

## Industrial Standard, Universal DC/DC Converter

### FEATURES

- 3V to 30V Input Voltage Operation.
- Internal 1.6A Peak Current Switch.
- Internal  $\pm 1.8\%$  Reference.
- Low Quiescent Current at 1.6mA.
- Frequency Operation from 100Hz to 100KHz.
- Current Limiting.

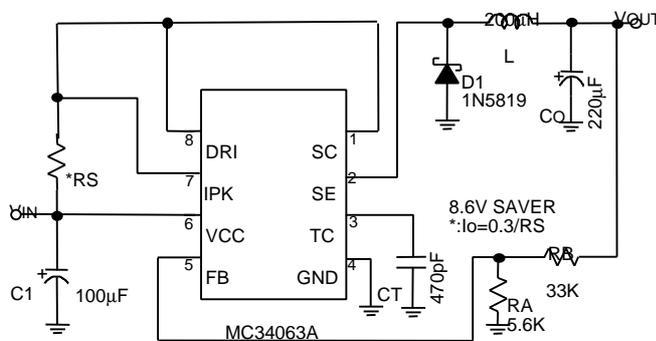
### APPLICATIONS

- Saver for Cellular phones
- DC-DC Converter Module

### DESCRIPTION

The MC34063A by Analog Integrations Corporation, an improved second source over the industrial standard MC34063A, is a monolithic control circuit containing the primary functions required for DC/DC converters. The device consists of an internal temperature compensated reference, comparator, controlled duty cycle oscillator with an active current limit circuit, driver and high current output switch. This device is specifically designed to be incorporated in step-down, step-up and voltage-inverting applications with a minimum number of external components. The  $\pm 1.8\%$  internal reference and low quiescent current of 1.6mA are among the improvements of the device over the competition.

### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

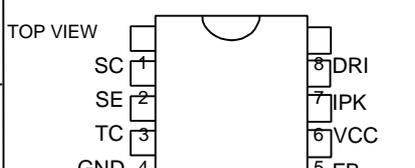


Saver Circuit for Cellular Phone

### ORDERING INFORMATION

MC34063A CX

PACKAGE TYPE  
N: PLASTIC DIP  
S: SMALL OUTLINE

ORDER NUMBER	PIN CONFIGURATION
MC34063ACN (PLASTIC DIP)	TOP VIEW 
MC34063ACS (PLASTIC SO)	

**■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage	.....	30V
Comparator Input Voltage Range	.....	-0.3V~30V
Switch Collector Voltage	.....	30V
Switch Emitter Voltage	.....	30V
Switch Collector to Emitter Voltage	.....	30V
Driver Collector Voltage	.....	30V
Switch Current	.....	1.6A
Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics		

***DIP Package***

T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	.....	1.0W
Thermal Resistance	.....	100°C /W

***SO Package***

T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	.....	625mW
Thermal Resistance	.....	160°C /W

Operating Junction Temperature	.....	125°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	.....	0°C~70°C
Storage Temperature Range	.....	- 65°C~150°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (VCC= 5V, TA=25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>Oscillator</b>						
Charging Current	5.0V≤VCC≤30V	I <sub>CHG</sub>	10	25	40	μA
Discharge Current	5.0V≤VCC≤30V	I <sub>DISCHG</sub>	100	150	200	μA
Voltage Swing	PIN 3	V <sub>OSC</sub>		0.6		V
Discharge to Charge Current Ratio	V <sub>IPK(SENSE)</sub> =VCC	I <sub>DISCHG</sub> / I <sub>CHG</sub>		6.0		
Current Limit Sense Voltage	I <sub>CHG</sub> =I <sub>DISCHG</sub>	V <sub>IPK(SENSE)</sub>	250	300	350	mV
<b>Output Switch</b>						
Saturation Voltage, Darlington Connection	I <sub>SW</sub> =1.0A; V <sub>C(DRIVER)</sub> =V <sub>C(SWITCH)</sub>	V <sub>CE(SAT)</sub>		1.0	1.3	V
Saturation Voltage	I <sub>SW</sub> =1.0A; I <sub>C(DRIVER)</sub> =50mA (Forced β≈20)	V <sub>CE(SAT)</sub>		0.4	0.7	V
DC Current Gain	I <sub>SW</sub> =1.0A; V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V	h <sub>FE</sub>	35	120		
Collector Off-State Current	V <sub>CE</sub> =30V	I <sub>C(OFF)</sub>		10		nA
<b>Comparator</b>						
Threshold Voltage	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	V <sub>FB</sub>	1.227	1.25	1.273	V
Threshold Voltage	0°C≤T <sub>A</sub> ≤70°C		1.21		1.29	
Threshold Voltage Line Regulation	3.0V≤VCC≤30V	REG <sub>LINE</sub>		0.1	0.3	mV/V
Input Bias Current	V <sub>IN</sub> =0V	I <sub>IB</sub>		0.4	1	μA
Supply current	V <sub>IPK(SENSE)</sub> =VCC V <sub>PIN 5</sub> >V <sub>FB</sub> 5.0V≤VCC≤30V C <sub>T</sub> =0.001μF, PIN 2=GND Remaining pins open	I <sub>CC</sub>		1.6	3	mA

**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

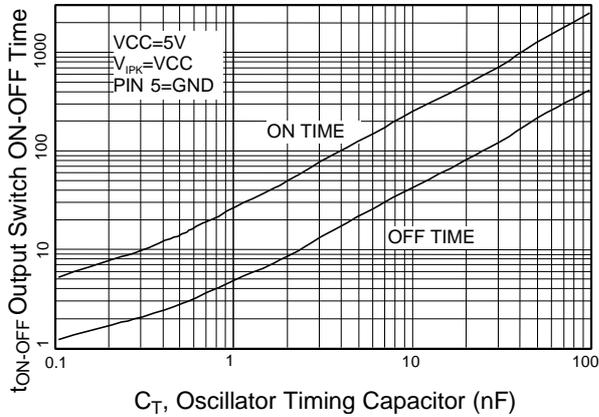


Fig. 1 Output Switch ON-OFF Time vs. Oscillator Timing Capacitor

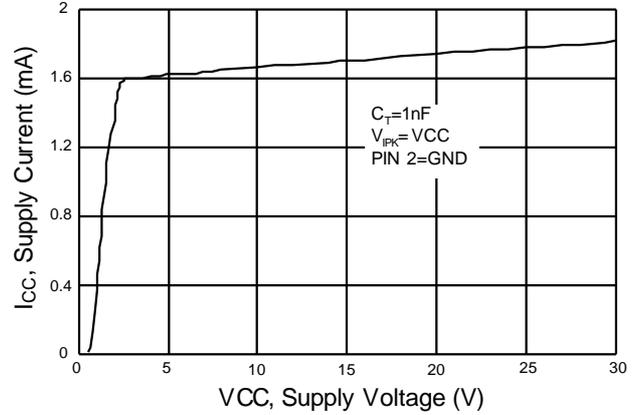


Fig. 2 Standby Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage

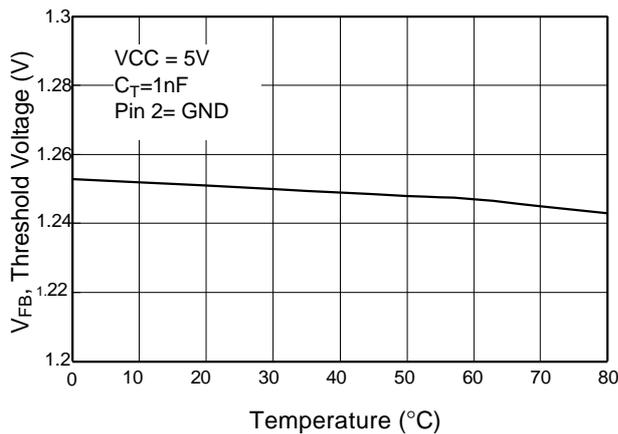


Fig. 3  $V_{FB}$ , Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

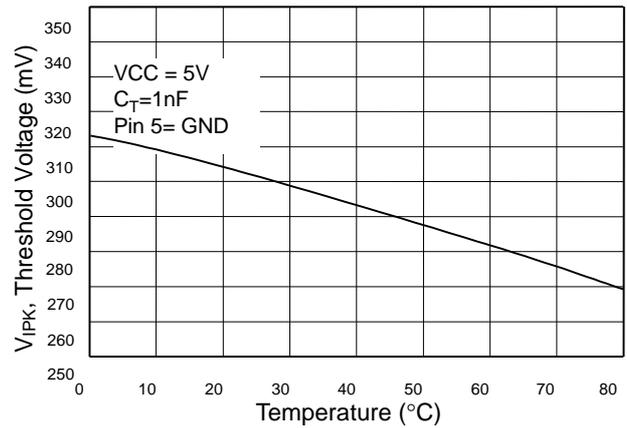


Fig. 4 IPK Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

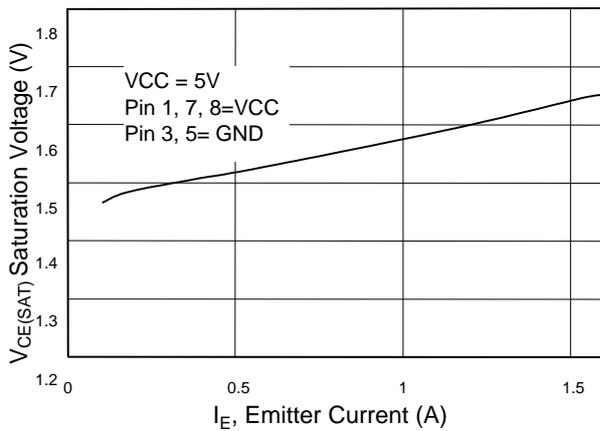


Fig. 5 Emmitter-Follower Configuration Output Switch Saturation Voltage vs. Emmitter Current

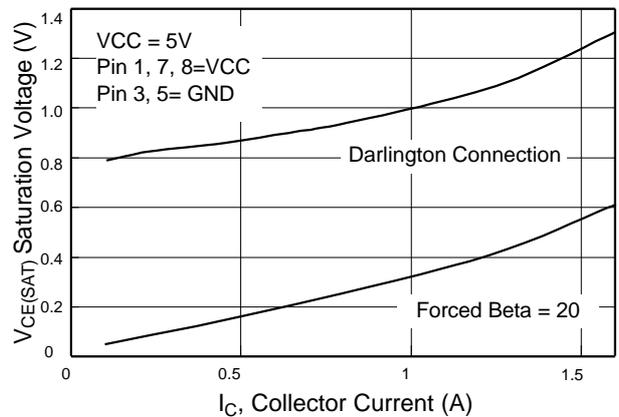
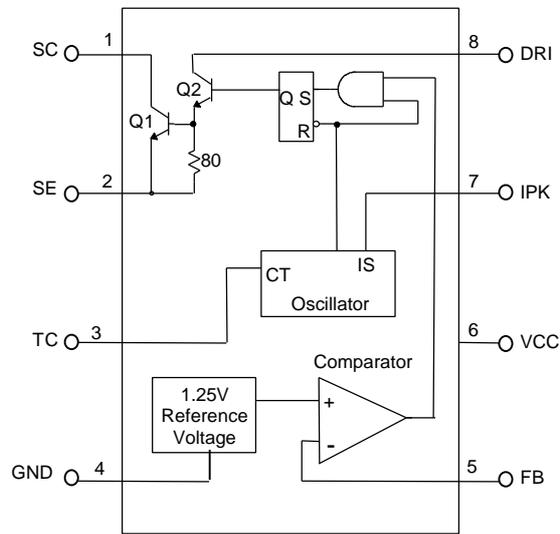


Fig. 6 Common-Emitter Configuration Output Switch Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current

**■ BLOCK DIAGRAM**

**■ PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

- |            |                                 |            |                                                          |
|------------|---------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| PIN 1: SC  | - The switch collector is 1.6A. | PIN 5: FB  | - Feedback comparator inverting input                    |
| PIN 2: SE  | - Darlington switch emitter     | PIN 6: VCC | - Power supply input                                     |
| PIN 3: TC  | - Oscillator timing capacitor   | PIN 7: IPK | - Highside current sense input,<br>VCC - $V_{IPK}=300mV$ |
| PIN 4: GND | - Power GND                     | PIN 8: DRI | - Drive collector                                        |

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### DESIGN FORMULA TABLE

CALCULATION	STEP-DOWN	STEP-UP	VOLTAGE-INVERTING
$\frac{t_{ON}}{t_{OFF}}$	$\frac{V_{OUT} + V_F}{V_{IN(MIN)} - V_{SAT} - V_{OUT}}$	$\frac{V_{OUT} + V_F - V_{IN(MIN)}}{V_{IN(MIN)} - V_{SAT}}$	$\frac{ V_{OUT}  + V_F}{V_{IN} - V_{SAT}}$
$(t_{ON} + t_{OFF})_{MAX}$	$\frac{1}{F_{MIN}}$	$\frac{1}{F_{MIN}}$	$\frac{1}{F_{MIN}}$
$C_T$	$4 \times 10^{-5} t_{ON}$	$4 \times 10^{-5} t_{ON}$	$4 \times 10^{-5} t_{ON}$
$I_{C(SWITCH)}$	$2I_{OUT(MAX)}$	$2I_{OUT(MAX)} \left( \frac{t_{ON} + t_{OFF}}{t_{OFF}} \right)$	$2I_{OUT(MAX)} \left( \frac{t_{ON} + t_{OFF}}{t_{OFF}} \right)$
RS	$0.33/I_{C(SWITCH)}$	$0.33/ I_C(SWITCH)$	$0.33/ I_C(SWITCH)$
L(MIN)	$\left( \frac{V_{IN(MIN)} - V_{SAT} - V_{OUT}}{I_{C(SWITCH)}} \right) t_{ON(MAX)}$	$\left( \frac{V_{IN(MIN)} - V_{SAT}}{I_{C(SWITCH)}} \right) t_{ON(MAX)}$	$\left( \frac{V_{IN(MIN)} - V_{SAT}}{I_{C(SWITCH)}} \right) t_{ON(MAX)}$
$C_o$	$\frac{I_{C(SWITCH)} (t_{ON} + t_{OFF})}{8V_{RIPPLE(P-P)}}$	$\frac{I_{OUT} t_{ON}}{V_{RIPPLE(P-P)}}$	$\frac{I_{OUT} t_{ON}}{V_{RIPPLE(P-P)}}$

$V_{SAT}$  - Saturation voltage of the output switch.  
 $V_F$  - Forward voltage drop of the ringback rectifier

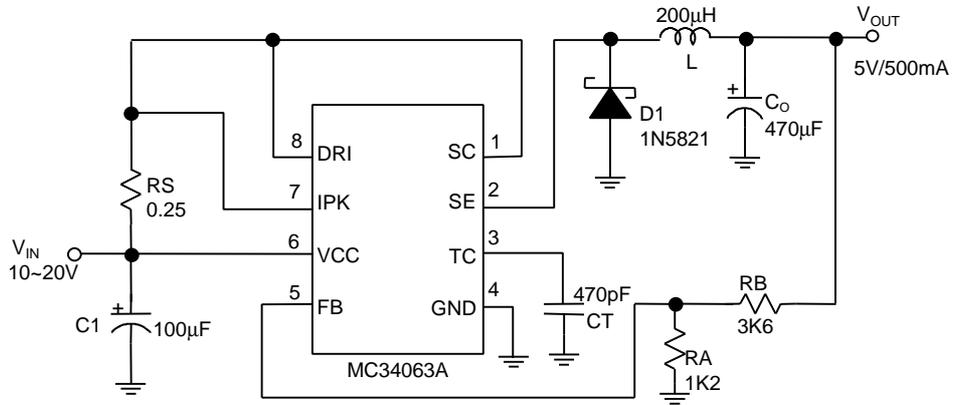
The following power supply characteristics must be chosen:

$V_{IN}$  - Nominal input voltage.  
 $V_{OUT}$  - Desired output voltage,  
 $|V_{OUT}| = 1.25 (1 + R_B/R_A)$   
 $I_{OUT}$  - Desired output current.

$F_{MIN}$  - Minimum desired output switching frequency at the selected values for  $V_{IN}$  and  $I_{OUT}$ .

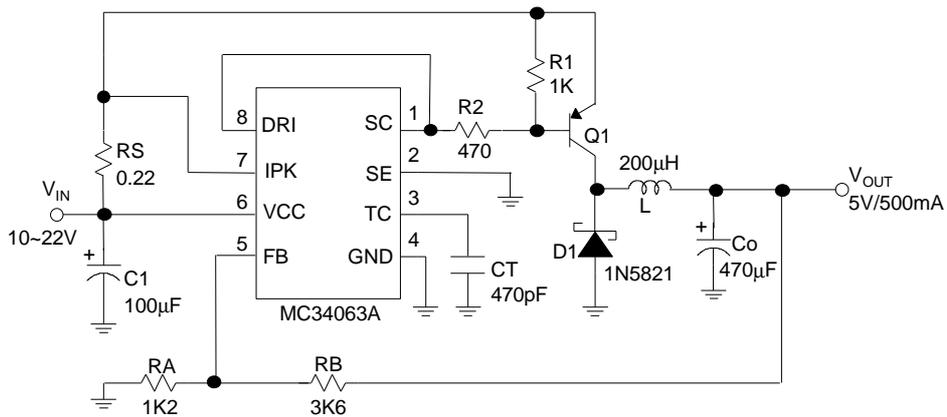
$V_{RIPPLE(P-P)}$  - Desired peak-to-peak output ripple voltage. In practice, the calculated value will need to be increased due to the capacitor equivalent series resistance and board layout. The ripple voltage should be kept to a low value since it will directly effect the line and load regulation.

## APPLICATION EXAMPLES



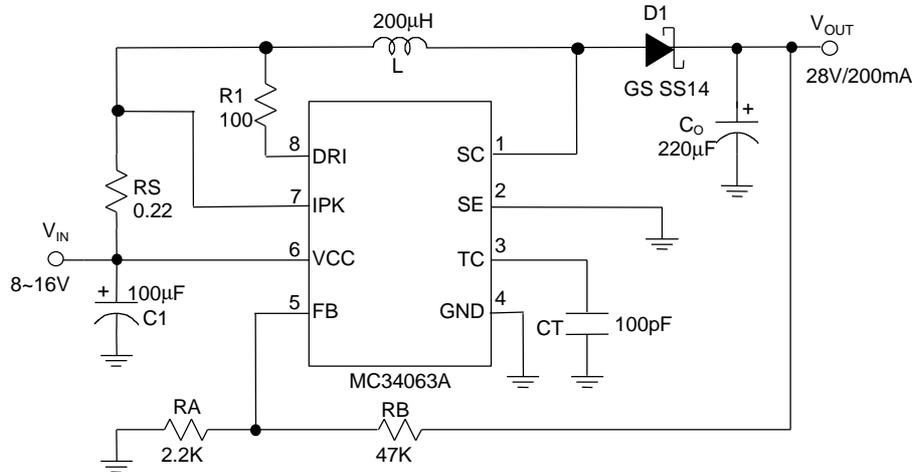
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 10V \sim 20V @ I_O = 500mA$	40mV
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 15V, @ I_O = 10mA \sim 500mA$	5mV
Short Circuit Current	$V_{IN} = 15V, @ R_L = 0.1\Omega$	1.3A

**Fig. 1 Step-Down Converter**



**Fig. 2 Step-Down Converter with External PNP Saturation Switch**

■ APPLICATION EXAMPLES (Continued)



Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 8V \sim 16V @ I_O = 200mA$	100mV
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 12V, @ I_O = 80mA \sim 200mA$	5mV

Fig. 3 Step-Up Converter

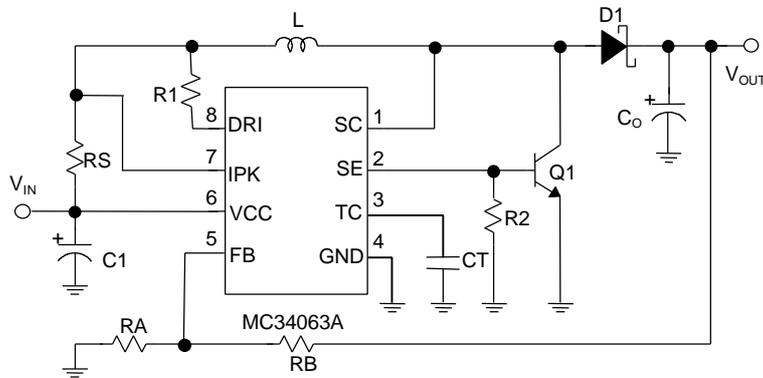
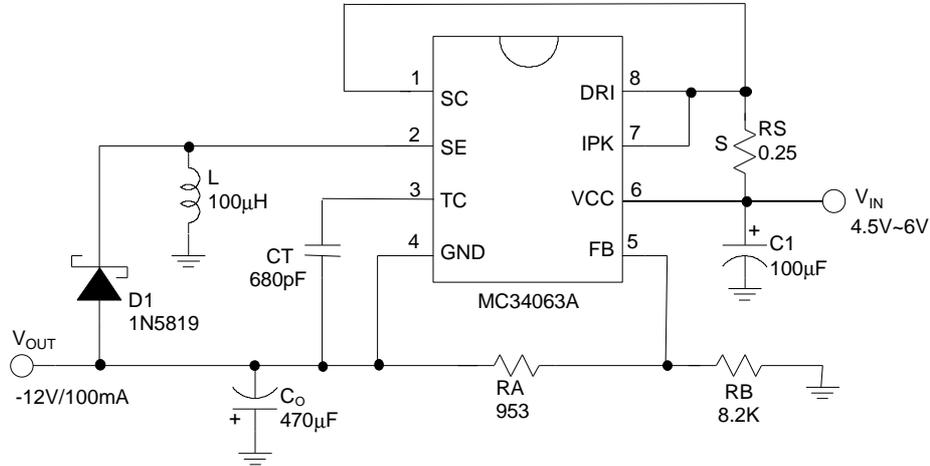


Fig. 4 Step-Up Converter with External NPN Switch

APPLICATION EXAMPLES (Continued)



Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 4.5V \sim 6V @ I_O=100mA$	20mV
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 5V, @ I_O=10mA \sim 100mA$	100mV

Fig.5 Inverting Converter

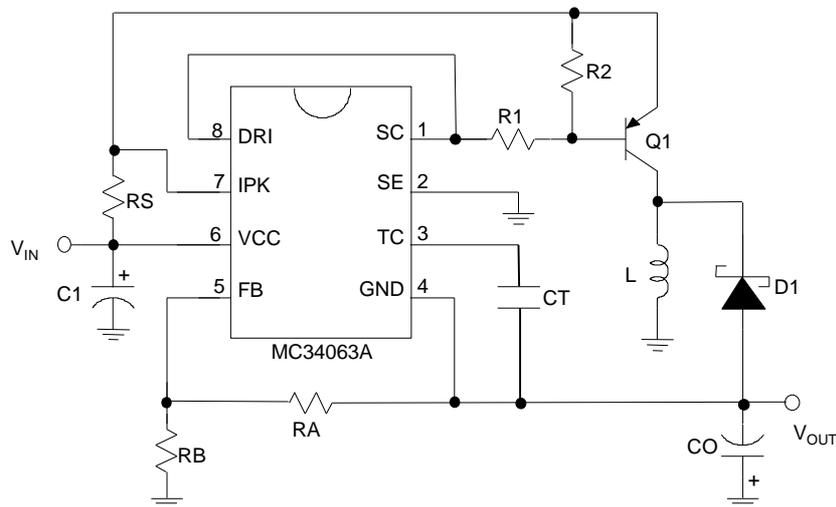
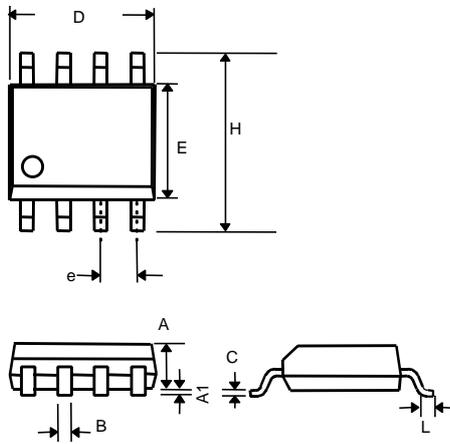
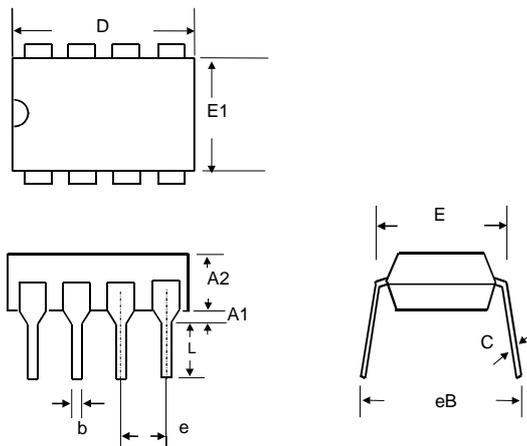


Fig 6. Voltage Inverting Converter with PNP Saturated Switch

**PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS**
**● 8 LEAD PLASTIC SO (unit: mm)**


SYMBOL	MIN	MAX
A	1.35	1.75
A1	0.10	0.25
B	0.33	0.51
C	0.19	0.25
D	4.80	5.00
E	3.80	4.00
e	1.27(TYP)	
H	5.80	6.20
L	0.40	1.27

**● 8 LEAD PLASTIC DIP (unit: mm)**


SYMBOL	MIN	MAX
A1	0.381	—
A2	2.92	4.96
b	0.35	0.56
C	0.20	0.36
D	9.01	10.16
E	7.62	8.26
E1	6.09	7.12
e	2.54 (TYP)	
eB	—	10.92
L	2.92	3.81