

Dual Output Flasher

Description

The integrated circuit U2044B is used in relay-controlled automotive flashers. With two output stages, each side of the vehicle is controlled separately. A left and a right direction indicator input with only a small control current makes switch contacts for small loads possible.

The separate hazard warning input simplifies the construction of the hazard switch. Lamp outage is indicated by frequency doubling during direction mode. Thanks to the extreme low current consumption the U2044B can be connected to the battery directly.

Features

- D Temperature and supply voltage compensated flashing frequency
- D Frequency doubling indicates lamp outage
- D Two relay driver outputs with high current-carrying capacity and low saturation voltage
- D Minimum lamp load for flasher operation: w 1 W
- D Very low susceptibility to EMI
- D Protection according to ISO/TR7637/1 level 4
- D Extremly low current consumption < 10 mA (@switches open)
- D Reverse polarity protection
- D Three control inputs: left, right and hazard warning

Ordering Information

Extended Type Number		Remarks
U2044B	DIP14	
U2044B-FP	SO14	

Pin Description

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	OSC	Oscillator
2	SIL	Start input left
3	SIR	Start input right
4	SIHW	Start input hazard warning
5	V_{S}	V_S
6	CR1	Control input relay 1
7	CR2	Control input relay 2
8	LD	Lamp failure detection
9	V_S	V_{S}
10	GND	IC ground
11	OR1	Output relay 1
12	V_S	V_{S}
13	OR2	Output relay 2
14	OSC	Oscillator

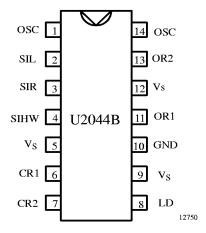


Figure 1. Pinning

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Block Diagram

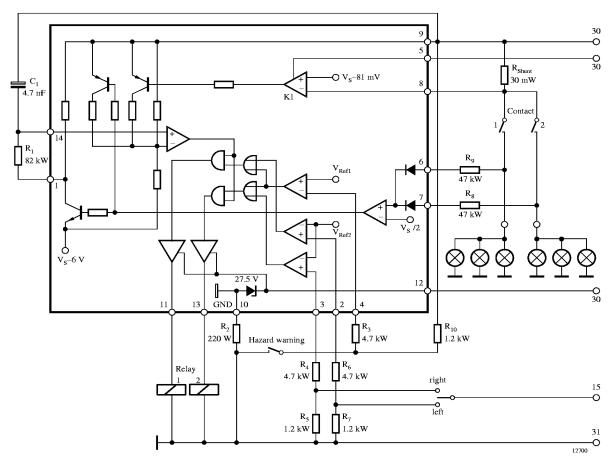


Figure 2. Application circuit R_2 for protection against continous reversed polarity: 1 Watt

Functional Description

Pin 1 and Pin 14, Oscillator

Flashing frequency, f₁, is determined by the R₁C₁ components as follows (see figure 2):

In the case of a lamp outage, the oscillator frequency is switched to the lamp outage frequency f_2 with

f₂ [2.2 f_1 .

Duty cycle in normal flashing mode: 50% Duty cycle in lamp outage mode (bright phase): 40% Pin 2 and Pin 3, Start input right and left

Flashing is disabled as long as the input comparator is tied to GND (pull-down resistor R7 or R5). The high-side flasher switch "left" or "right" changes the comparator status and enables the output stage at Pin 11 or Pin 13. R_6 and R₄ are protection resistors for the input stage.

With an open flasher switch the current consumption is only I t 10 mA. The IC is kept in stand-by mode until there is a voltage drop of V [6.9 V at the pull-down resistor.

Direction mode can only be activated when the ignition switch is in ON-position as shown in figure 2.

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Pin 4, Start input hazard warnig

In contrast to the direction switches, the hazard input is a low-side type. The pull-up resistor R_{10} provides the off-state. R_3 is a protection resistor for the input stage.

Hazard warning can be activated independent of the ignition switch position.

Pin 5, Supply voltage sense

This pin supplies the lamp outage comparator at Pin 8 and is externally connected to the battery (KI 30).

Pin 6 and 7, Control input relay 1 and 2

The feedback detects the bright phase and the dark phase and enables the oscillator.

Pin 8, Lamp outage detection

The lamp current is monitored via an external shunt resistor, R_{Shunt} and an internal comparator K1 with its reference voltage of typ. 81 mV ($V_S = 12~V$). The outage of one lamp out of two lamps is detected according to the following calculation:

Nominal current of 1 lamp: $21 \text{ W} / (V_S = 12 \text{ V})$:

 $I_{lamp} = 1.75 A$

Nominal current of 2 lamps: $2 \times 21 \text{ W} / (V_S = 12 \text{ V})$:

 $I_{lamp} = 3.5 A.$

The detection threshold is recommended to be set in the middle of the current range: I_{outage} [2.7 A

Thus the shunt resistor is calculated as:

 $R_{Shunt} = V_T (K1) / I_{outage}$

$R_{Shunt} = 81 \text{ mV}/2.7 \text{ A} = 30 \text{ mW}.$

Comparator K1's reference voltage is matched to the characteristics of filament lamps (see "control signal threshold" in the data part).

The combination of shunt resistor and resistance of wire harness prevents Pin 8 from a too high voltage in the case of shorted lamps.

Pin 9, Supply voltage

This pin supplies the oscillator, the comparators and the logic parts of the IC.

Pin 10, GND

The integrated circuit is protected against transients according to ISO–TR 7637–3 level 3 via resistor R_2 to ground (–31). An integrated protection circuit together with external resistors R_2 , R_3 , R_4 , R_6 , R_8 and R_9 limits the current pulses in the IC. The IC is also protected against reversed battery.

Pin 11 and 13, Control output relay 1 and 2

The relay control outputs are high-side driver with a low saturation voltage and capable to drive a typical automotive relay with a coil resistance of 60 W.

Pin 12, Supply voltage power

This pin supplies the relay drivers connected directly to the battery (Kl 30). It is internally clamped by a 27-V Z-diode.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Reference point ground (terminal 31), with external circuitry.

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply voltage, 1 min Pins 5, 9, 12	V _S	24	V
Junction temperature	Ti	150	°C
Storage temperature range	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C
Ambient temperature range	Tamb	-40 to +100	°C

Thermal Resistance

P	arameters	Symbol	Value	
Junction ambient	DIP14	R _{thJA}	90	K/W
	SO14	R _{thJA}	120	K/W

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Electrical Characteristics

Typical values under normal operation in application circuit figure 1, V_S (+30) = 12 V. Reference point ground (-31), T_{amb} = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Parameters	Test Conditions / Pins	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage range	Pins 5, 9, 12	V_{S}	8		18	V
Supply current, switches open	Pins 5, 9, 12	I_S			10	mA
Output current for relay driver	Pins 11, 13	I _O			300	mA
Saturation voltage	$R_L = 82 \text{ W}$ Pins 11, 13 $V_S = 8 \text{ V}$ $V_S = 12 \text{ V}$	Vo			1.0 1.2	V V
Relay coil resistance		$R_{ m L}$	60			W
Relay output, reverse current	Pins 11, 13	I _O			0.1	mA
Start delay (first bright phase)		t _{ON}			10	ms
Control signal threshold	$V_S = 9 V$ Pin 8 $V_S = 13.5 V$ $V_S = 16 V$	Vs		70.6 85.0 93.0		mV mV mV
Tolerance of control signal threshold	$V_S = 9 \text{ to } 16 \text{ V}, \text{ Pin } 8$ $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ to } +100^{\circ}\text{C}$		-6		+6	%
Temperature coefficient of control signal threshold	$V_S = 13.5 \text{ V}$ Pin 8	$T_{\mathbf{K}}$		10		mV/K
Clamping voltage	$T_{amb} = -40 \text{ to } +100^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_{12}	25.0	27.5	30.0	V
Relay output overvoltage detection (relay disabled)	$T_{amb} = -40 \text{ to } +100^{\circ}\text{C}$	V ₁₂	18	20	22	V

Tolerances

 V_S = 9 to 18 V, T_{amb} = -40 to +100°C

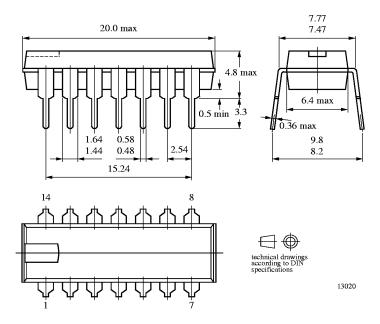
Parameters	Test Conditions / Pins	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Frequency determining resistor		R ₁	6.8		510	kW
Frequency determining capacitor		C_1			47	тF
Frequency tolerance (normal flashing basic frequency f ₁ not including the tolerance of the external components R ₁ and C ₁)		Df ₁	-5		+5	%
Bright period (basic frequency f ₁)		DF ₁	47		53	%
Bright period (control frequency f ₂)		Df ₂	37		45	%
Frequency increase (lamp failure)		f ₂	2.15 f ₁		2.3 f ₁	Hz
Lamp load		P_{L}	1			W

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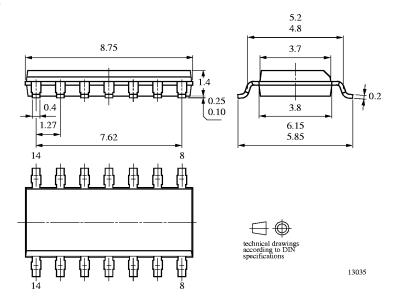


Package Information

Package DIP14 Dimensions in mm



Package SO14
Dimensions in mm



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