

# DDR SDRAM Unbuffered Module

184pin Unbuffered Module based on 512Mb B-die

**66 TSOP-II & 54 sTSOP-II**

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**Revision History**

Revision	Month	Year	History
1.0	February	2003	- First release
1.1	June	2003	- Updated DC characteristics.
1.2	July	2003	- Corrected Pin configuration table.
1.3	October	2003	- Corrected typo in physical module dimension
1.4	March	2004	- Corrected package dimension.
1.5	June	2005	- Changed master format

## 200Pin Unbuffered SODIMM based on 512Mb B-die (x8, x16)

## 1.0 Ordering Information

Part Number	Density	Organization	Component Composition	Height
M470L3324BT(U)0-C(L)CC/B3/A2/B0	256MB	32M x 64	32Mx16 (K4H511638B) * 4EA	1,250mil
M470L6524BT(U)0-C(L)CC/B3/A2/B0	512MB	64M x 64	32Mx16 (K4H511638B) * 8EA	1,250mil
M470L2923BN(V)0-C(L)CC/B3/A2/B0	1GB	128M x 64	64Mx8 (K4H510838B) * 16EA	1,250mil

Note : Leaded and Lead-free(Pb-free) can be discriminated by PKG P/N

(T : 66 TSOP with Leaded, U : 66 TSOP with Lead-free)

(N : 54 sTSOP with Leaded, V : 54 sTSOP with Lead-free)

## 2.0 Operating Frequencies

	CC(DDR400@CL=3)	B3(DDR333@CL=2.5)	A2(DDR266@CL=2)	B0(DDR266@CL=2.5)
Speed @CL2	-	133MHz	133MHz	100MHz
Speed @CL2.5	166MHz	166MHz	133MHz	133MHz
Speed @CL3	200MHz	-	-	-
CL-tRCD-tRP	3-3-3	2.5-3-3	2-3-3	2.5-3-3

## 3.0 Feature

- VDD : 2.5V ± 0.2V, VDDQ : 2.5V ± 0.2V for DDR266, 333
- VDD : 2.6V ± 0.1V, VDDQ : 2.6V ± 0.1V for DDR400
- Double-data-rate architecture; two data transfers per clock cycle
- Bidirectional data strobe [DQ] (x4,x8) & [L(U)DQS] (x16)
- Differential clock inputs(CK and  $\overline{\text{CK}}$ )
- DLL aligns DQ and DQS transition with CK transition
- Programmable Read latency : DDR266(2, 2.5 Clock), DDR333(2.5 Clock), DDR400(3 Clock)
- Programmable Burst length (2, 4, 8)
- Programmable Burst type (sequential & interleave)
- Edge aligned data output, center aligned data input
- Auto & Self refresh, 7.8us refresh interval(8K/64ms refresh)
- Serial presence detect with EEPROM
- PCB : Height - 256MB(non ECC/ECC SS, 1250mil), 512MB/1GB(non ECC DS, 1250mil, ECC DS, 1400mil)
- SSTL\_2 Interface
- 66pin TSOP II & 54pin sTSOP II (**Leaded & Pb-Free(RoHS compliant)**) package

4.0 Pin Configuration (Front side/back side)

Pin	Front	Pin	Front	Pin	Front	Pin	Back	Pin	Back	Pin	Back
1	VREF	67	DQ27	135	DQ34	2	VREF	68	DQ31	136	DQ38
3	VSS	69	VDD	137	VSS	4	VSS	70	VDD	138	VSS
5	DQ0	71	CB0	139	DQ35	6	DQ4	72	CB4	140	DQ39
7	DQ1	73	CB1	141	DQ40	8	DQ5	74	CB5	142	DQ44
9	VDD	75	VSS	143	VDD	10	VDD	76	VSS	144	VDD
11	DQS0	77	DQS8	145	DQ41	12	DM0	78	DM8	146	DQ45
13	DQ2	79	CB2	147	DQS5	14	DQ6	80	CB6	148	DM5
15	VSS	81	VDD	149	VSS	16	VSS	82	VDD	150	VSS
17	DQ3	83	CB3	151	DQ42	18	DQ7	84	CB7	152	DQ46
19	DQ8	85	DU	153	DQ43	20	DQ12	86	*DU/(RESET)	154	DQ47
21	VDD	87	VSS	155	VDD	22	VDD	88	VSS	156	VDD
23	DQ9	89	CK2	157	VDD	24	DQ13	90	VSS	158	CK1
25	DQS1	91	CK2	159	VSS	26	DM1	92	VDD	160	CK1
27	VSS	93	VDD	161	VSS	28	VSS	94	VDD	162	VSS
29	DQ10	95	CKE1	163	DQ48	30	DQ14	96	CKE0	164	DQ52
31	DQ11	97	DU	165	DQ49	32	DQ15	98	*DU(BA2)	166	DQ53
33	VDD	99	A12	167	VDD	34	VDD	100	A11	168	VDD
35	CK0	101	A9	169	DQS6	36	VDD	102	A8	170	DM6
37	CK0	103	VSS	171	DQ50	38	VSS	104	VSS	172	DQ54
39	VSS	105	A7	173	VSS	40	VSS	106	A6	174	VSS
KEY		107	A5	175	DQ51	KEY		108	A4	176	DQ55
41	DQ16	109	A3	177	DQ56	42	DQ20	110	A2	178	DQ60
43	DQ17	111	A1	179	VDD	44	DQ21	112	A0	180	VDD
45	VDD	113	VDD	181	DQ57	46	VDD	114	VDD	182	DQ61
47	DQS2	115	A10/AP	183	DQS7	48	DM2	116	BA1	184	DM7
49	DQ18	117	BA0	185	VSS	50	DQ22	118	RAS	186	VSS
51	VSS	119	WE	187	DQ58	52	VSS	120	CAS	188	DQ62
53	DQ19	121	CS0	189	DQ59	54	DQ23	122	CS1	190	DQ63
55	DQ24	123	*DU(A13)	191	VDD	56	DQ28	124	DU	192	VDD
57	VDD	125	VSS	193	SDA	58	VDD	126	VSS	194	SA0
59	DQ25	127	DQ32	195	SCL	60	DQ29	128	DQ36	196	SA1
61	DQS3	129	DQ33	197	VDDSPD	62	DM3	130	DQ37	198	SA2
63	VSS	131	VDD	199	VDDID	64	VSS	132	VDD	200	DU
65	DQ26	133	DQS4			66	DQ30	134	DM4		

Note :

- \* : These pins are not used in this module.
- Pins 71, 72, 73, 74, 77, 78, 79, 80, 83, 84 are not used on x64(M470~ ) module, & used on x72(M485 ~ ) module.
- Pins 95,122 are NC for 1Row module & used for 2Row module(M470L6524B).

5.0 Pin Description

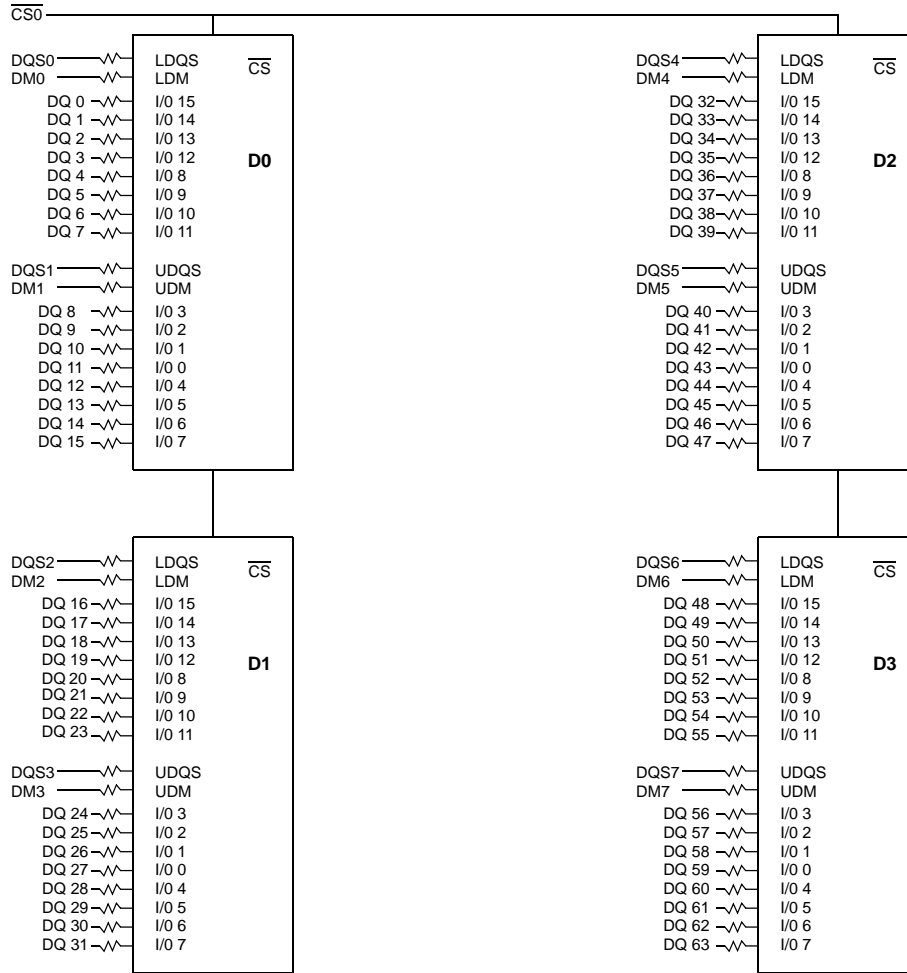
Pin Name	Function	Pin Name	Function
A0 ~ A12	Address input (Multiplexed)	DM0 ~7,8(for ECC)	Data - in mask
BA0 ~ BA1A	Bank Select Address	VDD	Power supply (2.5V for DDR266/333, 2.6V for DDR400)
DQ0 ~ DQ63	Data input/output	VDDQ	Power Supply for DQS (2.5V for DDR266/333, 2.6V for DDR400)
DQS0 ~ DQS8	Data Strobe input/output	VSS	Ground
CK0,CK0 ~ CK2, CK2	Clock input	VREF	Power supply for reference
CKE0, CKE1(for double banks)	Clock enable input	VDDSPD	Serial EEPROM Power/Supply ( 2.3V to 3.6V )
CS0, CS1(for double banks)	Chip select input	SDA	Serial data I/O
RAS	Row address strobe	SCL	Serial clock
CAS	Column address strobe	SA0 ~ 2	Address in EEPROM
WE	Write enable	VDDID	VDD, VDDQ level detection
CB0 ~ CB7(for x72 module)	Check bit(Data-in/data-out)	NC	No connection

Note : VDDID defines relationship of VDD and VDDQ, and the default status of it is open (VDD=VDDQ)

6.0 Functional Block Diagram

6.1 256MB, 32M x 64 Non ECC Module (M470L3324BT(U)0)

(Populated as 1 bank of x16 DDR SDRAM Module)



BA0 - BA1 → BA0-BA1: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D3

A0 - A12 → A0-A12: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D3

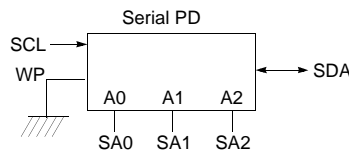
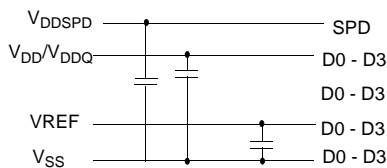
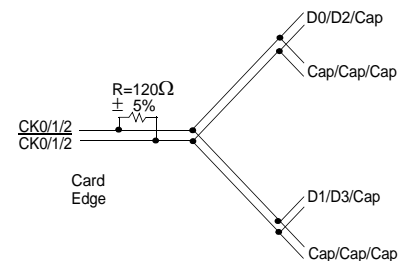
RAS → RAS: SDRAMs D0 - D3

CAS → CAS: SDRAMs D0 - D3

CKE0 → CKE: SDRAMs D0 - D3

WE → WE: SDRAMs D0 - D3

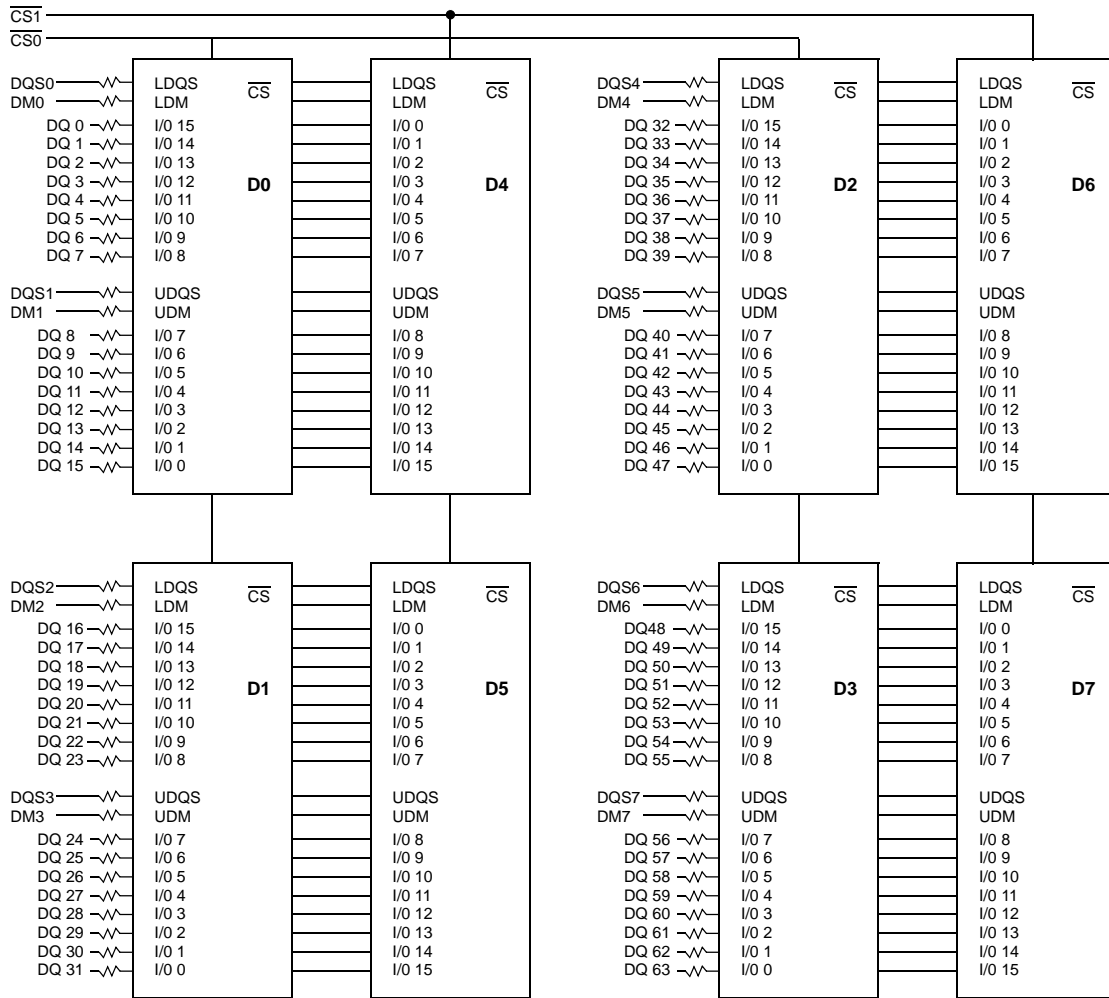
Clock Wiring	
Clock Input	SDRAMs
CK0/CK0	2 SDRAMs
CK1/CK1	2 SDRAMs
CK2/CK2	NC



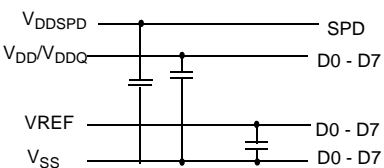
- Notes:
1. DQ-to-I/O wiring is shown as recommended but may be changed.
  2. DQ/DQS/DM/CKE/CS relationships must be maintained as shown.
  3. DQ, DQS, DM/DQS resistors: 22 Ohms.

## 6.2 512MB, 64M x 64 Non ECC Module (M470L6524BT(U)0)

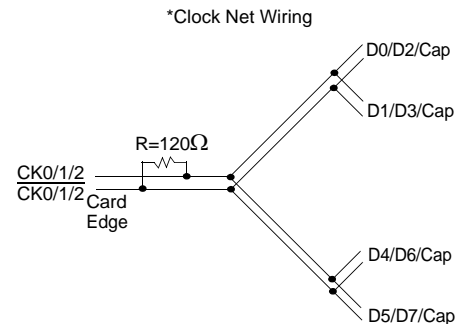
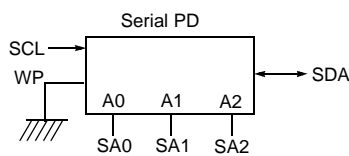
(Populated as 2 bank of x16 DDR SDRAM Module)



BA0 - BA1 → BA0-BA1: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D7  
 A0 - A12 → A0-A12: DDR SDRAMs D0 - D7  
 $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  →  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ : SDRAMs D0 - D7  
 $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  →  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ : SDRAMs D0 - D7  
 CKE0 → CKE: SDRAMs D0 - D3  
 CKE1 → CKE: SDRAMs D4 - D7  
 $\overline{\text{WE}}$  →  $\overline{\text{WE}}$ : SDRAMs D0 - D7



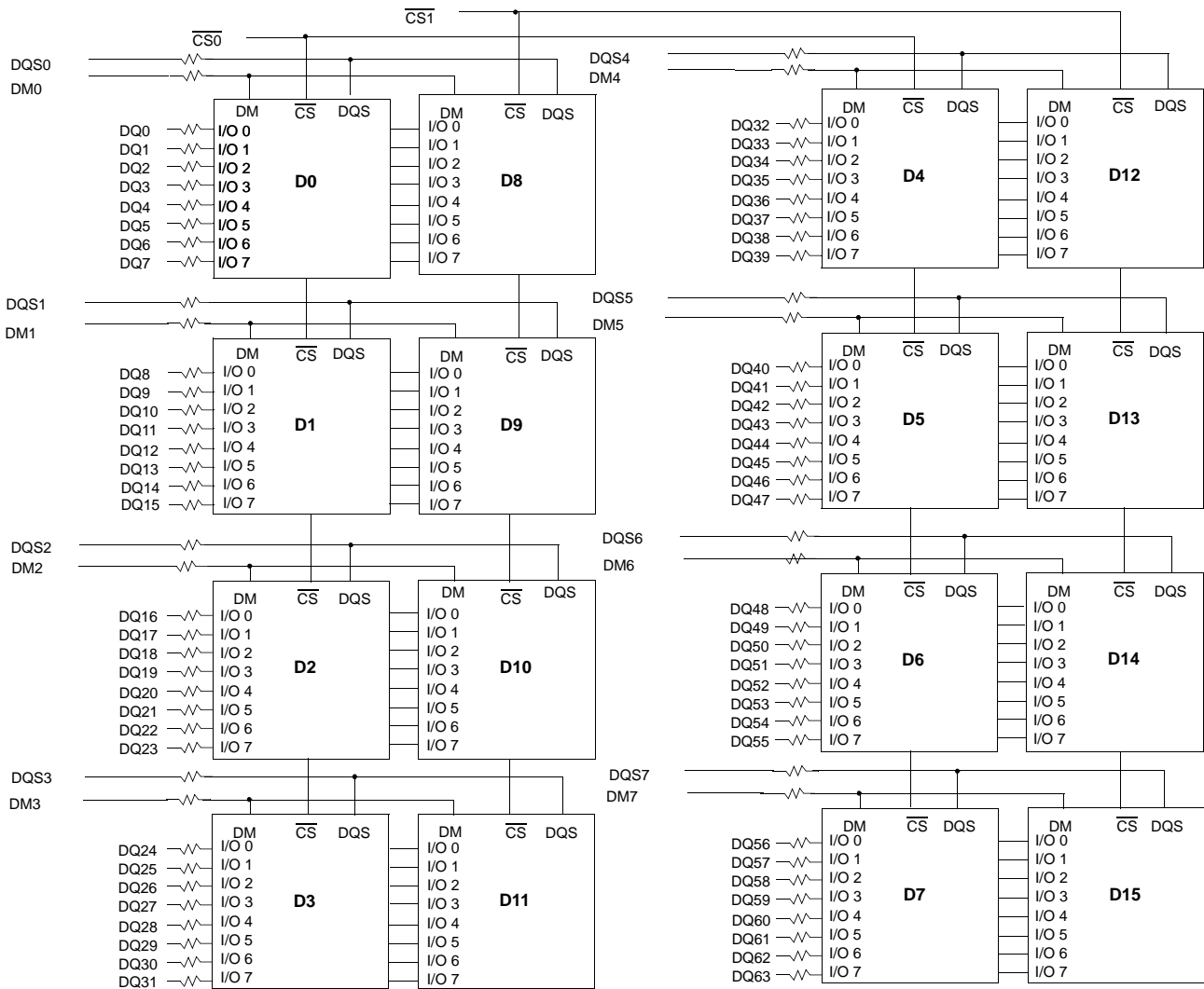
Clock Wiring	
Clock Input	SDRAMs
CK0/CK0	4 SDRAMs
CK1/CK1	4 SDRAMs
CK2/CK2	NC



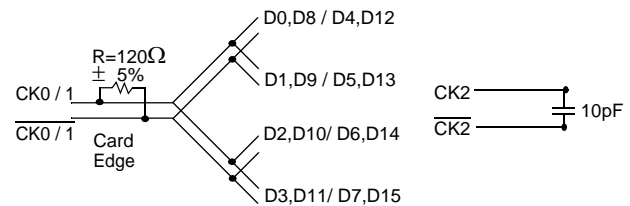
- Notes:
1. DQ-to-I/O wiring is shown as recommended but may be changed.
  2. DQ/DQS/DM/CKE/CS relationships must be maintained as shown.
  3. DQ, DQS, DM/DQS resistors: 22 Ohms.

## 6.3 1GB, 128M x 64 Non ECC Module (M470L2923BN(V)0)

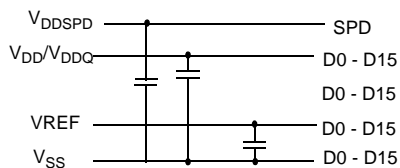
(Populated as 2 bank of x8 DDR SDRAM Module)



- BA0 - BA1 → BA0-BA1 : DDR SDRAMs D0 - D15
- A0 - A12 → A0-A12 : DDR SDRAMs D0 - D15
- RAS → RAS : DDR SDRAMs D0 - D15
- CAS → CAS : DDR SDRAMs D0 - D15
- CKE1 → CKE : DDR SDRAMs D8 - D15
- CKE0 → CKE : DDR SDRAMs D0 - D7
- WE → WE : DDR SDRAMs D0 - D15



\*Clock Net Wiring



- Notes :
1. DQ-to-I/O wiring is shown as recommended but may be changed.
  2. DQ/DQS/DM/CKE/CS relationships must be maintained as shown
  3. DQ, DQS, DM/DQS resistors: 22 Ohm.



## 7.0 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to $V_{SS}$	$V_{IN}, V_{OUT}$	-0.5 ~ 3.6	V
Voltage on $V_{DD}$ & $V_{DDQ}$ supply relative to $V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}, V_{DDQ}$	-1.0 ~ 3.6	V
Storage temperature	$T_{STG}$	-55 ~ +150	°C
Power dissipation	$P_D$	1.5 * # of component	W
Short circuit current	$I_{OS}$	50	mA

Note :

Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded.

Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operating condition.

Exposure to higher than recommended voltage for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

## 8.0 DC Operating Conditions

Recommended operating conditions(Voltage referenced to  $V_{SS}=0V$ ,  $T_A=0$  to  $70^{\circ}C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage(for device with a nominal $V_{DD}$ of 2.5V for DDR266/333)	$V_{DD}$	2.3	2.7	V	
Supply voltage(for device with a nominal $V_{DD}$ of 2.6V for DDR400)	$V_{DD}$	2.5	2.7	V	
I/O Supply voltage(for device with a nominal $V_{DD}$ of 2.5V for DDR266/333)	$V_{DDQ}$	2.3	2.7	V	
I/O Supply voltage(for device with a nominal $V_{DD}$ of 2.6V for DDR400)	$V_{DDQ}$	2.5	2.7	V	
I/O Reference voltage	$V_{REF}$	$0.49 * V_{DDQ}$	$0.51 * V_{DDQ}$	V	1
I/O Termination voltage(system)	$V_{TT}$	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	$V_{REF} + 0.04$	V	2
Input logic high voltage	$V_{IH}(DC)$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{DDQ} + 0.3$	V	
Input logic low voltage	$V_{IL}(DC)$	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	V	
Input Voltage Level, CK and $\overline{CK}$ inputs	$V_{IN}(DC)$	-0.3	$V_{DDQ} + 0.3$	V	
Input Differential Voltage, CK and $\overline{CK}$ inputs	$V_{ID}(DC)$	0.36	$V_{DDQ} + 0.6$	V	3
V-I Matching: Pullup to Pulldown Current Ratio	$V_I(\text{Ratio})$	0.71	1.4	-	4
Input leakage current	$I_I$	-2	2	uA	
Output leakage current	$I_{OZ}$	-5	5	uA	
Output High Current(Normal strength driver) ; $V_{OUT} = V_{TT} + 0.84V$	$I_{OH}$	-16.8		mA	
Output High Current(Normal strength driver) ; $V_{OUT} = V_{TT} - 0.84V$	$I_{OL}$	16.8		mA	
Output High Current(Half strength driver) ; $V_{OUT} = V_{TT} + 0.45V$	$I_{OH}$	-9		mA	
Output High Current(Half strength driver) ; $V_{OUT} = V_{TT} - 0.45V$	$I_{OL}$	9		mA	

Note :

- $V_{REF}$  is expected to be equal to  $0.5 * V_{DDQ}$  of the transmitting device, and to track variations in the dc level of same. Peak-to-peak noise on  $V_{REF}$  may not exceed +/-2% of the dc value.
- $V_{TT}$  is not applied directly to the device.  $V_{TT}$  is a system supply for signal termination resistors, is expected to be set equal to  $V_{REF}$  and must track variations in the DC level of  $V_{REF}$ .
- $V_{ID}$  is the magnitude of the difference between the input level on CK and the input level on  $\overline{CK}$ .
- The ratio of the pullup current to the pulldown current is specified for the same temperature and voltage, over the entire temperature and voltage range, for device drain to source voltages from 0.25V to 1.0V. For a given output, it represents the maximum difference between pullup and pulldown drivers due to process variation. The full variation in the ratio of the maximum to minimum pullup and pulldown current will not exceed 1.7 for device drain to source voltages from 0.1 to 1.0.

## 9.0 DDR SDRAM IDD spec table

## 9.1 M470L3324BT(U)0 [ (32M x 64) 256MB Module ]

(V<sub>DD</sub>=2.7V, T = 10°C)

Symbol		CC(DDR400@CL=3)	B3(DDR333@CL=2.5)	A2(DDR266@CL=2)	B0(DDR266@CL=2.5)	Unit	Notes
IDD0		660	500	440	440	mA	
IDD1		760	620	560	560	mA	
IDD2P		20	20	20	20	mA	
IDD2F		120	120	120	120	mA	
IDD2Q		100	100	80	80	mA	
IDD3P		220	120	120	120	mA	
IDD3N		400	200	200	200	mA	
IDD4R		920	780	680	680	mA	
IDD4W		1,120	860	760	760	mA	
IDD5		1,060	1,000	960	960	mA	
IDD6	Normal	20	20	20	20	mA	
	Low power	12	12	12	12	mA	Optional
IDD7A		1,800	1,620	1,440	1,440	mA	

\* Module IDD was calculated on the basis of component IDD and can be differently measured according to DQ loading cap.

## 9.2 M470L6524BT(U)0 [ (64M x 64) 512MB Module ]

(V<sub>DD</sub>=2.7V, T = 10°C)

Symbol		CC(DDR400@CL=3)	B3(DDR333@CL=2.5)	A2(DDR266@CL=2)	B0(DDR266@CL=2.5)	Unit	Notes
IDD0		1,060	700	640	640	mA	
IDD1		1,160	820	760	760	mA	
IDD2P		40	40	40	40	mA	
IDD2F		240	240	240	240	mA	
IDD2Q		200	200	160	160	mA	
IDD3P		440	240	240	240	mA	
IDD3N		800	400	400	400	mA	
IDD4R		1,320	980	880	880	mA	
IDD4W		1,520	1,060	960	960	mA	
IDD5		1,460	1,200	1,160	1,160	mA	
IDD6	Normal	40	40	40	40	mA	
	Low power	24	24	24	24	mA	Optional
IDD7A		2,200	1,820	1,640	1,640	mA	

\* Module IDD was calculated on the basis of component IDD and can be differently measured according to DQ loading cap.

## 9.3 M470L2923BV0 [ (128M x 64) 1GB Module ]

(V<sub>DD</sub>=2.7V, T = 10°C)

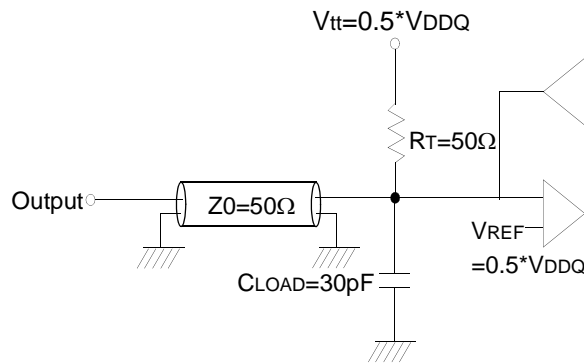
Symbol		CC(DDR400@CL=3)	B3(DDR333@CL=2.5)	A2(DDR266@CL=2)	B0(DDR266@CL=2.5)	Unit	Notes
IDD0		2,080	1,400	1,280	1,280	mA	
IDD1		2,240	1,600	1,480	1,480	mA	
IDD2P		80	80	80	80	mA	
IDD2F		480	480	480	480	mA	
IDD2Q		400	400	400	400	mA	
IDD3P		560	480	480	480	mA	
IDD3N		1,520	800	800	800	mA	
IDD4R		2,360	1,840	1,600	1,600	mA	
IDD4W		2,680	1,880	1,640	1,640	mA	
IDD5		2,880	2,400	2,320	2,320	mA	
IDD6	Normal	80	80	80	80	mA	
	Low power	48	48	48	48	mA	Optional
IDD7A		4,200	3,520	3,120	3,120	mA	

\* Module IDD was calculated on the basis of component IDD and can be differently measured according to DQ loading cap.

10.0 AC Operating Conditions

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Input High (Logic 1) Voltage, DQ, DQS and DM signals	VIH(AC)	VREF + 0.31		V	3
Input Low (Logic 0) Voltage, DQ, DQS and DM signals.	VIL(AC)		VREF - 0.31	V	3
Input Differential Voltage, CK and CK inputs	VID(AC)	0.7	VDDQ+0.6	V	1
Input Crossing Point Voltage, CK and CK inputs	VIX(AC)	0.5*VDDQ-0.2	0.5*VDDQ+0.2	V	2

- Note :
1. VID is the magnitude of the difference between the input level on CK and the input on  $\overline{CK}$ .
  2. The value of  $V_{IX}$  is expected to equal  $0.5 \cdot V_{DDQ}$  of the transmitting device and must track variations in the DC level of the same.
  3. These parameters should be tested at the pin on actual components and may be checked at either the pin or the pad in simulation. the AC and DC input specifications are relative to a Vref envelope that has been bandwidth limited 20MHz.



Output Load Circuit (SSTL\_2)

11.0 Input/Output Capacitance

( TA= 25°C, f=100MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	M470L3324BT(U)		M470L6524BT(U)		M470L2923BN(V)		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Input capacitance(A0 ~ A12, BA0 ~ BA1, RAS, CAS, WE )	CIN1	41	45	49	57	65	81	pF
Input capacitance(CKE0, CKE1)	CIN2	34	38	42	50	42	50	pF
Input capacitance( $\overline{CS0}$ , $\overline{CS1}$ )	CIN3	34	38	42	50	42	50	pF
Input capacitance( CLK0, CLK1, CLK2)	CIN4	25	30	25	30	28	34	pF
Input capacitance(DM0~DM7)	CIN5	6	7	6	7	10	12	pF
Data & DQS input/output capacitance(DQ0~DQ63)	Cout1	6	7	6	7	10	12	pF

12.0 AC Timing Parameters & Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	CC (DDR400@CL=3.0)		B3 (DDR333@CL=2.5)		A2 (DDR266@CL=2.0)		B0 (DDR266@CL=2.5)		Unit	Note	
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
Row cycle time	tRC	55		60		65		65		ns		
Refresh row cycle time	tRFC	70		72		75		75		ns		
Row active time	tRAS	40	70K	42	70K	45	70K	45	70K	ns		
RAS to CAS delay	tRCD	15		18		20		20		ns		
Row precharge time	tRP	15		18		20		20		ns		
Row active to Row active delay	tRRD	10		12		15		15		ns		
Write recovery time	tWR	15		15		15		15		ns		
Last data in to Read command	tWTR	2		1		1		1		tCK		
Clock cycle time	tCK	CL=2.0	-	-	7.5	12	7.5	12	10	12	ns	
		CL=2.5	6	12	6	12	7.5	12	7.5	12	ns	
		CL=3.0	5	10	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Clock high level width	tCH	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK		
Clock low level width	tCL	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK		
DQS-out access time from CK/CK	tDQSQ	-0.55	+0.55	-0.6	+0.6	-0.75	+0.75	-0.75	+0.75	ns		
Output data access time from CK/CK	tAC	-0.65	+0.65	-0.7	+0.7	-0.75	+0.75	-0.75	+0.75	ns		
Data strobe edge to output data edge	tDQSQ	-	0.4	-	0.45	-	0.5	-	0.5	ns	22	
Read Preamble	tRPRE	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	tCK		
Read Postamble	tRPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK		
CK to valid DQS-in	tDQSS	0.72	1.28	0.75	1.25	0.75	1.25	0.75	1.25	tCK		
DQS-in setup time	tWPRES	0		0		0		0		ns	13	
DQS-in hold time	tWPRE	0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		tCK		
DQS falling edge to CK rising-setup time	tDSS	0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2		tCK		
DQS falling edge from CK rising-hold time	tDSH	0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2		tCK		
DQS-in high level width	tDQSH	0.35		0.35		0.35		0.35		tCK		
DQS-in low level width	tDQSL	0.35		0.35		0.35		0.35		tCK		
Address and Control Input setup time(fast)	tIS	0.6		0.75		0.9		0.9		ns	15, 17-19	
Address and Control Input hold time(fast)	tIH	0.6		0.75		0.9		0.9		ns	15, 17-19	
Address and Control Input setup	tIS	0.7		0.8		1.0		1.0		ns	16-19	
Address and Control Input hold time(slow)	tIH	0.7		0.8		1.0		1.0		ns	16-19	
Data-out high impedance time from CK/CK	tHZ	-0.65	+0.65	-0.7	+0.7	-0.75	+0.75	-0.75	+0.75	ns	11	
Data-out low impedance time from CK/CK	tLZ	-0.65	+0.65	-0.7	+0.7	-0.75	+0.75	-0.75	+0.75	ns	11	
Mode register set cycle time	tMRD	10		12		15		15		ns		
DQ & DM setup time to DQS	tDS	0.4		0.45		0.5		0.5		ns	j, k	
DQ & DM hold time to DQS	tDH	0.4		0.45		0.5		0.5		ns	j, k	
Control & Address input pulse width	tIPW	2.2		2.2		2.2		2.2		ns	18	
DQ & DM input pulse width	tDIPW	1.75		1.75		1.75		1.75		ns	18	
Exit self refresh to non-Read command	tXSNR	75		75		75		75		ns		
Exit self refresh to read command	tXSRD	200		200		200		200		tCK		
Refresh interval time	tREFI		7.8		7.8		7.8		7.8	us	14	
Output DQS valid window	tQH	tIHP -tQHS	-	tIHP -tQHS	-	tIHP -tQHS	-	tIHP -tQHS	-	ns	21	
Clock half period	tHP	tCLmin or tCHmin	-	tCLmin or tCHmin	-	tCLmin or tCHmin	-	tCLmin or tCHmin	-	ns	20, 21	
Data hold skew factor	tQHS		0.5		0.55		0.75		0.75	ns	21	
DQS write postamble time	tWPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	12	
Active to Read with Auto precharge command	tRAP	15		18		20		20				
Autoprecharge write recovery + Precharge time	tDAL	(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)		(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)		(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)		(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)		tCK	23	

### 13.0 System Characteristics for DDR SDRAM

The following specification parameters are required in systems using DDR333, DDR266 devices to ensure proper system performance. these characteristics are for system simulation purposes and are guaranteed by design.

**Table 1 : Input Slew Rate for DQ, DQS, and DM**

AC CHARACTERISTICS		DDR333		DDR266		Units	Notes
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
DQ/DM/DQS input slew rate measured between VIH(DC), VIL(DC) and VIL(DC), VIH(DC)	DCSLEW	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	V/ns	a, m

**Table 2 : Input Setup & Hold Time Derating for Slew Rate**

Input Slew Rate	$\Delta t_{IS}$	$\Delta t_{IH}$	Units	Notes
0.5 V/ns	0	0	ps	i
0.4 V/ns	+50	0	ps	i
0.3 V/ns	+100	0	ps	i

**Table 3 : Input/Output Setup & Hold Time Derating for Slew Rate**

Input Slew Rate	$\Delta t_{DS}$	$\Delta t_{DH}$	Units	Notes
0.5 V/ns	0	0	ps	k
0.4 V/ns	+75	+75	ps	k
0.3 V/ns	+150	+150	ps	k

**Table 4 : Input/Output Setup & Hold Derating for Rise/Fall Delta Slew Rate**

Delta Slew Rate	$\Delta t_{DS}$	$\Delta t_{DH}$	Units	Notes
+/- 0.0 V/ns	0	0	ps	j
+/- 0.25 V/ns	+50	+50	ps	j
+/- 0.5 V/ns	+100	+100	ps	j

**Table 5 : Output Slew Rate Characteristic (X4, X8 Devices only)**

Slew Rate Characteristic	Typical Range (V/ns)	Minimum (V/ns)	Maximum (V/ns)	Notes
Pullup Slew Rate	1.2 ~ 2.5	1.0	4.5	a,c,d,f,g,h
Pulldown slew	1.2 ~ 2.5	1.0	4.5	b,c,d,f,g,h

**Table 6 : Output Slew Rate Characteristic (X16 Devices only)**

Slew Rate Characteristic	Typical Range (V/ns)	Minimum (V/ns)	Maximum (V/ns)	Notes
Pullup Slew Rate	1.2 ~ 2.5	0.7	5.0	a,c,d,f,g,h
Pulldown slew	1.2 ~ 2.5	0.7	5.0	b,c,d,f,g,h

**Table 7 : Output Slew Rate Matching Ratio Characteristics**

AC CHARACTERISTICS		DDR333		DDR266		Notes
PARAMETER		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Output Slew Rate Matching Ratio (Pullup to Pulldown)		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	e,m

## 14.0 Component Notes

- All voltages referenced to Vss.
- Tests for ac timing, IDD, and electrical, ac and dc characteristics, may be conducted at nominal reference/supply voltage levels, but the related specifications and device operation are guaranteed for the full voltage range specified.
- Figure 1 represents the timing reference load used in defining the relevant timing parameters of the part. It is not intended to be either a precise representation of the typical system environment nor a depiction of the actual load presented by a production tester. System designers will use IBIS or other simulation tools to correlate the timing reference load to a system environment. Manufacturers will correlate to their production test conditions (generally a coaxial transmission line terminated at the tester electronics).

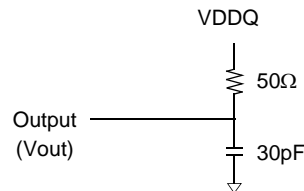


Figure 1 : Timing Reference Load

- AC timing and IDD tests may use a VIL to VIH swing of up to 1.5 V in the test environment, but input timing is still referenced to VREF (or to the crossing point for CK/CK), and parameter specifications are guaranteed for the specified ac input levels under normal use conditions. The minimum slew rate for the input signals is 1 V/ns in the range between VIL(ac) and VIH(ac).
- The ac and dc input level specifications are as defined in the SSTL\_2 Standard (i.e., the receiver will effectively switch as a result of the signal crossing the ac input level and will remain in that state as long as the signal does not ring back above (below) the dc input LOW (HIGH) level.
- Inputs are not recognized as valid until VREF stabilizes. Exception: during the period before VREF stabilizes,  $CKE \leq 0.2VDDQ$  is recognized as LOW.
- Enables on.chip refresh and address counters.
- IDD specifications are tested after the device is properly initialized.
- The CK/CK input reference level (for timing referenced to CK/CK) is the point at which CK and CK cross; the input reference level for signals other than CK/CK, is VREF.
- The output timing reference voltage level is VTT.
- tHZ and tLZ transitions occur in the same access time windows as valid data transitions. These parameters are not referenced to a specific voltage level but specify when the device output is no longer driving (HZ), or begins driving (LZ).
- The maximum limit for this parameter is not a device limit. The device will operate with a greater value for this parameter, but system performance (bus turnaround) will degrade accordingly.
- The specific requirement is that DQS be valid (HIGH, LOW, or at some point on a valid transition) on or before this CK edge. A valid transition is defined as monotonic and meeting the input slew rate specifications of the device. when no writes were previously in progress on the bus, DQS will be transitioning from High-Z to logic LOW. If a previous write was in progress, DQS could be HIGH, LOW, or transitioning from HIGH to LOW at this time, depending on tDQSS.
- A maximum of eight AUTO REFRESH commands can be posted to any given DDR SDRAM device.
- For command/address input slew rate  $\geq 1.0$  V/ns
- For command/address input slew rate  $\geq 0.5$  V/ns and  $< 1.0$  V/ns
- For CK & CK slew rate  $\geq 1.0$  V/ns
- These parameters guarantee device timing, but they are not necessarily tested on each device. They may be guaranteed by device design or tester correlation.
- Slew Rate is measured between VOH(ac) and VOL(ac).
- Min (tCL, tCH) refers to the smaller of the actual clock low time and the actual clock high time as provided to the device (i.e. this value can be greater than the minimum specification limits for tCL and tCH).....For example, tCL and tCH are = 50% of the period, less the half period jitter (tJIT(HP)) of the clock source, and less the half period jitter due to crosstalk (tJIT(crosstalk)) into the clock traces.
- $tQH = tHP - tQHS$ , where:
  - tHP = minimum half clock period for any given cycle and is defined by clock high or clock low (tCH, tCL). tQHS accounts for 1) The pulse duration distortion of on-chip clock circuits; and 2) The worst case push-out of DQS on one transition followed by the worst case pull-in of DQ on the next transition, both of which are, separately, due to data pin skew and output pattern effects, and p channel to n-channel variation of the output drivers.
- tDQSQ - Consists of data pin skew and output pattern effects, and p-channel to n-channel variation of the output drivers for any given cycle.
- $tDAL = (tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)$ 
  - For each of the terms above, if not already an integer, round to the next highest integer. Example: For DDR266B at CL=2.5 and tCK=7.5ns  $tDAL = (15 \text{ ns} / 7.5 \text{ ns}) + (20 \text{ ns} / 7.5\text{ns}) = (2) + (3) \text{ } tDAL = 5 \text{ clocks}$

## 15.0 System Notes:

a. Pullup slew rate is characterized under the test conditions as shown in Figure 2.

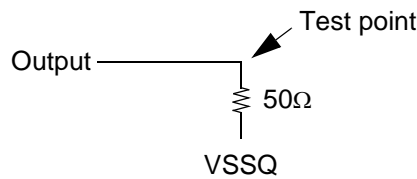


Figure 2 : Pullup slew rate test load

b. Pulldown slew rate is measured under the test conditions shown in Figure 3.

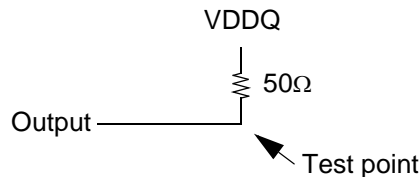


Figure 3 : Pulldown slew rate test load

c. Pullup slew rate is measured between (VDDQ/2 - 320 mV +/- 250 mV)

Pulldown slew rate is measured between (VDDQ/2 + 320 mV +/- 250 mV)

Pullup and Pulldown slew rate conditions are to be met for any pattern of data, including all outputs switching and only one output switching.

Example : For typical slew rate, DQ0 is switching

For minimum slew rate, all DQ bits are switching from either high to low, or low to high.

The remaining DQ bits remain the same as for previous state.

d. Evaluation conditions

Typical : 25 °C (T Ambient), VDDQ = 2.5V(for DDR266/333) and 2.6V(for DDR400), typical process

Minimum : 70 °C (T Ambient), VDDQ = 2.3V(for DDR266/333) and 2.5V(for DDR400), slow - slow process

Maximum : 0 °C (T Ambient), VDDQ = 2.7V(for DDR266/333) and 2.7V(for DDR400), fast - fast process

e. The ratio of pullup slew rate to pulldown slew rate is specified for the same temperature and voltage, over the entire temperature and voltage range.  
For a given output, it represents the maximum difference between pullup and pulldown drivers due to process variation.

f. Verified under typical conditions for qualification purposes.

g. TSOP11 package devices only.

h. Only intended for operation up to 266 Mbps per pin.

i. A derating factor will be used to increase tIS and tIH in the case where the input slew rate is below 0.5V/ns as shown in Table 2. The input slew rate is based on the lesser of the slew rates determined by either VIH(AC) to VIL(AC) or VIH(DC) to VIL(DC), similarly for rising transitions.

j. A derating factor will be used to increase tDS and tDH in the case where DQ, DM, and DQS slew rates differ, as shown in Tables 3 & 4. Input slew rate is based on the larger of AC-AC delta rise, fall rate and DC-DC delta rise, Input slew rate is based on the lesser of the slew rates determined by either VIH(AC) to VIL(AC) or VIH(DC) to VIL(DC), similarly for rising transitions. The delta rise/fall rate is calculated as:  $\{1/(\text{Slew Rate1})\} - \{1/(\text{Slew Rate2})\}$

For example : If Slew Rate 1 is 0.5 V/ns and slew Rate 2 is 0.4 V/ns, then the delta rise, fall rate is - 0.5ns/V . Using the table given, this would result in the need for an increase in tDS and tDH of 100 ps.

k. Table 3 is used to increase tDS and tDH in the case where the I/O slew rate is below 0.5 V/ns. The I/O slew rate is based on the lesser on the lesser of the AC - AC slew rate and the DC- DC slew rate. The input slew rate is based on the lesser of the slew rates determined by either VIH(ac) to VIL(ac) or VIH(DC) to VIL(DC), and similarly for rising transitions.

m. DQS, DM, and DQ input slew rate is specified to prevent double clocking of data and preserve setup and hold times. Signal transitions through the DC region must be monotonic.



16.0 Command Truth Table

(V=Valid, X=Don't Care, H=Logic High, L=Logic Low)

COMMAND		CKEn-1	CKEn	$\overline{CS}$	$\overline{RAS}$	$\overline{CAS}$	$\overline{WE}$	BA0,1	A10/AP	A0 ~ A9 A11, A12	Note	
Register	Extended MRS	H	X	L	L	L	L	OP CODE			1, 2	
Register	Mode Register Set	H	X	L	L	L	L	OP CODE			1, 2	
Refresh	Auto Refresh		H	H	L	L	L	H	X		3	
	Self Refresh	Entry		L								3
		Exit	H	L	H	H	H	X		3		
	H			X	X	X	3					
Bank Active & Row Addr.		H	X	L	L	H	H	V	Row Address (A0~A9, A11,A12)			
Read & Column Address	Auto Precharge Disable		H	X	L	H	L	H	V	L	Column Address	4
	Auto Precharge Enable								H	4		
Write & Column Address	Auto Precharge Disable		H	X	L	H	L	L	V	L	Column Address	4
	Auto Precharge Enable								H	H		4, 6
Burst Stop		H	X	L	H	H	L	X			7	
Precharge	Bank Selection		H	X	L	L	H	L	V	L	X	
	All Banks								X	H		5
Active Power Down		Entry	H	L	H	X	X	X	X			
					L	V	V	V				
Precharge Power Down Mode		Entry	H	L	H	X	X	X	X			
					L	H	H	H				
		Exit	L	H	H	X	X	X				
					L	V	V	V				
DM		H	X					X			8	
No operation (NOP) : Not defined		H	X	H	X	X	X	X			9	
				L	H	H	H			9		

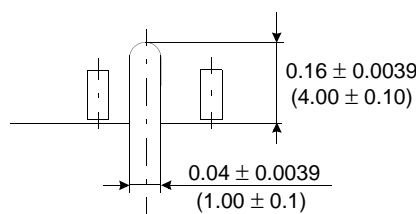
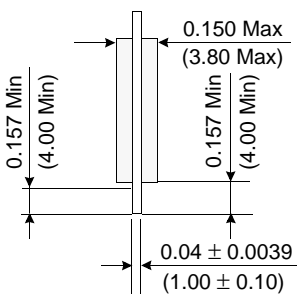
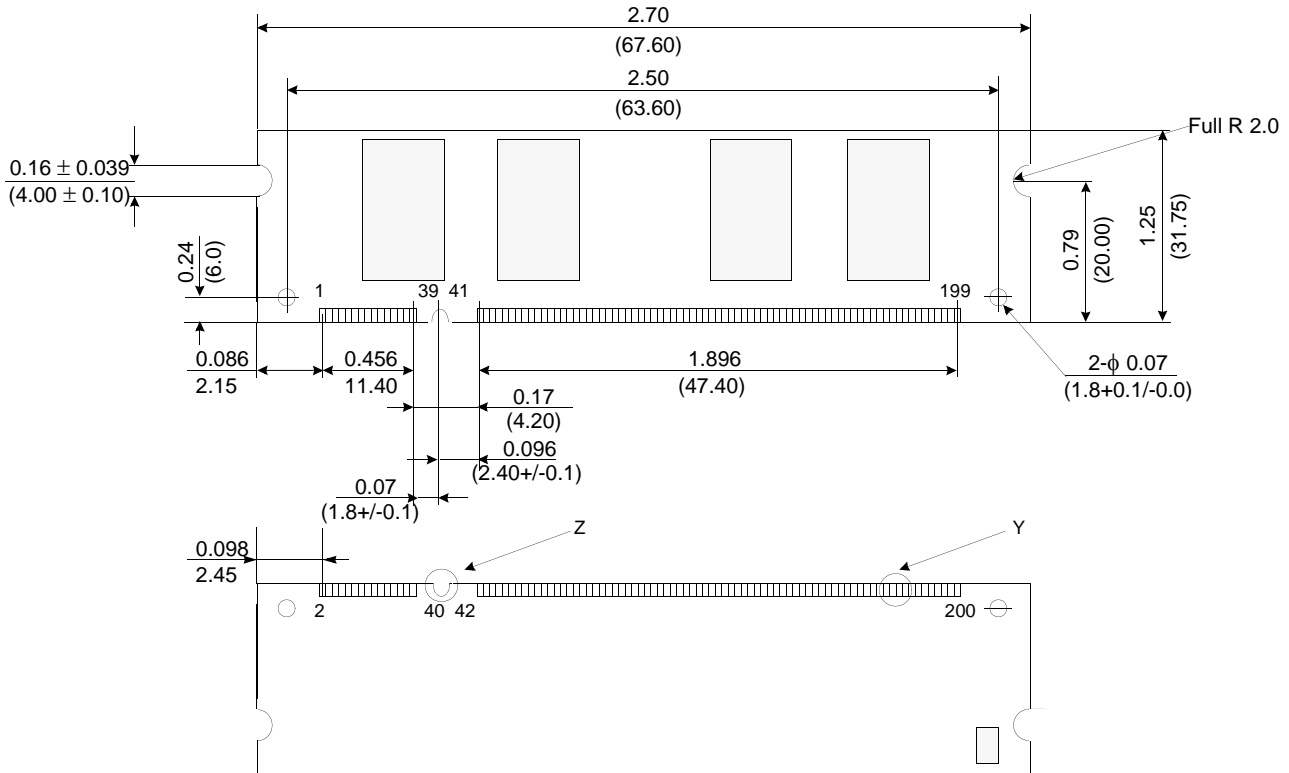
Note :

- OP Code : Operand Code. A0 ~ A12 & BA0 ~ BA1 : Program keys. (@EMRS/MRS)
- EMRS/ MRS can be issued only at all banks precharge state. A new command can be issued 2 clock cycles after EMRS or MRS.
- Auto refresh functions are same as the CBR refresh of DRAM.  
The automatical precharge without row precharge command is meant by "Auto".  
Auto/self refresh can be issued only at all banks precharge state.
- BA0 ~ BA1 : Bank select addresses.  
If both BA0 and BA1 are "Low" at read, write, row active and precharge, bank A is selected.  
If BA0 is "High" and BA1 is "Low" at read, write, row active and precharge, bank B is selected.  
If BA0 is "Low" and BA1 is "High" at read, write, row active and precharge, bank C is selected.  
If both BA0 and BA1 are "High" at read, write, row active and precharge, bank D is selected.
- If A10/AP is "High" at row precharge, BA0 and BA1 are ignored and all banks are selected.
- During burst write with auto precharge, new read/write command can not be issued.  
Another bank read/write command can be issued after the end of burst.  
New row active of the associated bank can be issued at tRP after the end of burst.
- Burst stop command is valid at every burst length.
- DM sampled at the rising and falling edges of the DQS and Data-in are masked at the both edges (Write DM latency is 0).
- This combination is not defined for any function, which means "No Operation(NOP)" in DDR SDRAM.

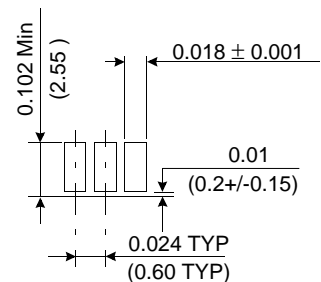
17.0 Physical Dimensions

17.1 32M x 64 (M470L3324BT(U))

Units : Inches (Millimeters)



Detail Z

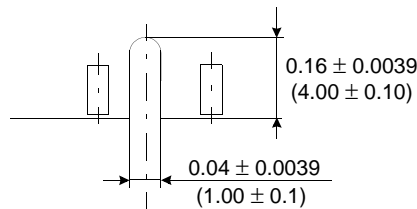
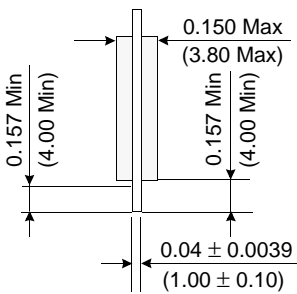
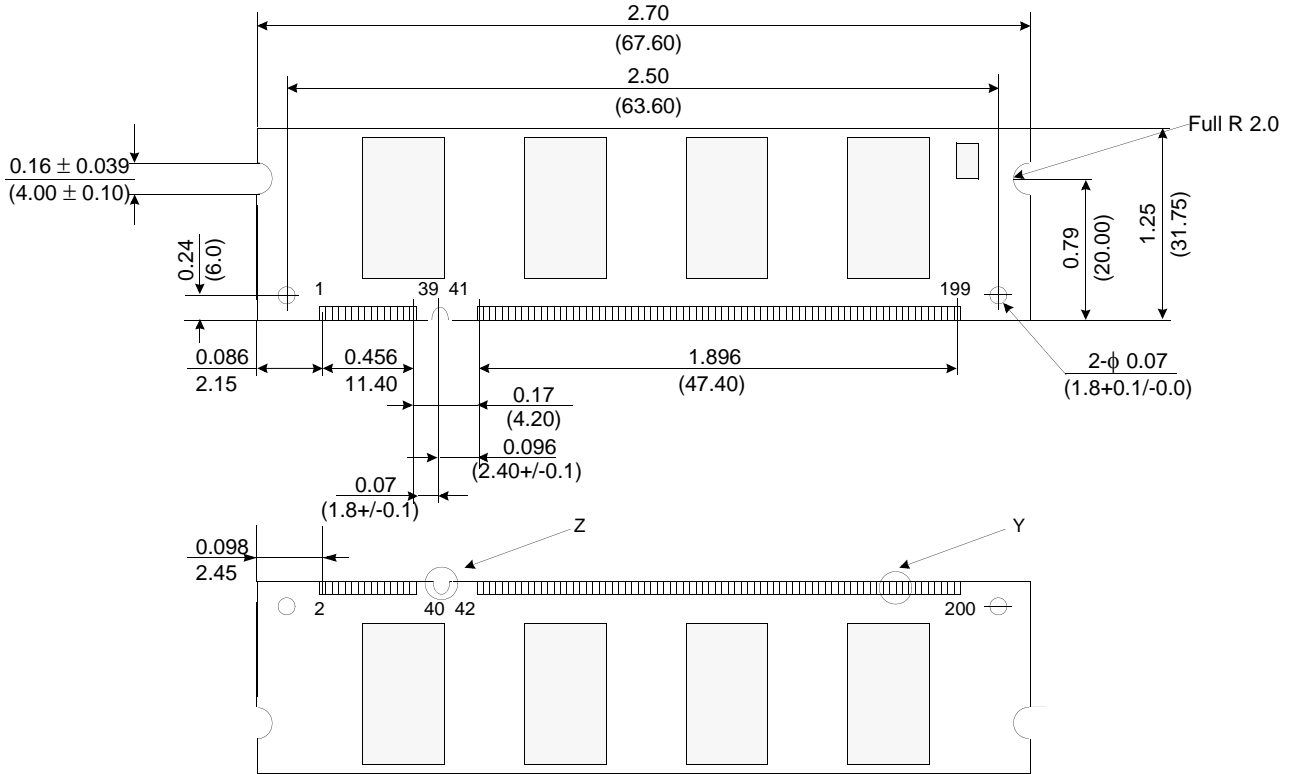


Detail Y

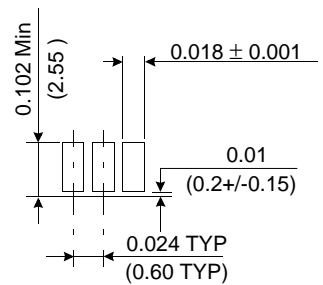
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 SDRAM Part No. : K4H511638B

17.2 64Mx64 (M470L6524BT(U))

Units : Inches (Millimeters)



Detail Z

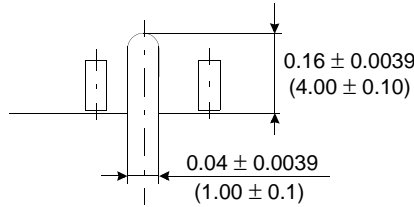
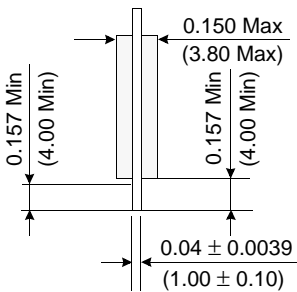
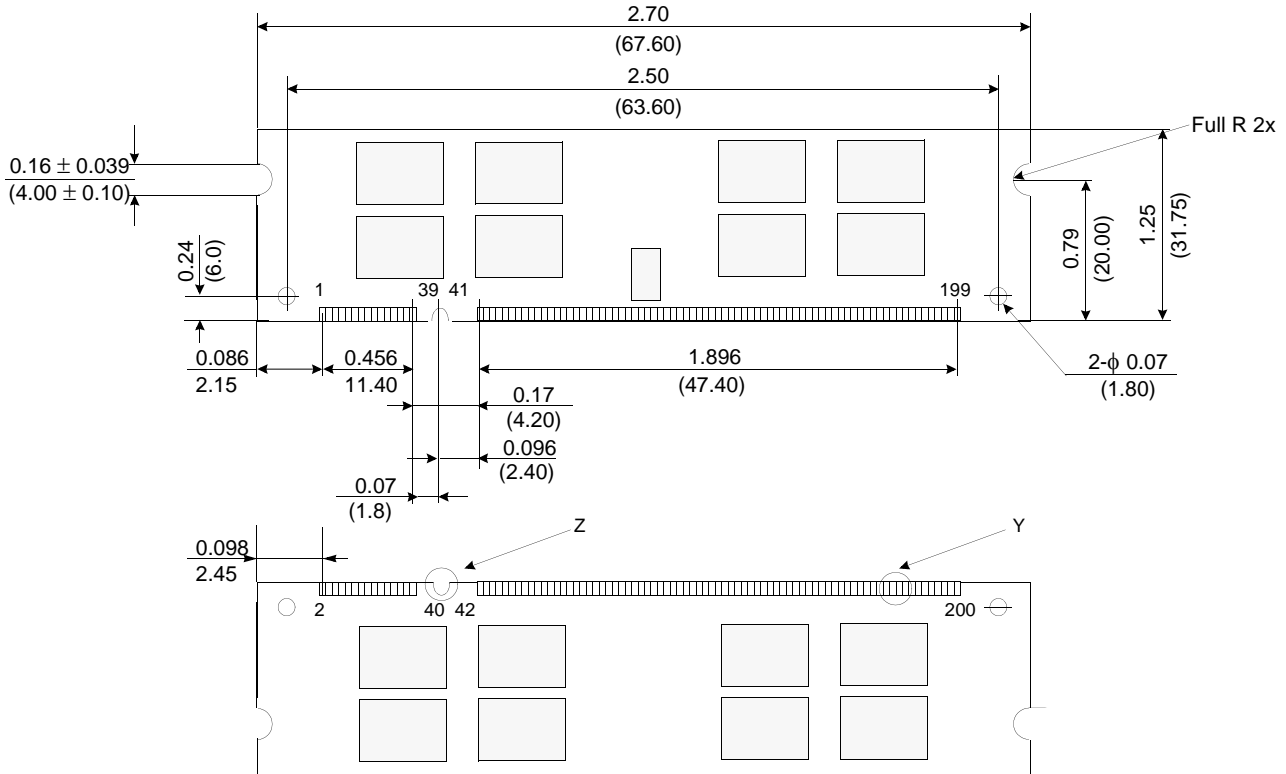


Detail Y

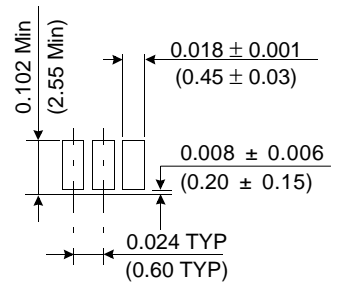
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 SDRAM Part No. : K4H511638B

17.3 128Mx64 (M4702923BN(V))

Units : Inches (Millimeters)



Detail Z



Detail Y

Tolerances : ±.006(.15) unless otherwise specified  
 The used device is 64Mx8 DDR SDRAM, sTSOPII-300mil  
 SDRAM Part No. : K4H510838B