply Derived from 3V Battery

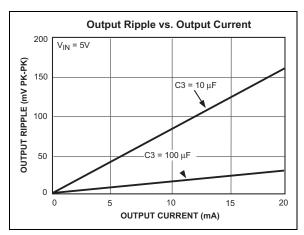
#### 5.0 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

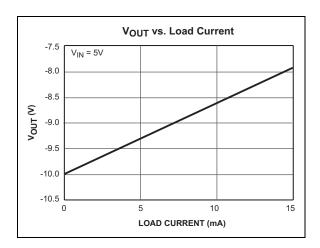
**Note:** The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

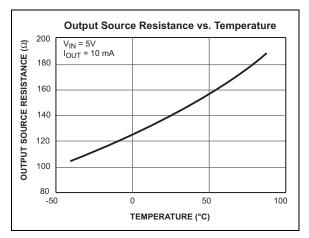
Circuit of Figure 3-1,  $C_1 = C_2 = C_{OUT} = 3.3 \,\mu\text{F}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted.









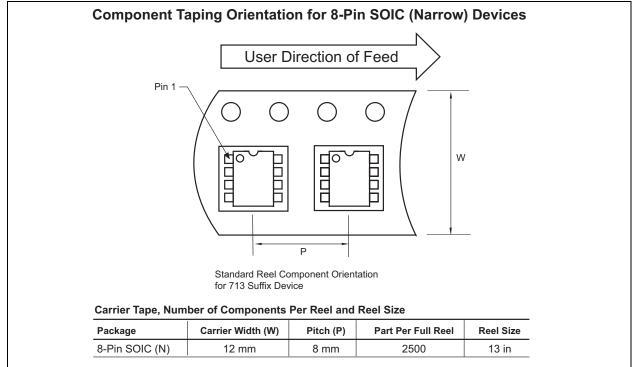


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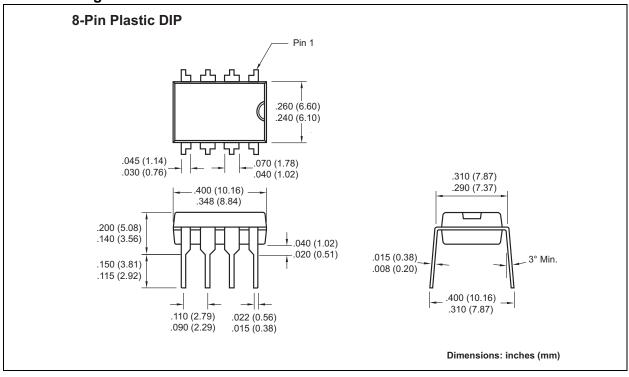
#### 6.1 Package Marking Information

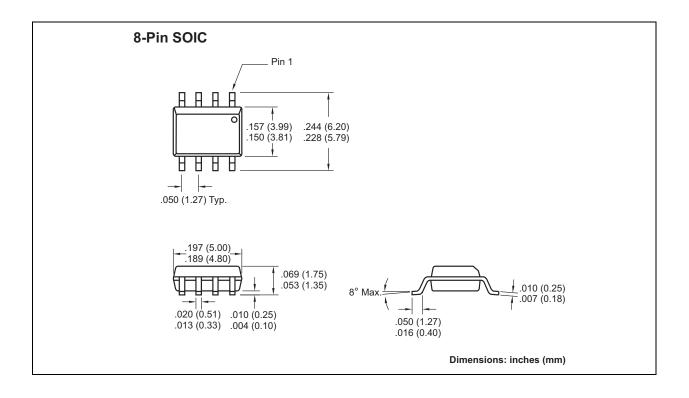
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#### 6.2 Taping Form



#### 6.3 Package Dimensions





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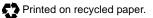
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