

128-common x 132-segment BIT MAP LCD DRIVER

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The **NJU6679** is a 128-common x 132-segment bit map LCD driver to display graphics or characters.

It contains 25,344 bits display data RAM, microprocessor interface circuits, instruction decoder, and common and segment drivers.

An image data from CPU through the serial or 8-bit parallel interface are stored into the 25,344 bits internal display data RAM and are displayed on the LCD panel through the commons and segments drivers.

The **NJU6679** displays 128 x 132 dots graphics or 8-character 8-line by 16 x 16 dots character.

The **NJU6679** contains a built-in OSC circuit for reducing external components. And it features Partial Display Function containing selectable active display block(s) (two blocks max.) and optimizing the duty cycle ratio. This function dramatically reduces the operating current, setting the optimum boosted voltage combined with a programmable voltage booster circuit and an electrical variable resister. As result, it reduces the operating current.

The operating voltage from 2.4V to 3.6V and low operating current are suitable for small size battery operation items.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJU6679CJ

■ FEATURES

- Direct Correspondence of Display Data RAM to LCD Pixel
- Display Data RAM 25,344 bits ;(1.5 times over than display size)
- LCD drivers 128-common and 132-segment
- Direct connection to 8-bit Microprocessor interface for both of 68 and 80 type MPU
- Serial Interface
- Partial Display Function Two limited active display blocks setting. Duty ratio set automatically.
- Easy Vertical Scroll by setting the start line address of over size display data RAM
- Programmable Bias selection ; 1/4,1/5,1/6,1/7,1/8,1/9,1/10,1/11,1/12 bias
- Common Driver Order Assignment by mask option

Version	Co to C127(Pin name)
NJU6679A	Com0 to Com127
NJU6679B	Com127 to Com0

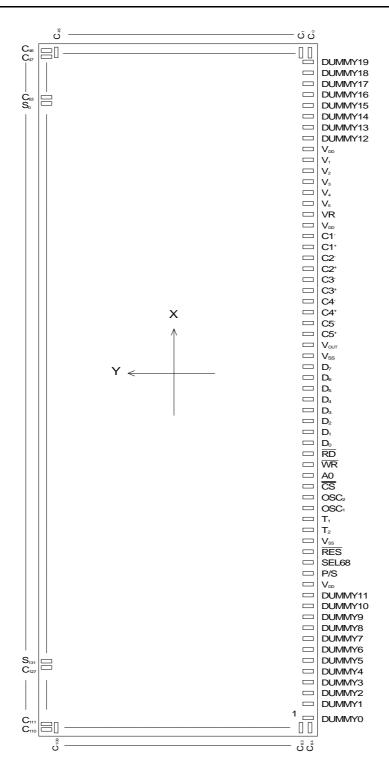
Useful Instruction Sets

Display ON/OFF Cont, Display Start Line Set, Page Address Set, Column Address Set, Status Read, Display Data Read/Write, Inverse Display, All On/Off, Partial Display, Bias Select, n-Line Inverse, Voltage Booster Circuits Multiple Select(Maximum 6-time), Read Modify Write, Power Saving, ADC Select, etc.

- Power Supply Circuits for LCD; Programmable Voltage Booster Circuits(6-time Maximum, Voltage boosting polarity:Negative voltage(VDD Common)),Regulator, Voltage Follower (x 4)
- Precision Electrical Variable Resistance
- Low Power Consumption
- Operating Voltage --- 2.4V to 3.6V
- LCD Driving Voltage --- 6.0V to 18V
- Package Outline --- Bumped Chip
- C-MOS Technology (Substrate:N)

2003

■ PAD LOCATION



Chip Center : X=0um,Y=0um

Chip Size : X=10.31mm,Y=3.13mm

Chip Thickness : 675um ± 30um
Bump Size : 45um x 83um
Pad pitch : 60um(Min)
Bump Height : 15um TYP.
Bump Material : Au

Voltage boosting polarity :Negative voltage (VDD Common)

Substrate :N

■TERMINAL DESCRIPTION

Chip Size 10.31 x 3.13mm (Chip Center X=0um,Y=0um)

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PAD No.	Terminal	X= um	Y= um
1	DUMMY0	-4884	-1405
2	DUMMY1	-4132	-1405
3	DUMMY2	-4062	-1405
4	DUMMY3	-3992	-1405
5	DUMMY4	-3922	-1405
6	DUMMY5	-3852	-1405
7	DUMMY6	-3782	-1405
8	DUMMY7	-3712	-1405
9	DUMMY8	-3642	-1405
10	DUMMY9	-3572	-1405
11	DUMMY10	-3502	-1405
12	DUMMY11	-3432	-1405
13	Vdd	-3270	-1405
14	P/S	-3104	-1405
15	SEL68	-2884	-1405
16	RES	-2648	-1405
17	Vss	-2490	-1405
18	T ₂	-2333	-1405
19	T ₁	-2098	-1405
20	OSC ₁	-1877	-1405
21	OSC ₂	-1641	-1405
22	CS	-1420	-1405
23	A0	-1184	-1405
24	WR	-954	-1405
25	RD	-717	-1405
26	Do	-481	-1405
27	D ₁	-260	-1405
28	D ₂	-40	-1405
29	Dз	180	-1405
30	D4	400	-1405
31	D ₅	621	-1405
32	D ₆ (SCL)	841	-1405
33	D ₇ (SI)	1061	-1405
34	Vss	1222	-1405
35	Vouт	1398	-1405
36	C5+	1468	-1405
37	C5 ⁻	1538	-1405
38	C4+	1608	-1405
39	C4 ⁻	1678	-1405
40	C3+	1748	-1405
41	C3-	1818	-1405
42	C2+	1888	-1405
43	C2 ⁻	1958	-1405
44	C1+	2028	-1405
45	C1 ⁻	2098	-1405
46	VDD	2168	-1405
47	VR	2327	-1405
48	V ₅	2582	-1405
49	V ₄	2652	-1405
50	V ₃	2722	-1405
		= : 	

PAD No.	Terminal	X= um	Y= um
51	V ₂	2792	-1405
52	V ₁	2862	-1405
53	V _{DD}	2932	-1405
54	DUMMY12	3315	-1405
55	DUMMY13	3385	-1405
56	DUMMY14	3455	-1405
57	DUMMY15	3525	-1405
58	DUMMY16	3595	-1405
59	DUMMY17	3665	-1405
60	DUMMY18	3735	-1405
61	DUMMY19	4884	-1405
62	Co	4995	-1416
63	C ₁	4995	-1356
64	C ₂	4995	-1296
65	Сз	4995	-1236
66	C4	4995	-1176
67	C ₅	4995	-1116
68	C ₆	4995	-1056
69	C 7	4995	-996
70	C ₈	4995	-936
71	C ₉	4995	-876
72	C ₁₀	4995	-816
73	C ₁₁	4995	-756
74	C ₁₂	4995	-696
75	C13	4995	-636
76	C14	4995	-576
77	C ₁₅	4995	-516
78	C ₁₆	4995	-456
79	C17	4995	-396
80	C ₁₈	4995	-336
81	C ₁₉	4995	-276
82	C ₂₀	4995	-216
83	C ₂₁	4995	-156
84	C ₂₂	4995	-96
85	C ₂₃	4995	-36
86	C24	4995	24
87	C ₂₅	4995	84
88	C ₂₆	4995	144
89	C27	4995	204
90	C ₂₈	4995	264
91	C29	4995	324
92	C30	4995	384
93	C31	4995	444
94	C32	4995	504
95	C33	4995	564
96	C34	4995	624
97	C35	4995	684
98	C36	4995	744
99	C 37	4995	804
100	C38	4995	864

PAD No.	Terminal	X= um	Y= um
101	C39	4995	924
102	C40	4995	984
103	C41	4995	1044
104	C42	4995	1104
105	C43	4995	1164
106	C44	4995	1224
107	C ₄₅	4995	1284
108	C46	5010	1405
109	C47	4950	1405
110	C48	4890	1405
111	C49	4830	1405
112	C ₅₀	4770	1405
113	C ₅₀	4710	1405
114	C ₅₂	4650	1405
115	C52	4630 4590	1405
116	C53	4590 4530	1405
116	C54	4530 4470	1405
118	C ₅₆	4410	1405
119		4350	1405
	C57		
120 121	C58	4290	1405 1405
121	C59	4230	
	C60	4170	1405
123	C ₆₁	4110	1405
124	C ₆₂	4050	1405
125	C63	3990	1405
126	S ₀	3930	1405
127 128	\$1 \$2	3870 3810	1405 1405
129	S ₂	3750	1405
130	S ₄	3690	1405
131	S ₅	3630	1405
132	S ₆	3570	1405
133	S ₇	3510	1405
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134	S ₈	3450	1405
135 136	S ₉	3390	1405 1405
136	S10	3330	1405
	S ₁₁	3270	1405
138 139	S ₁₂	3210 3150	
140		3150 3090	1405 1405
140	S14		
	S ₁₅	3030	1405
142	S16	2970	1405
143 144	S17	2910	1405
	S18	2850	1405
145	S19	2790	1405
146	S ₂₀	2730	1405
147	S ₂₁	2670	1405
148	S22	2610	1405
149	S ₂₃	2550	1405
150	S ₂₄	2490	1405

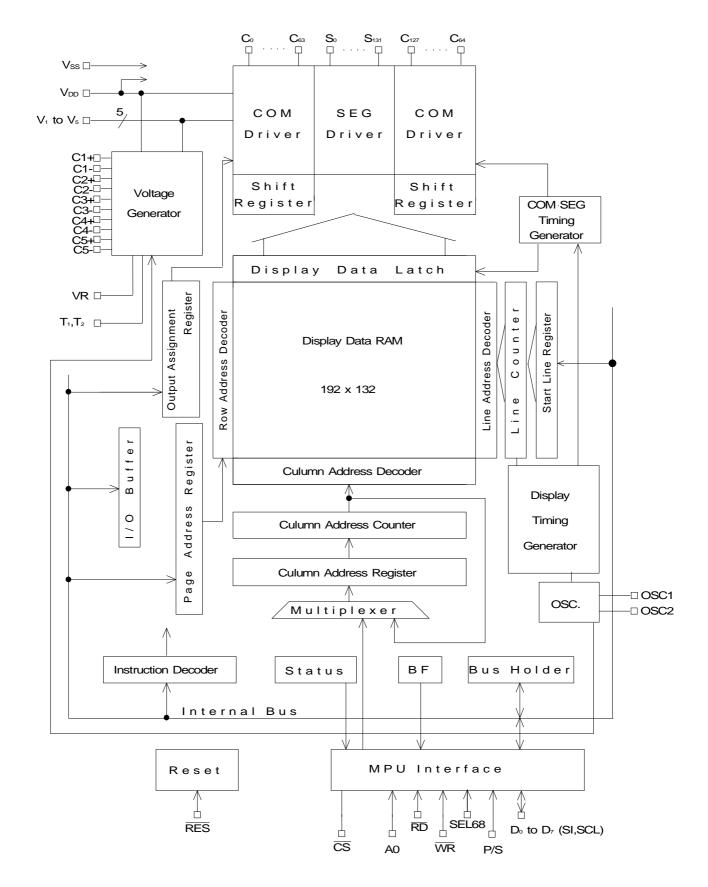
151	PAD No.	Terminal	X= um	Y= um		
152 S26 2370 1405 153 S27 2310 1405 154 S28 2250 1405 155 S29 2190 1405 156 S30 2130 1405 156 S30 2130 1405 157 S31 2070 1405 158 S32 2010 1405 159 S33 1950 1405 160 S34 1890 1405 161 S35 1830 1405 161 S36 1830 1405 162 S36 1770 1405 163 S37 1710 1405 163 S37 1710 1405 164 S38 1650 1405 165 S39 1590 1405 166 S40 1530 1405 167 S41 1470 1405 168 S42 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
153 S27 2310 1405 154 S28 2250 1405 155 S29 2190 1405 156 S30 2130 1405 157 S31 2070 1405 158 S32 2010 1405 159 S33 1950 1405 160 S34 1890 1405 161 S35 1830 1405 162 S36 1770 1405 163 S37 1710 1405 163 S37 1710 1405 164 S38 1650 1405 165 S39 1590 1405 166 S40 1530 1405 167 S41 1470 1405 168 S42 1410 1405 169 S43 1350 1405 170 S44 1290 1405 171 S45 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
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184 S58 450 1405 185 S59 390 1405 186 S60 330 1405 187 S61 270 1405 188 S62 210 1405 189 S63 150 1405 190 S64 90 1405 191 S65 30 1405 192 S66 -30 1405 193 S67 -90 1405 194 S68 -150 1405 195 S69 -210 1405 196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405						
185 S ₅₉ 390 1405 186 S ₆₀ 330 1405 187 S ₆₁ 270 1405 188 S ₆₂ 210 1405 189 S ₆₃ 150 1405 190 S ₆₄ 90 1405 191 S ₆₅ 30 1405 192 S ₆₆ -30 1405 193 S ₆₇ -90 1405 194 S ₆₈ -150 1405 195 S ₆₉ -210 1405 196 S ₇₀ -270 1405 197 S ₇₁ -330 1405 198 S ₇₂ -390 1405 199 S ₇₃ -450 1405						
186 S60 330 1405 187 S61 270 1405 188 S62 210 1405 189 S63 150 1405 190 S64 90 1405 191 S65 30 1405 192 S66 -30 1405 193 S67 -90 1405 194 S68 -150 1405 195 S69 -210 1405 196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405						
187 S61 270 1405 188 S62 210 1405 189 S63 150 1405 190 S64 90 1405 191 S65 30 1405 192 S66 -30 1405 193 S67 -90 1405 194 S68 -150 1405 195 S69 -210 1405 196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405						
188 S62 210 1405 189 S63 150 1405 190 S64 90 1405 191 S65 30 1405 192 S66 -30 1405 193 S67 -90 1405 194 S68 -150 1405 195 S69 -210 1405 196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405						
189 S63 150 1405 190 S64 90 1405 191 S65 30 1405 192 S66 -30 1405 193 S67 -90 1405 194 S68 -150 1405 195 S69 -210 1405 196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405						
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191 S65 30 1405 192 S66 -30 1405 193 S67 -90 1405 194 S68 -150 1405 195 S69 -210 1405 196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405						
192 S66 -30 1405 193 S67 -90 1405 194 S68 -150 1405 195 S69 -210 1405 196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405			30			
193 S67 -90 1405 194 S68 -150 1405 195 S69 -210 1405 196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405			-30	1405		
194 S68 -150 1405 195 S69 -210 1405 196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405						
195 S69 -210 1405 196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405						
196 S70 -270 1405 197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405						
197 S71 -330 1405 198 S72 -390 1405 199 S73 -450 1405						
198 S ₇₂ -390 1405 199 S ₇₃ -450 1405						
199 S ₇₃ -450 1405			-390			
<u> </u>						
	200	S74	-510			

PAD No.	Terminal	X= um	Y= um	
201	S ₇₅	-570	1405	
202	S76	-630	1405	
203	S77	-690	1405	
204	S78	-750	1405	
205	S ₇₉	-810	1405	
206	S ₈₀	-870	1405	
207	S81	-930	1405	
208	S ₈₂	-990	1405	
209	S83	-1050	1405	
210	S ₈₄	-1110	1405	
211	S ₈₅	-1170	1405	
212	S86	-1230	1405	
213	S87	-1290	1405	
213	S88	-1290	1405	
215	S89	-1410 1470	1405	
216 217	S90	-1470 1530	1405 1405	
	S91 S92	-1530 1500		
218	S92 S93	-1590 1650	1405	
219		-1650	1405	
220	S ₉₄	-1710	1405	
221	S ₉₅	-1770	1405	
222	S ₉₆	-1830	1405	
223	S97	-1890	1405	
224	S98	-1950	1405	
225	S99	-2010	1405	
226	S ₁₀₀	-2070	1405	
227	S ₁₀₁	-2130	1405	
228	S ₁₀₂	-2190	1405	
229	S ₁₀₃	-2250	1405	
230	S ₁₀₄	-2310	1405	
231	S ₁₀₅	-2370	1405	
232	S ₁₀₆	-2430	1405	
233	S107	-2490	1405	
234	S ₁₀₈	-2550	1405	
235	S ₁₀₉	-2610	1405	
236	S ₁₁₀	-2670	1405	
237	S ₁₁₁	-2730	1405	
238	S ₁₁₂	-2790	1405	
239	S ₁₁₃	-2850	1405	
240	S ₁₁₄	-2910	1405	
241	S 115	-2970	1405	
242	S ₁₁₆	-3030	1405	
243	S ₁₁₇	-3090	1405	
244	S ₁₁₈	-3150	1405	
245	S 119	-3210	1405	
246	S ₁₂₀	-3270	1405	
247	S ₁₂₁	-3330	1405	
248	S ₁₂₂	-3390	1405	
249	S 123	-3450	1405	
250	S 124	-3510	1405	

PAD No.	Terminal	X= um	Y= um
251	S 125	-3570	1405
252	S ₁₂₆	-3630	1405
253	S ₁₂₇	-3690	1405
254	S ₁₂₈	-3750	1405
255	S ₁₂₉	-3810	1405
256	S ₁₃₀	-3870	1405
257	S ₁₃₁	-3930	1405
258	C ₁₂₇	-3990	1405
259	C ₁₂₆	-4050	1405
260	C ₁₂₅	-4110	1405
261	C ₁₂₄	-4170	1405
262	C ₁₂₃	-4230	1405
263	C ₁₂₃	-4290	1405
264	C ₁₂₁	-4350	1405
265	C ₁₂₁	- 4 330	1405
266	C120	-4470	1405
267	C119	-4470 -4530	1405
268	C118	-4530 -4590	1405
269	C ₁₁₆	-4650	1405
270	C116	- 4 030	1405
271	C115	-4770	1405
272	C ₁₁₄	-4770 -4830	1405
273		-4890	1405
274	C112	-4090 -4950	1405
274	C ₁₁₁		1405
		-5010	
276 277	C109	-4995 -4995	1284 1224
278	C ₁₀₈	-4995 -4995	1164
279	C107	-4995 -4995	1104
280	C ₁₀₆	-4995 -4995	1044
281	C ₁₀₅	-4995 -4995	984
282	C ₁₀₄	-4995 -4995	984
283 284	C102	-4995 -4995	864 804
285	C ₁₀₁	-4995 -4995	744
	C ₁₀₀		684
286 287		-4995 -4995	624
_	C98		
288 289	C97	-4995 4005	564 504
289	C96	-4995 -4995	504 444
290 291	C95	-4995 -4995	
	C94		384
292	C93	-4995 4005	324
293	C ₉₂	-4995 4005	264
294	C91	-4995 4005	204
295	C90	-4995 4005	144
296	C89	-4995	84
297	C88	-4995	24
298	C87	-4995	-36
299	C86	-4995	-96
300	C85	-4995	-156

PAD No.	Terminal	X= um	Y= um	
301	C84	-4995	-216	
302	C83	-4995	-276	
303	C82	-4995	-336	
304	C ₈₁	-4995	-396	
305	C80	-4995	-456	
306	C ₇₉	-4995	-516	
307	C ₇₈	-4995	-576	
308	C77	-4995	-636	
309	C ₇₆	-4995	-696	
310	C ₇₅ -4995		-756	
311	C74	C ₇₄ -4995		
312	C ₇₃ -4995		-876	
313	C ₇₂	-4995	-936	
314	C ₇₁	-4995	-996	
315	C ₇₀	-4995	-1056	
316	C69	-4995	-1116	
317	C ₆₈	-4995	-1176	
318	C67	-4995	-1236	
319	C66	-4995	-1296	
320	C ₆₅	-4995	-1356	
321	C ₆₄	-4995	-1416	

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■TERMINAL DESCRIPTION

No.	Symbol	VO		Function							
1 to 12, 54 to 61	DUMMY0 to DUMMY19		Dum Thes	Dummy Terminals. These are open terminals electrically.							
13,46,53	Vdd	Power	Powe	er Supply 1	Termina	al (+2.4V	- +	3.6V)			
17,34	Vss	GND	Grou	ınd Termina	al (0V)						
52 51 50 49 48	V1 V2 V3 V4 V5	Power	LCD Driving Voltage Supplying Terminals. In case of the external power supperation without internal power supply operation, each level of LCD drivin voltage is supplied from outside fitting with following relation. VDD≥V1≥V2≥V3≥V4≥V5≥V0UT In case of the internal power supply, LCD driving voltages V1-V4 depending the Bias selection are supplied as shown in follows;								
				Bias		V1		V2	Vз	V4	
				1/4Bias	V5+3	3/4VLCD	V5	+2/4VLCD	V5+2/4VLCD	V5+1/4VLCD	
				1/5Bias	V5+4	4/5VLCD	V5	+3/5VLCD	V5+2/5VLCD	V5+1/5VLCD	
				1/6Bias	V5+	5/6VLCD	V5	+4/6VLCD	V5+2/6VLCD	V5+1/6VLCD	
				1/7Bias	V5+6	6/7VLCD	V5	+5/7VLCD	V5+2/7VLCD	V5+1/7VLCD	
				1/8Bias	V5+	7/8VLCD	V5	+6/8VLCD	V5+2/8VLCD	V5+1/8VLCD	
				1/9Bias	V5+8	3/9VLCD	V5	+7/9VLCD	V5+2/9VLCD	V5+1/9VLCD	
				1/10Bias	V5+9	/10VLCD	V5-	+8/10VLCD	V5+2/10VLCD	V5+1/10VLCD	
				1/11Bias	V5+1	0/11VLCD	V5-	+9/11VLCD	V5+2/11VLCD	V5+1/11VLCD	
				1/12Bias	V5+1	1/12VLCD	V5+	10/12VLCD	V5+2/12VLCD	V5+1/12VLCD	
			(VLC	D=VDD-V5))					-	
44,45 42,43 40,41 38,39 36,37	C1 ⁺ ,C1 ⁻ C2 ⁺ ,C2 ⁻ C3 ⁺ ,C3 ⁻ C4 ⁺ ,C4 ⁻ C5 ⁺ ,C5 ⁻	0	Capa	Capacitor connecting terminals for Internal Voltage Booster.Boosting time is programmed by instruction (2 to 6 times)							
35	Vout	0	Boos termi	Boosted voltage output terminal. Connects the capacitor between Vout							
47	VR	I	VLCE adjus	voltage a	djustm ernal r	ent termir esistors.	nal.	The gain o	f VLCD setup o	circuit for V5 level is	
19	T1	I	LCD	bias volta	ge con	trol termi	nals				
18	T2		ΙΓ	T ₁	T ₂	Voltag booster	e _{ir}	Voltage A	di. V/F Cir.		
			lŀ	L	L/H	Availab		Available		=	
			lŀ	Н	L	Not Ava		Available		_	
			lt	Н	Н	Not Ava	ail.	Not Avail	. Available		
26 to 33	Do to D7 (SI) (SCL)	VO	In Pa I/C In Se [D	Data Input/Output terminals. In Pararel Interface Mode (P/S="H") I/O terminals of 8-bit bus. In Serial Interface Mode (P/S="L") D7: Input terminal of serial data (SI). D6: Input terminal of serial data clock (SCL). D0 to D5 terminals are Hi-impedance. When CS="H", D0 to D7 terminals are Hi-impedance.							
23	Α0	Ι	Data trans	Data discremination signal input terminal. The signal from MPU discreminates transmoitted data between Display data and Instruction. A0 H L Distin. Display Data Instruction							
16	RES	I		et terminal. et operation	n is ex	ecuting d	urin(g "L" state	of RES.		
22	CS	I	Chip Data	select sign Input/Outp	nal inp out are	ut termina available	al. duri	ing $\overline{\sf CS}$ ="L	".		

No	Symbol	ľO	Function								
25	RD(E)	I	RD(80 type) or E(68 type) signal input terminal. <in 80="" mode="" mpu="" type="">(SEL68="L") RD signal from 80 type MPU input terminal. Active "L". D0 to D7 terminals are output during "L" level. <in 68="" mode="" mpu="" type="">(SEL68="H") Enable signal from 68 type MPU input terminal. Active "H".</in></in>								
24	WR(RW)	I	WR(80 type) or R/W(68 type) signal input terminal <in 80="" mode="" mpu="" type="">(SEL68="L") WR signal from 80 type MPU input terminal. Active "L". The data transmitted during WR="L" are fetched at the rising edge of WR. <in 68="" mode="" mpu="" type=""> (SEL68="H") R/W signal from 68 type MPU input terminal. R/W H L State Read Write</in></in>								
15	SEL68	I	MPU interface type selection terminal. This terminal must connect to V DD covs. SEL68 H L State 68 Type 80 Type								
14	P/S	I	Parallel or Serial interface selection signal input terminal. P/S Chip Select Data/Command Data Read/Write serial Clock "H" CS A Do to D7 RD,WR - "L" CS A0 SI(D7) - SCL(D6) In case of serial interface(P/S="L") RAM data and status read operation do not work in mode of the serial interface. RD and WR terminals must fix to "H" or "L". Do to D5 terminals are Hi-impedance.								
20 21	OSC1 OSC2	I	External clock input terminal. In Internal oscillation operation, OSC1 and OSC2 terminals should be Open.In External clock operation, the external clock input to OSC1 terminal.								
62 to 125	C0 to C63	0	LCD driving signal output terminals. Common output terminals:C 0 to C127 Segment output terminals:S 0 to S131 Common output terminal Following output voltage is selected by the combination of alternating (FR) signal and Common scanning data. Scan data FR Output Voltage								
126 to 257	S0 toS131	0	H								
			Segment output terminal Following output voltage is selected by the combination of alternating (FR) signal and display data in the DD RAM.								
321 to 258	C64 to C127	0	RAM Data FR Output Voltage Normal H VDD V2 L V5 V3								
			L V5 V3 H V2 VDD								

■ Functional Description

(1) Description for each blocks

(1-1) Busy Flag (BF)

The Busy Flag (BF) is set to logical "1" in busy of internal execution by an instruction, and any instruction excepting for the "Status Read" is disable at this time. Busy Flag is outputted through D7 terminal by "Status Read" instruction. Although another instructions should be inputted after check of Busy Flag, no need to check Busy flag if the system cycle time (tCYC) as shown in ■AC Characteristics is secured completely.

(1-2)Display Start Line Register

The Display Start Line Register is a register to set a display data RAM address corresponding to the COMo display line (the top line normally) for the vertical scroll on the LCD, Page address change and so forth. The Display Start Line Address set instruction sets the 8-bit display start address into this register.

(1-3) Line Counter

Line Counter is reset when the internal FR signal is switched and outputs the line address of the display data RAM by count up operation synchronizing with common cycle of **NJU6679**.

(1-4) Column Address Counter

Column Address Counter is the 8-bit preset-able counter to point the column address of the display data RAM (DD RAM) as shown in Figure 1. The counter is incremented automatically after the display data read/write instructions execution. When the Column address counter reaches to the maximum existing address by the increment operations, the count up operation (increment) is frozen. However, when new address is set to the column address counter again, it restarts the count up operation from a set address. The operation of Column Address Counter is independent against Page Address Register.

By the address inverse instruction (ADC select) as shown in Figure 1, Column Address Decoder reverses the correspondence between Column address and Segment output of display data RAM.

(1-5) Page address Register

Page Address Register assigns the page address of the display data RAM as shown in Figure 1. In case of accessing from the MPU with changing the page address, Page Address Set instruction is required.

(1-6) Display Data RAM

The Display data RAM (DD RAM) is the bit map RAM consisting of 25,344 bits to store the display data corresponding to the LCD pixel on LCD panel.

The DD RAM data and the state of the LCD:

In Normal Display: "1"=Turn-On Display, "0" =Turn-Off Display In Reveres Display: "1"=Turn-Off Display, "0" =Turn-On Display

DD RAM output 132 bits parallel data addressed by line address counter then the data latched in the display data latch. Asynchronous data access to the DD RAM is available due to the access to the DD RAM from the CPU and latch to the display data latch operation are done independently.

(1-7) Common Driver Assignment

This circuit determines the scanning direction of the common output.

Table 1

	COM Outputs Terminals										
PAD No.	62 125		258 32	21							
Pin name	C 0 C 63		C 127 C 6	64							
Ver.A	COM0 ————————————————————————————————————		COM127 COM6	64							
Ver.B	COM127 C OM64		COMOCOME	63							

The Mask fixes the common scanning direction between version A and B that can not be changed by the instruction.

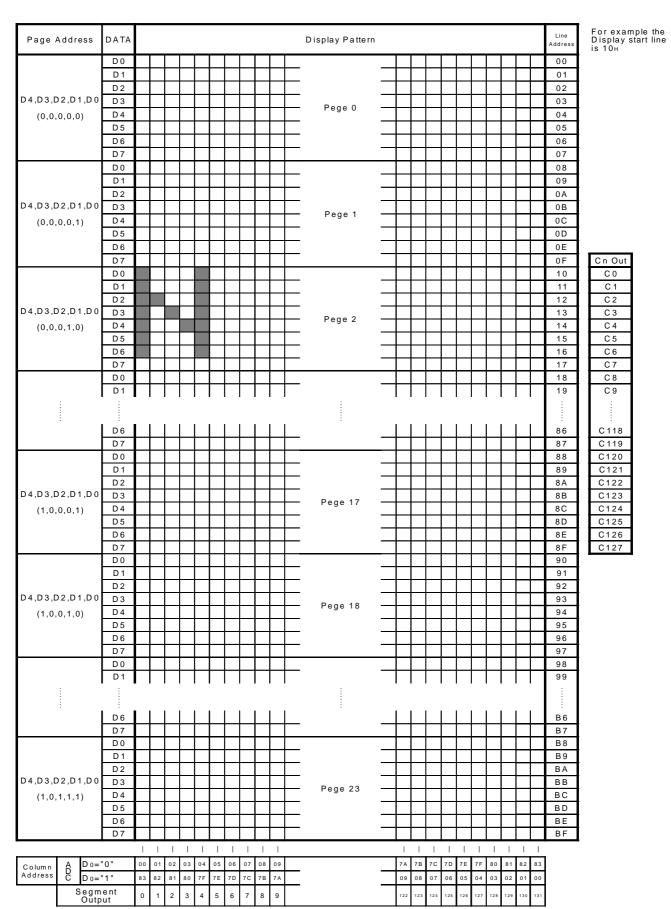


Fig.1 Correspondence with Display Data RAM Address

(1-8) Reset Circuit

When the input signal to RES terminal goes to "L", the reset circuit executes initialization as below;

The Initialization state (default)

- 1 Display Off
- 2 Normal Display (not inverse)
- 3 ADC Select: Normal (ADC Instruction Do ="0")
- 4 Read Modify Write Mode Off
- 5 Voltage Booster off, Voltage Regulator off, Voltage follower off
- 6 Static Drive Off
- 7 Driver Output Off
- 8 Clear the data of serial interface register
- 9 Set the Column Address Counter to 00H
- 10 Set the Display Start Line Register to 00H
- 11 Set the Page Address Register to page "0"
- 12 Set the EVR register to FFH
- 13 Set the Partial Display(1/128 duty)
- 14 Set the Bias select(1/12 Bias)
- 15 Set the Voltage Booster(6 times)
- 16 Set the n-line inverse register to 0H

The RES terminal connects to the reset terminal of the MPU synchronization with the MPU initialization as shown in "the MPU interface "in the Application Circuit section. The "L" level input signal as reset signal must keep the period over than 10us as shown in DC Characteristics. The **NJU6679** takes 1us for the reset operation after the rising edge of the RES signal.

The reset operation by $\overline{\text{RES}}$ ="L" initializes each resister setting as above reset status, but the internal oscillation circuit and output terminals (D0 to D7) are not affected.

To avoid the lock-up, the reset operation by the RES terminal must be required every time when power terns on. The reset operation by the reset instruction, function 9 to 16 operations mentioned above is performed.

The RES terminal must be keep "L" level when the power terns on in not use of the built-in LCD power supply circuit for no affect to the internal execution.

(1-9) LCD Driving Circuit

(a) LCD Driving Circuits

LCD driver is 260 sets of multiplexer consisting of 132 segments and 128 commons drivers to output LCD driving voltage. The common driver outputs the common scan signals formed with the shift register. The segment driver outputs the segment driving signal determined by a combination of display data in the DD RAM, common timing, FR signal, and alternating signal for LCD. The output wave forms of segment/common are shown in **LCD** DRIVING WAVEFORM.

(b) Display Data Latch Circuits

Display Data Latch Circuit latches the 132-bit display data outputted from the DD RAM addressed by the Line address counter to LCD driver at every common signal cycle temporarily. The original data in the DD RAM is not changed because of the Normal/Reverse display, Display On/Off, Static drive On/Off instruction processes only stored data in this Display Data Latch Circuit.

(c) Signal forming to Line Counter and Display Data Latch Circuit

The count clock to Line Counter and the latch clock to Display Data Latch Circuit are formed using the internal display clock (CL). The display data of 132 bits from Display Data RAM pointed by the line address synchronizing with the internal display clock are latched into the Display Data Latch Circuit and are outputted to LCD driving circuits.

The display data read out operation from DD RAM to the LCD Driver Circuit is completely independent operation with an access to the display data RAM from MPU.

(d) Display Timing Generation Circuit

The display timing generation circuit generates the internal timing of the display system by the master clock and the internal FR signal. As for it, the internal FR signal and the LCD alternating signal generate the wave form of 2-frame alternating drive wave form or the n-line inverse drive method for the LCD Driving circuit.

(e)Common Timing Generator The Common Timing Generator generates the common timing signal from the display clock (CL). -2-frame alternating drive mode 127 128 1 2 5 6 8 125 126 127 128 1 2 CL FR VDD V1 C0 V4 V5 VDD V1 C1 V4 V5 RAM DATA V_{DD} V_2 Sn Vз Fig.2 -n-line inverse drive mode (n=7, line inverting register sets to 6) 127 128 1 2 3 4 5 6 125 126 127 128 1 2 CL FR VDD V1 C0 V4 V5 VDD V1 C1 V4 V5 VDD V_2 Sn ۷з V5

Fig.3

(f) Oscillation Circuit

The Oscillation Circuit is a low power type CR oscillator using an internal resistor and capacitor. The oscillator output is using for the display timing clock and for the voltage booster circuit. And the display clock(CL) is generated from this oscillator output frequency by dividing.

-The relation between duty and divide

Table 2

Duty	1/8	1/16	1/24	1/32	1/40	1/48	1/56	1/64	1/72	1/80,88	1/96,104	1/112,120,128
Divide	1/64	1/32	1/21	1/16	1/12	1/10	1/9	1/8	1/7	1/6	1/5	1/4

(g) Power Supply Circuit

The internal power supply circuit generates the voltage for driving LCD. It consists of voltage booster circuits (from 2 times to 6 times), voltage regulator circuits, and voltage followers.

The operation of internal Power Supply Circuits is controlled by the Internal Power Supply On/Off Instruction. When the Internal Power Supply Off Instruction is executed, all of the voltage booster circuits, regulator circuits, voltage follower circuits are turned off. In this time, the bias voltage of V1, V2, V3, V4,V5 and VOUT for the LCD should be supplied from outside, terminals C1+, C1-, C2+, C2-, C3+, C3-, C4+, C4-, C5+, C5-, and VR should be open. The status of internal power supply is selected by T1 and T2 terminal. Furthermore the external power supply operates with some of internal power supply function.

Table 3

T 1	T2	Voltage Booster	Voltage Adj.	Buffer(V/F)	Ext.Pow Supply	C1+,C1- to C5+,C5-	VR Term.
L	L/H	ON	ON	ON	-		
Н	L	OFF	ON	ON	Vout	Open	
Н	Н	OFF	OFF	ON	V5,VOUT	Open	Open

When (T₁, T₂)=(H, L), C₁-, C₁-, C₂-, C₂-, C₃-, C₃-, C₄-, C₅-, C₅-, C₅-, C₅- terminals for voltage booster circuits are open because the voltage booster circuits doesn't operate. Therefore LCD driving voltage to the VouT terminal should be supplied from outside.

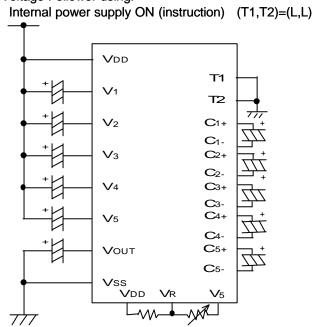
When (T1, T2)=(H, H), terminals for voltage booster circuits and VR are open, because the voltage booster circuits and Voltage adjust circuits do not operate.

The internal power supply Circuits is designed specially for a small-size LCD like as normal cellular phone size LCD panel. When **NJU6679** apply to the large size LCD panel application (large capacitive load), external power supply is required to keep good display condition..

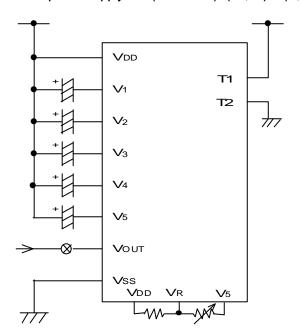
To keep good display condition, external component of the capacitors connecting to the V1 to V5 terminals and voltage booster circuits and the feedback resistors for the V5 operational amplifier must fix each optimized constant after checking various display patterns on LCD panel actually in the application.

OPower Supply applications

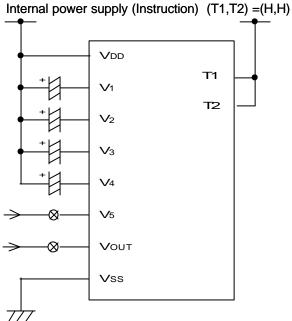
 Internal Power Supply Example.
 All of the Internal Booster, Voltage Regulator, Voltage Follower using.



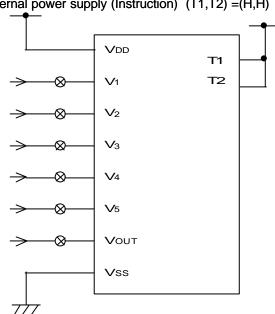
(2) Only VOUT Supply from outside Example.
Internal Voltage Regulator, Voltage Follower using
Internal power supply ON (Instruction) (T1,T2) = (H,L)



(3) VOUT and V5 supply from outside Example. Internal Voltage Follower using.



(4) External Power Supply Example
All of V1 to V5 and VOUT supply from outside
Internal power supply (Instruction) (T1,T2) =(H,H)



 \otimes : These switches should be open during the power save mode.

(2) Instruction

The **NJU6679** distinguishes the data on the data bus D0 to D7 as an instruction by combination of A0, $\overline{\text{ND}}$, and $\overline{\text{WR}}(\text{R/W})$ signals. The decoding of the instruction and exection performes with only high speed internal timing without relation to the external clock. Therefore, no busy flag check required normally. In case of the serial interface, the data input as MSB(D7) first serially. Table.4 shows the instruction codes of the **NJU6679**.

Table 4. Instruction Code

(*:Don't Care)

						Tabl	le 4.	Inst	tructi	ion (Code	!		(*:Don't Care)
		Instruction					(Code)					Description
		Instruction	A 0	R D	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	D 3	D 2	D 1	D 0	D e s c rip tio n
(a)	Dis	splay ON/OFF	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0/1	LCD Display ON/OFF 0:OFF 1:ON
(b)		splay Start Line Set ih Order 4bits	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	ŀ	High Add	Orde ress		Determine the Display Line of RAM to the COM0. (Set the Higher order 4bits)
		splay Start Line Set wer Order 4bits	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	L	o w e ı A d d	Ord ress		Determine the Display Line of RAM to the COMO. (Set the Lower order 4 bits)
(c)		ge Address Set _J h Order 1bits	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	*	*	*	Hi.	Set the Higher order 1bit page of DD RAM to the Page Address Register
		ge Address Set wer Order 4bits	0	1	0	1	1	0	0		ower			Set the Lower order 4 bit page of DD RAM to the Page Address Register
(d)		lumn Address Set jh Order 4bits	0	1	0	0	0	0	1		ligh olum			Set the Higher order 4 bits Column Address to the Reg.
		lumn Address Set wer Order 4bits	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		oweı olum			Set the Lower order 4 bits Column Address to the Reg.
(e)	S ta	itus Read	0	0	1		S ta	tus		0	0	0	0	Read out the internal Status
(f)	W r	ite Display Data	1	1	0			V	V rite	Dat	a			Write the data into the Display Data RAM
(g)	Read Display Data Normal or Inverse ON/OFF Set	ad Display Data	1	0	1			F	Read	Dat	ta			Read the data from the Display Data RAM
(h)			0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0/1	Inverse the ON and OFF Display 0:Normal 1:Inverse
(i)		itic Drive ON ormal Display	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0/1	W hole Display Turns ON 0:Normal 1:W hole Disp. ON
(j)	S u m o	b instruction table de	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	Set the Sub instruction table.
	(k)l	Partial Display	•		•				•	•	•			
		1st Block, Set Start display unit	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	S	tart o	displanit	ау	Set the Start display unit of 1st Block.
		1st Block, Set The number of display units	0	1	0	0	0	1	nu	m b e	er of units		la y	Set the number of display units of 1st Block.
		2nd Block, Set Start display unit	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	S	tart o	displanit	ау	Set the Start display unit of 2nd Block.
		2nd Block, Set The number of display units	0	1	0	1	1	1	nu	m b e	er of units		la y	Set the number of display units of 2nd Block.
Sub		Partial display on	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	It comes off the mode to set and a display is executed.
Inst.	(I)n	-line Inverse Drive S	e t											
11131.		Register Set Higher order 2 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	*	*	hig ord	her der	Set the number of inverse drive line.
		Register Set Lower order 4 bits	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	L	owe	rord	e r	Set the number of inverse drive line.
		n-line Inverse Drive Set is executed.	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	The execution of the line inverse drive.
	(m)	EVR Register Set												
		EVR Register Set Higher order 4 bits	0	1	0	1	0	0	0		EVR ighe			Set the V5 output level to the EVR register. (Higher order 4 bits)
		EVR Register Set Lower order 4 bits	0	1	0	1	0	0	1		EVR owe			Set the V5 output level to the EVR register. (Lower order 4 bits)
		EVR Register Set is executed.	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	The execution of the EVR.
(n)		d of sub instruction le mode	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	It ends the setting of sub instruction table.
	-		-		-		-	-	-		-			

(*:Don't Care)

	I A At					-	Code)					Baradaka
	Instruction	Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	Dο	Description
(0)	Bias Select	0	1	0	1	0	1	1		Bi	a s		Select the bias (9 Patterns)
(p)	Boost Level Select	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0		3 o o s I ultip	-	Set the Booster circuits
(q)	Read Modify Write /End	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	o,	0/1	Read Modify Write mode D0=0:On D0=1:End
(r)	Reset	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	Initialize the internal Circuits
(s)	Internal Power Supply ON/OFF	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0/1	0:Int. Power Supply OFF 1:Int. Power Supply ON
(t)	Driver Outputs ON/OFF	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0/1	D0=0: LCD Driver Outouts OFF D0=1: LCD Driver Outputs ON
(u)	Power Save (Complex Command)	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1 0	1	1 0	0	Set the Power Save Mode (LCD Display OFF +Static Drive ON)
(v)	ADC Select	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0/1	Set the DD RAM vs Segment D0=0:Normal D0=1:Inverse

(2-1) Explanation of Instruction Code

(a) Display On/Off

It executes the ON/OFF control of the whole display without relation to the DD RAM or any internal conditions.

_	Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	D 3	D 2	D 1	D 0
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	D

D 0:Display Off 1:Display On

(b) Display Start Line

It sets the DD RAM line address corresponding to the COM0 terminal (normally assigned to the top display line). In this instruction execution, the display area is automatically set by the lines that correspond to the display duty ratio to the upward direction of the line address. Changing the line address by this instruction performs smooth scrolling to a vertical direction. In this time, the DD RAM data are unchanged.

_	Α0	RD	\overline{WR}	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	D 0
	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	A 7	A 6	A 5	A 4
Ī	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	Аз	A2	A 1	A ₀

A7	A6	A 5	A4	Аз	A2	A1	Αo	Line Address(HEX)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01
								:
				:				:
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	BF

(c) Page Address Set

When MPU access to the DD RAM, a page address is set by page Address Set instruction before writing the data. (Note: the change of page address is not affected to the display.)

	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	Dο	_
	1	0	0	1	0	0	*	*	*	A 4	
	1	0	1	1	0	0	Аз	A2	A 1	A ₀	(*:Don't Care)

A4	Аз	A2	A 1	Ao	Page
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	1
		:			:
					:
1	0	1	1	1	23

(d) Column Address

When MPU accesses to the DD RAM, the row address set by Page Address Set instruction is required with the column address before writing the data. The column address set requires twice address set which are higher order 4 bits address set and lower order 4 bits.

When the MPU access to the DD RAM continuously, the column address increments automatically from the set address after each data access. Therefore, the MPU can transmit only the Data continuously without setting the column address at every transmission time. The increment of column address is stopped at the maximum column address plus 1 limited by each display mode. When the column address count up is stopped, the row address is not changed.

	Α0	\overline{RD}	$\overline{W}R$	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	Dο	
	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	A 7	A 6	A 5	A 4	Higher Order
I	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	Аз	A2	A1	A ₀	Lower Order
			-					-				Lower order
I	A7	A ₆	A5 A	4 A3	A2	A1	A ₀	Colur	nn Addre	ess(HEX)		
I	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0		0			
ı	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	1		1			
ı				:					:			
ı				:					:			
ı	1	0	0	0 0	0	1	1		83			

(e) Status Read

This instruction reads out the internal status of "BUSY", "ADC", "ON/OFF" and "RESET" described as follows.

	Α0	\overline{RD}	\overline{WR}	D7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	D 0
Γ	0	0	1	BUSY	ADC	ON/OFF	RESET	0	0	0	0

: BUSY=1 indicate the operating or the Reset cycle. All instructions can be input after the BUSY status change to "0".

ADC : Indicate the output correspondence of column (segment) address and segment driver.

0 :Counterclockwise Output (Inverse)

1:Clockwise Output (Normal)

(Note) The data "0=Inverse" and "1=Normal" of ADC status is inverted with the ADC select Instruction of "1=Inverse" and "0=Normal".

ON/OFF: Indicate the whole display On/Off status.

0 : Whole Display "On 1 : Whole Display "Off"

(Note) The data "0=On" and "1=Off" of Display On/Off status is inverted with the Display On/Off instruction data of "1=On" and "0=Off".

RESET: Indicate the initializing by RES terminal signal or reset instruction.

0: Not Reset status

1: In the Reset status

(f) Write Display Data

It writes the data on the data bus into the DD RAM. column address increments automatically after data writing, therefore, the MPU can write the data into the DD RAM continuously without the address setting at every writing time once the starting address is set.

	Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	D 3	D 2	D 1	Dο
I	1	1	0			,	WRITE	DATA			

(g) Read Display Data

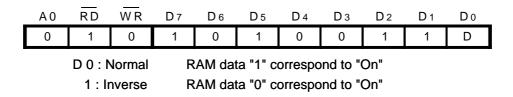
This instruction reads out the 8-bit data from DD RAM addressed by the column and the page address. The column address automatically increments after the 8-bit data read out, therefore, the MPU can read the data from the DD RAM continuously without the address setting at every reading time once the starting address is set. Note that the dummy read is required just after setting the column address (see "(4-4) Access to the DD RAM and the Internal Register").

In the serial interface mode, the display data is unable to read out.

_	Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	Dο
	1	0	1				READ	DATA			

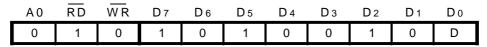
(h) Normal or Inverse On/Off Set

It changes the display condition of normal or reverse for entire display area. The execution of this instruction does not change the display data in the DD RAM.



(i) Static Drive

This instruction turns all the pixels ON regardless the data stored in the DD RAM. In this time, the data in DD RAM are remained and unchanged. This instruction is executed prior to the "Normal or Inverse On/Off Set" Instruction.



D 0: Normal Display

1: Whole Display turns On

When the "Static Drive ON" instruction is executed at Display OFF status, the **NJU6679** operates in Power Save Mode. (Refer " Power Save Mode ")

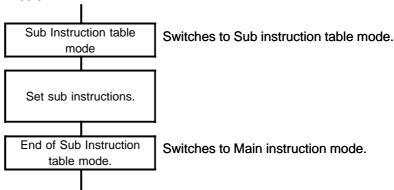
(j) Sub Instruction table mode

This instruction switches the instruction table from the main to the sub. The sub instruction table contains instructions of partial display, n-line inverse drive set and EVR register set as mentioned in (k), (l) and (m).

The instruction of sub instruction table mode must be executed before above 3 sub instructions execution. The instruction of end of sub instruction table mode (n) switches the instruction table from the sub to the main. If any main instructions are written in the sub instruction mode, the **NJU6679** will malfunction.

_	A 0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	Dο
	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0

-Set sub Instruction table flow is shown below:



(k) Partial Display

It selects two active display areas on the LCD Panel partially. The display area is divided to 16 units with four commons each and selected two display blocks by setting Unit number and number of Unit required (not overlap, not over than 16 units) to display on the LCD panel. These two display blocks are assigned optionally on the LCD panel. Duty selects an adapted ratio number corresponding to the total number of two display blocks automatically.

Partial Display function adjusts the LCD driving voltage, Voltage boosting times and E.V.R level by the instruction to generate the optimum LCD driving voltage for display quality. As result, the operating current is reduced.

· Display Unit Structure

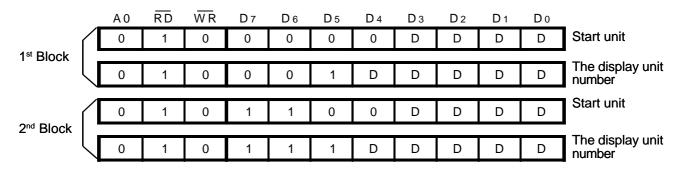
			\neg
UNIT	0	(8 commons)	
UNIT	1		
UNIT	2		
UNIT	3		
UNIT	4		
UNIT	5		
UNIT	6		
UNIT	7		400
UNIT	8		128-common
UNIT	9		
UNIT	10		
UNIT	11		
UNIT	12		
UNIT	13	, ,	
UNIT	14	V	
UNIT	15	(8 commons)	
			<u> </u>

132-segment

Partial display instruction

When Partial Display functions, both of Top Unit Number of display area (the Start Unit) and the number of the effective continuous unit (Display Unit) from the Start Unit for the first display block and the second. Attention that the first display block and the second definition must not be overlap of display area and not be over than 16 units in total.

In case of whole display (1/128 duty), the first display block defines Start Unit=0 (0,0,0,0) and Display Unit = 16 (1,0,0,0,0) for all of display area selection. In this time, the definition of the second display block is ignored. In case of only the first block display, the second display block defines Start Unit=0 (0,0,0,0) and Display Unit = 0 (0,0,0,0,0) for no display area.



By input following instruction, the duty ratio is changed automatically and executes the partial display function.

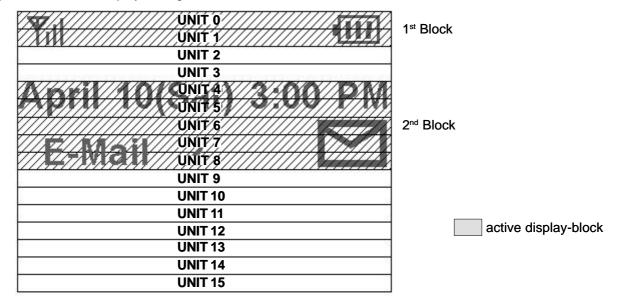
ì	no part	iai aiopi	ay ranc	7.1.011.								Partial display
	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	on

D :unit number (Hex.)

Notes) Attention followings due to prevent from mulfunction

- · The input order of Partial Display instructions must follow above.
- · Prohibits the overlap of the 1st partial display block and the 2nd.
- The Start Unit of the 1st partial display block must not be over 15.
- The total Display Unit Number (the sum of the 1st and 2nd partial display block Unit Number) must not be over 16.
- On the LCD panel, no active display area inserts between the 1st display block and the 2nd. However, the display data of the 1st display block and the 2nd must store continuously in the display data RAM.

Example of the Partial Display setting.



The above partial display condition is set as follows:

1)Set sub instruction mode

ΑC	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	D 0	
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	Set sub instruction mode.

2)Set partial display conditions

Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	Dο	■ 1 st Block, Set start unit
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	to "0"
											■ 1st Block Set the display
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1 st Block, Set the display unit number to "2"
	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 nd Block, Set start unit
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	to "4"
	_										 2nd Block Set the display
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	2 nd Block, Set the display units number to "5"
											_
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Execute Partial display.

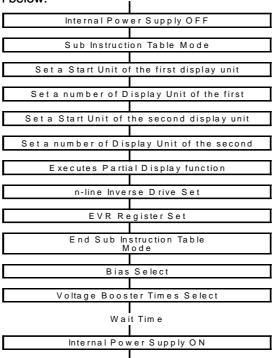
The Duty is changed to 1/56 automatically.

3)End sub instruction mode

Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	D 3	D 2	D 1	D 0	End sub instruction
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	mode. Back to main instruction mode.

Duty is changed automatically when Partial Display execution. But LCD Driving Voltage, Bias, Driving form like as 2-frame alternating driving or n-line inverse are not changed. Therefore, Display Off should operate before Partial Display execution for prevention of unexpected display, and Voltage Booster Select instruction, E.V.R Register Set, Bias Select and n-line Inverse Driving Set should set optimum conditions for good display in the mean time of Partial Display instruction execution. The optimum conditions should fix refering the result of actual display eveluation.





(I) n-line Inverse Drive Mode

n-Line Inverse Register Set (refer +Functional Description Fig.3 n-line Inverse alternative drive mode)

It sets a line number to inverse the polarity of common driver and segment.

The instructions must be input in order of followings. These instructions are sub instruction sets and must be set after (j)Sub instruction table mode.

1)Set sub instruction mode

Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	D 3	D 2	D 1	D 0	
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	Set sub instruction mode.

2)Set n-line Inverse number

_	Dο	D 1	D 2	Dз	D 4	D 5	D 6	D 7	WR	R D	Α0
Higher order	A 4	A 5	*	*	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Low order	Ao	A1	A2	Аз	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
•	ine	nverse	0	A	A 1	2	P	Аз	A4		A 5
:2-frame alternating	(*	-(*)		0	0	0	(0	0		0
drive mode.)		2		1	0	0	(0	0		0
		:					:				

3)Execute the n-line Inverse

Α0	R D	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	D 0
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0

4)End sub instruction mode

D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2	D ₁ D ₀ End sub instruction
0 1 1 1 0 0	0 1 mode. Back to main instruction mode.

(m) EVR Register Set

It controls the voltage regulator circuit of the internal LCD power supply to adjust the LCD display contrast by changing the LCD driving voltage "V5". By data setting into the EVR register, the LCD driving voltage "V5" selects out of 201 steps of regulated voltage. The voltage adjustable range of "V5" is fixed by the external resistors. For details, refer the section "(3-2) Voltage Adjust Circuits".

1)Set sub instruction mode

A 0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	Dο	
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	Set sub instruction mode.

2)Set EVR Register

A 0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	D 0
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	Α7	A 6	A 5	A 4
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	Аз	A2	A 1	Ao
							_			
A7	A6	A 5	A4	Аз	A2	A1	Ao		VLCD	
A7 0	A6 0	A5 1	A4 1	А з	A2 1	A ₁	A0 1		VLCD Low	
		A5 1			A2 1	A1 1				

VLCD=VDD-V5

When EVR doesn't use, set the EVR register to (1,1,1,1,1,1,1).

3)Execute the EVR

Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	Dο
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

4)End sub instruction mode

A 0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	Dο	_End sub instruction
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	mode. Back to main instruction mode.

(n) End of Sub instruction table mode

"End of sub instruction table mode" instruction switches instruction table from sub to main.

(k)Partial display, (l)n-line inverse drive mode, and (m)EVR are sub instruction sets on the sub instruction table. The instruction of "END of sub instruction mode" must be set after these sub instruction sets. The **NJU6679** may occur incorrect operation if any main instructions on the main instruction table are input in mode of sub instruction table.

Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	D 3	D 2	D 1	Dο
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1

(o) Bias Select

This instruction sets the bias voltage.

Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	Dο	_
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	Аз	A 2	A 1	Α0	(*:Don't Care)
,	10	Λο.	Λ		Λ.	1	Dies		-		-
	\ 3	A2	A		A ₀		Bias	_			
	0	0	0		0		1/4				
	0	0	0		1		1/5				
(0	0	1		0		1/6				
(0	0	1		1		1/7				
(0	1	0		0		1/8				
(0	1	0		1		1/9				
(0	1	1		0		1/10				
(0	1	1		1		1/11				
	1	*	*		*		1/12				

(p) Boost Level Select

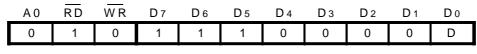
This instruction sets the boost level (2 to 6 times). When "Partial Display Instruction" execution, the "Boost Level Select" also must be executed. If the external capasitors are connected as the lower than 6 times boost level, don't set the boost level by the instruction over than the boost level by conecting capasitors. If set the boost level over than it, the device will make malfunction.

Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	D 3	D 2	D 1	Dο
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	A 2	A 1	A 0

C	commar	nd			Booster Multiple		
A2	A2 A1 A0 capacitors connections		5times external capacitors connections	capacitors capacitors		2times external capacitors connections	
0	0	0	2-time				
0	0	1	3-time	2-time			
0	1	0	4-time	3-time	2-time		
0	1	1	5-time	4-time	3-time	2-time	
1	*	*	6-time	5-time	4-time	3-time	2-time

(q) Read Modify Write/End

This instruction sets the Read Modify Write controlling the page address increment. In this mode, the Column Address only increments when execute the display data "Write" instruction; but no change when the display data "Read" Instruction. This status is continued until the End instruction execution. When the End instruction is executed, the Column Adddress goes back to the start address before the execution of this "Read Modify Write" instruction. This function reduces the load of MPU for repeating display data change of the fixed area (ex. cursor blink).

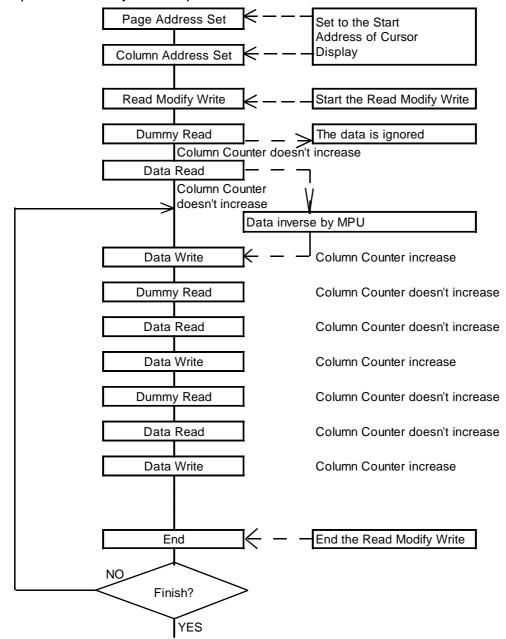


D 0: Read Modify Write On

1: End

Note) In this "Read Modify Write" mode, out of display dara "Read"/"Write", any instructions except "Column Address Set" can be executed.

- The Example of Read Modify Write Sequence



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(r) Reset

This instruction executes the following initialization.

The reset by the reset signal input to the RES terminal (hardware reset) is required when power turns on. This reset instruction does not use instead of this hardware reset when power turns on.

Initialization

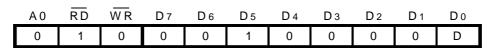
- 1 Set the Column Address Counter to 00H
- 2 Set the Display Start Line Register to 00H
- 3 Set the Page Address Register to page "0"
- 4 Set the EVR register to FFH
- 5 Set the Partial Display(1/128 duty)
- 6 Set the Bias select(1/12 Bias)
- 7 Set the Voltage Booster(6 times)
- 8 Set the n-line inverse register to 0H

The DD RAM is not affected by this initialization.

_	Α0	RD	WR	D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	Dз	D 2	D 1	D 0
	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0

(s) Internal Power Supply ON/OFF

This instruction control ON and OFF for the internal Voltage Converter, Voltage Regulator and Voltage Follower circuits. For the Booster circuits operation, the oscillation circuits must be in operation.



D 0 : Internal Power Supply Off 1 : Internal Power Supply On

The internal Power Supply must be Off when external power supply using.

*1 The set up period of internal power supply On depends on the step up capacitors, voltage stabilizer capacitors, VDD and VLCD.

Therefore it requires the actual evaluation using the LCD module to get the correct time. (Refer to the (3-4) Fig.5)

(t) Driver Outputs ON/OFF

This instruction controlls ON/OFF of the LCD Driver Outputs.



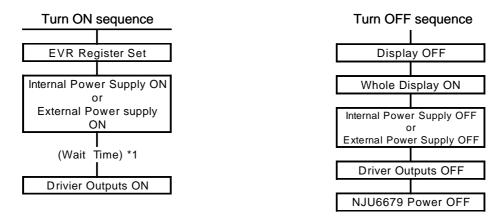
D 0 : LCD driving waveform output Off 1 : LCD driving waveform output On

The **NJU6679** implements low power LCD driving voltage generator circuit and requires the following Power Supply ON/OFF sequence.

- LCD Driving Power Supply ON/OFF Sequences

The sequences below are required when the power supply turns ON/OFF.

For the power supply turning on operation after the power-save mode, refer the "power save release sequence" mentioned after.



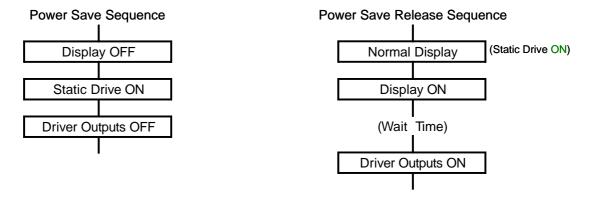
^{*1} The Internal Power Supply rise time is depending on the condition of the Supply Voltage, VLCD=VDD-V5, External Capacitor of Booster, and External Capacitor connected to V1 to V5. To know the rise time correctly, test by using the actual LCD module.

(u) Power Save (complex comand)

When Static Drive ON at the Display OFF status (inverse order also same), the internal circuits goes to the Power Save Mode and the operating current is dramatically reduced, almost same as the standby current. The internal status in the Power Save Mode is shown as follows:

- 1: The Oscillation Circuits and the Internal Power Supply Circuits stop the operation.
- 2: LCD driving is stopped. Segment and Common drivers output V_{DD} level voltage.
- 3: The display data and the internal operating condition are remained and kept as just before enter the Power Save Mode.
- 4: All the LCD driving bias voltage (V1 to V5) is fixed to the VDD level.

The power save and its release perform according to the following sequences.

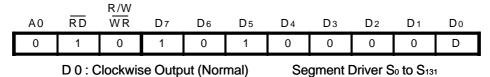


The **NJU6679** constantly spends the current without the execution of the Driver Outputs OFF instruction. The LCD drive waveform is not output until the Driver Outputs ON instruction is executed.

- *1 In the Power Save sequence, the Power Save Mode starts after the Static Drive ON command is executed.
- *2 In the Power Save Release sequence, the Power Save Mode releases just after the Static Drive OFF instruction execution. The Display ON instruction is allowed to execute at any time after the Static Drive OFF instruction is completed.
- *3 The Internal Power Supply rise time is depending on the condition of the Supply Voltage, VLCD=VDD-V5, External Capacitor of Booster, and External Capacitor connected to V1 to V5. To know the rise time cor rectly, test by using the actual LCD module.
- *4 LCD driving waveform is output after the exection of the Driver Outputs ON instruction execution.
- *5 In case of the external power supply operation, the external power supply should be turned off before the Power Save Mode and connected to the V_{DD} for fixing the voltage. In this time, V_{OUT} terminal also should be made codition like as disconection or connection to V_{SS}.

(v) ADC Select

This instruction determines the correspondence of Column in the DD RAM with the Segment Driver Outputs. Segment Driver Output order is inversed when this instruction executes, therefore, the placement the **NJU6679** against the LCD panel becomes easy.



1: Counterclockwise Output (Inverse) Segment Driver S₁₃₁ to S₀

(3) Internal Power Supply

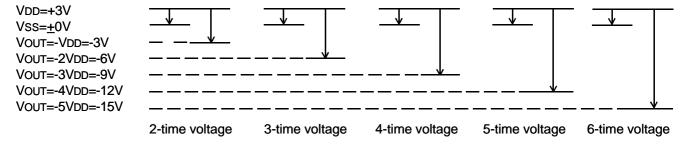
(3-1) 6-time voltage booster circuits

The 6-time voltage booster circuit outputs the negative Voltage(V_{DD} Common) boosted 6 times of VDD-Vss from the VOUT terminal with connecting the six capacitors between C_1^+ and C_1^- , C_2^+ and C_2^- , C_3^+ and C_3^- , C_4^+ and C_4^- , C_5^+ and C_5^- , and V_{SS} and V_{OUT} . The boosting time is selected out of 2 times to 6 by the combination of changing the external capacitors connection and "Booster Level Select" instruction. (refer (2-1)Instruction (p)Voltage Boost time select) Voltage Booster circuits requires the clock signals from internal oscillation circuit or the external clock signal, therefore, the internal oscillation circuits or the external clock supplier must be operating when the voltage booster is in operation.

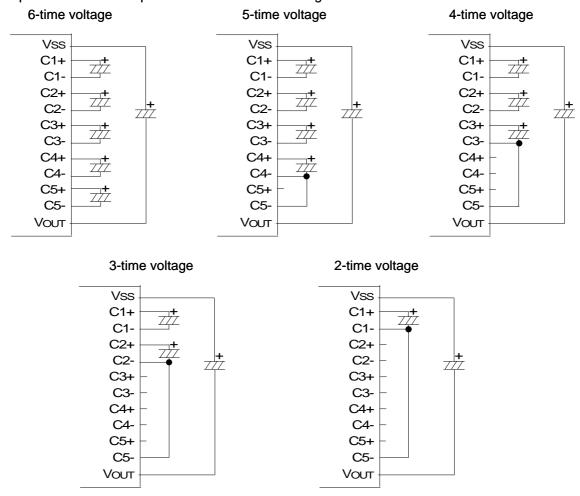
The boosted voltage of VDD-VOUT must be 18V or less.

The boost voltage and the capacitor connection are shown below.

■ The boosted voltage and VDD, VSS



Example of the external capacitor connection to the voltage booster circuits



(3-2) Voltage Adjust Circuits

The boosted voltage of V_{OUT} outputs V5 for LCD driving through the voltage adjust circuits. The output voltage of V5 is adjusted by Ra and Rb within the range of $|V5| < |V_{\text{OUT}}|$.

The output is calculated by the following formula(1).

$$VLCD = VDD-V5 = (1+Rb/Ra)VREG$$
 (1

The V_{REG} voltage is a reference voltage generated by the built-in bleeder registance. V_{REG} is adjustable by EVR functions (see section 3-3).

For minor adjustment of V5, it is recommended that the Ra and Rb is composed of R2 as variable resistor and R1 and R3 as fixed resistors, constant should be connected to V_{DD} terminal, VR and V5, as shown below.

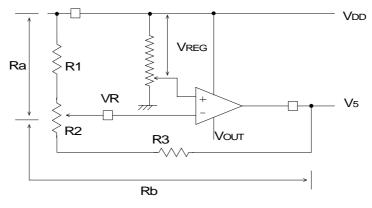


Fig. 4

- < Design example for R1, R2 and R3 /Reference >
- •R1+R2+R3=6MΩ

(Determind by the current between VDD-V5)

•Variable voltage range by the R2. -7V to -11V (VLCD=VDD-V5: 10V to 12V)

(Determind by the LCD electrical characteristics)

•VRÈG=3V

(In case of VDD=3V and EVR=FFh)

R1,R2 and R3 are calculated by above conditions and the fomula of (1) to below;

R1=1.5M Ω

 $R2=0.3M\Omega$

 $R3=4.2M\Omega$

Note) V5 voltage is generated referencing with VREG voltage beased on the supply voltage (V_{DD} and V_{SS}) as shown in above figure. Therefore, V_{LCD} (V_{DD} -V5) is affected including the gain (Rb/Ra) by the fluctuation of V_{REG} voltage based on the supply voltage. The power supply voltage should be stabilized for V5 stable operation.

(3-3) Contrast Adjustment by the EVR function

The EVR selects the V_{REG} voltage out of the following 201 conditions by setting 8-bit data into the EVR register. With the EVR function, V_{REG} is controlled, and the LCD display contrast is adjusted. The EVR controls the voltage of V_{REG} by instruction and changes the voltage of V5.

A step with EVR is set like table shown below.

37H to 4FH available for use. If keeping 3% precision, sets EVR over 4FH.

	EVR register	VREG[V]	VLCD
3FH	(0,0,1,1,0,1,1,1)	(100/300) x (VDD-VSS)	Low
:	:	:	:
4FH	(0,1,0,0,1,1,1,1)	(124/300) x (VDD-VSS)	:
:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:
FDн	(1,1,1,1,1,1,0,1)	(298/300) x (VDD-VSS)	:
FEH	(1,1,1,1,1,1,1,0)	(299/300) x (VDD-VSS)	:
FFH	(1,1,1,1,1,1,1)	(300/300) x (VDD-VSS)	High

In use of the EVR function, the voltage adjustment circuit must turn on by the power supply instruction.

Adjustable range of the LCD driving voltage by EVR function
 The adjustable range is decided by the power supply voltage VDD and the ratio of external resistors
 Ra and Rb.

[Design example for the adjustable range / Reference]

- Condition VDD=3.0V, VSS=0V $Ra=1M\Omega,\,Rb=4M\Omega\quad(\,Ra:Rb=1:4\,)$

The adjustable range and the step voltage are calculated as follows in the above condition.

In case of setting 4FH in the EVR register,

VLCD =
$$((Ra+Rb)/Ra)VREG$$

= $(5/1) \times [(124/300) \times 3.0]$
= $6.2V$

In case of setting FFH in the EVR register,

$$VLCD = ((Ra+Rb)/Ra)VREG$$

= (5/1) x [(300/300) x 3.0]
= 15.0V

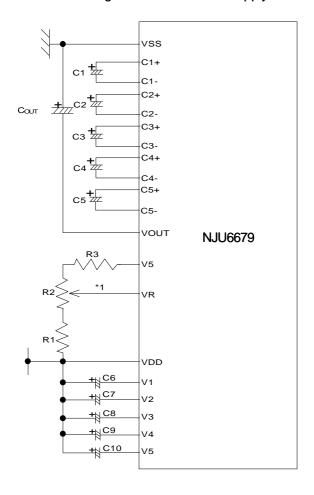
	Min.4FH	Max.FFH
Adjustable Range	6.2	15.0 [V]
Step Voltagre	50	[mV]

* In case of VDD=3V

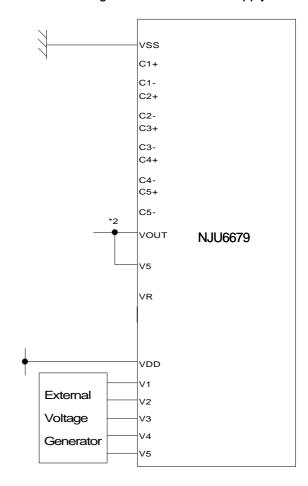
(3-4) LCD Driving Voltage Generation Circuits

The LCD driving bias voltage of V1,V2,V3,V4 are generated by dividing the V5 voltage with the internal bleeder resistance and is supplied to the LCD driving circuits after the impedence conversion by the voltage follower. As shown in Figure 5, five external capacitors are required to connect to each LCD driving voltage terminal for voltage stabilization. The value of capacitors (C6 to C10) should be determined after the actual LCD panel display evaluation.

Using the internal Power Supply



Using the external Power Supply



Reference set up valueVLCD=VDD-V5 = 10 to 12V

Соит	to 1uF
C1 to C4, C9	to 1uF
C5 to C8	0.1 to 0.47uF
R1	1.5 Μ Ω
R2	0.3ΜΩ
R3	$4.2 extsf{M}\Omega$

Fig.5

When VSS > V5 --- VOUT=V5 When VSS \leq V5 --- VOUT=VSS

^{*1} Short wiring or sealed wiring to the VR terminal is required due to the high impedance of VR terminal.

^{*2} Following connection of Vout is required when external power supply using.

(4) MPU Interface

(4-1) Interface type selection

Two MPU interface types are available in the **NJU6679**: by 1) 8-bit bi-directional data bus (D7 to D0), 2) serial data input (SI:D7). The interface type (the 8 bit parallel or serial interface) is determined by the condition of the P/S terminals connecting to "H" or "L" level as shown in Table 5. In case of the serial interface, neither the status read-out nor the RAM data read-out operation is allowed.

Table 5

P/S	Туре	CS	Α0	RD	WR	SEL68	D7	D ₆	Do to D5
Н	Parallel	CS	Α0	RD	WR	SEL68	D7	D6	Do to D5
L	Serial	CS	Α0	-	-	-	SI	SCL	Hi-Z

Parallel Interface

The **NJU6679** interfaces the 68- or 80-type MPU directly if the parallel interface (P/S="H") is selected. The 68-type or 80-type MPU is selected by connecting the SEL68 terminal to "H" or "L" as shown in table 6.

Table 6

SEL68	Type	CS	Α0	RD	WR	D0 to D7
Н	68 type MPU	CS	A0	E	R/W	D0 to D7
L	80 type MPU	cs	A0	RD	\overline{WR}	D0 to D7

(4-2) Discrimination of Data Bus Signal

The **NJU6679** discriminates the mean of signal on the data bus by the combination of A0, E, R/W, and (RD,WR) signals as shown in Table 7.

Table 7

Common	68 type	80 t	уре	Function
Α0	R/W	RD	\overline{WR}	Function
Н	Н	L	Η	Read Display Data
Н	L	Н	L	Write Display Data
L	Н	L	Н	Status Read
L	L	Н	L	Write into the Register(Instruction)

(4-3) Serial Interface.(P/S="L")

The serial interface of the **NJU6679** consists of the 8-bit shift register and 3-bit counter. In case the chip is selected (\overline{CS} =L), the input to D7(SI) and D6(SCL) becomes available, and in case that the chip isn't selected, the shift register and the counter are reset to the initial condition.

The data input from the terminal(SI) is MSB first like as the order of D7, D6, •••D0 by a serial interface, it is entered into with rise edge of serial clock(SCL). The data converted into parallel data of 8-bit with the rise edge of 8th serial clock and processed.

It discriminates display data or instructions by A0 input terminal. A0 is read with rise edge of (8 X n)th of serial clock (SCL), it is recognized display data by A0=H" and instruction by A0="L". A0 input is read in the rise edge of (8 X n)th of serial clock (SCL) after chip select and distinguished.

However,in case of RES="H" to "L" or CS="L" to "H" with trasfered data does not fill 8 bit, attention is necessary because it will processed as there was command input. Always, input the data of (8 X n) style.

The SCL signal must be careful of the termination reflection by the wiring length and the external noise and confirmation by the actual machine is recommended by it.

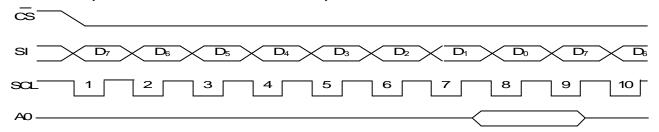


Fig 6

(4-4) Access to the Display Data RAM and Internal Register.

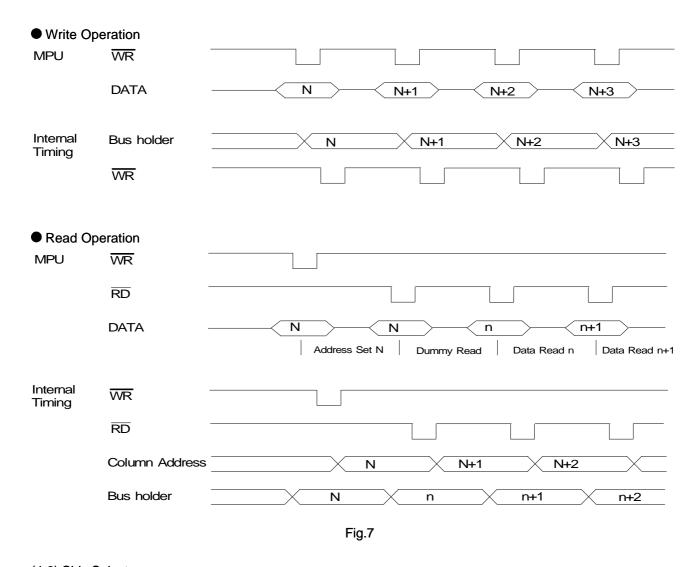
The NJU6679 transfers data to the CPU through the bus holder with the internal data bus.

In case of reading out the display data contents in the DD RAM, the data which was read in the first data read cycle (= the dummy read) is memorized in the bus holder. Then the data is read out to the system bus from the bus holder in the next data read cycle. Also, In case that the MPU writes into DD RAM, the data is temporarily stored in the bus holder and is then written into DD RAM by the next data write cycle.

Therefore, the limitation of the access to NJU6679 from MPU side is not access time (tAcc,tDs) of Display Data RAM and the cycle time becomes dominant. With this, speed-up of the data transfer with the MPU becomes possible. In case of cycle time isn't met, the MPU inserts NOP operation only and becomes an equivalent to an execution of wait operation on the sutisfy condition in MPU.

When setting an address, the data of the specified address isn't output immediately by the read operation after setting an address, and the data of the specified address is output at the the 2nd data read operation. Therefore, the dummy read is always necessary once after the address set and the write cycle. (See Fig. 7)

The exsample of Read Modify Write operation is mentioned in (2-1)Instruction –(g)The sequence of Inverse Display.



(4-6) Chip Select

CS is the Chip Select terminal. In case of CS="L", the interface with MPU is available.

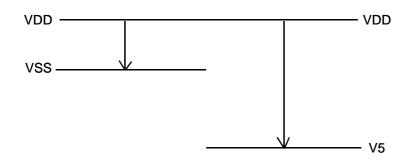
In case of $\overline{\text{CS}}=$ "H" (Chip is not selected), the terminals of D_0 to D_7 are high impedance and $A0, \overline{RD}, \overline{WR}, D_7(SI)$ and $D_6(SCL)$ inputs are ignored. If the serial interface is selected when $\overline{\text{CS}}=$ "H", the shift register and the counter for the serial interface are reset.

However, the reset signal is always input and executed in any conditions of CS.

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT	
Supply Voltage (1)	Vdd	-0.3 to +5.0	V	
Supply Voltage (2)	V5	VDD-18.0 to VDD+0.3	V	
Supply Voltage (3)	V1 to V4	V5 to VDD+0.3	V	
Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3 to VDD+0.3	V	
Operating Temperature	Topr	-30 to +80	°C	
Ctorogo Tomporoturo	Т	-55 to +125 (Chip)	00	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +100 (TCP)	→ °C	



Note 1) All voltage values are specified as Vss=0V.

Note 2) The relation of V_{DD}≥V1≥V2≥V3≥V4≥V5>VOUT;V_{DD}>Vss≥V_{OUT} must be maintained. In case of inputting external LCD driving voltage , the LCD drive voltage should start supplying to **NJU6679** at the mean time of turning on V_{DD} power supply or after turned on V_{DD} .

In use of the voltage boost circuit, the condition that the supply voltage: 18.0V≥VDD-VOUT is necessary.

Note 3) If the LSI are used on condition beyond the absolute maximum rating, the LSI may be destroyed. Using LSI within electrical characteristics is strongly recommended for normal operation. Use beyond the erectric characteristics conditions will cause malfunction and poor reliability.

Note 4) Decoupling capacitor should be connected between V_{DD} and V_{SS} due to the stabilized operation for the voltage converter.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (1)

(VDD=2.7V to 3.3V, VSS=0V, Ta=-30 to +80°C)

PAR	RAMETE	SYMBOL	СО	NDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Note
	ng Voltage(1)	VDD			2.4		3.6	V	5
	3	V5			VDD-18.0		Vpp-6.0		
OperatingVoltage(2)		V1,V2	VLCD= VDD-V5		VDD-0.5VLCD		VDD	V	6
	- - - - - - - - - -				V5		VDD-0.5VLCD		
Input	High Level	V3,V4 VIHC1	DoD7,A0, C	S,RES,RD,WR,SEL68,	0.8Vpp		VDD	V	
Voltage	Low Level	VILC1	P/S Terminals		Vss		0.2Vdd	V	
Output	High Level	Vohc11	D0D7	IOH=-0.5mA	0.8Vpp		VDD	V	
Voltage	Low Level	Volc11	Terminals	IOL= 0.5mA	Vss		0.2Vdd	V	
Input Le	akage Current	ILIO	All Input termir	nals	- 1.0		1.0	uA	
D : 0		Ron1	Ta=25°C	VLCD=15.0V		2.0	3.0	1.0	
Driver O	n-resistance	Ron2	14-20 0	VLCD=8.0V		3.0	4.5	kΩ	7
Stand-by	y Current	lddq	during Power	save Mode		0.05	5	uA	8
Operation	a Current	lDD12	Display VLCD:	=15.0V		40	80	uA	8
Operatii	ng Current	lDD21	Accessing f C			650	850	uA	9
Input Ter	Input Terminal Capacitance		A0,CS,RES,RD,WR,SEL68, P/S,T1,T2,D0D7			10		pF	10
·			Ta=25°C						
Oscillation Frequency		fosc	Ta=25°C		31.7	39	46.3	kHz	
Reset tii	me	tR	RES Terminal		1.0			us	11
Reset "l	Level Pulse_ Width	trw	RES Terminal		10			us	12
	Output Volt.	Vout1	VDD=3V	me voltage booster,	VDD-15.0V		VDD-14.5V	٧	
	On-resistance	RTRI	VDD=3V;COU- 6-time voltage			2000	4000	Ω	
Voltage	Adjustment range of LCD Voltage Booster Circuit "OFF"		VDD-18.0V		VDD-6.0V	V	13		
Booster	Booster Voltage Follower		Voltage Adjus	Voltage Adjustment Circuit "OFF"			VDD-6.0V	V	
		lout1	VDD=3V, VLCD=12V COM/SEG Terminals Open			250	450		
	Operating	lout2				45	90	uA	14
Current	IOUT3	No Access Display Checkered pattern			35	70			
	Voltage Reg.	VREG%	<u> </u>	5°C, VREG=4F to FFH			3	%	
VNLG/6 VDD=5V,Ia=25 C, VREG=4F to FFH					_	, -	<u> </u>		

- Note 5) Although the NJU6679 can operate in wide range of the operating voltage, it shall not be guaranteed in a sudden voltage fluctuation during the access with MPU.
- Note 6) The operating voltage when using external power supply.
- Note 7) Ron is the resistance values in supplying 0.1V voltage-difference beteen power supply terminals (V1, V2, V3, V4) and each output terminals (common/ segment). This is specified within the range of Operating Voltage(2).
- Note 8,9) The value of after Driver Output On instruction execution.
- Note 8,9) Refers to the current consumption of the IC itself; external power supply is used for the LCD driving. In case of not use internal power supply circuit, meaning current of IC's. LCD driving power supply are external power supply.
- Note 8) Applicable in case of not accessing to the MPU.
- Note 9) The operating current when writing a vertical stripe pattern on the tcyc. Current consumption during the access is approximately proportional to the access frequency. When not accessed, it consumpts only IDDOI Note 10) Apply to A0, D₀-D₇, RD, WR, CS, RES, SEL68, P/S, T₁, T₂ terminals.

Note 11) t_R (Reset Time) refers to the reset completion time of the internal circuits from the rise edge of the RES signal.

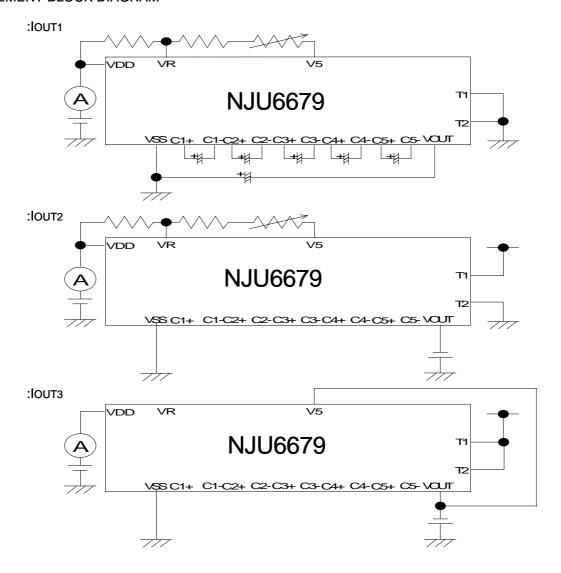
Note 12) Apply minimum pulse width of the RES signal. To reset, the "L" pulse over tRW shall be input. .

Note 13) The voltage adjustment circuit controls V5 within the range of the voltage follower operating voltage.

Note 14) Each operating current shall be defined as being measured in the following condition.

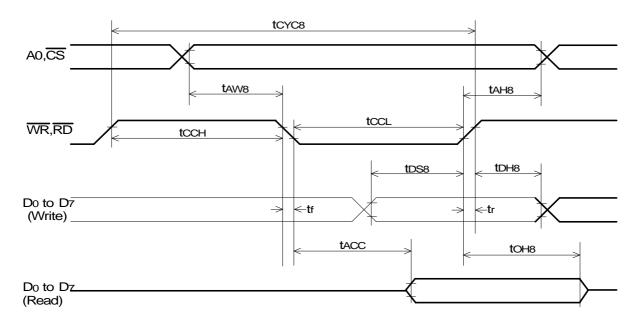
	Sta	itus		External Voltage				
SYMBOL T ₁		T2	Internal	Voltage	Voltage	Voltage	Supply	
	11		Oscillator	Booster	Adjustment	Follower	(Input Terminal)	
lout1	L	L/H	Validity	Validity	Validity	Validity	Unuse	
lout2	Н	L	Validity	Invalidity	Validity	Validity	Use(Vout)	
IOUT3	Н	Н	Validity	Invalidity	Invalidity	Validity	Use(Vout,V5)	

MEASUREMENT BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ BUS TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

- Read/Write operation sequence (80 Type MPU)

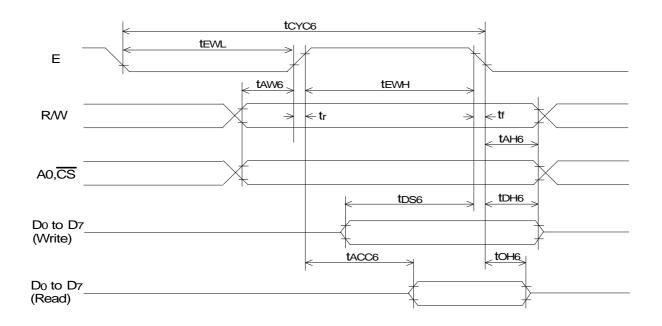


(VDD=2.4V to 3.6V,Ta=-30 to +80°C)

					_ `			
PARAMETER			SYMBO- L	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	CONDITION	UNIT
Address Hold ⁻	Time	A0,CS	tAH8	10				ns
Address Set U	p Time	Terminals	tAW8	0				ns
System Cycle	WR		tCYC8 (W)	270	220			ns
Time	RD		tcycs (R)	350				ns
	WR,"L"	WR,RD	tccl(W)	50				ns
Control	RD,"L"	Terminals	tccl(R)	200				ns
Pulse Width	WR,"H"		tcch(W)	220	160			ns
	RD,"H"		tcch(R)	150				ns
Data Set Up Ti	me		tDS8	35				ns
Data Hold Time	Э	D ₀ to D ₇	tDH8	15				ns
RD Access Time		Terminals	tACC8			120	CL=100pF	ns
Output Disable Time			tOH8	0		50	CL=100pr	ns
Rise Time, Fall Time		CS, WR, RD, A0, D0 to D7 Terminals	tr,tf			15		ns

Note 15) All timing based on 20% and 80% of VDD voltage level.

- Read/Write operation sequence (68 Type MPU)



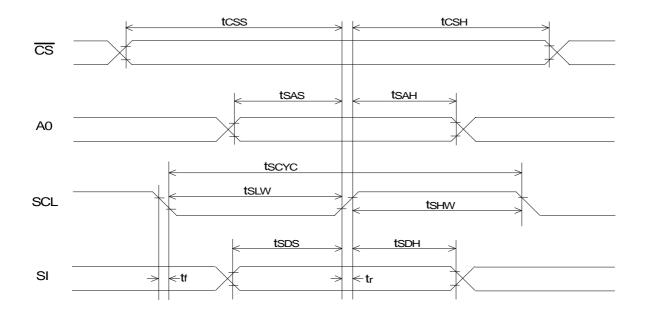
(VDD=2.4V to 3.6V,Ta=-30 to +80°C)

	D 4 14 E 3		0) (1 (12 0)		7.0	14437	O O VIDITION	
PARAMETER			SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	CONDITION	UNII
Address Hold Time			tah6	10				ns
Address Set Up Time		A0, CS, R/W	tAW6	0				ns
System Cycle	Time(W)	Terminals	tCYC6(W)	270	220			ns
System Cycle	e Time(R)		tcyc6(R)	350				ns
	Read"H"		4 ⊏\∧/	200				ns
Enable	Write"H"	E Terminal	tEWH	50				ns
Pulse Width	Read"L"		tEWL	220	160			ns
	Write"L"			150				ns
Data Set Up	Data Set Up Time		tDS6	35				ns
Data Hold Time		Do to D7	tDH6	15				ns
Access Time	Access Time		tACC6			200	CL 100°E	ns
Output Disable Time			tOH6	0		50	CL=100pF	ns
Rise Time, Fall Time		A0, CS, R/W, E, D0 to D7 Terminals	tr,tf			15		ns

Note 16) All timing are based on 20% and 80% of VDD voltage level.

Note 17) toyce shows the cycle of the E signal in active $\overline{\text{CS}}$.

- Write operation sequence (Serial Interface)

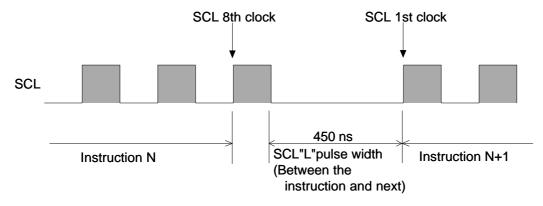


(VDD=2.4V to 3.6V,Ta=-30 to +80°C)

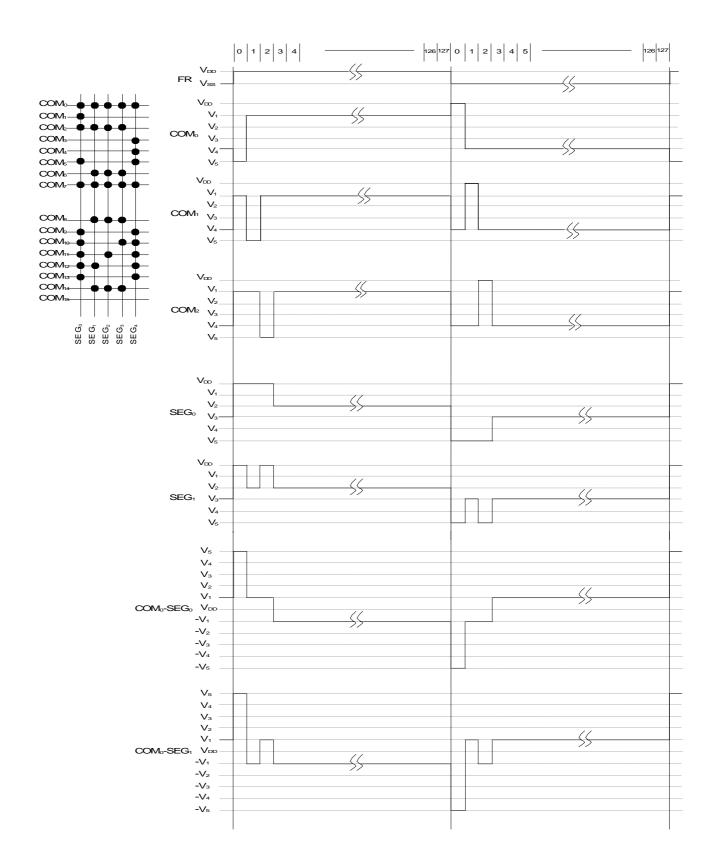
PARAME	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	CONDITION	UNIT	
Serial Clock cycle	0.01	tscyc	60				ns
SCL "H" pulse width	SCL Terminal	tshw	30				ns
SCL "L" pulse width	ierminai	tslw	30				ns
Address Set Up Time	A0 Terminal	tsas	25				ns
Address Hold Time		tsah	150				ns
Data Set Up Time	SI Terminal	tsds	25				ns
Data Hold Time		tsdh	10				ns
 CS-SCL Time	CS Terminal	tcss	10				ns
CS-SCL Time		tcsh	300				ns
Rise Time, Fall Time	SCL, A0, CS, SI Terminals	tr,tf			15		ns

Note 18) All timing are based on 20% and 80% of VDD voltage level.

Note 19) When inputting an instruction continuously, keep 450nS as the cycle of SCL between the instructions as follows



■ LCD DRIVING WAVEFORM

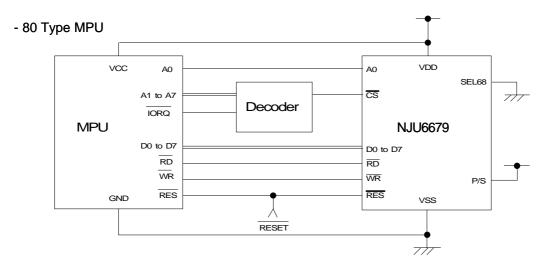


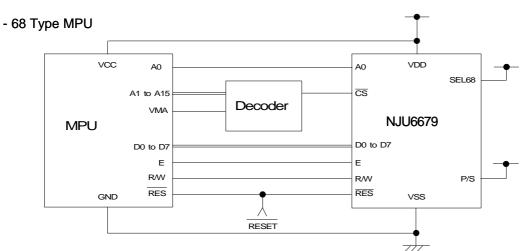
■ APPLICATION CIRCUIT

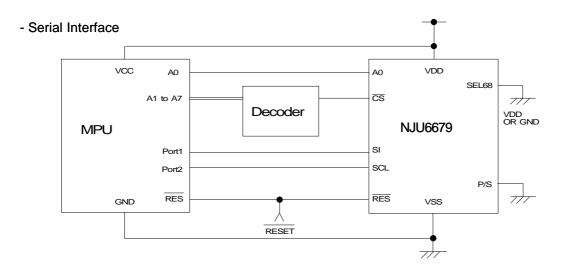
MPU Interface (examples)

The **NJU6679** is connectable to 80-type MPU or 68-type. In use of Serial Interface, it is possible to be controlled by the signal line with the more small being.

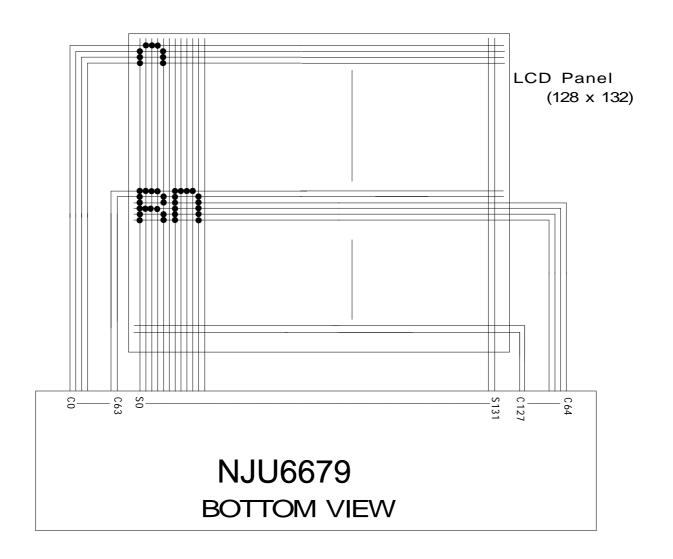
*:SEL68 terminal shall be connected to VDD or Vss.







■ LCD Panel Interface Example



CAUTION

The specifications on this databook are only given for information, without any guarantee as regards either mistakes or omissions. The application circuits in this databook are described only to show representative usages of the product and not intended for the guarantee or permission of any right including the industrial rights.