

# PT6715 Series

13 Amp 5V/3.3V Input Adjustable Integrated Switching Regulator

Power Trends Products  
from Texas Instruments



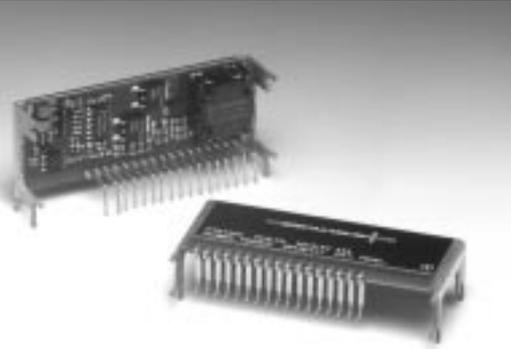
SLTS100

(Revised 6/30/2000)

- +3.3V/5V Input Voltage
- Adjustable Output Voltage
- 90% Efficiency
- Standby
- Differential Remote Sense
- 17-Pin Space-Saving Package
- Solderable Copper Case
- Short Circuit Protection

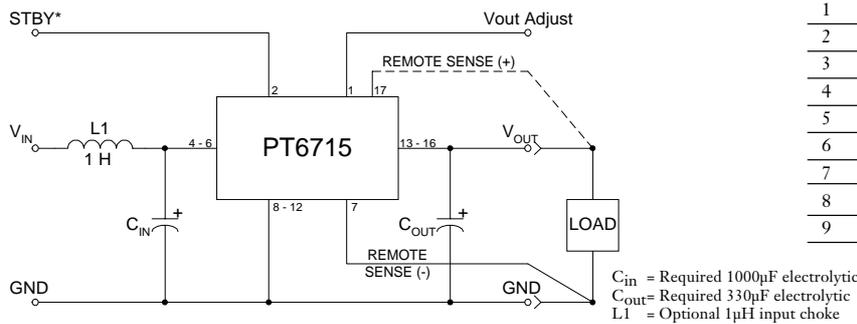
The PT6715 is a series of high-performance, 13A Integrated Switching Regulators (ISRs) housed in a unique, space-saving 17-pin package. The PT6715 will operate off either a 5V or 3.3V power bus to provide a low-voltage power source for the industry's latest high-speed, DSPs,  $\mu$ Ps, and bus drivers.

Features include a Standby function, a differential remote sense, and short circuit protection.



Patent pending on package assembly

## Standard Application



## Pin-Out Information

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	$V_{out}$ adjust	10	GND
2	STBY*	11	GND
3	Do not connect	12	GND
4	$V_{in}$	13	$V_{out}$
5	$V_{in}$	14	$V_{out}$
6	$V_{in}$	15	$V_{out}$
7	Remote Sense Gnd (4)	16	$V_{out}$
8	GND	17	Remote Sense $V_{out}$
9	GND		

For STBY\* pin open = output enabled ground = output disabled.

## Specifications

Characteristics ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless noted)	Symbols	Conditions	PT6715 SERIES			Units	
			Min	Typ	Max		
Output Current	$I_o$	$T_a = +60^\circ\text{C}$ , 200 LFM, pkg N, $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , natural convection	0.1 (1)	—	13.0	A	
Input Voltage Range	$V_{in}$	$0.1\text{A} \leq I_o \leq 13\text{A}$	PT6715/6 PT6717/8	4.5 3.1	— —	5.5 5.5	V
Output Voltage Tolerance	$\Delta V_o$	$V_{in} = +5\text{V}$ , $I_o = 13\text{A}$ $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_a \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$		$V_o - 0.03$	—	$V_o + 0.03$	V
Short-Circuit Threshold	$I_{sc}$	$V_{in} = +5\text{V}$		—	18	30	A
Line Regulation	$\text{Reg}_{line}$	$4.5\text{V} \leq V_{in} \leq 5.5\text{V}$ , $I_o = 13\text{A}$		—	$\pm 5$	—	mV
Load Regulation	$\text{Reg}_{load}$	$V_{in} = +5\text{V}$ , $0.1 \leq I_o \leq 13\text{A}$		—	$\pm 10$	—	mV
$V_o$ Ripple/Noise	$V_n$	$V_{in} = +5\text{V}$ , $I_o = 13\text{A}$		—	35	—	mV
Transient Response with $C_{out} = 330\mu\text{F}$	$t_{tr}$ $V_{os}$	$I_o$ step between 6.5A and 13A $V_o$ over/undershoot		—	50 100	—	$\mu\text{Sec}$ mV
Efficiency	$\eta$	$V_{in} = +5\text{V}$ , $I_o = 9\text{A}$			91 88 85 83	—	%
Switching Frequency	$f_o$	$4.5\text{V} \leq V_{in} \leq 5.5\text{V}$ $0.1\text{A} \leq I_o \leq 13\text{A}$		300	350	400	kHz
Absolute Maximum Operating Temperature Range	$T_a$	Over $V_{in}$ Range		-40 (2)	—	+85 (3)	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_s$	—		-40	—	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Mechanical Shock		Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2002.3 1ms half sine, mounted to a fixture		—	500	—	G's
Mechanical Vibration		Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2007.2, 20-2000Hz, Soldered in a PC board		—	15	—	G's
Weight	—	—		—	26	—	grams

- Notes:** (1) ISR will operate down to no load with reduced specifications.  
 (2) For operation below  $0^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $C_{in}$  and  $C_{out}$  must have stable characteristics. Use either low ESR tantalum or Oscon<sup>®</sup> capacitors.  
 (3) See Safe Operating Area curves or contact the factory for the appropriate derating.  
 (4) If the remote sense ground is not used, pin 7 must be connected to pin 8 for optimum output voltage accuracy.

**Output Capacitors:** The PT6715 requires a minimum output capacitance of 330 $\mu\text{F}$  for proper operation. The maximum allowable output capacitance is 15,000 $\mu\text{F}$ .

**Input Filter:** An input filter is optional for most applications. The input inductor must be sized to handle 10ADC with a typical value of 1 $\mu\text{H}$ . The input capacitance must be rated for a minimum of 2.0Arms of ripple current. For transient or dynamic load applications, additional capacitance may be required.

# PT6715 Series

13 Amp 5V/3.3V Input Adjustable Integrated Switching Regulator

## Ordering Information

PT6715□ = 3.3 Volts  
 PT6716□ = 2.5 Volts  
 PT6717□ = 1.8 Volts  
 PT6718□ = 1.5 Volts

## PT Series Suffix (PT1234X)

Case/Pin Configuration	
Vertical Through-Hole	N
Horizontal Through-Hole	A
Horizontal Surface Mount	C

(For dimensions and PC board layout, see Package Styles 1340 and 1350.)

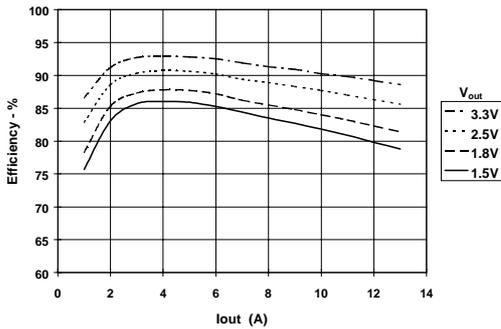
## PT6700 Product Family

	Input Voltage	Vout Adjust	OVP/Pwr Good	Requires +12V Bias
PT6701	5V	VID	✓	
PT6702	3.3V	VID	✓	
PT6705	5V	Resistor		✓
PT6715	5V	Resistor		
PT6721	12V	VID	✓	
PT6725	12V	Resistor		

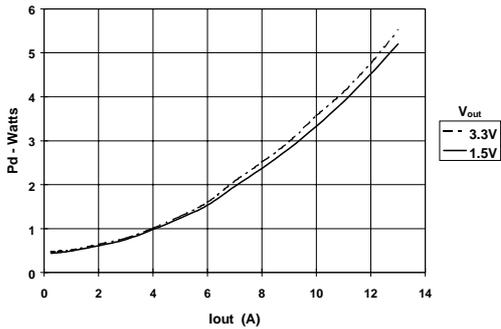
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

All Models,  $V_{in} = 5.0V$  (Note A)

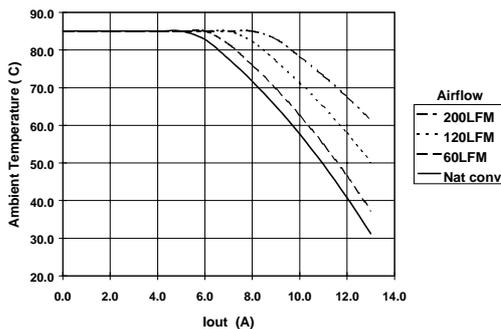
### Efficiency vs Output Current



### Power Dissipation vs Output Current

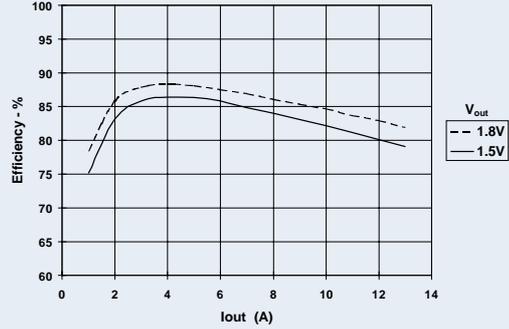


Safe Operating Area, PT6715,  $V_{in} = 5.0V$  (Note B)



PT6717, PT6718,  $V_{in} = 3.3V$  (Note A)

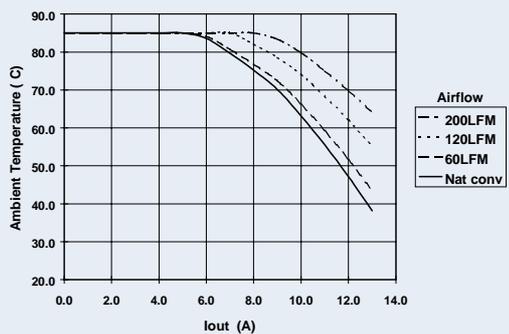
### Efficiency vs Output Current



### Power Dissipation vs Output Current



Safe Operating Area, PT6717,  $V_{in} = 3.3V$  (Note B)



Note A: All data in the above graphs has been developed from actual products tested at 25°C. This data is considered typical for the ISR.

Note B: SOA curves represent the conditions at which internal components are at or below the manufacturer's maximum operating temperatures.

## PT6705/6715 Series

### Adjusting the Output Voltage of the PT6705 and PT6715 Excalibur™ Converters

Both the PT6705 and PT6715 series ISRs are non-programmable versions of the PT6700 Excalibur™ family of converters. These regulators have a fixed output voltage, which may be adjusted higher or lower than the factory trimmed pre-set voltage using a single external resistor. Table 1 gives the allowable adjustment range for each model as  $V_a$  (min) and  $V_a$  (max).

**Adjust Up:** An increase in the output voltage is obtained by adding a resistor R2, between pin 1 ( $V_o$  adjust) and pin 7 (-Remote Sense).

**Adjust Down:** Add a resistor (R1), between pin 1 ( $V_o$  adjust) and pin 17 (+Remote Sense).

Refer to Figure 1 and Table 2 for both the placement and value of the required resistor, either (R1) or R2 as appropriate.

#### Notes:

- Use only a single 1% resistor in either the (R1) or R2 location. Place the resistor as close to the ISR as possible.
- Never connect capacitors from  $V_o$  adjust to either GND,  $V_{out}$ , or the Remote Sense pins. Any capacitance added to the  $V_o$  adjust pin will affect the stability of the ISR.
- If the Remote Sense feature is not being used, pin 7 must be connected to pin 8 for optimum output voltage accuracy. Correspondingly the resistors (R1) and R2 may then be connected from  $V_o$  Adjust to either  $V_{out}$  or GND respectively.
- The PT6705 series requires a 12V external bias voltage in order to operate (see data sheet). An external bias voltage is not required for the PT6715 series.
- Adjusting the output voltage of the PT6705 and PT6715 (3.3V models) higher than the factory pre-trimmed output voltage may require an increase in the minimum input voltage. These two models must comply with the following requirements for  $V_{in}$ (min).

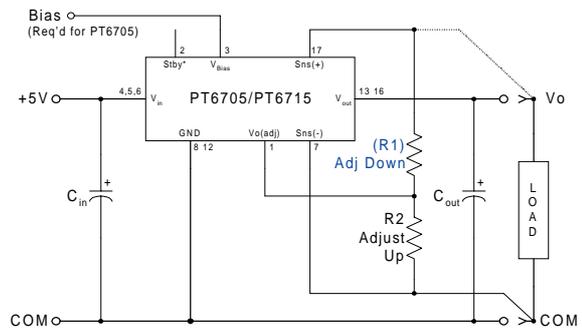
#### PT670x models:

$$V_{in}(\text{min}) = (V_a + 1)V$$

#### PT671x models:

$$V_{in}(\text{min}) = (V_a + 1)V \text{ or } 4.5V, \text{ whichever is greater.}$$

Figure 1



The values of (R1) [adjust down], and R2 [adjust up], can also be calculated using the following formulas.

$$(R1) = \frac{10 \cdot (V_a - 1.27)}{(V_o - V_a)} - R_s \quad \text{k}\Omega$$

$$R2 = \frac{12.7}{V_a - V_o} - R_s \quad \text{k}\Omega$$

Where:  $V_o$  = Original output voltage  
 $V_a$  = Adjusted output voltage  
 $R_s$  = Series resistance value from Table 1

Table 1  
PT6705/PT6715 SERIES ADJUSTMENT PARAMETERS

Series Pt #	PT6708	PT6707	PT6706	PT6705
12V Bias (4)				
No-Bias	PT6718	PT6717	PT6716	PT6715
$V_o$ (nom)	1.5	1.8	2.5	3.3
$V_a$ (min)	1.47	1.75	2.25	2.75
$V_a$ (max)	1.73	2.0	2.85	3.75
$R_s$ (kΩ)	49.9	49.9	33.2	24.9

## Application Notes *continued*

### PT6705/6715 Series

**Table 2**

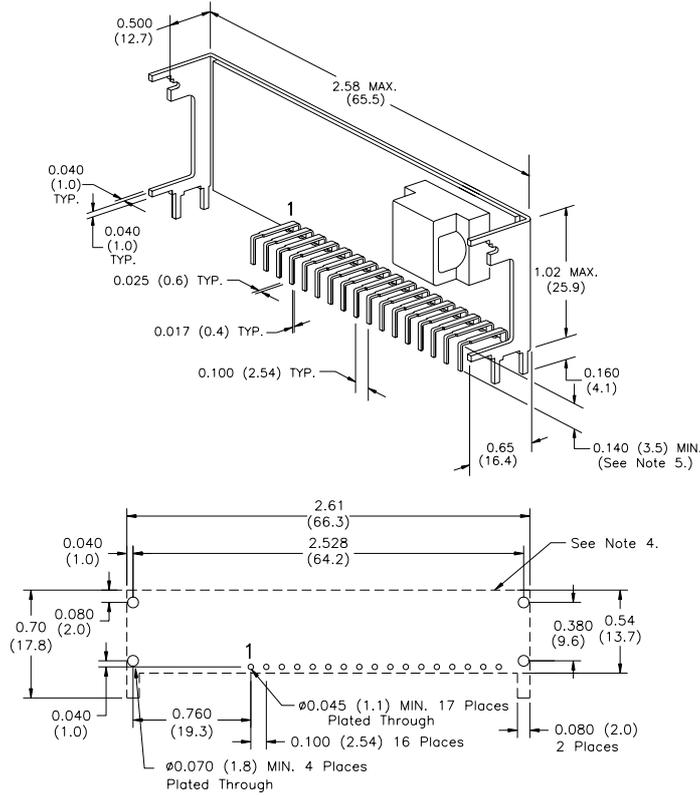
**PT6705/PT6715 SERIES ADJUSTMENT RESISTOR VALUES**

Series Pt #				
12V Bias <sup>4</sup>	PT6708	PT6707	PT6706	PT6705
No Bias	PT6718	PT6717	PT6716	PT6715
<b>V<sub>o</sub> (nom)</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>3.3</b>
<b>V<sub>a</sub> (req'd)</b>				
1.47	(16.8)kΩ			
1.5				
1.55	204.0kΩ			
1.6	77.1kΩ			
1.65	34.8kΩ			
1.7	13.6kΩ			
1.75		(46.1)kΩ		
1.8				
1.85		204.0kΩ		
1.9		77.1kΩ		
1.95		34.8kΩ		
2.0		13.6kΩ		
2.05				
2.1				
2.15				
2.2				
2.25			(6.0)kΩ	
2.3			(18.3)kΩ	
2.35			(38.8)kΩ	
2.4			(79.8)kΩ	
2.45			(203.0)kΩ	
2.5				
2.55			221.0kΩ	
2.6			93.8kΩ	
2.65			51.5kΩ	
2.7			30.3kΩ	
2.75			17.6kΩ	(2.0)kΩ
2.8			9.1kΩ	(5.7)kΩ
2.85			3.1kΩ	(10.2)kΩ
2.9				(15.9)kΩ
2.95				(23.1)kΩ
3.0				(32.8)kΩ
3.05				(46.3)kΩ
3.1				(66.6)kΩ
3.15				(100.0)kΩ
3.2				(168.0)kΩ
3.25				(371.0)kΩ
3.3				
3.35				229.0kΩ
3.4				102.0kΩ
3.45				59.8kΩ
3.5				38.6kΩ
3.55		Requires V <sub>in</sub> > 4.5Vde <sup>5</sup>		25.9kΩ
3.6				17.4kΩ
3.65				11.4kΩ
3.7				6.9kΩ
3.75				3.3kΩ

R1 = (Blue) R2 = Black

PACKAGE INFORMATION AND DIMENSIONS

Vertical Through-Hole Mount (Suffix N)



PC Layout

Notes: (Rev. E)

- 1: All dimensions are in inches (mm).
- 2: 2 place decimals are  $\pm 0.030$  ( $\pm 0.8\text{mm}$ ).
- 3: 3 place decimals are  $\pm 0.010$  ( $\pm 0.3\text{mm}$ ).
- 4: Recommended mechanical keep out area (dotted line).
- 5: Electrical pin length mounted on printed circuit board seating plane to pin end.

Power Trends proprietary package design.  
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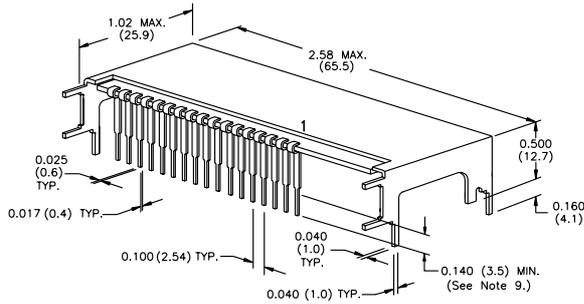
# Package Style 1350

Suffix A, C

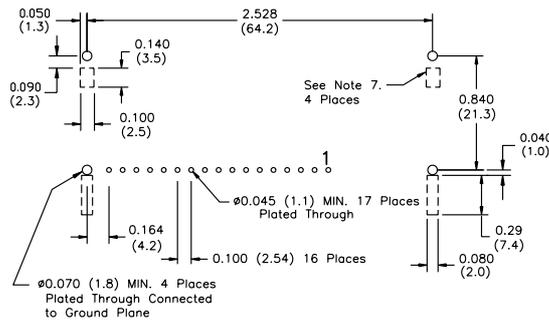
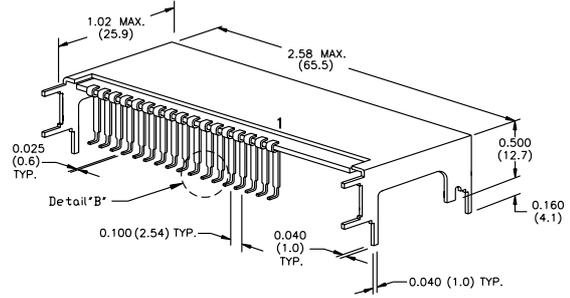
(Revised 6/30/2000)

## PACKAGE INFORMATION AND DIMENSIONS

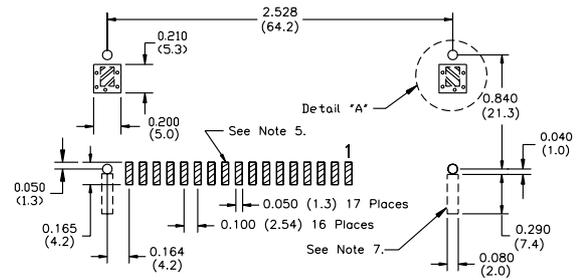
Horizontal Through-Hole Mount (Suffix A)



Horizontal Surface Mount (Suffix C)



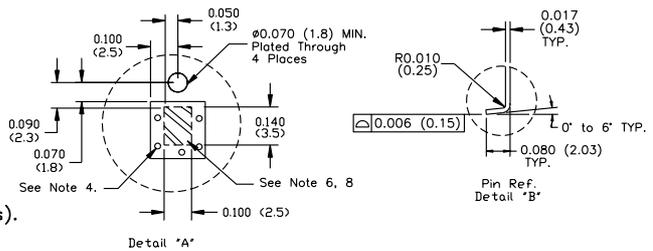
PC Layout



PC Layout

**Notes:** (Rev. E)

- 1: All dimensions are in inches (mm).
- 2: 2 place decimals are  $\pm 0.030$  ( $\pm 0.8\text{mm}$ ).
- 3: 3 place decimals are  $\pm 0.010$  ( $\pm 0.3\text{mm}$ ).
- 4: Vias are recommended to improve copper adhesion.
- 5: Power pin connections should utilize two or more vias per input, ground and output pin.
- 6: Solder mask openings to copper island for solder joints to mechanical pins.
- 7: Recommended mechanical keep out area (dotted lines).
- 8: Electrically connect case to ground plane.
- 9: Electrical pin length (Horizontal Through-Hole) mounted on printed circuit board seating plane to pin end.



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