

Preliminary

- ◆ CMOS Low Power Consumption
- ◆ Operating Voltage Range : up to 20V
- ◆ Dropout Voltage : 0.20V @ 30mA
- ◆ Maximum Output Current : more than 100mA
- ◆ Highly Accurate : $\pm 2\%$
- ◆ Output Voltage Range : 1.8V to 15.0V
- ◆ Current Limiter Circuit Built-In
- ◆ SOT-23 / SOT-89 Package

Applications

- Battery Powered Equipment
- Reference Voltage Sources
- Cameras, Video Cameras
- Palmtops

General Description

The XC6202 series are highly precise, low power consumption, high voltage, positive voltage regulators manufactured using CMOS and laser trimming technologies. The XC6202 consists of a current limiter circuit, a driver transistor, a precision reference voltage and an error correction circuit.

Since the current limiter circuit is built-in, the IC is protected against overshoot currents at such times of output shorts etc.

SOT-23 (150mW) and SOT-89 (500mW) packages are available.

Features

Maximum Output Current : 100mA

Dropout Voltage : 0.20V @ 30mA

Operating Voltage Range : up to 20V

Output Voltage Range : 1.8V to 6.0V (selectable in 0.1V steps)
8.0V, 12V & 15V also possible

Highly Accurate : $\pm 2\%$

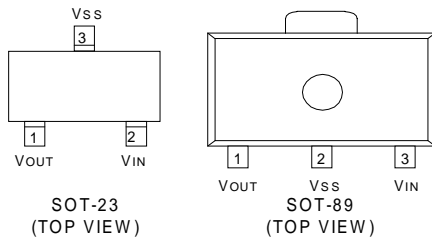
Low Power Consumption : TYP 7.0 μ A (5.0V)

Output VoltageTemp. Characteristics : TYP ± 100 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C

Input Stability : TYP 0.2% / V

Ultra Small Packages : SOT-23 (150mW), SOT-89 (500mW)

Pin Configuration



Pin Assignment

PIN NUMBER		PIN NAME	FUNCTION
SOT-23	SOT-89		
1	1	VOUT	Output
3	2	VSS	Ground
2	3	VIN	Power Input

Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
Input Voltage	VIN	22	V
Output Current	IOUT	500	mA
Output Voltage	VOUT	VSS -0.3 to VIN +0.3	V
Continuous Total Power Dissipation	SOT-23	Pd	150
	SOT-89	Pd	500
Operating Ambient Temperature	Topr	-40 to +85	$^{\circ}$ C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 to +125	$^{\circ}$ C

Ta = 25 $^{\circ}$ C

Preliminary

■ Electrical Characteristics

3.0V Part, $V_{OUT}(T) = 3.0V$ (Note 1)

$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note2)	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ $V_{IN}=4.0\text{V}$	2.940	3.000	3.060	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\ max}$	$V_{IN}=4.0\text{V}$, $V_{OUT}(E) \geq 2.7\text{V}$		100		mA
Load Stability	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=4.0\text{V}$; $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 30\text{mA}$		9		mV
Dropout Voltage(Note 3)	$V_{dif\ 1}$	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$		200		mV
Supply Current	I_{SS}	$V_{IN}=4.0\text{V}$		7.0		μA
Input Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$ $4.0\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 20.0\text{V}$		0.2		%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}				20	V
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opr} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$		± 100		ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$

5.0V Part, $V_{OUT}(T) = 5.0V$ (Note 1)

$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note2)	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ $V_{IN}=6.0\text{V}$	4.900	5.000	5.100	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\ max}$	$V_{IN}=6.0\text{V}$, $V_{OUT}(E) \geq 4.5\text{V}$		100		mA
Load Stability	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=6.0\text{V}$; $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 30\text{mA}$		12		mV
Dropout Voltage(Note 3)	$V_{dif\ 1}$	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$		200		mV
Supply Current	I_{SS}	$V_{IN}=6.0\text{V}$		7.0		μA
Input Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$ $6.0\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 20.0\text{V}$		0.2		%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}				20	V
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opr} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$		± 100		ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$

12.0V Part, $V_{OUT}(T) = 12.0V$ (Note 1)

$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note2)	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ $V_{IN}=13.0\text{V}$	11.760	12.000	12.240	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\ max}$	$V_{IN}=13.0\text{V}$, $V_{OUT}(E) \geq 10.8\text{V}$		100		mA
Load Stability	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=13.0\text{V}$; $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 30\text{mA}$		23		mV
Dropout Voltage(Note 3)	$V_{dif\ 1}$	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$		200		mV
Supply Current	I_{SS}	$V_{IN}=13.0\text{V}$		10		μA
Input Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$ $13.0\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 20.0\text{V}$		0.2		%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}				20	V
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opr} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$		± 100		ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$

15.0V Part, $V_{OUT}(T) = 15.0V$ (Note 1)

$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note2)	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ $V_{IN}=16.0\text{V}$	14.700	15.000	15.300	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\ max}$	$V_{IN}=16.0\text{V}$, $V_{OUT}(E) \geq 14.4\text{V}$		100		mA
Load Stability	ΔV_{OUT}	$V_{IN}=16.0\text{V}$; $1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 30\text{mA}$		27		mV
Dropout Voltage(Note 3)	$V_{dif\ 1}$	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$		200		mV
Supply Current	I_{SS}	$V_{IN}=16.0\text{V}$		11		μA
Input Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$ $16.0\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 20.0\text{V}$		0.2		%/V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}				20	V
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_{opr} \cdot V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=30\text{mA}$ $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$		± 100		ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$

Note : 1. $V_{OUT}(T)$ = Specified Output Voltage.

2. $V_{OUT}(E)$ = Effective Output Voltage (i.e. the output voltage when " $V_{OUT}(T)+1.0V$ " is provided at the V_{IN} pin while maintaining a certain I_{OUT} value).

3. $V_{dif\ 1} = V_{IN1} - V_{OUT1}$

4. V_{OUT1} = A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage when " $V_{OUT}(T)+1.0V$ " is input.e

5. V_{IN1} = The input voltage when V_{OUT1} is output following a gradual decrease in the input voltage.