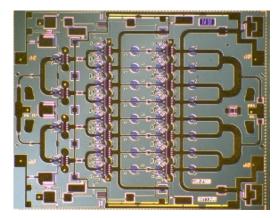


33-36 GHz 2W Power Amplifier

TGA1141



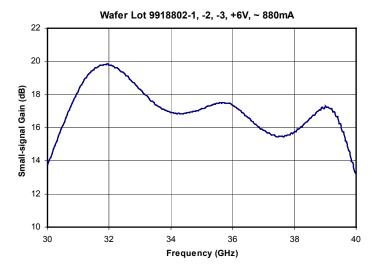
Chip Dimensions 4.13 mm x 3.3 mm

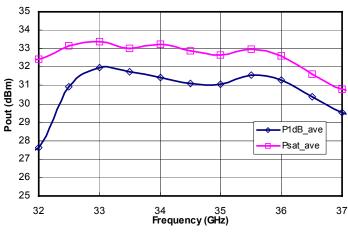
Key Features

- 0.25 um pHEMT Technology
- 17 dB Nominal Gain
- 31 dBm Pout @ P1dB,
- Psat 33dBm @ 6V , 34dBm @7V
- Bias 6 7V @ 1.5A

Primary Applications

- Military Radar Systems
- Ka Band Sat-Com
- Point-to-Point Radio





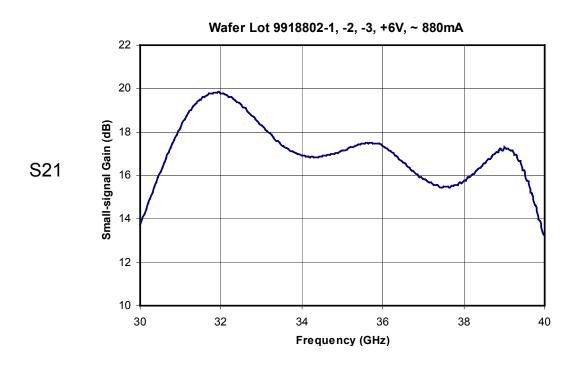
Performance Summary Table

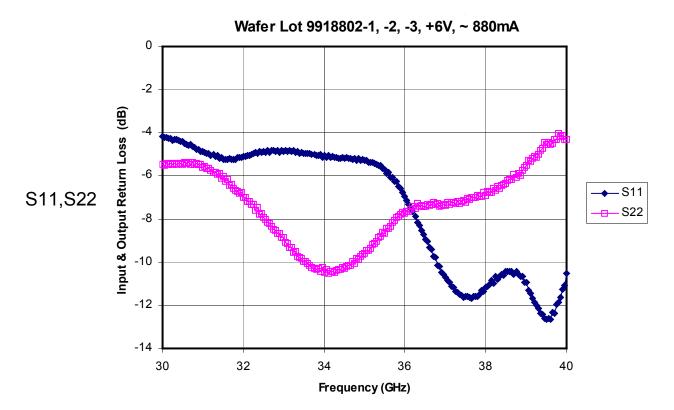
-	1		
Description	Performance Evaluation		
	Fixtured with Flare TFNs		
Frequency range	33 to 36 GHz		
Small signal gain	> 17 dB nom, 34 - 35.2 GHz		
	> 17 dB nom, 33 - 36 GHz		
Input return loss	~ 5 dB nom, 34 - 35.2 GHz		
	~ 5 dB nom. 33 – 36 GHz		
Output return loss	> 8 dB nom, 34 - 35.2 GHz		
	> 7 dB nom, 33 - 36 GHz		
Output power	32.3dBm min. 34 –35.2 GHz		
	31.5dBm min, 34 – 35.2 GHz		
	over temp.		
PAE	> 20% +25C		
Operating temperature range	Tested under -26, +25, &		
	+100C		
	Predict: -43C		
lds	< 1.5 A max over operating		
	frequency and Temp. range		
Vds	+ 6 V		
Die size	4.134 mm x 3.300 mm		
	13.6mm ²		

Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice



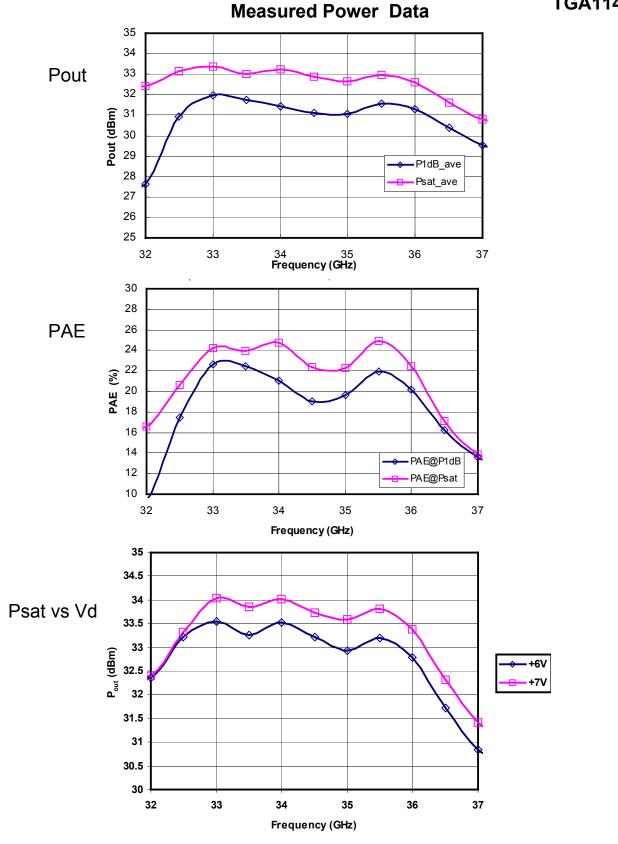
Measured Average Small Signal Data





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Pout, Gain vs. Pin at -26C, +25C and +100C w9918802-1 Dev 2505: 34.0GHz +6V 35 20 33 19 31 18 - Pout +25C 29 17 Pout +100C **Bont (dBm)** 25 25 23 16 Gain (dB) Pout -26C 15 Gain +25C Gain +100C Gain-26C 21 13 19 12 17 11 15 10 0 5 10 15 20 25

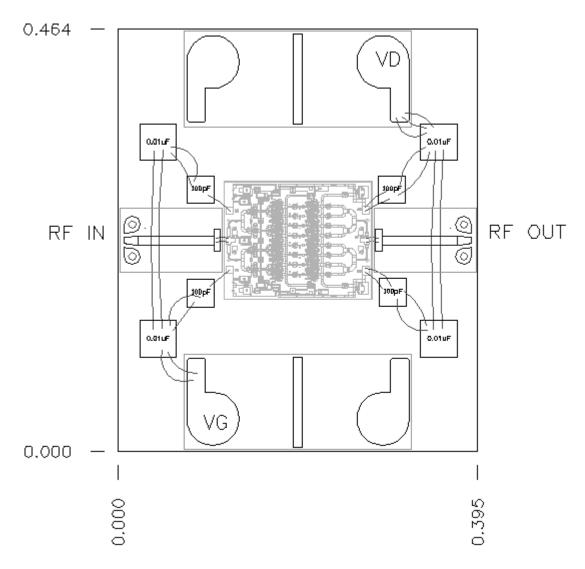
Pout vs. Temperature Data Summary Matrix:

	T= -26C		T= +25C		T= +100C	
Freq (GHz)	min Pout	mean Pout	min Pout	mean Pout	min Pout	mean Pout
34	33	33	32.7	32.8	31.9	32
34.6	32.8	32.9	32.5	32.6	31.7	31.8
35.2	32.5	32.7	32.3	32.4	31.5	31.6
Ave. Pout (dBm)	32.8	32.9	32.5	32.6	31.7	31.8

Pin (dBm)

Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.





Chip Assembly and Bonding Diagram

GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.

Advance Product Information





Assembly Process Notes

Reflow process assembly notes:

- AuSn (80/20) solder with limited exposure to temperatures at or above 300°C
- alloy station or conveyor furnace with reducing atmosphere
- no fluxes should be utilized
- coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical for long-term reliability
- storage in dry nitrogen atmosphere

Component placement and adhesive attachment assembly notes:

- vacuum pencils and/or vacuum collets preferred method of pick up
- avoidance of air bridges during placement
- force impact critical during auto placement
- organic attachment can be used in low-power applications
- curing should be done in a convection oven; proper exhaust is a safety concern
- microwave or radiant curing should not be used because of differential heating
- coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical

Interconnect process assembly notes:

- thermosonic ball bonding is the preferred interconnect technique
- force, time, and ultrasonics are critical parameters
- aluminum wire should not be used
- discrete FET devices with small pad sizes should be bonded with 0.0007-inch wire
- maximum stage temperature: 200 ° C

GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.