

SANYO

No.1704B

LC5732, 5732H**4-Bit Microcomputer with LCD Driver****Overview**

The LC5732, 5732H are CMOS 4-bit microcomputers that operate on low voltage, very low current and contain LCD drivers. They also contain a 4-bit parallel processing ALU, a program memory ROM, many LCD segment outputs, a prescaler, an oscillator.

The LC5732 is especially suited for use in high-grade timepieces, time controllers, electronic calculators, LCD games with timepiece. The LC5732H is especially suited for use in audio equipment, copiers, facsimiles with LCD and sub CPU applications.

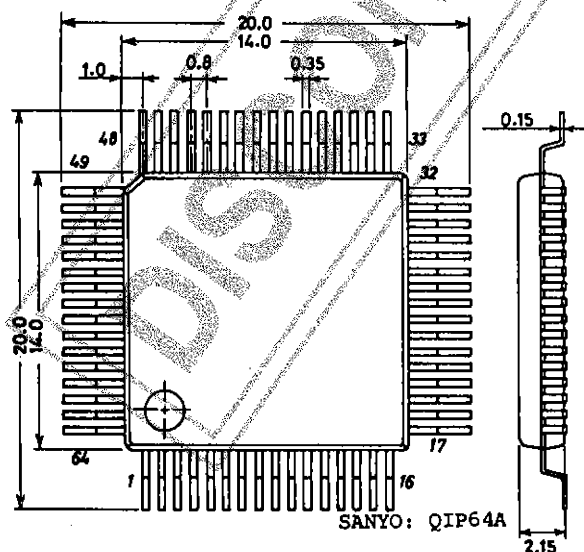
Hardware Features

- Supply voltage
 - LC5732 : 1.5V or 3.0V typ. (mask option-selectable)
 - LC5732H : 5.0V typ.
- Very low current dissipation
 - LC5732 : 3.0 μ A typ. (Ag battery version, 32kHz crystal oscillation, during timekeeping operation)
 - 1.5 μ A typ. (Li battery version, 32kHz crystal oscillation, during timekeeping operation)
 - LC5732H : 10.0 μ A typ. (32kHz crystal oscillation, during HALT mode)
- LC5732 : Crystal oscillation for timekeeping (32.768kHz crystal connected externally) or CR oscillator
- LC5732H : Crystal oscillation for timekeeping (32.768kHz crystal connected externally), CR oscillator, or CF oscillator
- Many output pins for LCD panel drive (27 pins)

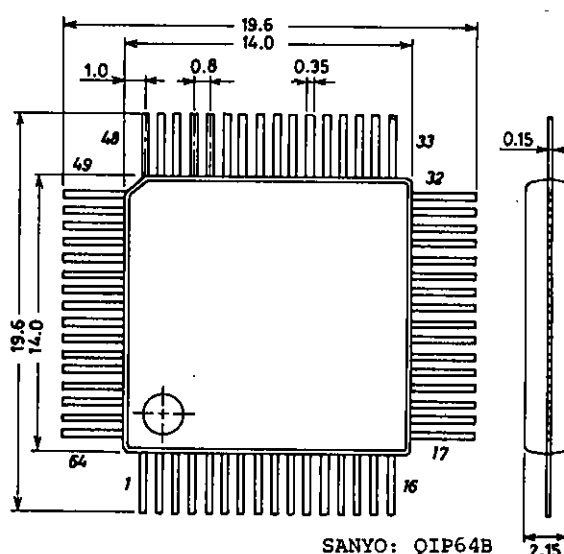
Drivable LCD panel		Number of drivable LCD segments
1/2 bias	1/3 duty	81 segments
1/2 bias	1/2 duty	54 segments
Static		27 segments

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Package Dimensions 3057
(unit: mm)



Package Dimensions 3026B
(unit: mm)



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- On-chip melody function : 3 octaves (The melody length is software-controlled. One musical note requires one byte.)
- Input/output pins
 - Number of inputs : 8
 - Control output pins : 3 pins (Output dedicated to alarm : 2 pins, general-purpose output : 1 pin)
- Possible to use LCD panel drive output pins as output-only ports (mask option-selectable)
- ROM : 2048×8 bits
- RAM : 48×4 bits
- Cycle time
 - LC5732 : 60 μ s. CR oscillation 65kHz (122 μ s. for 32.768kHz crystal)
 - LC5732H : 10 μ s. (400kHz 5V $\pm$ 10%)
- On-chip step-up circuit/step-down circuit
- Shipping style : When using solder dip or spray techniques to mount QFP64, QFP or chip products on a printed circuit board, please consult your Sanyo sales or technical representative in advance concerning the process conditions to be used.

Software Features

- Powerful instruction set : 92 instructions
- Table read instruction
- 1-level subroutine nesting
- On-chip 15-bit divider for timekeeping (delivers an overflow signal every 64ms/100ms/500ms when a 32.768kHz crystal is used.)
- HALT function

Application Development Support System

- Evaluation chip (LC5796) is available for application development and the dedicated equipment is available as the application development tools
- Application development tools
 - (A) MS-DOS personal computer
 - (B) Cross assembler : LC5732. EXE
 - (C) Mask option programmer : SU5732. EXE
- EVA-520 + TB-5734 + DCB-1 (Rev 2.0V or greater) + Application evaluation board + LC5796
By connecting to the MS-DOS machine, application development program data correction and debugging may be done.
- TB-5734 + DCB-1 (Rev 2.0V or greater) + Application evaluation board + LC5796
By using the EPROM (2732) with application development program data written in, mounting evaluation may be done.

Note 1 · The application evaluation board is constructed by the user.

- LEDs or LCDs may be used for display.

· The EVA-520 is a modified version of the EVA-410 whose monitor ROM is replaced by the SCR-5734

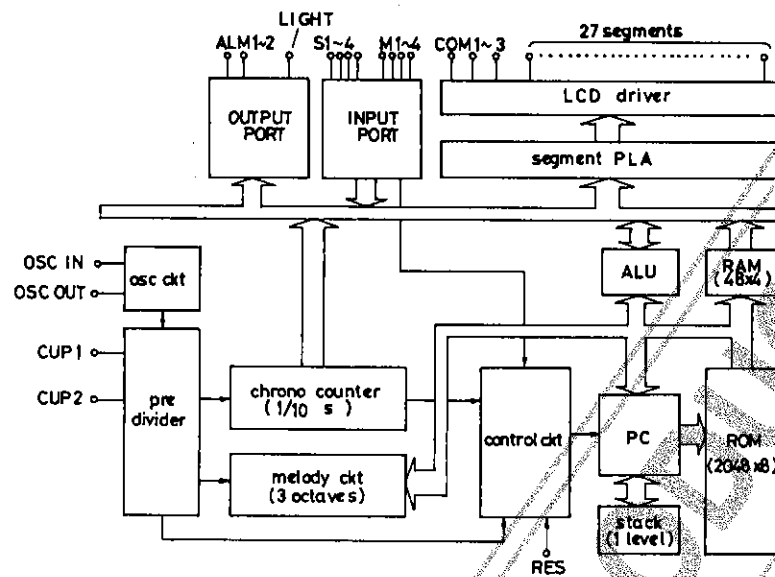
Note 2 · Since the evaluation chip LC5796 and the LC5732, 5732H differ in RAM capacity, check the ROM capacity when developing or debugging programs.

LC5732, 5732H : 48×4 bits

LC5796 : 256×4 bits

- If the DPH value on a program is other than 0, 1, 2, the LC5732, 5732H will malfunction in actual applications.
- When developing programs, take care of the DPH value. The usable DPH values are "0", "1", "2" only.
- We will be free from any blame even if you use DPH = other than 0 to 2 to develop programs.

Equivalent Circuit Block Diagram



Pad Assignment of LSI Chip

Chip size : 4.61mm × 3.54mm
Chip thickness : 480μm
Pad size : 120μm × 120μm

	COM3	SEG13	SEG12	SEG11	SEG10	SEG9	SEG8	SEG7	SEG6	SEG5	SEG4	SEG3	SEG2	SEG1		
LIGHT	☐ 51	☐ 50	☐ 49	☒ 48	☒ 47	☒ 46	☒ 45	☐ 44	☐ 43	☐ 42	☐ 41	☐ 40	☐ 39	☐ 38	☐ 37	☐ 36 COM2
ALM1	☐ 52															☐ 35 T3
ALM2	☐ 53															☐ 34 OSC OUT
VSS 2	☐ 54															☐ 33 10P
VSS1	☐ 55															☐ 32 OSC IN
BAK	☐ 56															☐ 31 RES
YDD	☐ 1															☐ 30 S1
S4	☐ 2															☐ 29 S2
S3	☐ 3															☐ 28 CUP2
M1	☐ 4															☐ 27 CUP1
M2	☐ 5															☐ 26 32HZ
M3	☐ 6															☐ 25 TEST
M4	☐ 7															☐
	☒ 8	☐ 9	☐ 10	☐ 11	☐ 12	☐ 13	☐ 14	☐ 15	☐ 16	☐ 17	☐ 18	☐ 19	☐ 20	☐ 21	☐ 22	☐ 23
																☐ 24 COM1
TEST																
		SEG14	SEG15	SEG16	SEG17	SEG18	SEG19	SEG20	SEG21	SEG22	SEG23	SEG24	SEG25	SEG26	SEG27	

(Note) SEG14 to SEG27 can be used for output ports. (mask option-selectable)

Pad Name and Coordinates

QFP 64 Pin Description				
	Pad No.	Pin Name	X (μm)	Y (μm)
56	1	V _{DD}	-2155	75
57	2	S4	"	-165
58	3	S3	"	-405
59	4	M1	"	-645
60	5	M2	"	-885
61	6	M3	"	-1125
62	7	M4	"	-1365
64	8	TEST	"	-1620
1	9	TEST	-1915	"
2	10	SEG14	-1465	"
3	11	SEG15	-1230	"
4	12	SEG16	-995	"
5	13	SEG17	-760	"
6	14	SEG18	-525	"
7	15	SEG19	-290	"
8	16	SEG20	-55	"
9	17	SEG21	180	"
10	18	SEG22	410	"
11	19	SEG23	645	"
12	20	SEG24	880	"
13	21	SEG25	1115	"
14	22	SEG26	1350	"
15	23	SEG27	1585	"
19	24	COM1	2155	"
20	25	TEST	"	-1190
21	26	32Hz	"	-950
22	27	CUP1	"	-710
23	28	CUP2	"	-470

QFP 64 Pin Description				
	Pad No.	Pin Name	X (μm)	Y (μm)
25	29	S2	2155	-230
26	30	S1	"	10
27	31	RES	"	250
28	32	OSCIN	"	490
29	33	10P	"	730
30	34	OSCOUT	"	970
31	35	T3	"	1210
32	36	COM2	"	1620
34	37	SEG1	1530	"
35	38	SEG2	1295	"
36	39	SEG3	1060	"
37	40	SEG4	825	"
38	41	SEG5	595	"
39	42	SEG6	360	"
40	43	SEG7	125	"
41	44	SEG8	-110	"
42	45	SEG9	-355	"
43	46	SEG10	-585	"
44	47	SEG11	-820	"
45	48	SEG12	-1055	"
46	49	SEG13	-1290	"
47	50	COM3	-1615	"
50	51	LIGHT	-2155	"
51	52	ALM1	"	1275
52	53	ALM2	"	1035
53	54	V _{SS2}	"	795
54	55	V _{SS1}	"	555
55	56	BAK	"	315

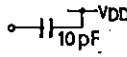
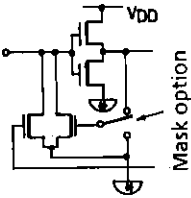
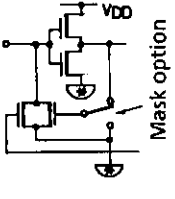
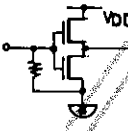
- The pad coordinates are such that the chip center is taken as the origin and the values for (X, Y) represent the coordinates of the center point of each pad.
- Pin 24 of the QFP64 is connected to the substrate of the LSI.
- Pins 16, 17, 18, 33, 48, 49, 63 are NC pins.
- The substrate, NC pins must not be connected externally.
- When using solder dip or spray techniques to mount QFP64 package products on a printed circuit board, please consult your Sanyo sales or technical representative in advance concerning the process conditions to be used.

Pin Functions

Pad No.	Pin Name	Input/Output	Circuit Configuration	Function
32	OSCIN	Input		Crystal OSC mode 32.768kHz crystal is connected across OSCIN and OSCOUT for oscillation. Used as reference clock for timepiece and system clock.
34	OSCOUT	Output		CR OSC mode R and C are connected across OSCIN and OSCOUT for oscillation. Used as system clock. Ceramic resonator OSC mode (LC5732H only) Ceramic resonator and R are connected across OSCIN and OSCOUT and C is connected across OSCIN, OSCOUT and V _{DD} for oscillation.

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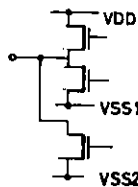
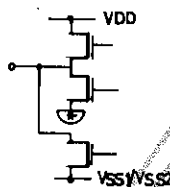
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Pad No.	Pin Name	Input/Output	Circuit Configuration	Function
33	10P	-		Connected to OSCOUT and used as OSC phase compensation capacitor.
30 29 3 2	S1 S2 S3 S4	Input		Input-only port. LSI system is reset by applying V_{DD} to S1 to S4 simultaneously.
4 5 6 7	M1 M2 M3 M4	Input		Input pins for placing data in RAM.
31	RES	Input		Input pin for resetting LSI system.
56	BAK			(-) power supply pin for logic unit inside the LSI. For Li battery version, a capacitor must be connected across BAK and V_{DD} to prevent logic unit from malfunctioning.
51	LIGHT	Output		Output-only pin Suited for delivering signal to drive transistor for light.
52 53	ALM1 ALM2	Output		Output-only pin Used to deliver *4kHz, 2kHz, 1kHz modulation signal with instruction. Also used to deliver non-modulation signal. Used to deliver melody signal of 3 octaves with instruction.
1	V_{DD}			(+) power supply pin.
54 55	V_{SS2} V_{SS1}			(-) power supply pin. Ag battery version, Li battery version, EXT-V version : mask option selectable. Also used as power supply for LCD drive. The following Table shows how to connect external parts in each case.

	Ag bat. use		Li bat. use		EXT-V use	
	static	1/2 bias	static	1/2 bias	static	1/2 bias
V_{DD}						
V_{SS1}						
V_{SS2}						

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Pad No.	Pin Name	Input/Output	Circuit Configuration	Function																				
27 28	CUP1 CUP2			Pins for connecting voltage step-up (step-down) capacitor.																				
24 36 50	COM1 COM2 COM3	Output		Output pins for LCD panel common plate. The following pin is used in each case. <table border="1" data-bbox="909 430 1378 645"><thead><tr><th></th><th>Static</th><th>1/2 duty</th><th>1/3 duty</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>COM1</td><td>○</td><td>○</td><td>○</td></tr><tr><td>COM2</td><td>-</td><td>○</td><td>○</td></tr><tr><td>COM3</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>○</td></tr><tr><td>Alternating frequency</td><td>32Hz</td><td>32Hz</td><td>43Hz</td></tr></tbody></table> (Alternating frequency is for 32.768kHz crystal OSC application.)		Static	1/2 duty	1/3 duty	COM1	○	○	○	COM2	-	○	○	COM3	-	-	○	Alternating frequency	32Hz	32Hz	43Hz
	Static	1/2 duty	1/3 duty																					
COM1	○	○	○																					
COM2	-	○	○																					
COM3	-	-	○																					
Alternating frequency	32Hz	32Hz	43Hz																					
19 to 23 37 to 49	Segment driver	Output		Output pins for LCD panel segments. Mask option permits Seg 14 to Seg 27 (pad No.10 to 23) to be used as output ports.																				
26 35 25 8 9	32Hz T3 TEST	Test		Test pins (not used by user)																				

(Note) For Ag battery power supply,  is connected to VSS1; for Li battery/EXT-V power supply, connected to VSS2.

* 4kHz, 2kHz, 1kHz: For 32.768kHz crystal OSC application, proportional to OSC frequency.

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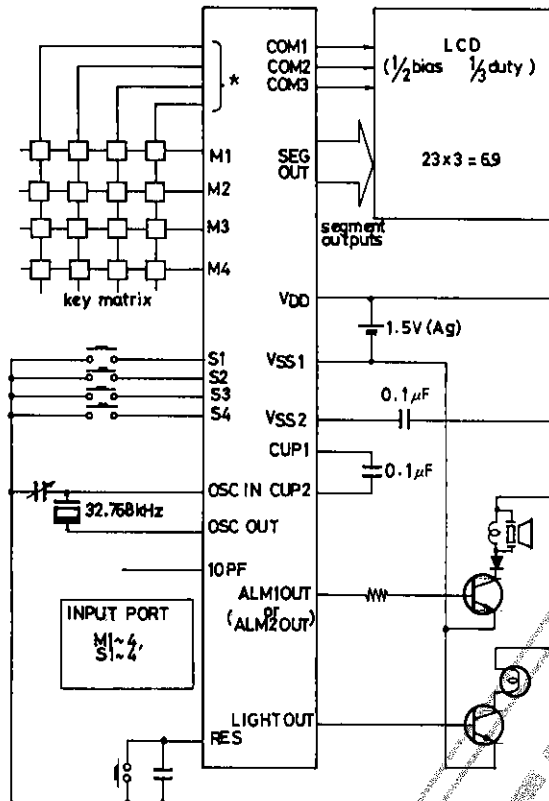
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Sample Application Circuits

(1) Ag battery used application

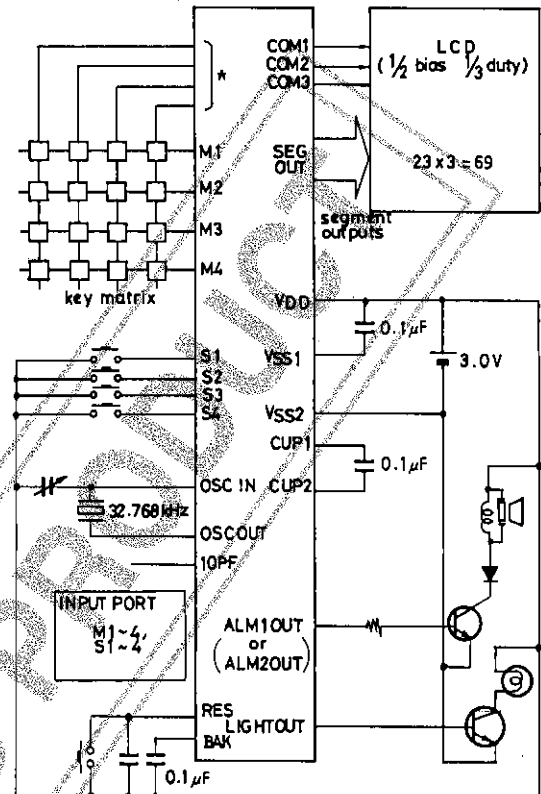
(1/2 bias 1/3 duty) *: 4 segment outputs are used for output ports.



Crystal OSC (Power supply : Ag battery version)

(2) Li battery used application

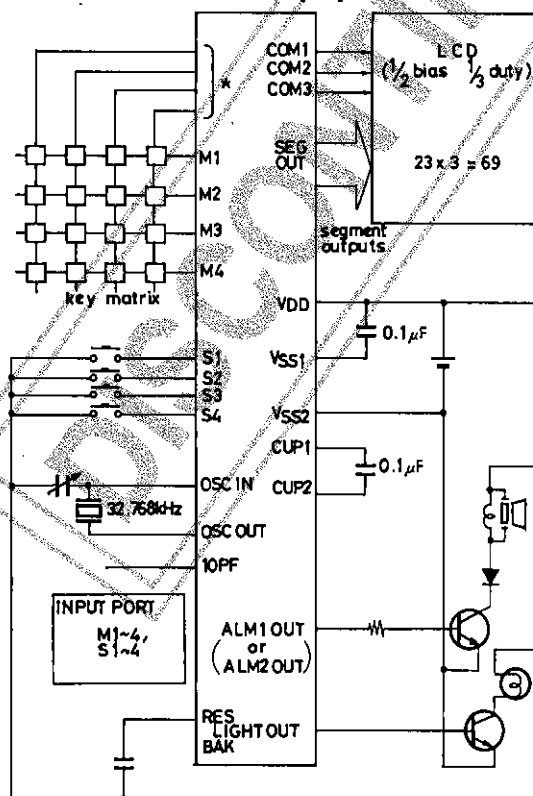
(1/2 bias 1/3 duty) *: 4 segment outputs are used for output ports.



Crystal OSC (Power supply : Li battery version)

(3) EXT-V used application

(1/2 bias 1/3 duty) *: 4 segment outputs are used for output ports.



Crystal OSC (Power supply : EXT-V version)

● Ag Battery Version

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	V_{SS1}	-4.0 to +0.3	V
	V_{SS2}	-4.0 to +0.3	V
Maximum Input Voltage	V_{IN}	S1-4, M1-4, 32Hz, TEST, 10P, OSCIN, RES	$V_{SS1} - 0.3$ to 0.3
Maximum Output Voltage	V_{OUT1}	32Hz, CUP2, OSCOUT, ALM1, ALM2, LIGHT	$V_{SS1} - 0.3$ to 0.3
	V_{OUT2}	SEGOUT, COM1, COM2, COM3, CUP1	$V_{SS2} - 0.3$ to 0.3
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}		-10 to +65 $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}		-30 to +125 $^\circ\text{C}$

Allowable Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			min	typ	max	unit
Supply Voltage	V_{SS1}		-1.65	-1.30		V
	V_{SS2}		-3.3	-2.4		V
Input 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{IH}	S1-4, M1-4, RES	-0.2	0		V
Input 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{IL}	S1-4, M1-4, RES	V_{SS1}	$V_{SS1} + 0.2$		V
Operating Frequency	f_{opg1}	$T_a = -10$ to $+65^\circ\text{C}$, crystal OSC	32		33	kHz
	f_{opg2}	$T_a = -10$ to $+65^\circ\text{C}$, CR OSC		32.768		kHz

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			min	typ	max	unit
Input Resistance	R_{IN1A}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, $V_{IL} = V_{SS1} + 0.2\text{V}$, 'L' level hold tr., *1, Fig.1	200		2000	k Ω
	R_{IN1B}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, 'L' level pull-in tr., *1, Fig.1	200		2000	k Ω
	R_{IN2}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, TEST, RES	10		300	k Ω
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH1}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -0.4\mu\text{A}$, *2	-0.2			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL1}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 0.4\mu\text{A}$, *2		$V_{SS2} + 0.2$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH2}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3	-0.2			V
Output 'M'-Level Voltage	V_{OM}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -4\mu\text{A}$, $I_{OL} = 4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3	$V_{SS1} - 0.2$	$V_{SS1} + 0.2$		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL2}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3		$V_{SS2} + 0.2$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH3}	$V_{SS1} = -1.35\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -250\mu\text{A}$, ALM1, ALM2, LIGHT	-0.65			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL3}	$V_{SS1} = -1.35\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 150\mu\text{A}$, ALM1, ALM2, LIGHT		$V_{SS1} + 0.65$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH4}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -20\mu\text{A}$, *3	-0.2			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL4}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 20\mu\text{A}$, *3		$V_{SS1} + 0.2$		V
Output Voltage	V_{SS2}	$V_{SS1} = -1.35\text{V}$, $C1 = C2 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, $f_{opg} = 32.768\text{kHz}$, Fig.2	-3.3		-2.5	V
Current Dissipation	I_{DD}	$V_{SS1} = -1.55\text{V}$, $C1 = C2 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, $C_0 = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, $C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$, crystal OSC, HALT mode, Fig.2		2.0		μA
Oscillation Start Voltage	V_{stt}	$C_0 = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig.3	-1.35			V
Oscillation Hold Voltage	V_{HOLD}	$C_0 = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig.3	-1.65		-1.30	V
Oscillation Start Time	t_{stt}	$C_0 = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig.3			10	s
Oscillation Compensation Capacitance	10P	External pin	8	. 10	12	pF

Notes for developing an LC5730 series microcomputer-used system

The low current dissipation is a distinctive feature of the LC5730 series microcomputers. However, it is not easy to determine the total current to be dissipated in an LC5730 series microcomputer-used system by actual measurement when you develop a software, because much current flows in the peripherals of the evaluation tools.

For a system which requires low current dissipation, check the current dissipation using an evaluation sample before mass-producing the system.

● Li Battery Version

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_A = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$			
Maximum Supply Voltage	V_{SS1}	-4.0 to +0.3	V
	V_{SS2}	-4.0 to +0.3	V
Maximum Input Voltage	V_{IN1}	10P, OSCIN, 32Hz	$V_{SS1} - 0.3$ to 0.3
	V_{IN2}	S1-4, M1-4, TEST, RES	$V_{SS2} - 0.3$ to 0.3
Maximum Output Voltage	V_{OUT1}	32Hz, CUP2, OSCOUT	$V_{SS1} - 0.3$ to 0.3
	V_{OUT2}	SEGOUT, COM1, COM2, COM3, CUP1, LIGHT, ALM1, ALM2	$V_{SS2} - 0.3$ to 0.3
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}		-10 to +65
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}		-30 to +125

Allowable Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

		min	typ	max	unit
Supply Voltage	V_{SS1}	-3.6		-1.3	V
	V_{SS2}	-3.6		-2.0	V
Input 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{IH}	S1-4, M1-4, RES	-0.4	0	V
Input 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{IL}	S1-4, M1-4, RES	V_{SS2}	$V_{SS2} + 0.4$	V
Operating Frequency	f_{opg1}	$T_a = -10$ to $+65^\circ\text{C}$, crystal OSC	32	33	kHz

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

		min	typ	max	unit
Input Resistance	R_{IN1A}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $V_{IL} = V_{SS2} + 0.4\text{V}$, 'L' level hold tr., *1, Fig. 4	200	2000	k Ω
	R_{IN1B}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, 'L' level pull-in tr., *1, Fig. 4	100	2000	k Ω
	R_{IN2}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, TEST, RES	10	300	k Ω
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH1}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -0.4\mu\text{A}$, *2	-0.2		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL1}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 0.4\mu\text{A}$, *2		$V_{SS2} + 0.2$	V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH2}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3	-0.2		V
Output 'M'-Level Voltage	V_{OM}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -4\mu\text{A}$, $I_{OL} = 4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3	$V_{SS2}/2 - 0.2$	$V_{SS2}/2 + 0.2$	V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL2}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3		$V_{SS2} + 0.2$	V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH3}	$V_{SS2} = -2.4\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -250\mu\text{A}$, ALM1, ALM2	-0.65		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL3}	$V_{SS2} = -2.4\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 250\mu\text{A}$, ALM1, ALM2		$V_{SS2} + 0.65$	V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH4}	$V_{SS2} = -2.4\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -150\mu\text{A}$, LIGHT	-1.5		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL4}	$V_{SS2} = -2.4\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 150\mu\text{A}$, LIGHT		$V_{SS2} + 1.5$	V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH5}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -40\mu\text{A}$, *3	-0.4		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL5}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 40\mu\text{A}$, *3		$V_{SS2} + 0.4$	V
Output Voltage (halver)	V_{SS1}	$V_{SS2} = -2.8\text{V}$, $C1 \neq C2 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, $f_{opg} = 32.768\text{kHz}$, Fig. 5		-1.35	V
Current Dissipation	I_{DD}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, crystal OSC, HALT mode, $C1 = C2 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, $C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, $C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$, Fig. 5	0.8	1.5	μA
Oscillation Start Voltage	V_{stt}	$C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig. 6	-1.35		V
Oscillation Hold Voltage	V_{HOLD}	$C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig. 6		-2.6	V
Oscillation Start Time	t_{stt}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig. 6		10	s
Oscillation Compensation Capacitance	10P	External pin	8	10	12 pF

●EXT-V Version

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	V_{SS1}	-4.0 to +0.3	V
	V_{SS2}	-4.0 to +0.3	V
Maximum Input Voltage	V_{IN}	10P, OSCIN, 32Hz, S1-4, M1-4, TEST, RES $V_{SS2} - 0.3$ to 0.3	V
Maximum Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	32Hz, CUP2, OSCOUT, SEGOUT, COM1, COM2, COM3, CUP1, LIGHT, ALM1, ALM2 $V_{SS2} - 0.3$ to 0.3	V
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-30 to +70	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$

Allowable Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			min	typ	max	unit
Supply Voltage	V_{SS1}		-3.6		-1.3	V
	V_{SS2}		-3.6		-2.0	V
Input 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{IH}	S1-4, M1-4, RES	-0.4		0	V
Input 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{IL}	S1-4, M1-4, RES	V_{SS2}		$V_{SS2} + 0.4$	V
Operating Frequency	f_{opg1}	$T_a = -30$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, crystal OSC	32		33	kHz
	f_{opg2}	$T_a = -30$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, CR OSC		32.768		kHz

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			min	typ	max	unit
Input Resistance	R_{IN1A}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $V_{IL} = V_{SS2} + 0.4\text{V}$, 'L' level hold tr., *1, Fig.4	200		2000	k Ω
	R_{IN1B}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, 'L' level pull-in tr., *1, Fig.4	100		2000	k Ω
	R_{IN3}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, TEST, RES	10		300	k Ω
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH1}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -0.4\mu\text{A}$, *2	-0.2			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL1}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 0.4\mu\text{A}$, *2		$V_{SS2} + 0.2$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH2}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3	-0.2			V
Output 'M'-Level Voltage	V_{OM}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -4\mu\text{A}$, $I_{OL} = 4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3	$V_{SS2}/2 - 0.2$	$V_{SS2}/2 + 0.2$		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL2}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3		$V_{SS2} + 0.2$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH3}	$V_{SS2} = -2.4\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -250\mu\text{A}$, ALM1, ALM2	-0.65			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL3}	$V_{SS2} = -2.4\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 250\mu\text{A}$, ALM1, ALM2		$V_{SS2} + 0.65$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH4}	$V_{SS2} = -2.4\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -150\mu\text{A}$, LIGHT	-1.5			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL4}	$V_{SS2} = -2.4\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 150\mu\text{A}$, LIGHT		$V_{SS2} + 1.5$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH5}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -40\mu\text{A}$, *3	-0.4			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL5}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 40\mu\text{A}$, *3		$V_{SS2} + 0.4$		V
Output Voltage (halver)	V_{SS1}	$V_{SS2} = -2.8\text{V}$, $C1 = C2 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, $f_{opg} = 32.768\text{kHz}$, Fig.5			-1.35	V
Current Dissipation	I_{DD}	$V_{SS2} = -2.9\text{V}$, crystal OSC, HALT mode, $C1 = C2 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, $C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, $C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$, Fig.5		5.0		μA
Oscillation Start Voltage	V_{stt}	$C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig.6	-2.2			V
Oscillation Hold Voltage	V_{HOLD}	$C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig.6			-2.0	V
Oscillation Start Time	t_{stt}	$V_{SS2} = -2.2\text{V}$, $C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig.6			10	s
Oscillation Compensation Capacitance	10P	External pin	8	10	12	pF

*1 S1, S2, S3, S4; M1, M2, M3, M4

*2 LCD driver output pins out of SEGOUT1 to 13 and SEGOUT14 to 27

*3 Output pins out of SEGOUT14 to 27

Specifications for LC5732

● EXT-V Version 1 [Crystal OSC]

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	V_{SS1}	-7.0 to +0.3	V
	V_{SS2}	-7.0 to +0.3	V
Maximum Input Voltage	V_{IN}	10P, OSCIN, 32Hz, S1-4, M1-4, TEST, RES	$V_{SS2} - 0.3$ to 0.3 V
Maximum Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	32Hz, CUP2, OSCOUT, SEGOUT, COM1, COM2, COM3, CUP1, LIGHT, ALM1, ALM2	$V_{SS2} - 0.3$ to 0.3 V
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}		-30 to +70 $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}		-40 to +125 $^\circ\text{C}$

Allowable Operating Conditions at $T_a = -30$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			min	typ	max	unit
Supply Voltage	V_{SS1}		-6.0		-1.3	V
	V_{SS2}		-6.0		-2.0	V
Input 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{IH1}	S1-4, M1-4, RES	$0.3 \times V_{SS2}$		0	V
Input 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{IL1}	S1-4, M1-4, RES		$0.7 \times V_{SS2}$		V
Input 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{IH2}	RES	$0.25 \times V_{SS2}$		0	V
Input 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{IL2}	RES		$0.75 \times V_{SS2}$		V
Operating Frequency	f_{opg}	Crystal OSC (recommended OSC circuit Fig.7)	32		33	kHz

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = -30$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			min	typ	max	unit
Input Resistance	R_{IN1A}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $V_{IL} = V_{SS2} + 0.4\text{V}$, 'L' level hold tr., *1, Fig.4	100		1000	k Ω
	R_{IN1B}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, 'L' level pull-in tr., *1, Fig.4	100		1000	k Ω
	R_{IN2}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, TEST, RES	10		300	k Ω
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH1}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -0.4\mu\text{A}$, *2	-0.2			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL1}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 0.4\mu\text{A}$, *2		$V_{SS2} + 0.2$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH2}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3	-0.2			V
Output 'M'-Level Voltage	V_{OM}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -4\mu\text{A}$, $I_{OL} = 4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3	$V_{SS2}/2 - 0.2$	$V_{SS2}/2 + 0.2$		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL2}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3		$V_{SS2} + 0.2$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH3}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -2.0\text{mA}$, ALM1, ALM2	-1.0			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL3}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 2.0\text{mA}$, ALM1, ALM2		$V_{SS2} + 1.0$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH4}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -250\mu\text{A}$, LIGHT	-1.5			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL4}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 250\mu\text{A}$, LIGHT		$V_{SS2} + 1.5$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH5}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -80\mu\text{A}$, *3	-0.8			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL5}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 80\mu\text{A}$, *3		$V_{SS2} + 0.8$		V
Output Voltage (halver)	V_{SS1}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $C1 = C2 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, $f_{opg} = 32.768\text{kHz}$, Fig.5			-2.4	V
Current Dissipation	I_{DD}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, crystal OSC, HALT mode, $C1 = C2 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, $C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, $C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$, Fig.5		10.0		μA
Oscillation Start Voltage	V_{stt}	$C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig.6	-2.3			V
Oscillation Hold Voltage	V_{HOLD}	$C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig.6			-2.0	V
Oscillation Start Time	t_{stt}	$V_{SS2} = -2.3\text{V}$, $C_o = C_g = 20\text{pF}$, crystal OSC ($C_I \leq 25\text{k}\Omega$), Fig.6			10	s
Oscillation Compensation Capacitance	10P	External pin	8	10	12	pF

*1 S1, S2, S3, S4; M1, M2, M3, M4

*2 LCD driver output pins out of SEGOUT1 to 13 and SEGOUT14 to 27

*3 Output pins out of SEGOUT14 to 27

● EXT-V Version 2 [Ceramic resonator OSC] ※0

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25 ± 2°C, V_{DD} = 0V

			unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	V _{SS1}	-7.0 to +0.3	V
	V _{SS2}	-7.0 to +0.3	V
Maximum Input Voltage	V _{IN}	10P, OSCIN, 32Hz, S1-4, M1-4, TEST, RES	V _{SS2} - 0.3 to 0.3 V
Maximum Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	32Hz, CUP2, OSCOUT, SEGOUT, COM1, COM2, COM3, CUP1, LIGHT, ALM1, ALM2	V _{SS2} - 0.3 to 0.3 V
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}		-30 to +70 °C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}		-40 to +125 °C

Allowable Operating Conditions at Ta = -30 to +70°C, V_{DD} = 0V

		min	typ	max	unit
Supply Voltage	V _{SS1}	-6.0		-2.0	V
	V _{SS2}	-6.0		-4.0	V
Input 'H'-Level Voltage	V _{IH1}	0.3 × V _{SS2}		0	V
Input 'L'-Level Voltage	V _{IL1}		V _{SS2}	0.7 × V _{SS2}	V
Input 'H'-Level Voltage	V _{IH2}	0.25 × V _{SS2}		0	V
Input 'L'-Level Voltage	V _{IL2}		V _{SS2}	0.75 × V _{SS2}	V
Operating Frequency	f _{opg}	Using recommended ceramic resonator ※0 (Recommended OSC circuit Fig.12)	380	400	420 kHz

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = -30 to +70°C, V_{DD} = 0V

		min	typ	max	unit
Input Resistance	R _{IN1A}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, V _{IL} = V _{SS2} + 0.4V, 'L' level hold tr., ※1, Fig.4	100		1000 kΩ
	R _{IN1B}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, 'L' level pull-in tr., ※1, Fig.4	100		1000 kΩ
	R _{IN2}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, TEST, RES	10		300 kΩ
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V _{OH1}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OH} = -0.4μA, ※2	-0.2		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V _{OL1}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OL} = 0.4μA, ※2		V _{SS2} + 0.2	V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V _{OH2}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OH} = -4μA, COM1, COM2, COM3	-0.2		V
Output 'M'-Level Voltage	V _{OM}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OH} = -4μA, I _{OL} = 4μA, COM1, COM2, COM3	V _{SS2} /2 - 0.2	V _{SS2} /2 + 0.2	V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V _{OL2}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OL} = 4μA, COM1, COM2, COM3		V _{SS2} + 0.2	V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V _{OH3}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OH} = -2.0mA, ALM1, ALM2	-1.0		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V _{OL3}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OL} = 2.0mA, ALM1, ALM2		V _{SS2} + 1.0	V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V _{OH4}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OH} = -250μA, LIGHT	-1.50		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V _{OL4}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OL} = 250μA, LIGHT		V _{SS2} + 1.50	V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V _{OH5}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OH} = -80μA, ※3	-0.8		V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V _{OL5}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, I _{OL} = 80μA, ※3		V _{SS2} + 0.8	V
Output Voltage (halver)	V _{SS1}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, C1 = C2 = 0.1μF, f _{opg} = 400kHz, Fig.9		-2.4	V
Current Dissipation	I _{DD}	V _{SS2} = -5.0V, ceramic resonator OSC, HALT mode, C1 = C2 = 0.1μF, Co = Cg = 100pF, Fig.9	50		μA
Oscillation Start Voltage	V _{stt}	Co = Cg = 100pF, ceramic resonator OSC, Fig.10	-3.0		V
Oscillation Hold Voltage	V _{HOLD}	Co = Cg = 100pF, ceramic resonator OSC, Fig.10		-3.0	V
Oscillation Start Time	t _{stt}	V _{SS2} = -3.0V, Co = Cg = 100pF, ceramic resonator OSC, Fig.10		10	s
External Capacitance for Ceramic Resonator OSC	Co	Fig.12	100 ± 10%		pF
	Cg	Fig.12	100 ± 10%		pF
External Resistance for Ceramic Resonator OSC	R	Fig.12	1000 ± 5%		kΩ

※0 Recommended ceramic resonator : CSB400P (Murata), KBR400B (Kyocera)

※1 S1, S2, S3, S4 ; M1, M2, M3, M4

※2 LCD driver output pins out of SEGOUT1 to 13 and SEGOUT14 to 27

※3 Output pins out of SEGOUT14 to 27

LC5732, 5732H

● EXT-V Version 3 [CR OSC]

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

Maximum Supply Voltage	V_{SS1}		-7.0 to +0.3	V
	V_{SS2}		-7.0 to +0.3	V
Maximum Input Voltage	V_{IN}	10P, OSCIN, 32Hz, S1-4, M1-4, TEST, RES	$V_{SS2} - 0.3$ to 0.3	V
Maximum Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	32Hz, CUP2, OSCOUT, SEGOUT, COM1, COM2, COM3, CUP1, LIGHT, ALM1, ALM2	$V_{SS2} - 0.3$ to 0.3	V
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}		-30 to +70	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}		-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$

Allowable Operating Conditions at $T_a = -30$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			min	typ	max	unit
Supply Voltage	V_{SS1}		-6.0		-1.3	V
	V_{SS2}		-6.0		-2.5	V
Input 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{IH1}	S1-4, M1-4	$0.3 \times V_{SS2}$		0	V
Input 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{IL1}	S1-4, M1-4	V_{SS2}		$0.7 \times V_{SS2}$	V
Input 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{IH2}	RES	$0.25 \times V_{SS2}$		0	V
Input 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{IL2}	RES	V_{SS2}		$0.75 \times V_{SS2}$	V
Operating Frequency	f_{opg}	Using recommended CR OSC circuit (Fig.11)	100	250	400	kHz

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = -30$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$

			min	typ	max	unit
Input Resistance	R_{IN1A}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $V_{IL} = V_{SS2} + 0.4\text{V}$, 'L' level hold tr., *1, Fig.4	100		1000	k Ω
	R_{IN1B}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, 'L' level pull-in tr., *1, Fig.4	100		1000	k Ω
	R_{IN2}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, TEST, RES	10		300	k Ω
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH1}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -0.4\mu\text{A}$, *2	-0.2			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL1}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 0.4\mu\text{A}$, *2		$V_{SS2} + 0.2$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH2}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3	-0.2			V
Output 'M'-Level Voltage	V_{OM}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -4\mu\text{A}$, $I_{OL} = 4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3	$V_{SS2}/2 - 0.2$		$V_{SS2}/2 + 0.2$	V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL2}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 4\mu\text{A}$, COM1, COM2, COM3		$V_{SS2} + 0.2$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH3}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -2.0\text{mA}$, ALM1, ALM2	-1.0			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL3}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 2.0\text{mA}$, ALM1, ALM2		$V_{SS2} + 1.0$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH4}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -250\mu\text{A}$, LIGHT	-1.50			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL4}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 250\mu\text{A}$, LIGHT		$V_{SS2} + 1.50$		V
Output 'H'-Level Voltage	V_{OH5}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OH} = -80\mu\text{A}$, *3	-0.8			V
Output 'L'-Level Voltage	V_{OL5}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 80\mu\text{A}$, *3		$V_{SS2} + 0.8$		V
Output Voltage (halver)	V_{SS1}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $R_{ext} = 91\text{k}\Omega$, $C_{ext} = 30\text{pF}$, $C1 = C2 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, Fig.8			-2.4	V
Current Dissipation	I_{DD}	$V_{SS2} = -5.0\text{V}$, $R_{ext} = 91\text{k}\Omega$, $C_{ext} = 30\text{pF}$, Fig.8		250		μA
External Capacitance for CR OSC	C_{ext}	Fig.11	10	30	100	pF
External Resistance for CR OSC	R_{ext}	Fig.11	30	91	200	k Ω

*1 S1, S2, S3, S4, M1, M2, M3, M4

*2 LCD driver output pins out of SEGOUT1 to 13 and SEGOUT14 to 27

*3 Output pins out of SEGOUT14 to 27

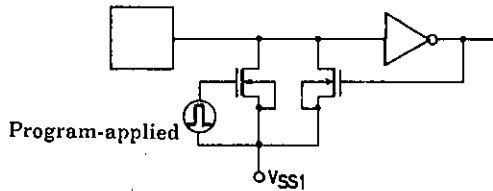


Fig.1 Input configuration of S1-4, M1-4

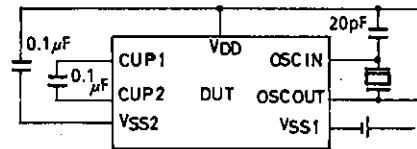


Fig.2 Current dissipation, output voltage test circuit

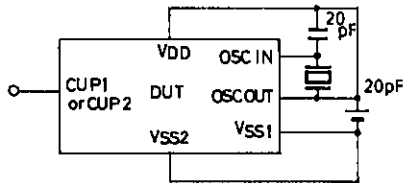


Fig.3 Oscillation start voltage, oscillation start time, frequency stability, oscillation hold voltage test circuit

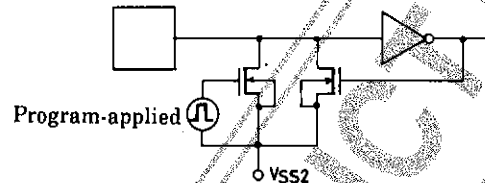


Fig.4 Input configuration of S1-4, M1-4

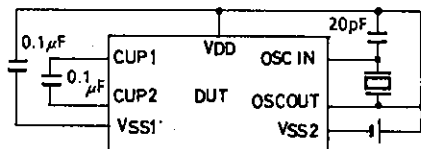


Fig.5 Current dissipation, output voltage test circuit

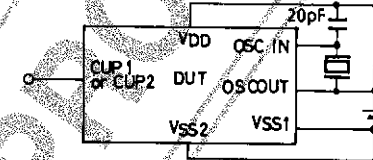


Fig.6 Oscillation start voltage, oscillation start time, frequency stability, oscillation hold voltage test circuit

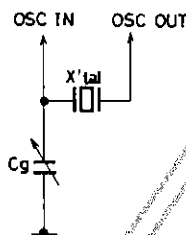


Fig.7 Recommended crystal oscillation circuit

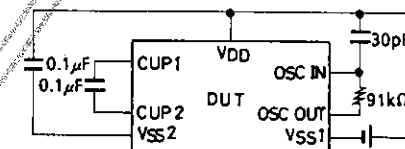


Fig.8 Current dissipation, output voltage test circuit

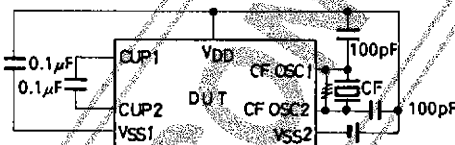


Fig.9 Current dissipation, output voltage test circuit

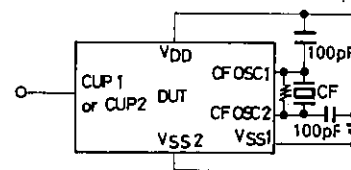


Fig.10 Oscillation start voltage, oscillation start time, frequency stability, oscillation hold voltage test circuit

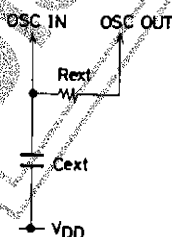


Fig.11 Recommended CR oscillation circuit

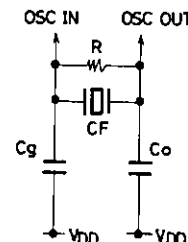


Fig.12 Recommended ceramic resonator oscillation circuit