

**1 to 3 Watt DO-41 Surmetic 30
Zener Voltage Regulator Diodes
GENERAL DATA APPLICABLE TO ALL SERIES IN
THIS GROUP
1 to 3 Watt Surmetic 30
Silicon Zener Diodes**

**1N5913B
SERIES
1-3 WATT
DO-41
SURMETIC 30**

**1 TO 3 WATT
ZENER REGULATOR
DIODES
3.3-400 VOLTS**

... a complete series of 1 to 3 Watt Zener Diodes with limits and operating characteristics that reflect the superior capabilities of silicon-oxide-passivated junctions. All this in an axial-lead, transfer-molded plastic package offering protection in all common environmental conditions.

Specification Features:

- Surge Rating of 98 Watts @ 1 ms
- Maximum Limits Guaranteed On Up To Six Electrical Parameters
- Package No Larger Than the Conventional 1 Watt Package

Mechanical Characteristics:

CASE: Void-free, transfer-molded, thermosetting plastic

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable

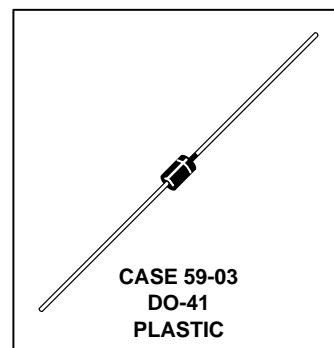
POLARITY: Cathode indicated by color band. When operated in zener mode, cathode will be positive with respect to anode

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

WEIGHT: 0.4 gram (approx)

WAFER FAB LOCATION: Phoenix, Arizona

ASSEMBLY/TEST LOCATION: Seoul, Korea



MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Power Dissipation @ $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$ Lead Length = 3/8" Derate above 75°C	P_D	3 24	Watts mW/°C
DC Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 50^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 50°C	P_D	1 6.67	Watt mW/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	- 65 to +200	°C

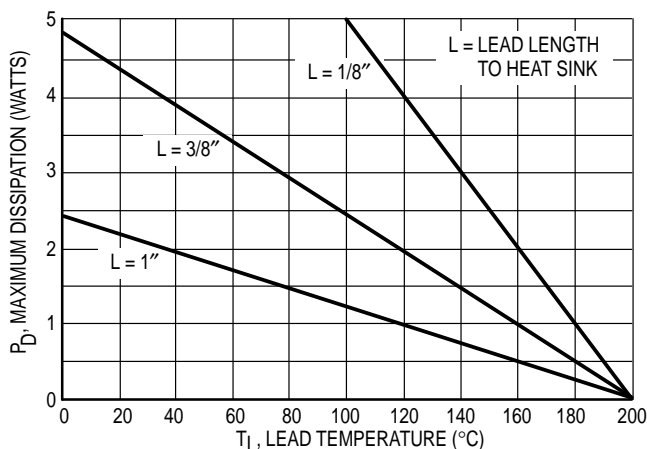


Figure 1. Power Temperature Derating Curve

GENERAL DATA — 500 mW DO-35 GLASS

*MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Power Dissipation @ $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$, Lead Length = 3/8"	P_D	1.5	Watts
Derate above 75°C		12	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

*ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_L = 30^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted. $V_F = 1.5$ Volts Max @ $I_F = 200$ mAdc for all types.)

Motorola Type Number (Note 1)	Nominal Zener Voltage V_Z @ I_{ZT} Volts (Note 2 and 3)	Test Current I_{ZT} mA	Max. Zener Impedance (Note 4)			Max. Reverse Leakage Current		Maximum DC Zener Current I_{ZM} mAdc
			Z_{ZT} @ I_{ZT} Ohms	Z_{ZK} Ohms @	I_{ZK} mA	I_R @ V_R μA Volts		
1N5913B	3.3	113.6	10	500	1	100	1	454
1N5914B	3.6	104.2	9	500	1	75	1	416
1N5917B	4.7	79.8	5	500	1	5	1.5	319
1N5919B	5.6	66.9	2	250	1	5	3	267
1N5920B	6.2	60.5	2	200	1	5	4	241
1N5921B	6.8	55.1	2.5	200	1	5	5.2	220
1N5923B	8.2	45.7	3.5	400	0.5	5	6.5	182
1N5924B	9.1	41.2	4	500	0.5	5	7	164
1N5925B	10	37.5	4.5	500	0.25	5	8	150
1N5927B	12	31.2	6.5	550	0.25	1	9.1	125
1N5929B	15	25	9	600	0.25	1	11.4	100
1N5930B	16	23.4	10	600	0.25	1	12.2	93
1N5931B	18	20.8	12	650	0.25	1	13.7	83
1N5932B	20	18.7	14	650	0.25	1	15.2	75
1N5933B	22	17	17.5	650	0.25	1	16.7	68
1N5934B	24	15.6	19	700	0.25	1	18.2	62
1N5935B	27	13.9	23	700	0.25	1	20.6	55
1N5936B	30	12.5	26	750	0.25	1	22.8	50
1N5937B	33	11.4	33	800	0.25	1	25.1	45
1N5938B	36	10.4	38	850	0.25	1	27.4	41
1N5940B	43	8.7	53	950	0.25	1	32.7	34
1N5941B	47	8	67	1000	0.25	1	35.8	31
1N5942B	51	7.3	70	1100	0.25	1	38.8	29
1N5943B	56	6.7	86	1300	0.25	1	42.6	26
1N5944B	62	6	100	1500	0.25	1	47.1	24
1N5945B	68	5.5	120	1700	0.25	1	51.7	22
1N5946B	75	5	140	2000	0.25	1	56	20
1N5947B	82	4.6	160	2500	0.25	1	62.2	18
1N5948B	91	4.1	200	3000	0.25	1	69.2	16
1N5950B	110	3.4	300	4000	0.25	1	83.6	13
1N5951B	120	3.1	380	4500	0.25	1	91.2	12
1N5952B	130	2.9	450	5000	0.25	1	98.8	11
1N5953B	150	2.5	600	6000	0.25	1	114	10
1N5954B	160	2.3	700	6500	0.25	1	121.6	9
1N5955B	180	2.1	900	7000	0.25	1	136.8	8
1N5956B	200	1.9	1200	8000	0.25	1	152	7

*Indicates JEDEC Registered Data.

NOTE 1. TOLERANCE AND VOLTAGE DESIGNATION

Tolerance designation — Device tolerances of $\pm 5\%$ are indicated by a "B" suffix.

NOTE 2. SPECIAL SELECTIONS AVAILABLE INCLUDE:

Nominal zener voltages between those shown and $\pm 1\%$ and $\pm 2\%$ tight voltage tolerances. Consult factory.

NOTE 3. ZENER VOLTAGE (V_Z) MEASUREMENT

Motorola guarantees the zener voltage when measured at 90 seconds while maintaining the lead temperature (T_L) at $30^\circ\text{C} \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$, 3/8" from the diode body.

NOTE 4. ZENER IMPEDANCE (Z_Z) DERIVATION

The zener impedance is derived from the 60 cycle ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the dc zener current (I_{ZT} or I_{ZK}) is superimposed on I_{ZT} or I_{ZK} .

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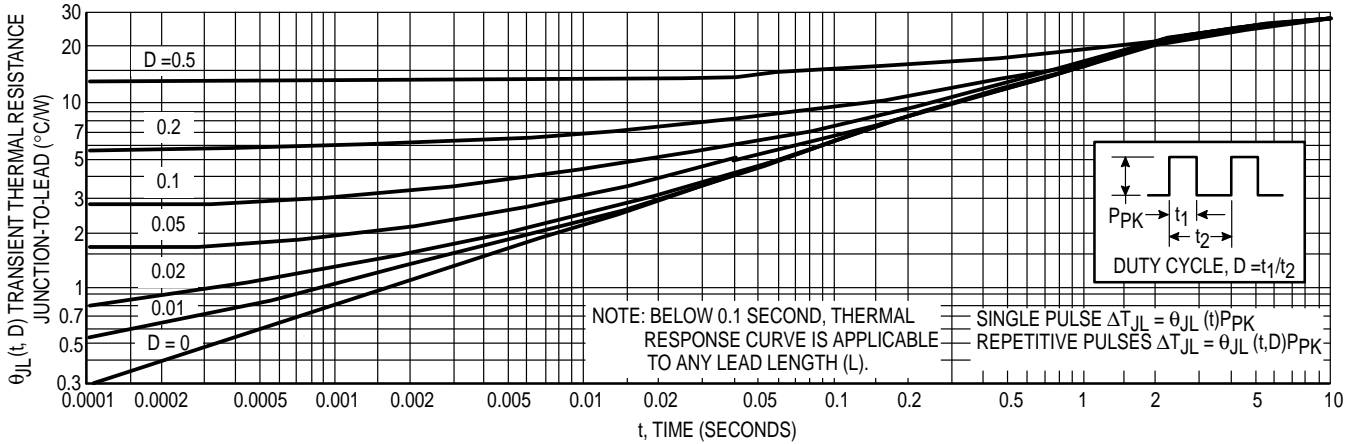


Figure 2. Typical Thermal Response L, Lead Length = 3/8 Inch

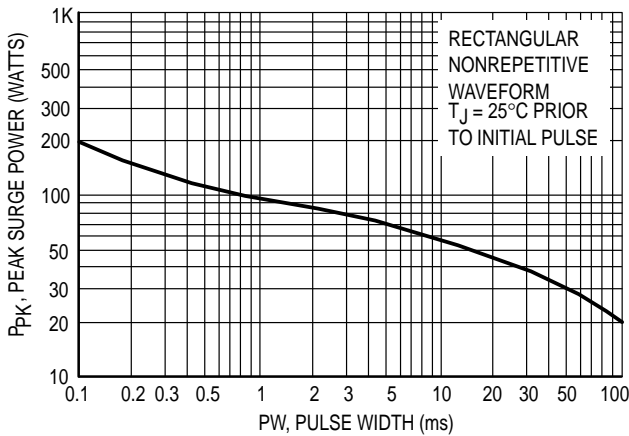


Figure 3. Maximum Surge Power

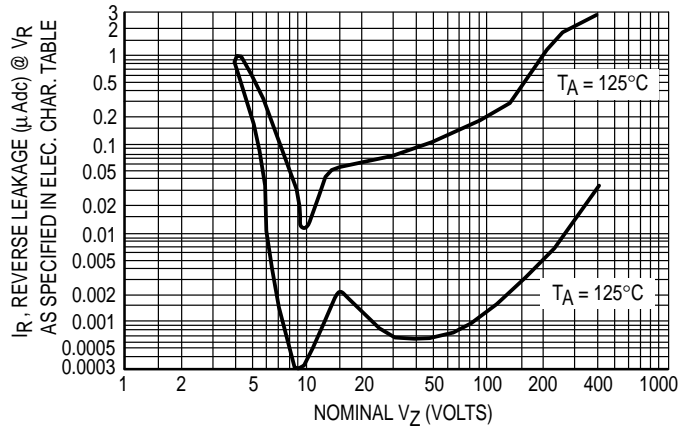


Figure 4. Typical Reverse Leakage

APPLICATION NOTE

Since the actual voltage available from a given zener diode is temperature dependent, it is necessary to determine junction temperature under any set of operating conditions in order to calculate its value. The following procedure is recommended:

Lead Temperature, T_L , should be determined from:

$$T_L = \theta_{LA} P_D + T_A$$

θ_{LA} is the lead-to-ambient thermal resistance ($^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$) and P_D is the power dissipation. The value for θ_{LA} will vary and depends on the device mounting method. θ_{LA} is generally $30\text{--}40^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ for the various clips and tie points in common use and for printed circuit board wiring.

The temperature of the lead can also be measured using a thermocouple placed on the lead as close as possible to the tie point. The thermal mass connected to the tie point is normally large enough so that it will not significantly respond to heat surges generated in the diode as a result of pulsed operation once steady-state conditions are achieved. Using the measured value of T_L , the junction temperature may be determined by:

$$T_J = T_L + \Delta T_{JL}$$

ΔT_{JL} is the increase in junction temperature above the lead temperature and may be found from Figure 2 for a train of power pulses ($L = 3/8$ inch) or from Figure 10 for dc power.

$$\Delta T_{JL} = \theta_{JL} P_D$$

For worst-case design, using expected limits of I_Z , limits of P_D and the extremes of T_J (ΔT_J) may be estimated. Changes in voltage, V_Z , can then be found from:

$$\Delta V = \theta_{VZ} \Delta T_J$$

θ_{VZ} , the zener voltage temperature coefficient, is found from Figures 5 and 6.

Under high power-pulse operation, the zener voltage will vary with time and may also be affected significantly by the zener resistance. For best regulation, keep current excursions as low as possible.

Data of Figure 2 should not be used to compute surge capability. Surge limitations are given in Figure 3. They are lower than would be expected by considering only junction temperature, as current crowding effects cause temperatures to be extremely high in small spots resulting in device degradation should the limits of Figure 3 be exceeded.

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TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT RANGES

(90% of the Units are in the Ranges Indicated)

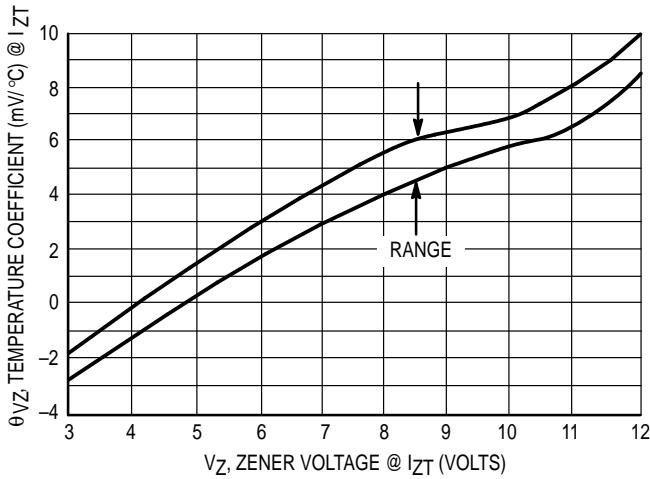


Figure 5. Units To 12 Volts

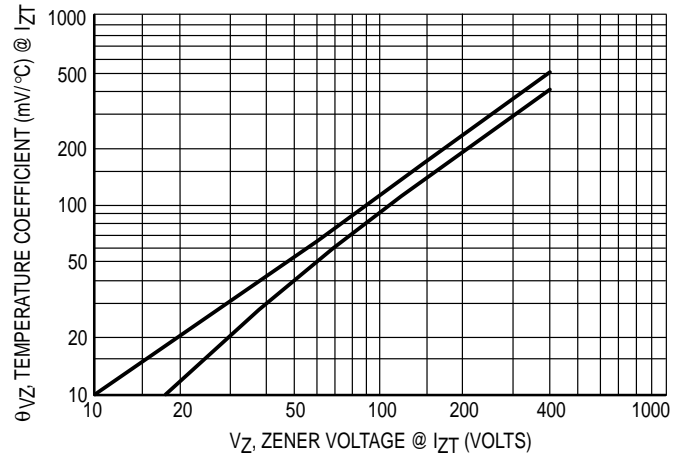


Figure 6. Units 10 To 400 Volts

ZENER VOLTAGE versus ZENER CURRENT

(Figures 7, 8 and 9)

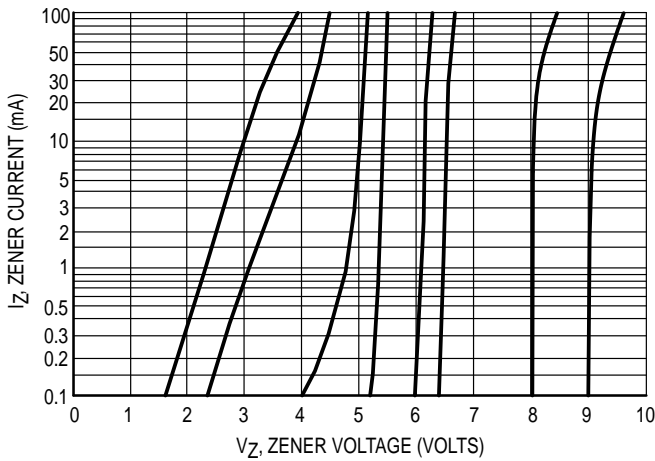


Figure 7. $V_Z = 3.3$ thru 10 Volts

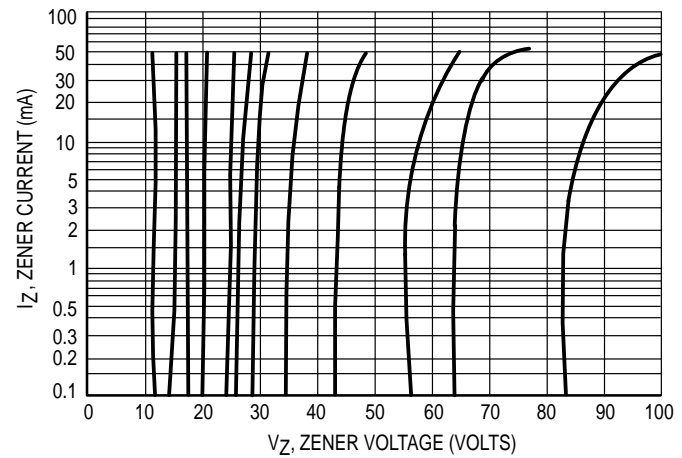


Figure 8. $V_Z = 12$ thru 82 Volts

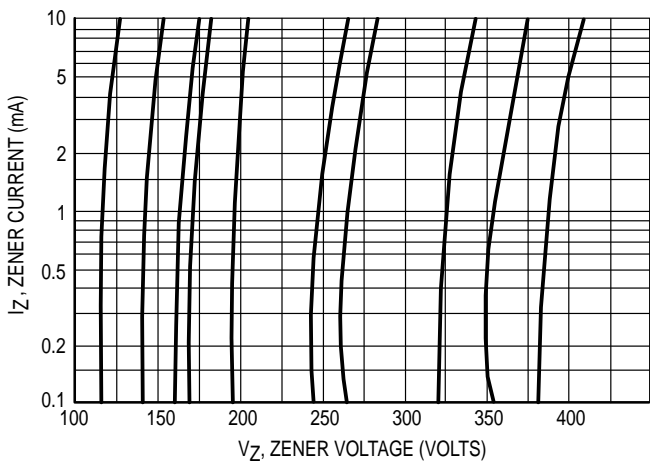


Figure 9. $V_Z = 100$ thru 400 Volts

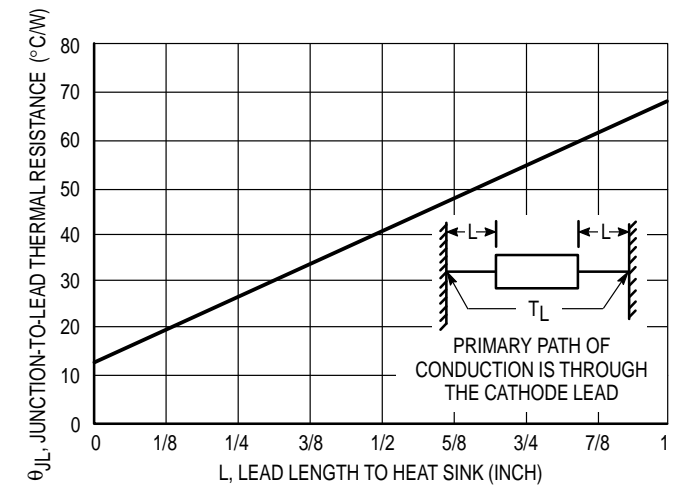
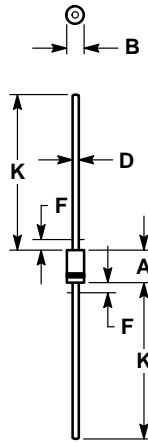


Figure 10. Typical Thermal Resistance

Zener Voltage Regulator Diodes — Axial Leded

1–3 Watt DO-41 Surmetic 30



- NOTES:
1. ALL RULES AND NOTES ASSOCIATED WITH JEDEC DO-41 OUTLINE SHALL APPLY.
 2. POLARITY DENOTED BY CATHODE BAND.
 3. LEAD DIAMETER NOT CONTROLLED WITHIN F DIMENSION.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.07	5.20	0.160	0.205
B	2.04	2.71	0.080	0.107
D	0.71	0.86	0.028	0.034
F	—	1.27	—	0.050
K	27.94	—	1.100	—

CASE 59-03
DO-41
PLASTIC

(Refer to Section 10 for Surface Mount, Thermal Data and Footprint Information.)

MULTIPLE PACKAGE QUANTITY (MPQ) REQUIREMENTS

Package Option	Type No. Suffix	MPQ (Units)
Tape and Reel	RL	6K
Tape and Ammo	TA	4K

(Refer to Section 10 for more information on Packaging Specifications.)