

# 1

## PRODUCT OVERVIEW

### SAM8 PRODUCT FAMILY

Samsung's SAM87 family of 8-bit single-chip CMOS microcontrollers offers a fast and efficient CPU, a wide range of integrated peripherals, and various mask-programmable ROM sizes. Important CPU features include:

- Efficient register-oriented architecture
- Selectable CPU clock sources
- Idle and Stop power-down mode release by interrupt
- Built-in basic timer with watchdog function

A sophisticated interrupt structure recognizes up to eight interrupt levels. Each level can have one or more interrupt sources and vectors. Fast interrupt processing (within a minimum of six CPU clocks) can be assigned to specific interrupt levels.

### KS88C0716/P0716 MICROCONTROLLERS

KS88C0716/P0716 single-chip 8-bit microcontrollers are based on the powerful SAM87 CPU architecture. The internal register file is logically expanded to increase the on-chip register space. The KS88C0716 has 16-Kbyte mask-programmable ROM. The KS88P0716 has 16-Kbyte one-time-programmable EPROM.

Following Samsung's modular design approach, the following peripherals are integrated with the SAM87 core:

- Seven programmable I/O ports (total 56 pins)
- One 8-bit basic timer for oscillation stabilization and watchdog functions
- One synchronous operating mode and three full-duplex asynchronous UART modes
- Two 8-bit timers with interval timer and PWM modes
- Two 16-bit general-purpose timer/counters

### OTP

The KS88C0716 microcontroller is also available in OTP (One Time Programmable) version, KS88P0716. KS88P0716 microcontroller has an on-chip 16-Kbyte one-time-programmable EPROM instead of masked ROM. The KS88P0716 is comparable to KS88C0716, both in function and in pin configuration.

## FEATURES

### CPU

- SAM87 CPU core

### Memory

- 272-byte general purpose register area
- 16-Kbyte internal program memory
- ROM-less operating mode

### External Interface

- 64-Kbyte external data memory area
- 64-Kbyte external program memory area (ROM-less mode)

### Instruction Set

- 78 instructions
- IDLE and STOP instructions for power-down mode

### Instruction Execution Time

- 500 ns at 12 MHz  $f_{CPU}$  (Min.)

### Interrupts

- 17 interrupt sources
- 17 interrupt vectors
- Eight interrupt levels
- Fast interrupt processing

### General I/O

- Four nibble-programmable ports
- One bit-programmable port
- Two bit-programmable ports for external interrupts

### Timers

- Two 8-bit timers with interval timer and PWM modes

### Timer/Counters

- Two 16-bit general-purpose timer/counters

### Basic Timer

- One 8-bit basic timer (BT) for oscillation stabilization control and watch dog timer function.

### Serial Port

- One synchronous operating mode and three full-duplex asynchronous UART modes

### Operating Temperature Range

- $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Operating Voltage Range

- 2.7 V to 5.5 V

### Package Types

- 64-pin SDIP, 64-pin QFP

**Table 1-1. Comparison Table**

Feature	KS88C0116	KS88C0716
Core	SAM8	SAM87
ROM	16 K bytes	Same
RAM	272 bytes	Same
I/O	54	56 (add two pins)
Port 6	Open drain (9 V drive)	Normal C-MOS output
I/O option	None	Same
Timer	8-bit back-up timer Timer A, B — 8-bit — Interval/PWM mode — Timer A match interrupt  Timer C, D — Gate function — Timer/counter	None Same (some differ in interval mode, see manual)  Same
Watchdog timer	None	Watchdog timer (with BT)
SIO	UART — 8-bit/9-bit UART — SIO	Same
Interrupt	External × 12 — P2.4–P2.7, P4.0–P4.7  Internal × 6 — Timer A, C, D, SI, SO, Back-up	Same  Internal × 5 — Timer A, C, D, SI, SO
Power down	Stop/idle	Same
Oscillator	Crystal, ceramic	Same
CPU clock divider	1/2	1/1, 1/2, 1/8, 1/16
Execution time (Min.)	0.6 µs at 20 MHz ( $f_{CPU} = 10$ MHz)	0.5 µs at 12 MHz ( $f_{CPU} = 12$ MHz)
Operating frequency	Max. 20 MHz ( $f_{CPU} = 10$ MHz)	Max. 12 MHz (at 4.5 V) (2) Max. 4 MHz (at 2.7 V)
Operating voltage	4.5–5.5 V	2.7–5.5 V at 4 MHz 4.5–5.5 V at 12 MHz
OTP/MTP	MTP	OTP
Pin assignment	—	Different
Package	64SDIP/64QFP	Same
Start address	0020h	0100h
P5CON, P6CON	BANK0	BANK1
Interrupt pending bit clear	Write "1"	Write "0"

**NOTES:**

1. The KS88C0716 can replace the KS88C0116. Their functions are mostly the same, but there are some differences.  
Table 1-1 shows the comparison of KS88C0716 and KS88C0116.

2. Operating frequency is maximum CPU clock; the maximum oscillation frequency is 22.1184 MHz.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

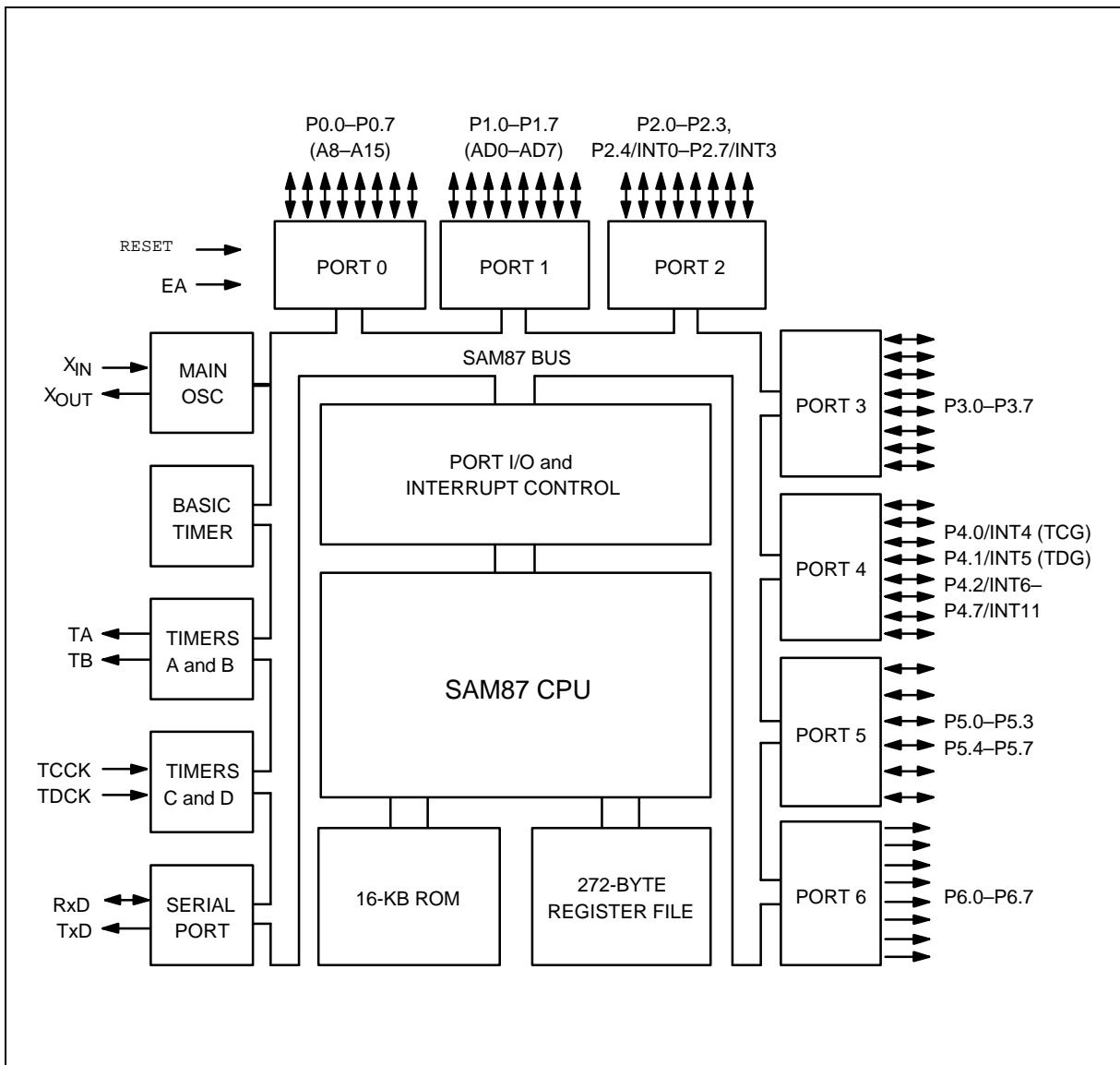


Figure 1-1. KS88C0716 Block Diagram

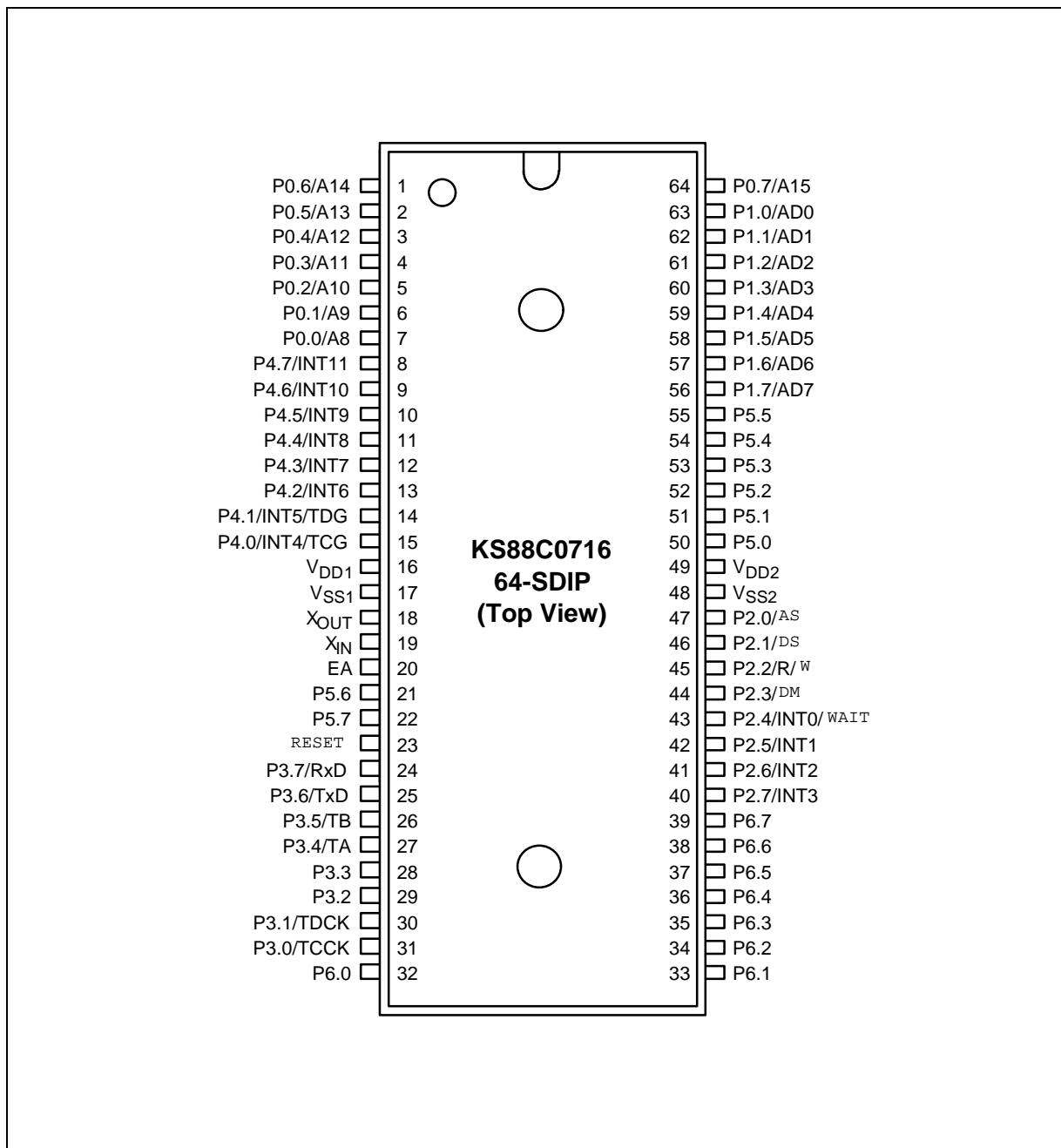


Figure 1-2. KS88C0716 Pin Assignments (64-SDIP)

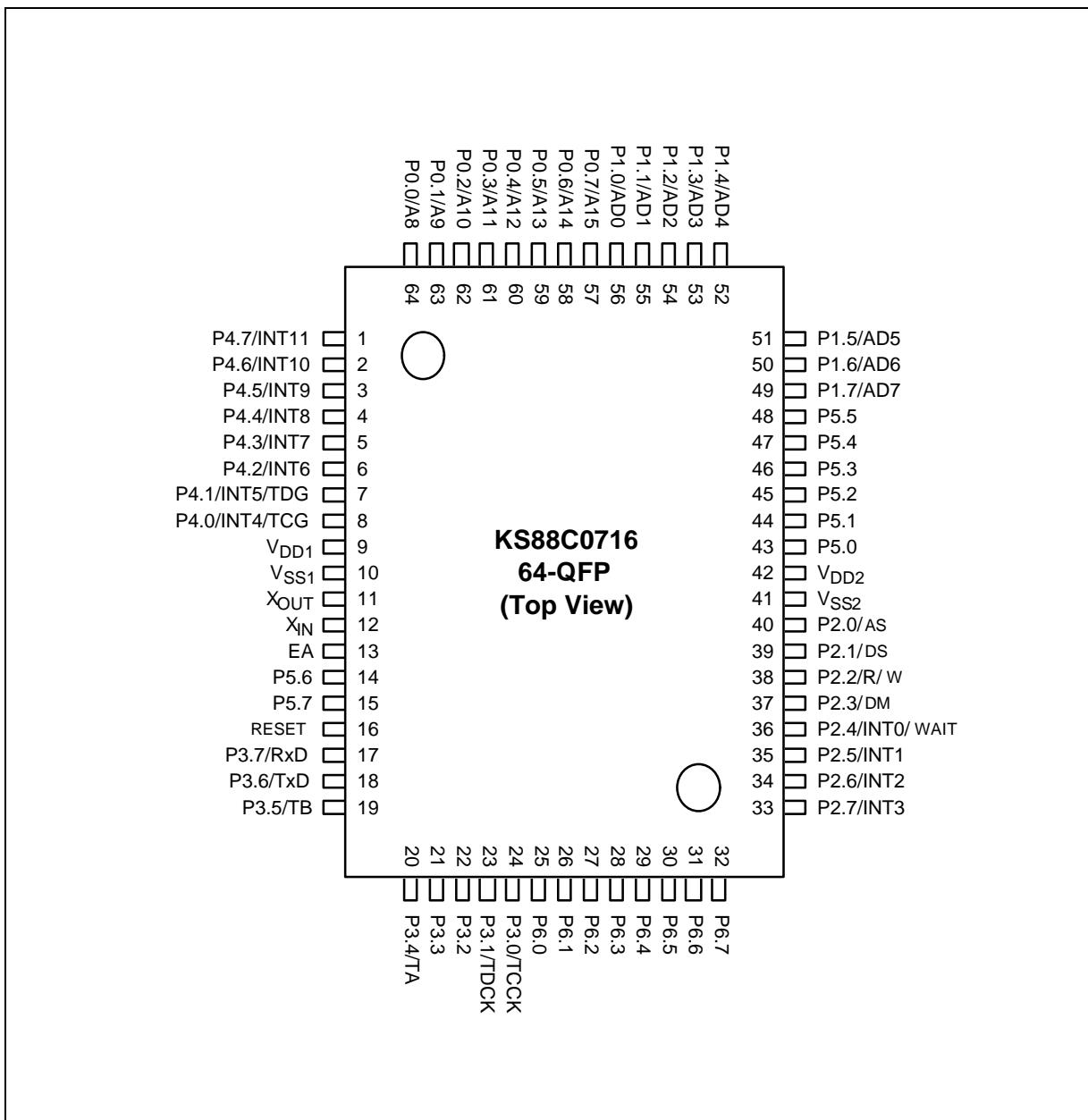


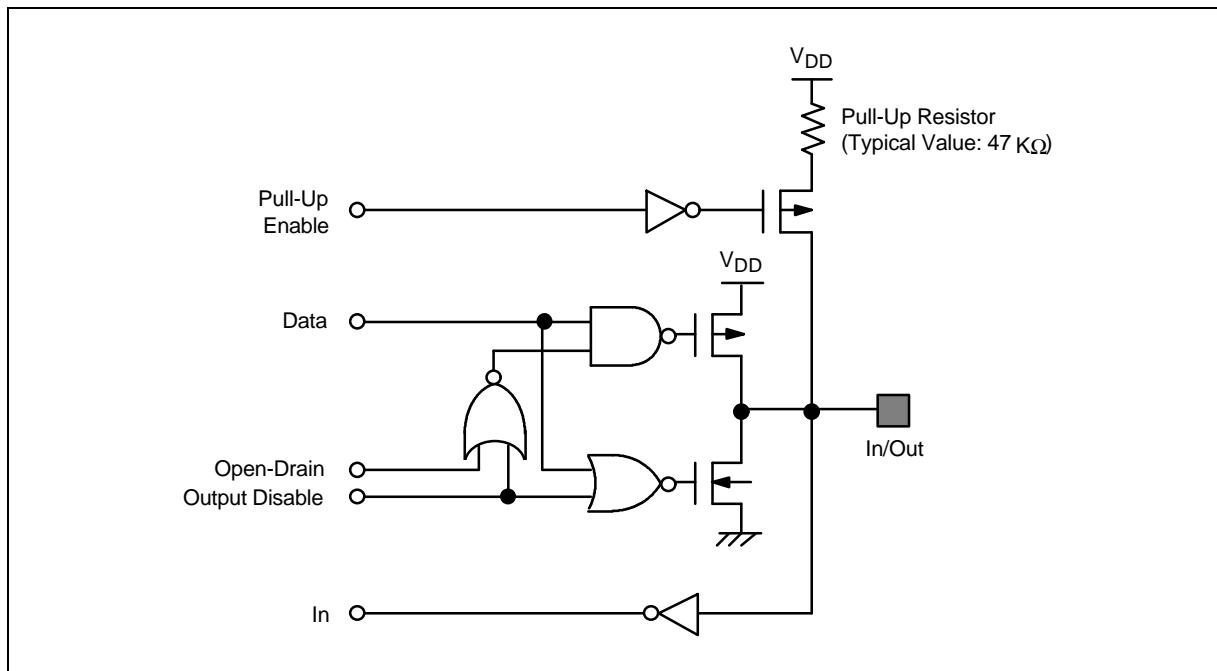
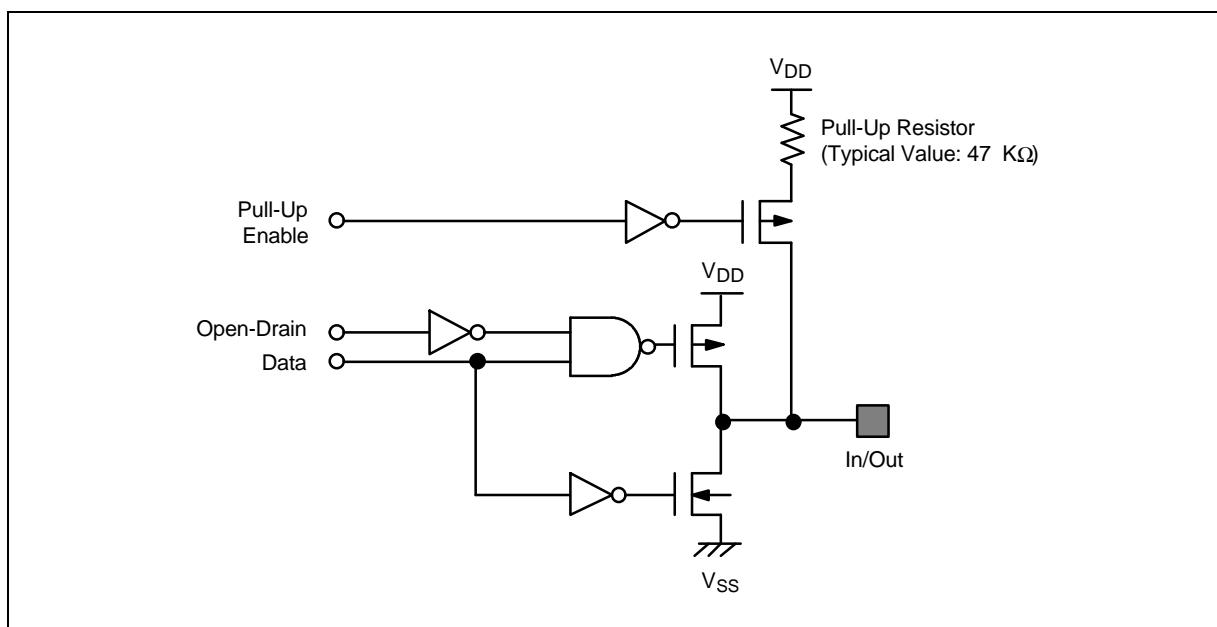
Figure 1-3. KS88C0716 Pin Assignments (64-QFP)

**Table 1-2. KS88C0716 Pin Descriptions (64-SDIP)**

<b>Pin Name</b>	<b>Pin Type</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>	<b>Circuit Number</b>	<b>SDIP Pin Number</b>	<b>Share Pins</b>
P0.0–P0.7	I/O	I/O port with nibble-programmable pins; Input or push-pull, open-drain output and software assignable pull-ups; also configurable as external interface address lines A8-A15.	E	1–7, 64	A8–A15
P1.0–P1.7	I/O	Same general characteristics as port 0; also configurable as external interface address/data lines AD0–AD7.	E	56–63	AD0–AD7
P2.0–P2.3	I/O	I/O port with bit-programmable pins; Input or push-pull output. Lower nibble pins 0–3 are configurable for external interface signals; upper nibble pins 4–7 are bit-programmable for external interrupts INT0–INT3. P2.4 can also be used for external WAIT input.	D-1 (lower nibble); D-1 (upper nibble; with noise filter)	40–47	AS, DS, DM, R/W  INT0–INT3, WAIT
P3.0–P3.7	I/O	I/O port with bit-programmable pins; Input or push-pull output. Alternate functions include software-selectable UART transmit and receive on pins 3.7 and 3.6, timer B and timer A outputs at pins 3.5 and 3.4, and timer D and C clock inputs at pins 3.1 and 3.0.	D-1	24–31	TCCK, TDCK, TA, TB, TxD, RxD
P4.0–P4.7	I/O	I/O port with bit-programmable pins; Input or push-pull output; software-assignable pull-ups. Alternate functions include external interrupt inputs INT4–INT11 (with interrupt enable and pending control) and timer C and D gate input at P4.0 and P4.1.	D (with noise filter)	8–15	INT4– INT11, TCG, TDG
P5.0–P5.7	I/O	I/O port with nibble-programmable pins; Input or push-pull, open-drain output; software-assignable pull-ups.	E	21, 22, 50–55	–
P6.0–P6.7	O	Output port with nibble-programmable pins; push-pull, open-drain output; software-assignable pull-ups.	E-8	32–39	–
RxD	I/O	Bi-directional serial data input pin	–	24	P3.7
TxD	I/O	Serial data output pin	–	25	P3.6
TA, TB	I/O	Timer A and B output pins	4	27, 26	P3.4, P3.5
TCCK, TDCK	I/O	Timer C and D external clock input pins	D-1	30, 31	P3.0, P3.1
INT0–INT3	I/O	External interrupts. I/O pin 2.4 (share pin with INT0) is also configurable as a WAIT signal input pin for the external interface.	D-1 (with noise filter)	40–43	P2.4–P2.7

**Table 1-2. KS88C0716 Pin Descriptions (Continued)**

<b>Pin Name</b>	<b>Pin Type</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>	<b>Circuit Number</b>	<b>SDIP Pin Number</b>	<b>Share Pins</b>
INT4–INT11	I/O	Bit-programmable external interrupt input pins with interrupt pending and enable /disable control	D (with noise filter)	8–15	P4.0–P4.7
X <sub>IN</sub> , X <sub>OUT</sub>	–	System clock input and output pins	–	18, 19	–
RESET	I	System reset pin (internal pull-up: 280 KΩ)	B	23	–
EA	I	External access (EA) pin with three modes: 0 V: Normal operation (internal ROM) 5 V: ROM-less operation (external interface)	–	20	–
V <sub>DD2</sub> , V <sub>SS2</sub>	–	Power input pins for port output (external)	–	49, 48	–
V <sub>DD1</sub> , V <sub>SS1</sub>	–	Power input pins for CPU (internal)	–	16, 17	–

**PIN CIRCUIT****Figure 1-4. Pin Circuit Type E (Ports 0, 1, 5)****Figure 1-5. Pin Circuit Type E-8 (Port 6)**

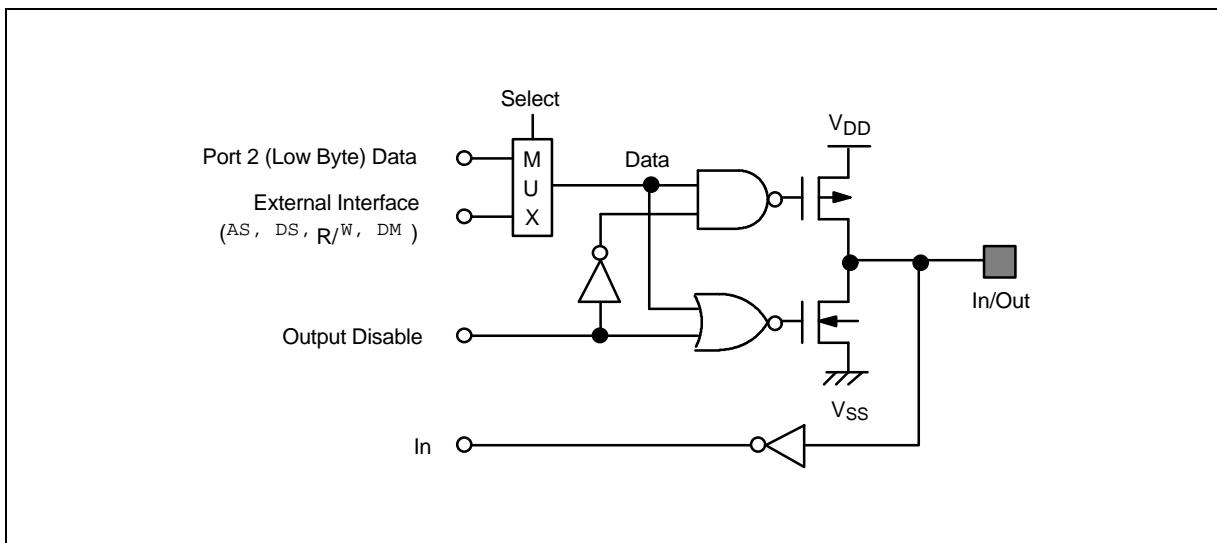


Figure 1-6. Pin Circuit Type D-1 (P2.0–P2.3)

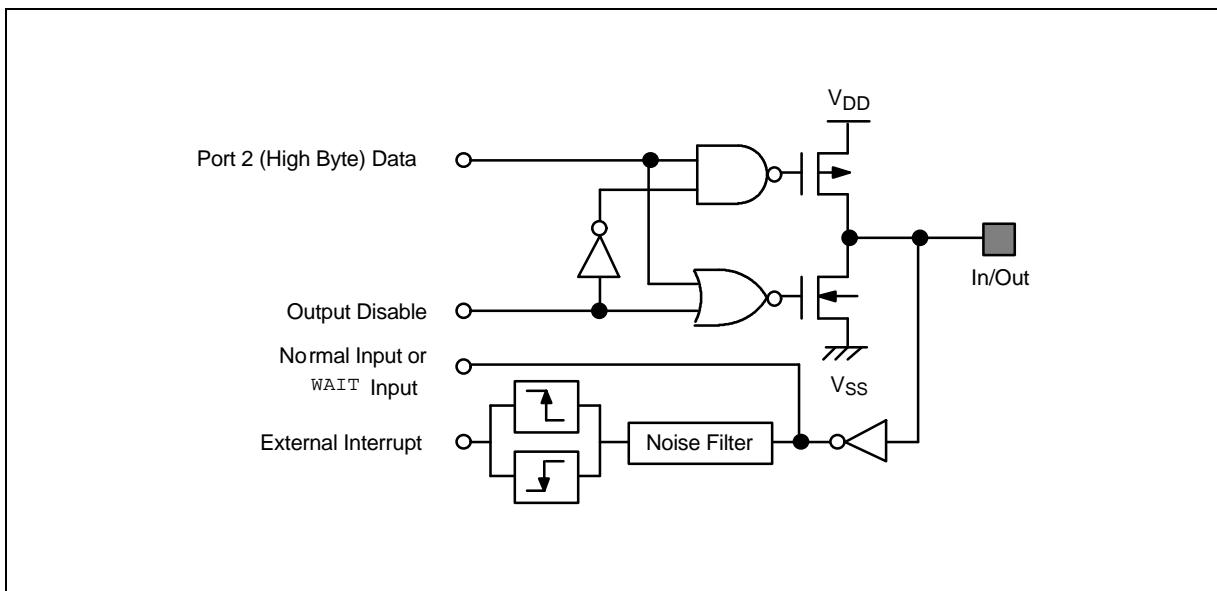


Figure 1-7. Pin Circuit Type D-1 (P2.4–P2.7)

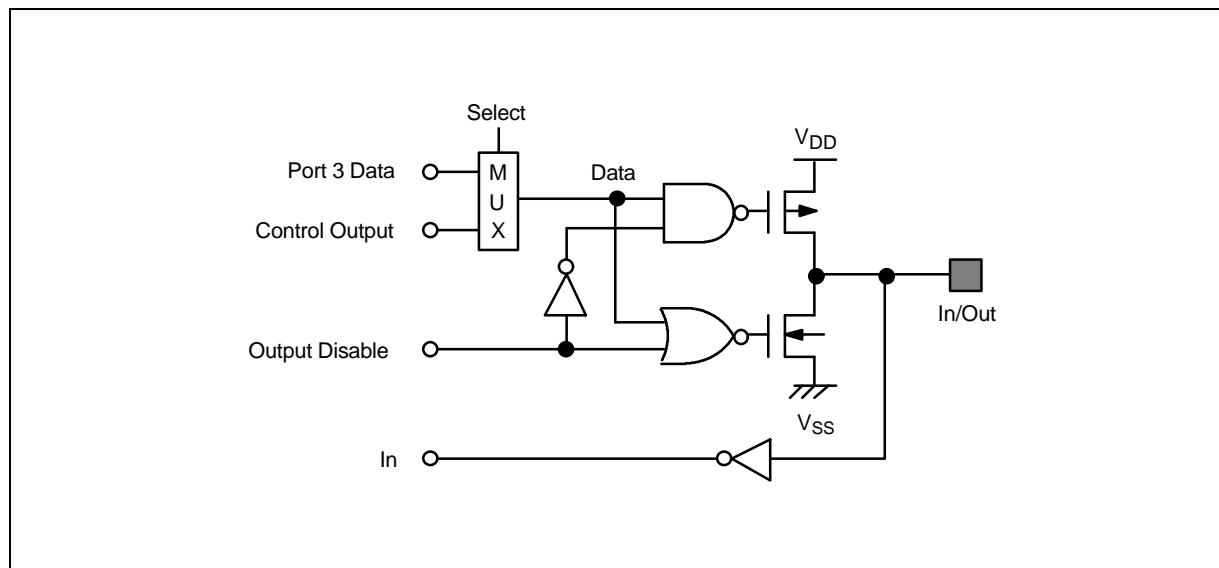


Figure 1-8. Pin Circuit Type D-1 (Port 3)

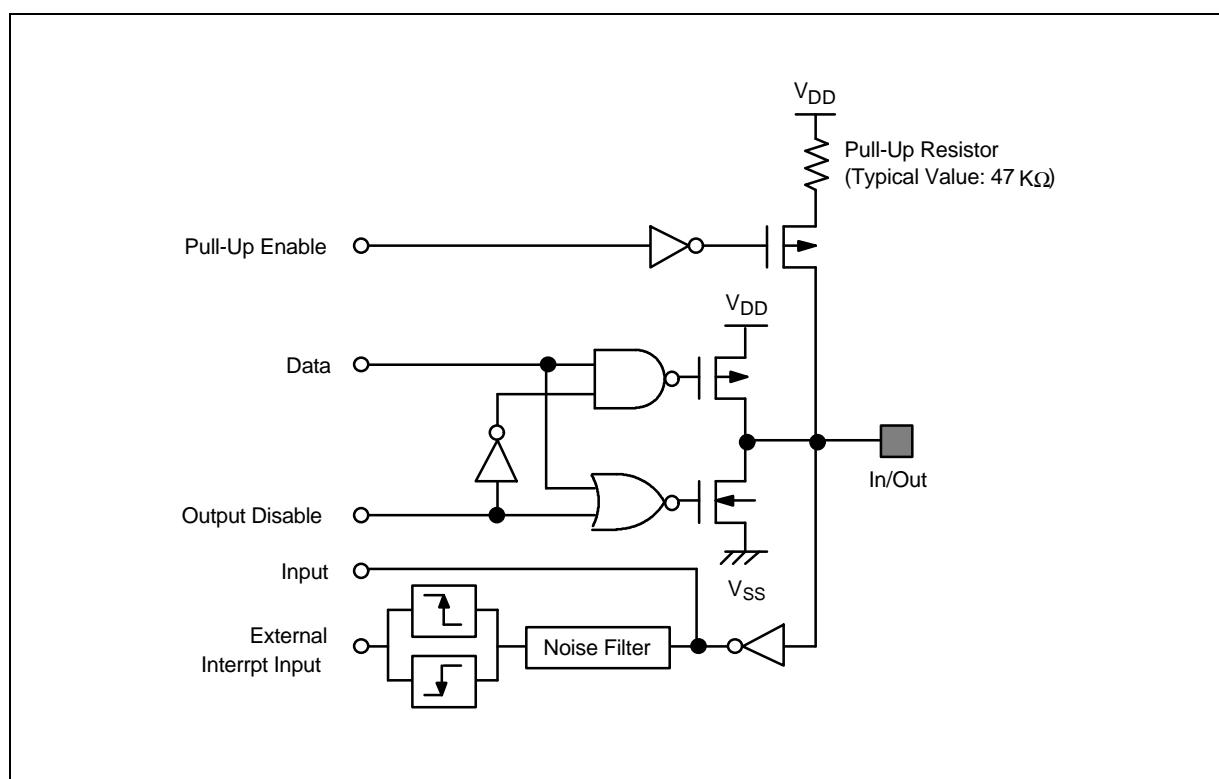


Figure 1-9. Pin Circuit Type D (Port 4)

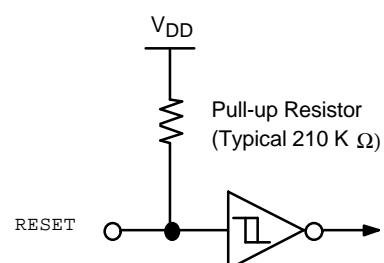


Figure 1-10. Pin Circuit Type B (RESET)

# 14 ELECTRICAL DATA

## OVERVIEW

In this section, KS88C0716 electrical characteristics are presented in tables and graphs. The information is arranged in the following order:

- Absolute maximum ratings
- D.C. electrical characteristics
- I/O capacitance
- A.C. electrical characteristics
- Oscillation characteristics
- Oscillation stabilization time

**Table 14-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

(TA = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		– 0.3 to + 6.5	V
Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	All ports (in input mode)	– 0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	
Output voltage	V <sub>O</sub>	All ports (in output mode)	– 0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
Output current high	I <sub>OH</sub>	One I/O pin active	– 10	mA
		All I/O pins active	– 60	
Output current low	I <sub>OL</sub>	One I/O pin active	+ 30	mA
		Total pin current for ports 0–4	+ 100	
		Total pin current for ports 5 and 6	+ 100	
Operating temperature	T <sub>A</sub>		– 40 to + 85	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>		– 65 to + 150	°C

**Table 14-2. D.C. Electrical Characteristics**(T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V)

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Unit</b>
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH1</sub>	All input pins except V <sub>IH2</sub>	0.8 V <sub>DD</sub>	—	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	V <sub>IH2</sub>	X <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.5			
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL1</sub>	All input pins except V <sub>IL2</sub>	—	—	0.2 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	V <sub>IL2</sub>	X <sub>IN</sub>			0.4	
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH1</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V I <sub>OH</sub> = -4 mA Port 5, 6	V <sub>DD</sub> - 1.0	—	—	V
	V <sub>OH2</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA All output pins except port 5, 6				
Output low voltage	V <sub>OL1</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V I <sub>OL</sub> = 15 mA Ports 5 and 6	—	—	1.0	V
	V <sub>OL2</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA Ports 0-4			0.4	
Input high leakage current	I <sub>LIH1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> All input pins except X <sub>IN</sub> , X <sub>OUT</sub>	—	—	3	μA
	I <sub>LIH2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> , X <sub>IN</sub> , X <sub>OUT</sub>			20	
Input low leakage current	I <sub>LIL1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V All input pins except X <sub>IN</sub> , X <sub>OUT</sub>	—	—	-3	μA
	I <sub>LIL2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V, X <sub>IN</sub> , X <sub>OUT</sub>			-20	
Output high leakage current	I <sub>LOH</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> All output pins	—	—	5	μA
Output low leakage current	I <sub>LOL</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V	—	—	-5	μA
Pull-up resistor	R <sub>L1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V Ports 0, 1, 4, 5 and 6	30	47	70	KΩ
	R <sub>L2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V RESET only	110	210	310	

**Table 14-2. D.C. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)**

(TA = -40°C to +85°C, VDD = 2.7 V to 5.5 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply current (1)	I <sub>DD1</sub> (2)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V ± 10% 12-MHz oscillation	-	12	25	mA
		4-MHz oscillation		4.5	10	
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V ± 10% 12-MHz oscillation		6	15	
		4-MHz oscillation		2.5	7	
	I <sub>DD2</sub> (2)	Idle mode; V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V ± 10% 12-MHz oscillation	-	3	10	
		4-MHz oscillation		1.5	4	
		Idle mode; V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V ± 10% 12-MHz oscillation		1.2	3	
		4-MHz oscillation		0.6	1.5	
	I <sub>DD3</sub>	Stop mode: V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V ± 10%	-	0.1	3	µA

**NOTES:**

1. Supply current does not include current drawn through internal pull-up resistors or external output current loads.
2. At supply current, the CPU clock frequency is same with oscillation frequency (CPU use non divided clock).

**Table 14-3. Data Retention Supply Voltage in Stop Mode**

(TA = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Data retention supply voltage	V <sub>DDDR</sub>	Stop mode	2	-	6	V
Data retention supply current	I <sub>DDDR</sub>	Stop mode, V <sub>DDDR</sub> = 2.0 V	-	-	3	µA

**NOTES:**

1. During the oscillator stabilization wait time (t<sub>WAIT</sub>), all CPU operations must be stopped.
2. Supply current does not include drawn through internal pull-up resistors and external output current loads.

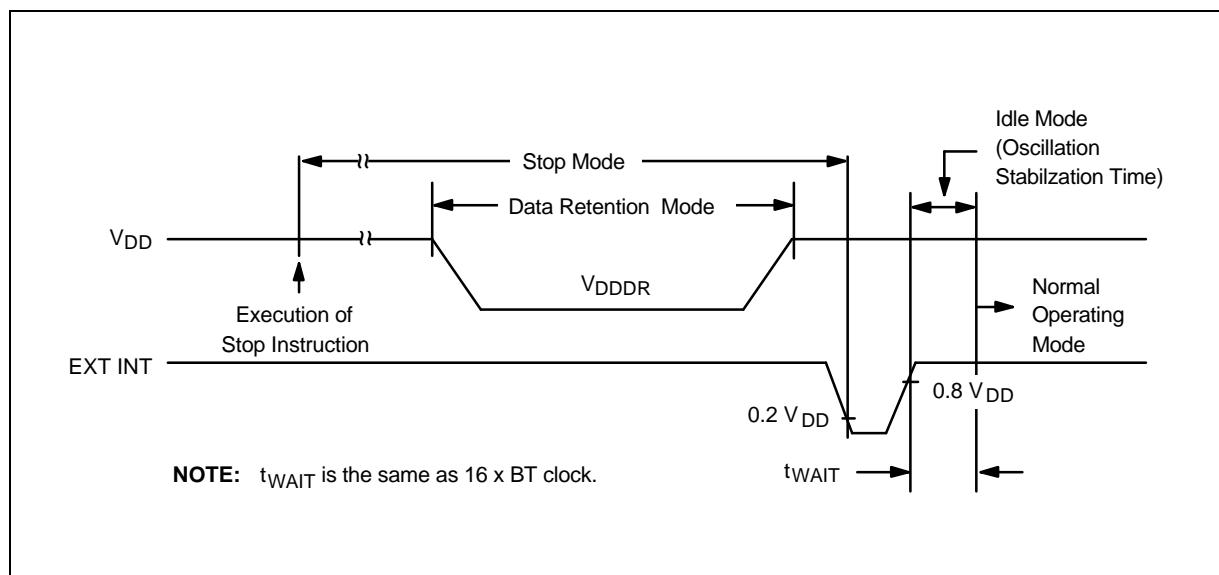


Figure 14-1. Stop Mode Release Timing When Initiated by an External Interrupt

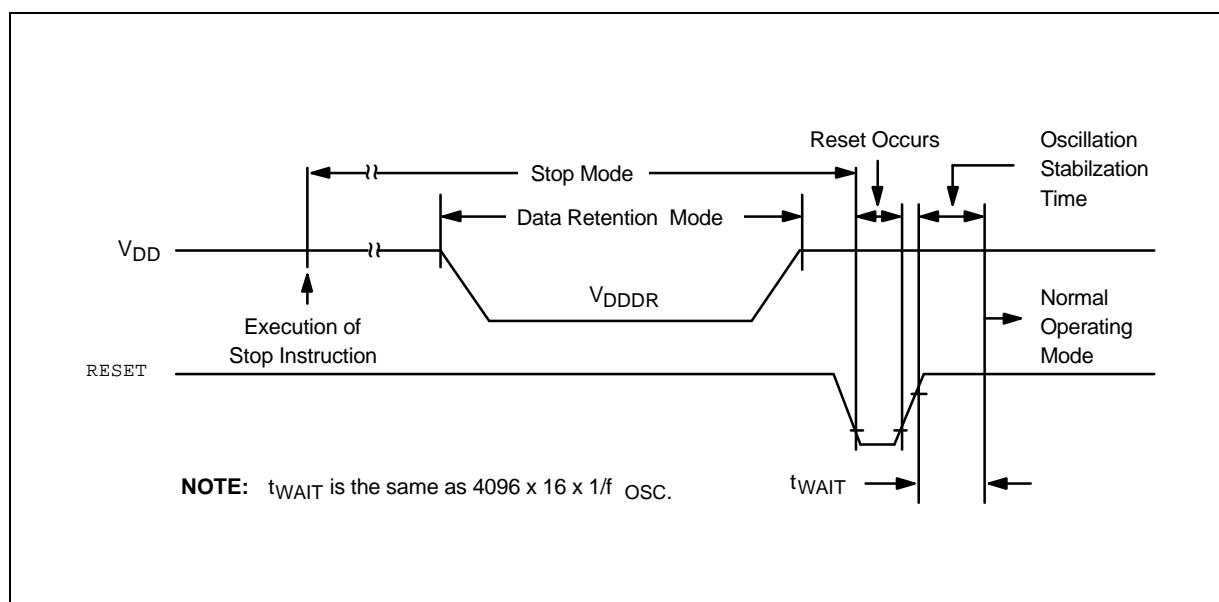


Figure 14-2. Stop Mode Release Timing When Initiated by a Reset

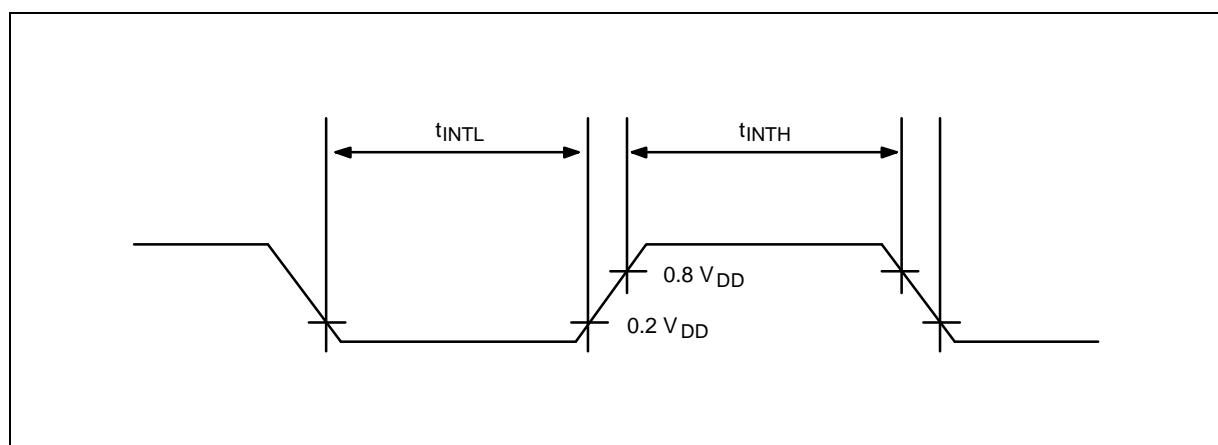
**Table 14-4. Input/Output Capacitance**(TA = -40°C to +85°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	f = 1 MHz; unmeasured pins are connected to V <sub>SS</sub>	—	—	10	pF
Output capacitance	C <sub>OUT</sub>					
I/O capacitance	C <sub>IO</sub>					

**Table 14-5. A.C. Electrical Characteristics**(TA = -40°C to +85°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Interrupt input high, low width	t <sub>INTL</sub> , t <sub>INTH</sub>	P2.4–P2.7	100	—	—	ns
		P4.0–P4.7	100			
RESET input low width	t <sub>RSL</sub>	Input	10	—	—	μs

NOTE: User must keep the larger value with the min value.

**Figure 14-3. Input Timing for External Interrupts (Port 2 and 4)**

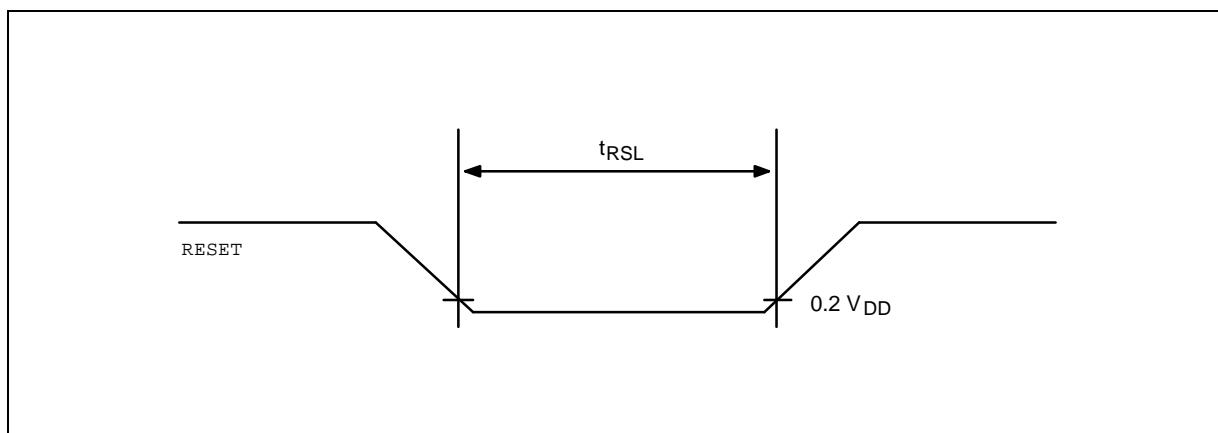


Figure 14-4. Input Timing for RESET

Table 14-6. Oscillation Characteristics

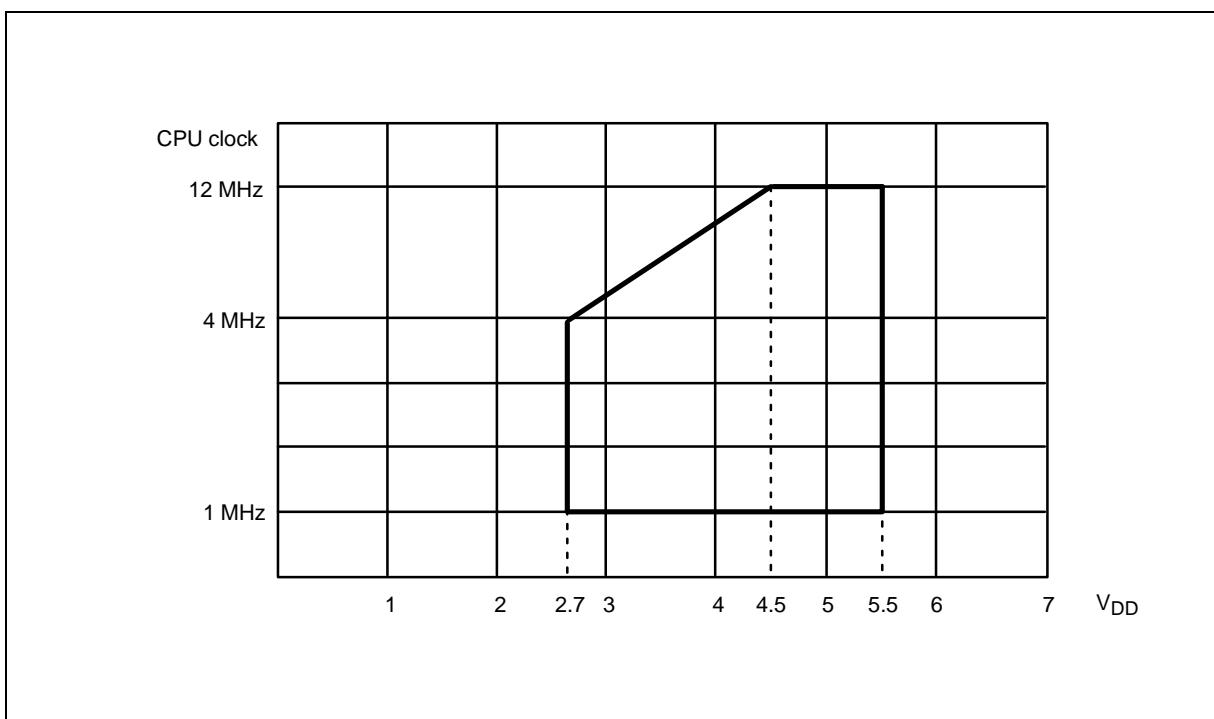
 $(T_A = -20^\circ\text{C} + 85^\circ\text{C}, V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V})$ 

Oscillator	Clock Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Crystal		Oscillation frequency	1	—	22.1184	MHz
Ceramic		Oscillation frequency	1	—	22.1184	MHz
External clock		$X_{IN}$ input frequency	1	—	22.1184	MHz

**Table 14-7. Main Oscillator Clock Stabilization Time ( $t_{ST1}$ )**(T<sub>A</sub> = -20°C + 85°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V)

Oscillator	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Crystal	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	20	ms
Ceramic	Stabilization occurs when V <sub>DD</sub> is equal to the minimum oscillator voltage range.	-	-	10	ms

**NOTE:** Oscillation stabilization time ( $t_{ST1}$ ) is the time required for the CPU clock to return to its normal oscillation frequency after a power-on occurs, or when Stop mode is released by a RESET signal.

**Figure 14-5. Frequency vs. Voltage**

# 15 MECHANICAL DATA

## OVERVIEW

The KS88C0716 microcontroller is available in a 64-pin SDIP package (64-SDIP-750) and a 64-pin QFP package (64-QFP-1420F).

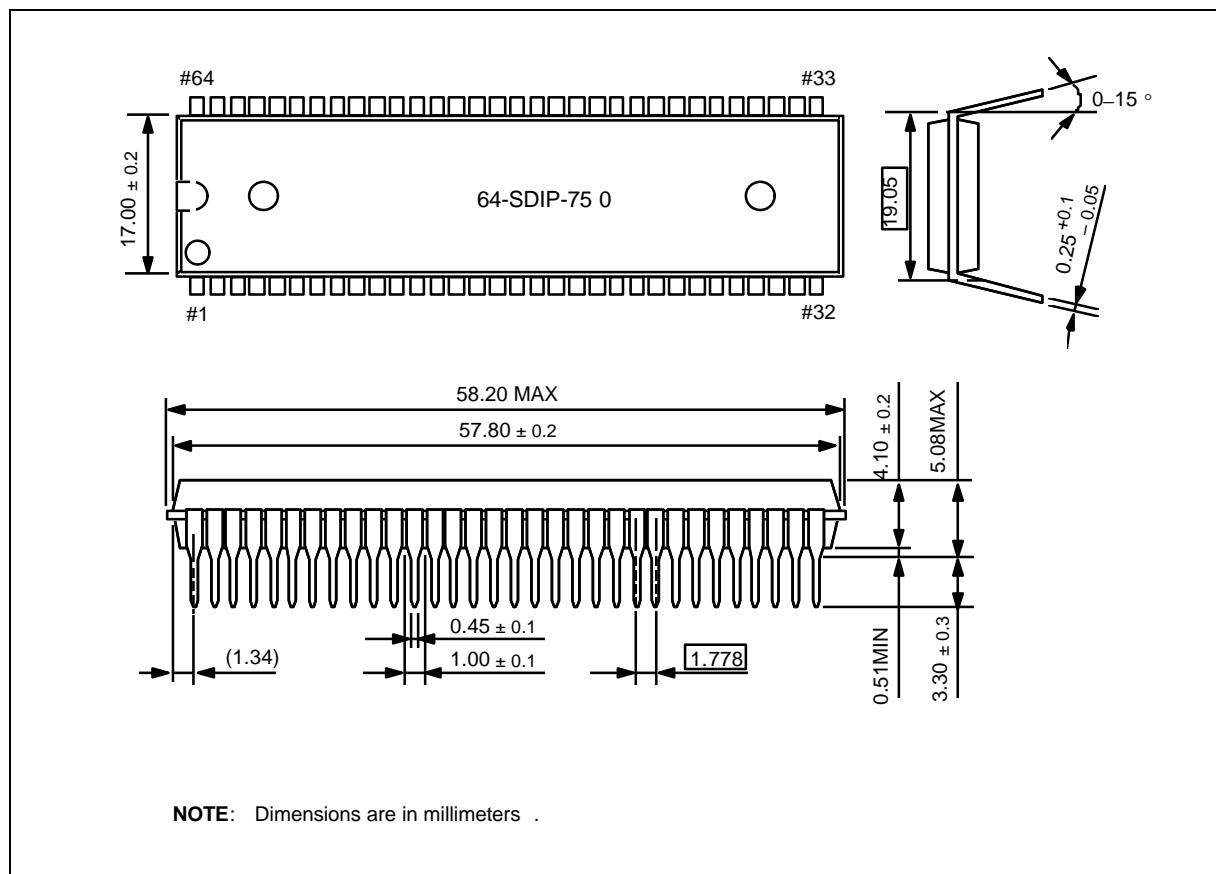


Figure 15-1. 64-SDIP-750 Package Dimensions

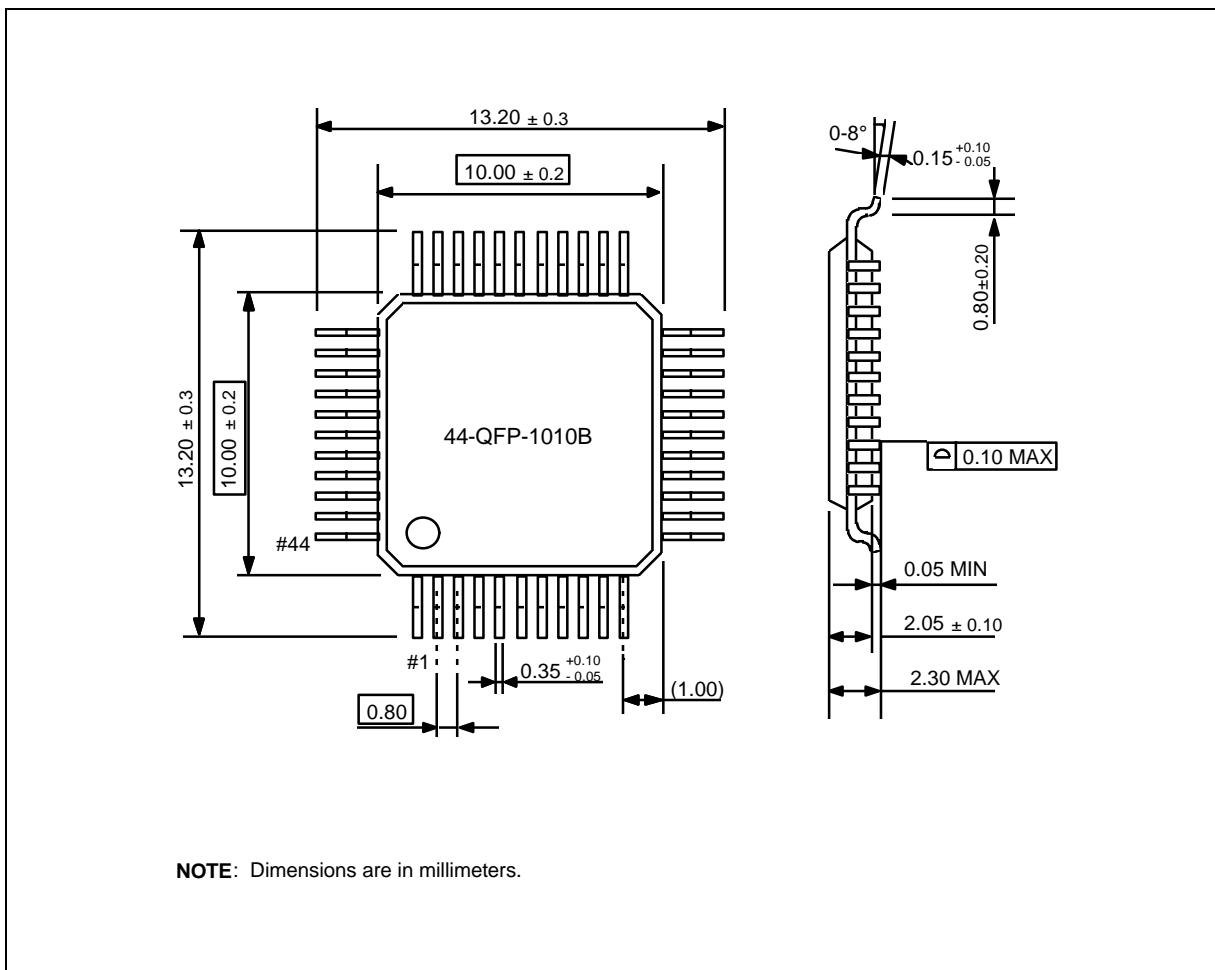


Figure 15-2. 64-QFP-1420F Package Dimensions

# 16

## KS88P0716 OTP

### OVERVIEW

The KS88P0716 single-chip CMOS microcontroller is the OTP (One Time Programmable) version of the KS88C0716 microcontrollers. It has an on-chip EPROM instead of masked ROM. The EPROM is accessed by serial data format.

KS88P0716 is fully compatible with KS88C0716, both in function and in pin configuration. As it has simple programming requirements, KS88P0716 is ideal for use as an evaluation chip for the KS88C0716.

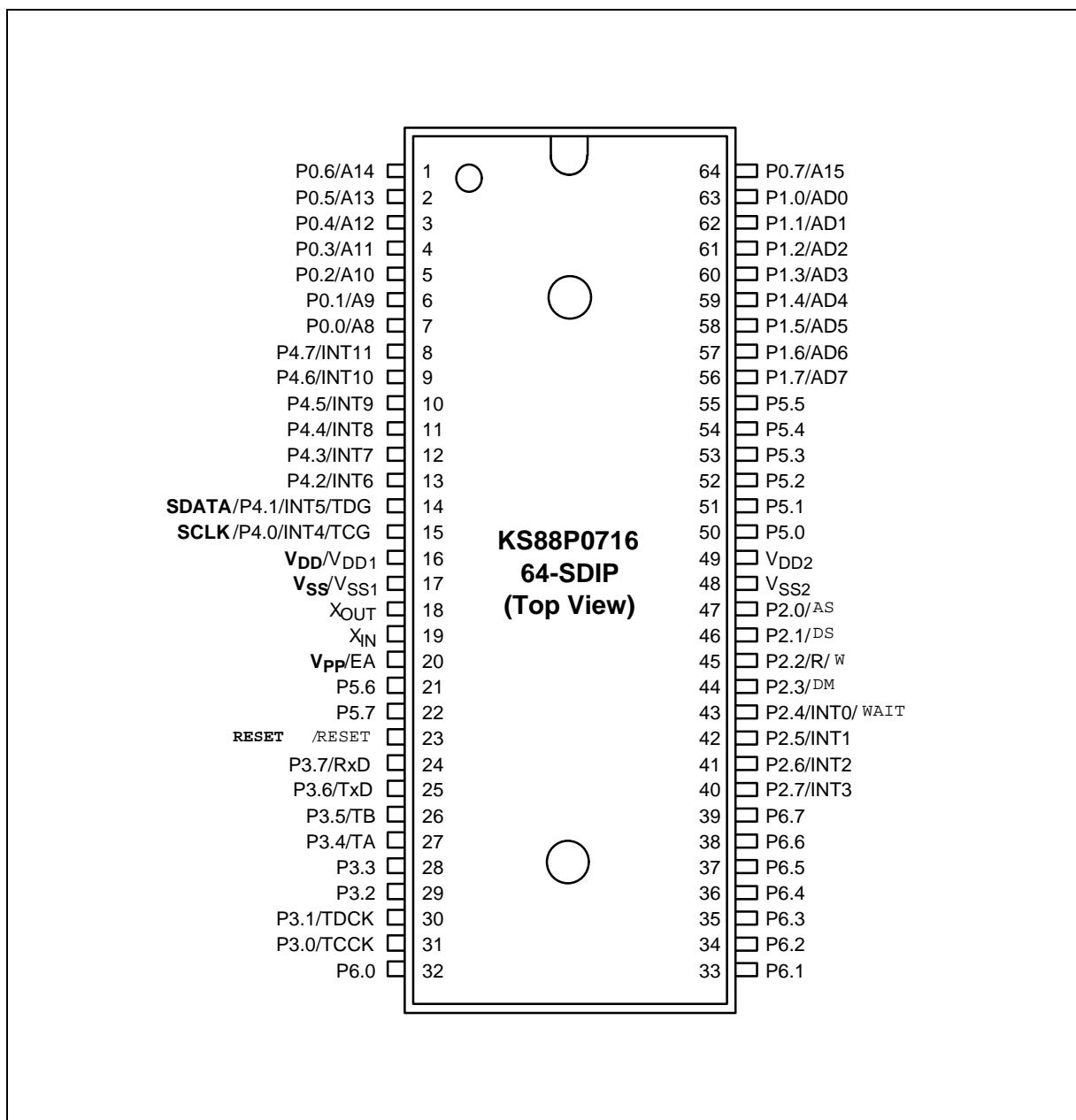


Figure 16-1. KS88P0716 Pin Assignments (64-SDIP Package)

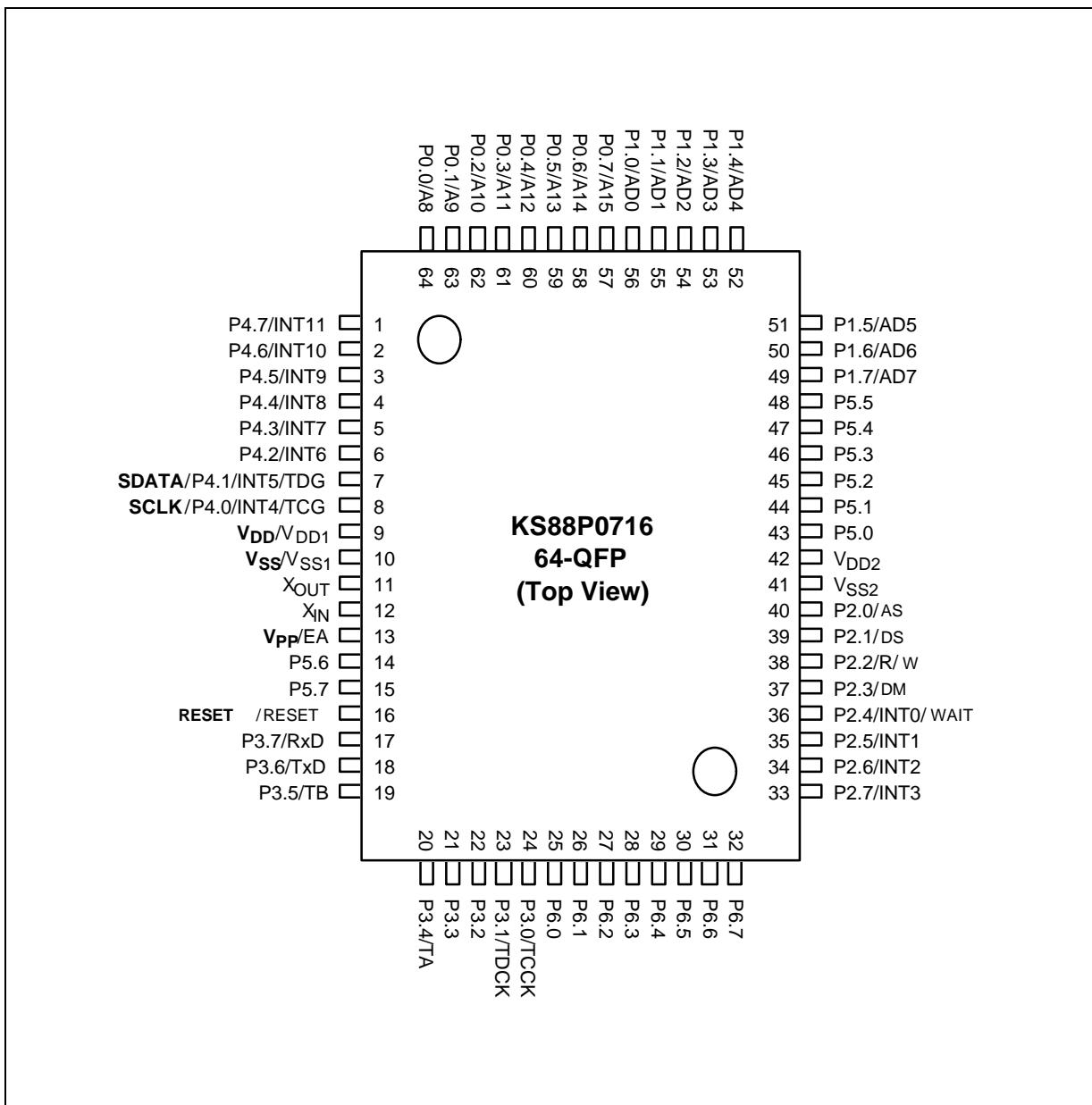


Figure 16-2. KS88P0716 Pin Assignments (64-QFP Package)

**Table 16-1. Descriptions of Pins Used to Read/Write the EPROM**

Main Chip Pin Name	During Programming			
	Pin Name	Pin No.	I/O	Function
P4.1	SDAT	14 (7)	I/O	Serial Data Pin (Output when reading, Input when writing) Input and Push-pull Output Port can be assigned.
P4.0	SCLK	15 (8)	I	Serial Clock Pin (Input Only Pin)
EA	V <sub>PP</sub>	20 (13)	I	EPROM Cell Writing Power Supply Pin (Indicates OTP Mode Entering) When writing 12.5V is applied and when reading 5 V is applied (Option).
RESET	RESET	23 (9)	I	Chip Initialization
V <sub>DD1</sub> /V <sub>SS1</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> /V <sub>SS</sub>	16/17 (9/10)	I	Logic Power Supply Pin. V <sub>DD</sub> should be tied to 5V during programming.

NOTE: Parentheses indicate 64-QFP pin number.

**Table 16-2. Comparison of KS88P0716 and KS88C0716 Features**

Characteristic	KS88P0716	KS88C0716
Program Memory	16 K byte EPROM	16 K bytes mask ROM
Operating Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> )	2.7 V to 5.5 V	2.7 V to 5.5V
OTP Programming Mode	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>PP</sub> (TEST) = 12.5V	
Pin Configuration	64 SDIP, 64 QFP	64 SDIP, 64 QFP
EPROM Programmability	User Program 1 time	Programmed at the factory

### OPERATING MODE CHARACTERISTICS

When 12.5 V is supplied to the V<sub>PP</sub> (TEST) pin of KS88P0716, the EPROM programming mode is entered. The operating mode (read, write, or read protection) is selected according to the input signals to the pins listed in Table 15-3 below.

**Table 16-3. Operating Mode Selection Criteria**

V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>PP</sub> (TEST)	REG/MEM	ADDRESS (A15-A0)	R/W	MODE
5 V	5 V	0	0000H	1	EPROM read
	12.5 V	0	0000H	0	EPROM program
	12.5 V	0	0000H	1	EPROM verify
	12.5 V	1	0E3FH	0	EPROM read protection

NOTE: "0" means Low level; "1" means High level.



## D.C. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Table 16-4. D.C. Electrical Characteristics**

( $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input High Voltage	$V_{IH1}$	All input pins except $V_{IH2}$	0.8 $V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$	V
	$V_{IH2}$	$X_{IN}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$			
Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL1}$	All input pins except $V_{IL2}$			0.2 $V_{DD}$	V
	$V_{IL2}$	$X_{IN}$			0.4	
Output High Voltage	$V_{OH1}$	$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ $I_{OH} = -4\text{ mA}$ Port 5, 6	$V_{DD} - 1.0$			V
	$V_{OH2}$	$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ $I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$ All output pins except port 5, 6	$V_{DD} - 1.0$			
Output Low Voltage	$V_{OL1}$	$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ $I_{OL} = 15\text{ mA}$ Ports 5 and 6			1.0	V
	$V_{OL2}$	$I_{OL} = 2\text{ mA}$ Ports 0 - 4			0.4	

**Table 16-4. D.C. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)**(TA = -40°C to +85°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input High Leakage Current	I <sub>LIH1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> All input pins except X <sub>IN</sub> , X <sub>OUT</sub>	—	—	3	uA
	I <sub>LIH2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> , X <sub>IN</sub> , X <sub>OUT</sub>			20	
Input Low Leakage Current	I <sub>LIL1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V All input pins except X <sub>IN</sub> , X <sub>OUT</sub>	—	—	-3	uA
	I <sub>LIL2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V, X <sub>IN</sub> , X <sub>OUT</sub>			-20	
Output High Leakage Current	I <sub>LOH</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> All output pins	—	—	5	uA
Output Low Leakage Current	I <sub>LOL</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V	—	—	-5	uA
Pull-Up Resistor	R <sub>L1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V Ports 0, 1, 4, 5 and 6	30	47	70	KΩ
	R <sub>L2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V RESET only	110	210	310	
Supply Current <sup>(1)</sup>	I <sub>DD1</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V ± 10% 12-MHz oscillation	—	12	25	mA
		4-MHz oscillation		4.5	10	
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V ± 10% 12-MHz oscillation		6	15	
		4-MHz oscillation		2.5	7	
	I <sub>DD2</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Idle mode; V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V ± 10% 12-MHz oscillation	—	2.5	6	
		4-MHz oscillation		1.5	4	
		Idle mode; V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V ± 10% 12-MHz oscillation		1.2	3	
		4-MHz oscillation		0.6	1.5	
	I <sub>DD3</sub>	Stop mode: V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V ± 10%	—	0.1	3	uA

**NOTES:**

1. Supply current does not include current drawn through internal pull-up resistors or external output current loads.
2. At supply current, the CPU clock frequency is the same as oscillation frequency (CPU use non divided clock).

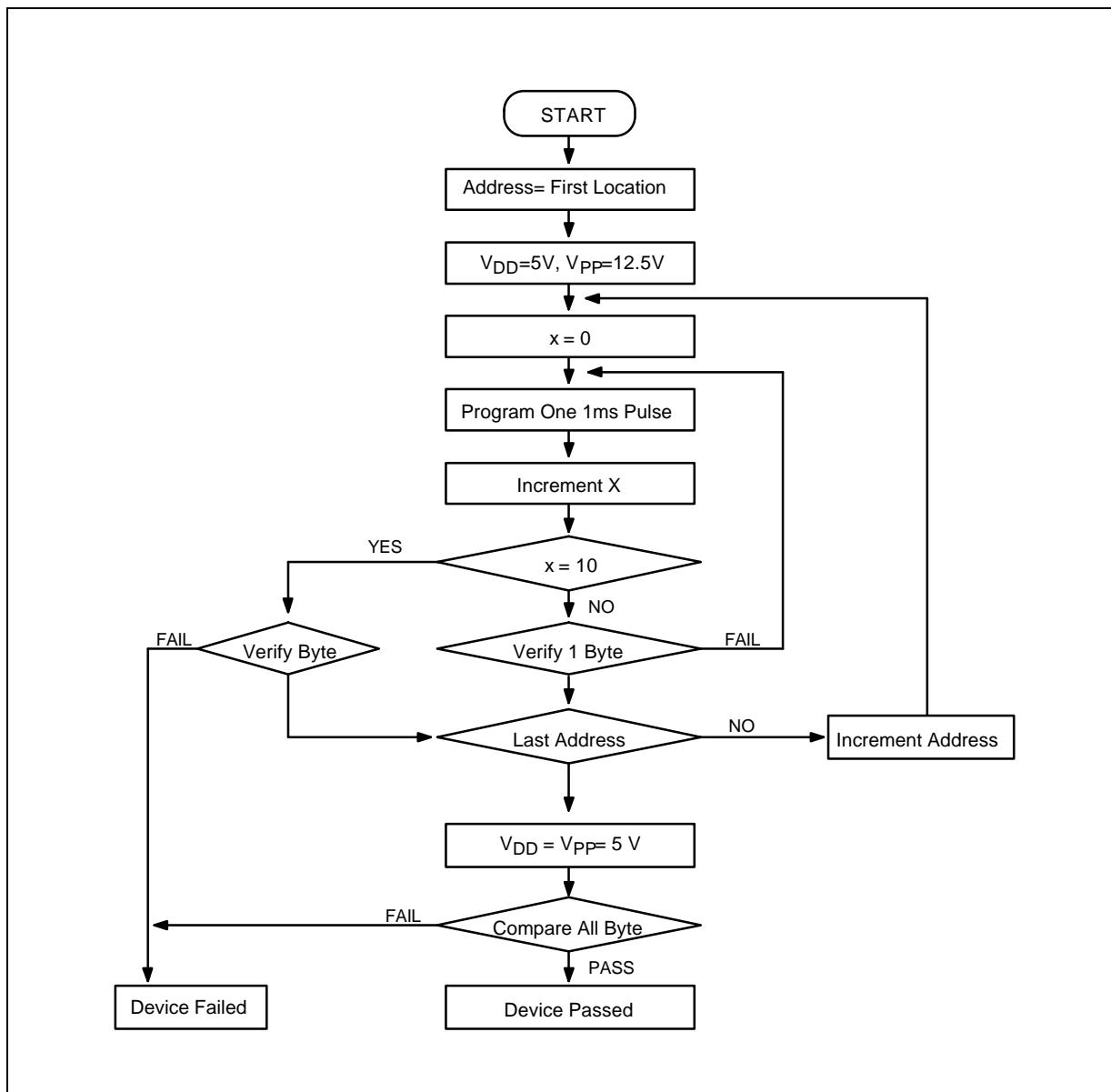


Figure 16-3. OTP Programming Algorithm

## NOTES