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## 150A, 900V - 1000V Hyperfast Diodes

RHRU15090 and RHRU150100 (TA49072) are hyperfast diodes with soft recovery characteristics ( $t_{\rm RR} < 90$ ns). They have half the recovery time of ultrafast diodes and are silicon nitride passivated ion-implanted epitaxial planar construction.

These devices are intended for use as freewheeling/clamping diodes and rectifiers in a variety of switching power supplies and other power switching applications. Their low stored charge and hyperfast soft recovery minimize ringing and electrical noise in many power switching circuits reducing power loss in the switching transistors.

### **Ordering Information**

#### **PACKAGING AVAILABILITY**

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
RHRU15090	TO-218	RHRU15090
RHRU150100	TO-218	RHR150100

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number.

#### **Features**

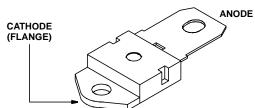
- · Hyperfast with Soft Recovery<90ns
- Operating Temperature+175°C
- Reverse Voltage Up To1000V
- · Avalanche Energy Rated
- Planar Construction

### **Applications**

- Switching Power Supplies
- · Power Switching Circuits
- General Purpose

## Package





## Symbol



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>C</sub> = +25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified

	RHRU15090	RHRU150100	UNITS
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	900	1000	V
Working Peak Reverse Voltage	900	1000	V
DC Blocking VoltageV <sub>R</sub>	900	1000	V
Average Rectified Forward Current $I_{F(AV)}$ ( $T_C = +42^{\circ}C$ )	150	150	Α
Repetitive Peak Surge Current I <sub>FSM</sub> (Square Wave, 20kHz)	300	300	Α
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current	1500	1500	Α
Maximum Power Dissipation	375	375	W
Avalanche Energy (L = 40mH)	50	50	mj
Operating and Storage Temperature	-65 to +175	-65 to +175	oC

#### **Electrical Specifications** $T_C = +25^{\circ}C$ , Unless Otherwise Specified

		LIMITS						
		RHRU15090			RHRU150100			1
SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 150A, T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	-	-	3.0	-	-	3.0	V
V <sub>F</sub>	$I_F = 150A, T_C = +150^{\circ}C$	-	-	2.5	-	-	2.5	V
I <sub>R</sub>	$V_R = 900V, T_C = +25^{\circ}C$	-	-	500	-	-	-	μΑ
	$V_R = 1000V, T_C = +25^{\circ}C$	-	-	-	-	-	500	μΑ
I <sub>R</sub>	$V_R = 900V, T_C = +150^{\circ}C$	-	-	3.0	-	-	-	mA
	$V_R = 1000V, T_C = +150^{\circ}C$	-	-	-	-	-	3.0	mA
t <sub>RR</sub>	$I_F = 1A$ , $dI_F/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	-	90	-	-	90	ns
	$I_F = 150A$ , $dI_F/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	-	100	-	-	100	ns
t <sub>A</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 150A, dI <sub>F</sub> /dt = 100A/μs	-	65	-	-	65	-	ns
t <sub>B</sub>	$I_F = 150A$ , $dI_F/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	30	-	-	30	-	ns
$R_{\theta JC}$		-	-	0.4	-	-	0.4	°C/W

#### **DEFINITIONS**

 $V_F$  = Instantaneous forward voltage (pw = 300 $\mu$ s, D = 2%).

I<sub>R</sub> = Instantaneous reverse current.

 $t_{RR}$  = Reverse recovery time (See Figure 2), summation of  $t_A + t_B$ .

 $t_A$  = Time to reach peak reverse current (See Figure 2).

t<sub>B</sub> = Time from peak I<sub>RM</sub> to projected zero crossing of I<sub>RM</sub> based on a straight line from peak I<sub>RM</sub> through 25% of I<sub>RM</sub> (See Figure 2).

 $R_{\theta JC}$  = Thermal resistance junction to case.

E<sub>AVL</sub> = Controlled avalanche energy (See Figures 7 and 8).

pw = pulse width.

D = duty cycle.

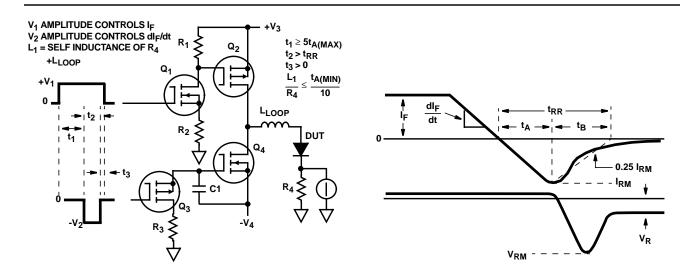


FIGURE 1. t<sub>RR</sub> TEST CIRCUIT

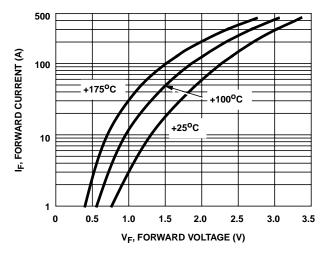
FIGURE 2. t<sub>RR</sub> WAVEFORMS AND DEFINITIONS

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# **Typical Performance Curves**



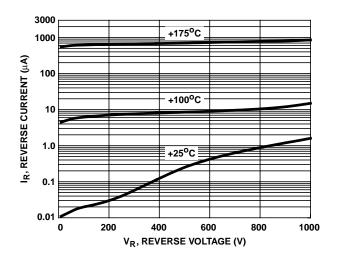


FIGURE 3. TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT vs FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP

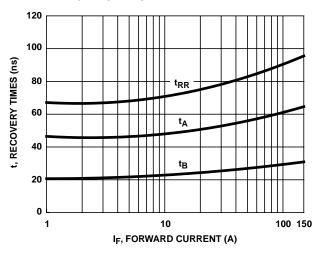


FIGURE 4. TYPICAL REVERSE CURRENT VS REVERSE VOLTAGE

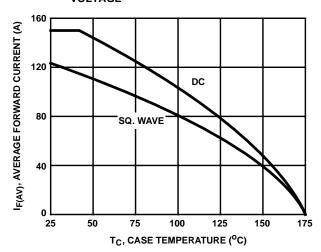
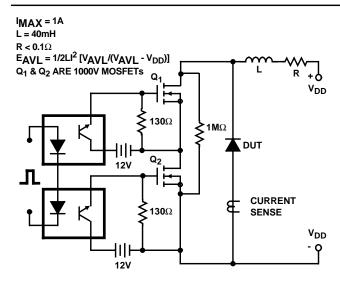


FIGURE 5. TYPICAL  $t_{RR}$ ,  $t_{A}$  AND  $t_{B}$  CURVES vs FORWARD CURRENT

FIGURE 6. CURRENT DERATING CURVE FOR ALL TYPES



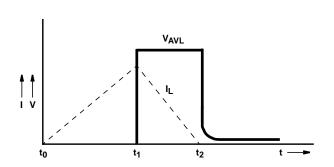


FIGURE 7. AVALANCHE ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 8. AVALANCHE CURRENT AND VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS