

TOSHIBA BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

TA1211N**Bi-SCANABLE RGB PROCESSOR**

TA1211N is the RGB processing IC coping with bi-scan system. This IC converts Y/I/Q or Y/U/V signals to R/G/B. To cope with bi-scan, this IC has wide Y band. And there are R-Y/G-Y/B-Y output to adjust relative phase and amplitude flexibly.

TA1211N has an I²C bus interface, so many functions and features can be controlled via bus lines (SDA/SCL).

FEATURES

Video stage

- High Performance Y Frequency Response
- Black Expansion
- γ Correction
- External Quadratic Differential Input for Sharpness
- White Peak Suppressor

Chroma stage

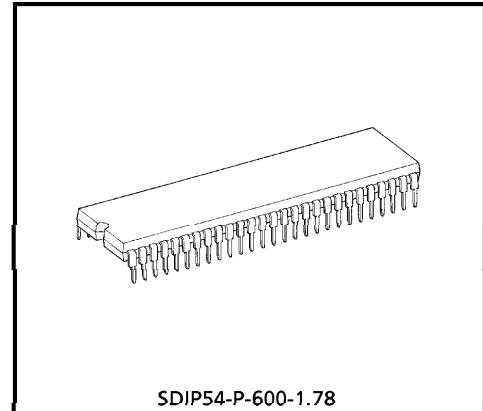
- IQ / UV Switching
- Color Limiter
- Flesh Color
- Color γ Correction
- High-Bright Color
- Relative Phase / Amplitude Flexibility

Text stage

- Analog RGB Inputs
- Analog RGB Brightness
- Analog RGB Contrast
- Digital OSD Inputs
- Fast Blanking
- Half Tone
- RGB Cut Off Adjustable
- GB Drive Gain Adjustable
- Monitor Output

Others

- Y Clamp Circuit
- ACC Circuit
- 3 DAC (1bit) Outputs



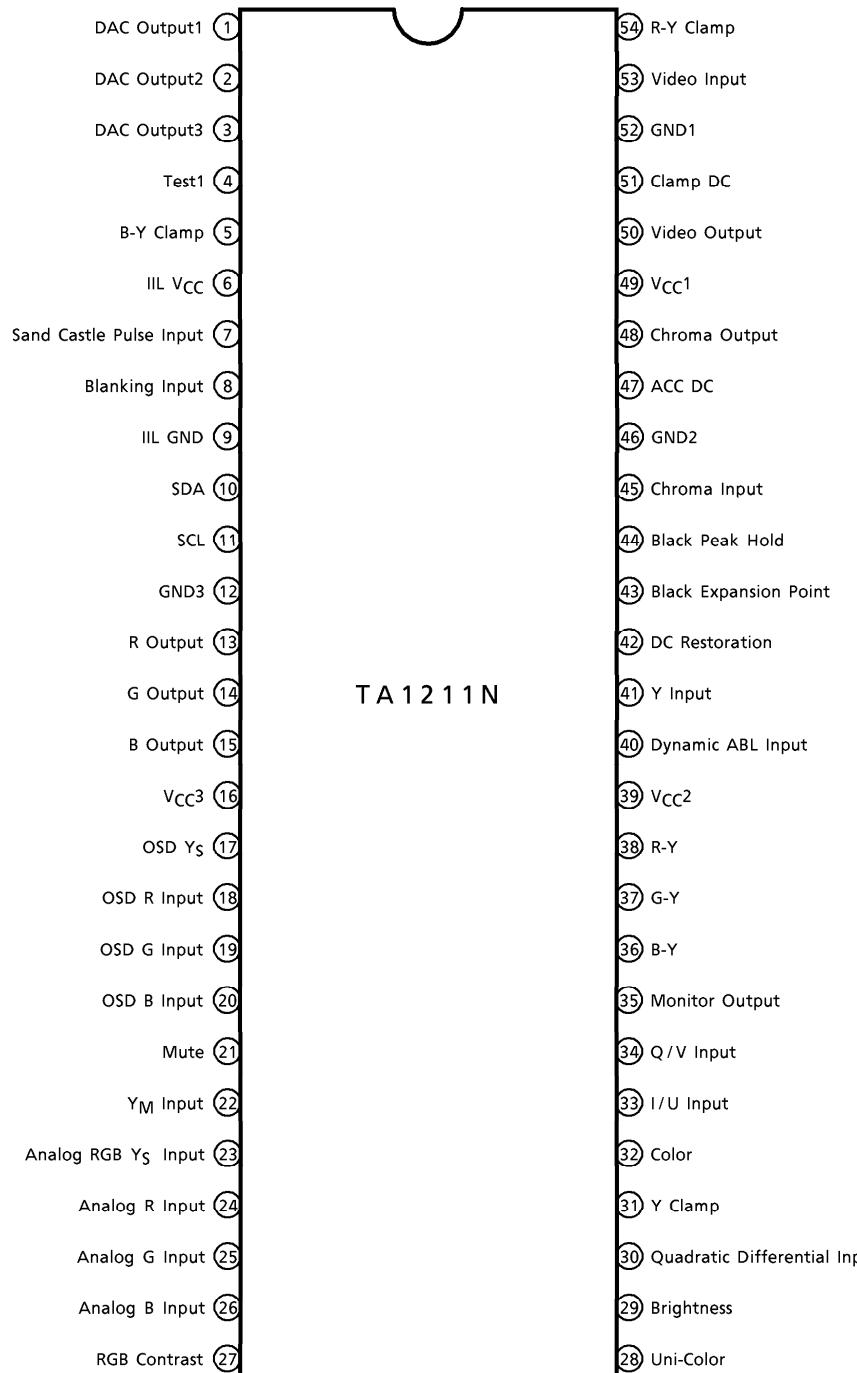
SDIP54-P-600-1.78

Weight : 5.44g (Typ.)

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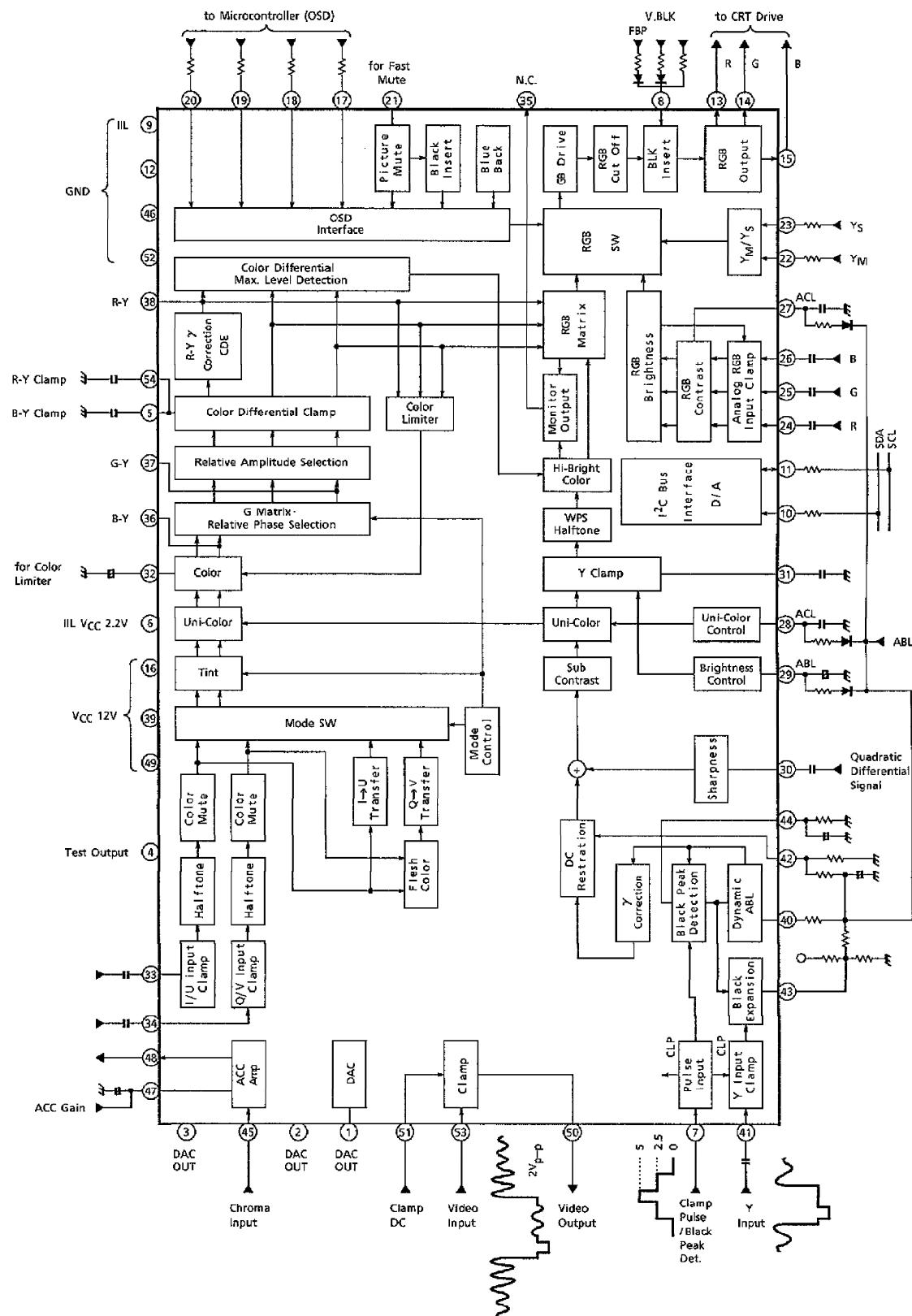
TERMINAL CONNECTION DIAGRAM



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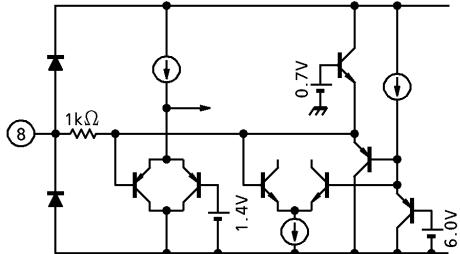
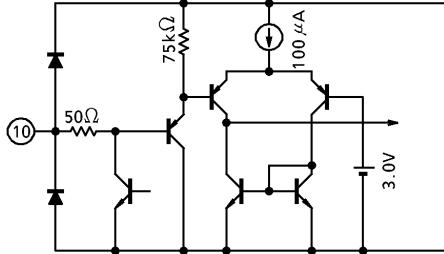
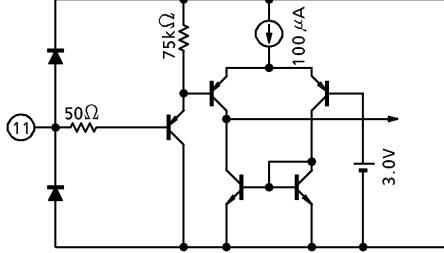
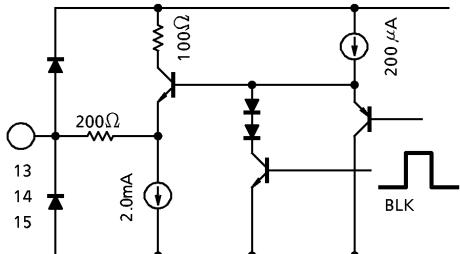
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BLOCK DIAGRAM

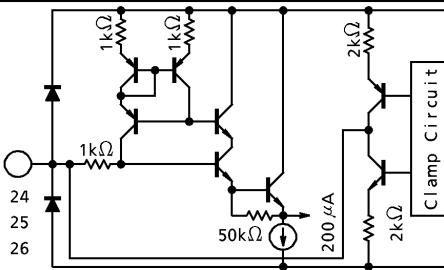
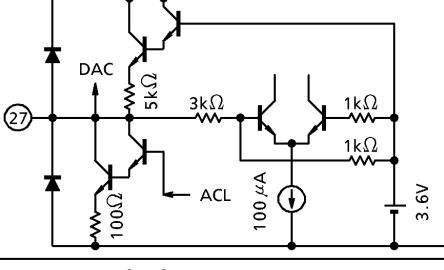
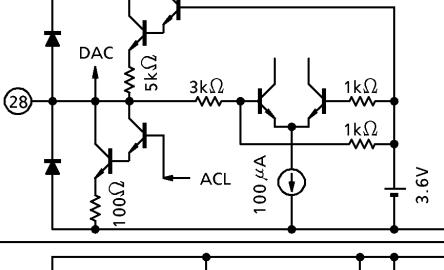
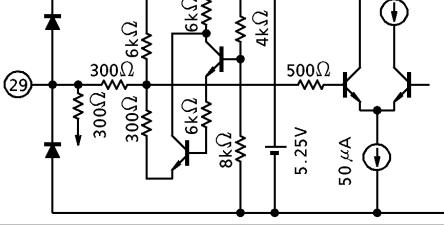
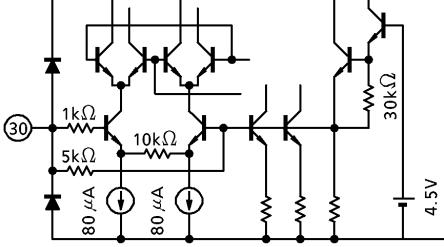


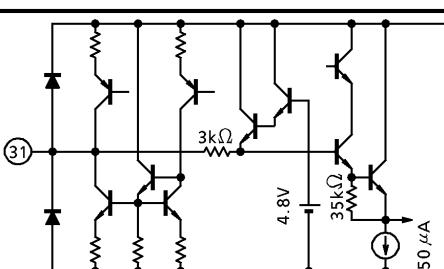
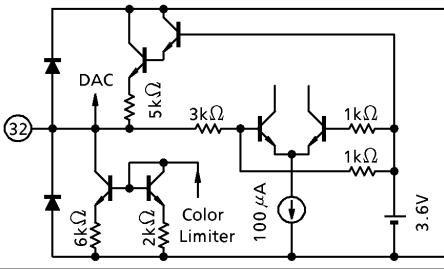
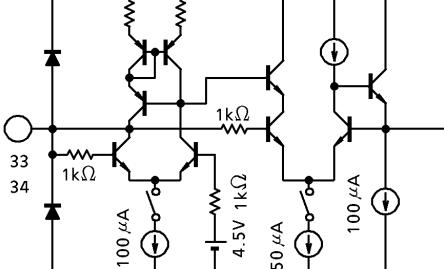
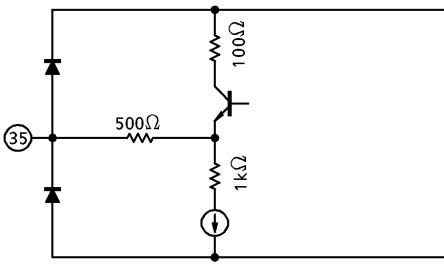
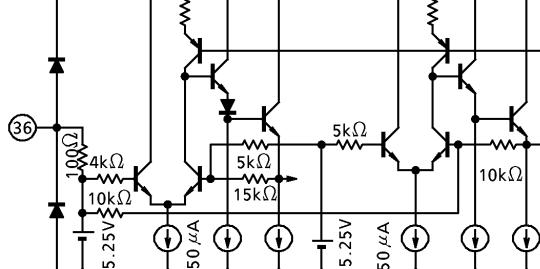
TERMINAL FUNCTION

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
1 2 3	DAC Output1 DAC Output2 DAC Output3	The terminals for 1bit DAC Output. Controlled by I ² C Bus. When the data is "1", this terminal's voltage is 0V.	
4	Test Output1	The terminal for test of this IC. Please leave this terminal open.	
5	B-Y Clamp	The terminals for a filter to clamp B-Y signals. Pedestal levels of R-Y, B-Y and G-Y signal are made equal by the internal clamping circuit.	
6	I ² L V _{CC}	V _{CC} of I ² L circuit. Please supply 2.2V to this terminal.	—
7	Sand Castle Pulse Input	The terminal for input of sand castle pulse (Black peak detection pulse + clamp pulse). Threshold level of B.P.D pulse is 2.1V and CLP pulse is 3.5V	

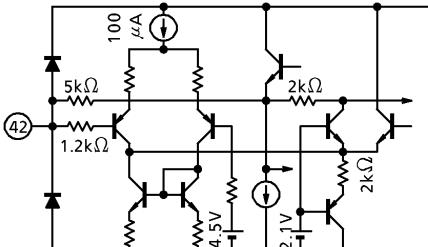
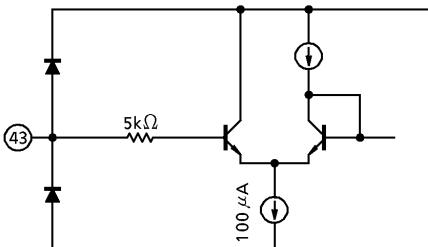
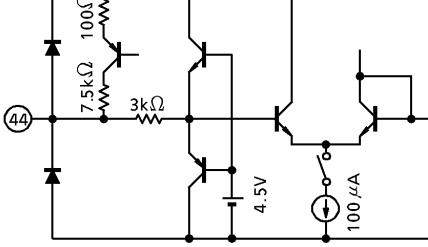
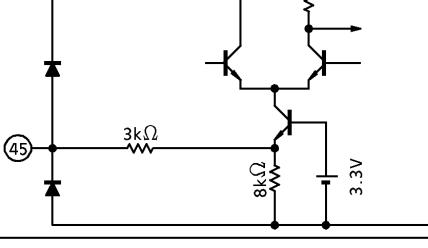
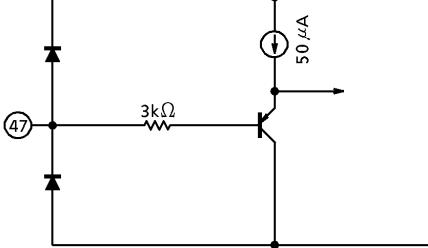
PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
8	Blanking Pulse Input	The terminal for input of horizontal and vertical blanking pulse. Threshold level of H.BLK pulse is 4.0V and V.BLK pulse is 1.4V.	
9	I ² L GND	Ground of I ² L circuit.	—
10	SDA	The terminals for input and output of I ² C Bus data. Input threshold level is 2.3V.	
11	SCL	The terminals for input of I ² C Bus clock. Input threshold level is 2.3V.	
12	GND3	Ground of RGB interface part, color-difference demodulation circuit and Digital / Analog Convertor.	—
13 14 15	R Output G Output B Output	The terminals for output of RGB primary color signals. Horizontal and vertical blanking signals are mixed with RGB signals.	
16	V _{CC} 3	V _{CC} of RGB interface part, color-difference demodulation circuit and Digital / Analog Convertor. Please supply 12V to this terminal.	—

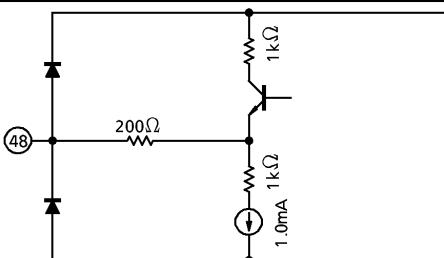
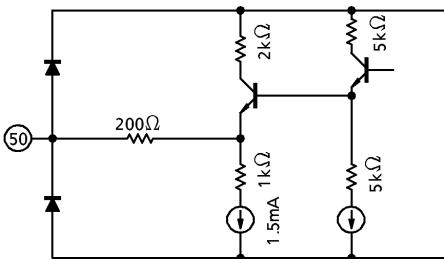
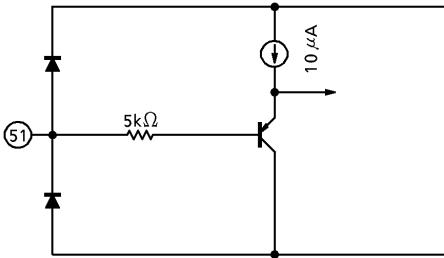
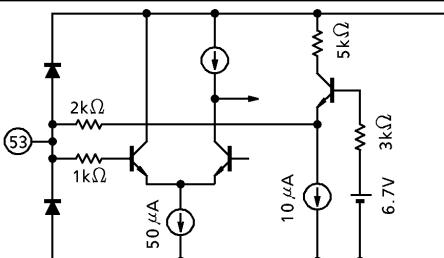
PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
17	OSD Y _S Input	The terminals for input of fast blanking signal for On Screen Display. Threshold level is 1.4V.	
18 19 20	OSD R Input OSD G Input OSD B Input	The terminals for input of RGB signals for OSD. Threshold levels are 1.4V. If Terminal 20 is connected with V _{CC} , it is test mode for this IC. Threshold level of test mode is V _{CC} -0.7V.	
21	Mute	The terminal for input a signal to mute the TV signal and Analog RGB signals. Threshold level of Picture mute (muting TV and Analog RGB) is 2.8V and TV mute (muting only TV) is 1.4V.	
22	Y _M Input	The terminal for input a signal to reduce the contrast of TV signal. Threshold level is 1.4V.	
23	Analog RGB Y _S Input	The terminal for input of fast blanking signal for Analog RGB. Threshold level is 1.4V.	

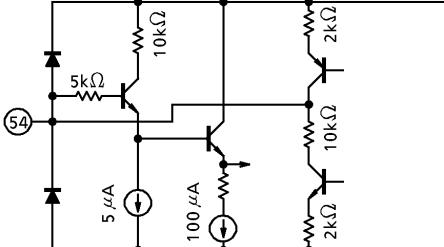
PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
24 25 26	Analog R Input Analog G Input Analog B Input	The terminals for input of Analog RGB signals. These are clamped by internal clamping circuit. Recommended input levels are 1.0V _{p-p} .	
27	RGB Contrast	The terminal to control the contrast of Analog RGB signals.	
28	Uni-Color	The terminal for output of DAC to adjust Uni-Color and also for input of Automatic Contrast Limiter.	
29	Brightness	The terminal for output of DAC to adjust Brightness and also for input of Automatic Brightness Limiter.	
30	Quadratic Differential Input	The terminal for input of quadratic differential signal for sharpness control.	

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
31	Y Clamp	The terminal for Y clamp filter. Please connect a capacitor between this terminal and GND. $0.01\mu F$ is recommended.	
32	Color Limiter	The terminal to fix time constant of Color Limiter. Please connect a capacitor between this terminal and GND. $10\mu F$ is recommended.	
33 34	I/U Input Q/V Input	The terminals for I/U and Q/V input. Please input the signals through capacitors because the signals are clamped at the inside of this IC.	
35	Monitor Output	The terminal to observe Y, R-Y, B-Y and G-Y signals. The signals are selected by I ² C Bus.	
36	B-Y	The terminal for B-Y output to adjust relative phase and amplitude externally.	

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
37	G-Y	The terminal for G-Y output to adjust relative phase and amplitude externally.	
38	R-Y	The terminal for R-Y output to adjust relative phase and amplitude externally.	
39	V _{CC} 2	V _{CC} of video and sharpness circuit. Please supply 12V to this terminal.	—
40	Dynamic ABL Input	The terminal to supply control current for Dynamic ABL and Black Peak Level Correction. D.ABL and B.P.L.C. are the functions to shift the level of Y signal toward black side when the most black level is still whitish after black expansion.	
41	Y Input	The terminal for Y input. Recommended input level is 1.0V _{p-p} . Because the pedestal level of Y signal is clamped at this terminal, please reduce the impedance of signal source.	

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
42	DC Restoration	The terminal to correct DC restoration ratio. The smaller the external resistance is, the larger the amount of correction is. With this terminal open, you can monitor the Y signal from which sync signal has been removed and which has been done black expansion.	
43	Black Expansion Point	The terminal to fix black expansion start point. The higher voltage is supplied, the higher the start point is.	
44	Black Peak Hold	The terminal to control the gain of black expansion and of black level shift for Dynamic ABL. Resistance connected between this terminal and GND makes black expansion change. The smaller the resistance is, the larger the black area is.	
45	Chroma Input	The terminal for chroma input to ACC AMP. Recommended input level is 100mVp-p.	
46	GND2	GND of video sharpness circuit.	
47	ACC DC	The terminal to fix the gain off ACC AMP. The higher voltage is supplied (0~5V), the larger the gain is.	

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
48	Chroma Output	The terminal for output for Chroma which has been input to terminal 45 and has passed ACC AMP.	
49	V _{CC1}	V _{CC} of ACC circuit. Please supply 12V to this terminal.	—
50	Video Output	The terminal for output of Composite Video signal which has been input to terminal 53. This signal is outputted after clamped to the level which is fixed by terminal 51's voltage.	
51	Clamp DC	The terminal to fix clamping level for Composite Video signal which has been inputted to terminal 53. Please supply 0~5V to this terminal.	
52	GND1	GND of ACC circuit.	—
53	Video Input	The terminal for Composite Video signal input to clamp circuit. Recommended input level is 2V _{p-p} .	

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
54	R-Y Clamp	The terminals for a filter to clamp R-Y signal. Pedestal levels of R-Y, B-Y and G-Y signal are made equal by the internal clamping circuit.	

I²C BUS MAP

SUB ADDRESS	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	PRESET
00	Picture Mute	Uni-Color						0111	1111
01	Brightness						1000	0000	
02	Color Mute	Color						0100	0000
03	Tint						1000	0000	
04	Don't Care	Sharpness						/100	0000
05	Brightness Linking	Analog RGB Brightness						0100	0000
06	OSD Contrast	Analog RGB Contrast						1100	0000
07	Don't Care	Color Limiter Level	Sub Contrast						//11 1000
08	R Cut Off						1000	0000	
09	G Cut Off						1000	0000	
0A	B Cut Off						1000	0000	
0B	IQ / UV Switching	G Drive						0100	0000
0C	Blue Back ON/OFF	B Drive						0100	0000
0D	Color γ Correction	R-Y Phase	G-Y Phase	Flesh ON/OFF	Flesh Pull-in	Don't Care	DAC 1	1000	1//0
0E	Service	High-Bright Color	Don't Care	DAC 2	WPS	Peak ACL ON/OFF	000/	/000	
0F	DAC 3	Black Exp. Gain	Black Detection Level	γ Correction Point	Monitor Output		0011	1100	

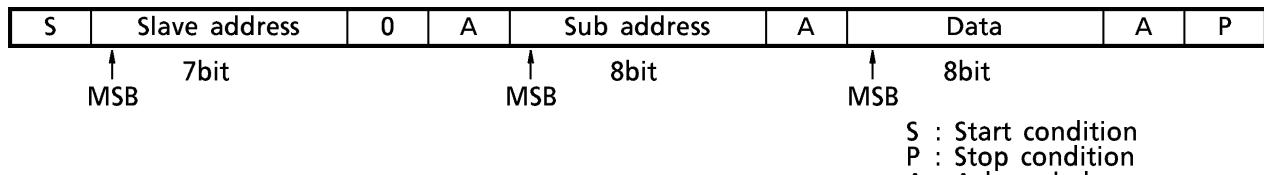
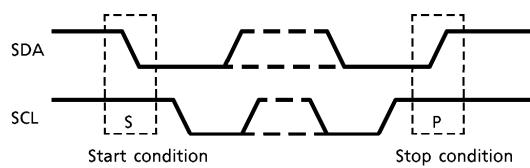
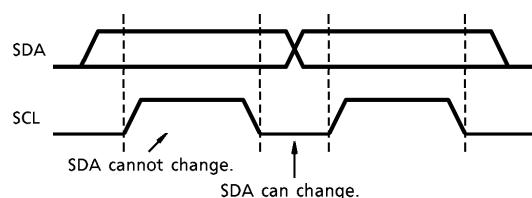
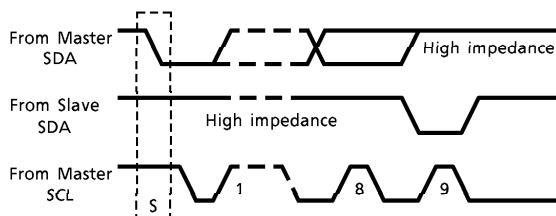
Slave Address : 88H

CONTENTS OF BUS CONTROL

ITEM	CONTENTS				PRESET
Picture Mute	0 : OFF	1 : ON			OFF
Uni-Color	– 18dB~0dB			(7bit)	0dB
Brightness	– 1.3V~ + 1.3V	10mV / STEP		(8bit)	0V
Color Mute	0 : OFF	1 : ON			OFF
Color	– 14dB~ + 4dB			(7bit)	0dB
Tint	– 51.2deg~ + 50.8deg	0.4deg / STEP		(8bit)	0deg
Sharpness	– 6dB~ + 12dB			(7bit)	– 6dB
Brightness Linking	0 : OFF (RGB Brightness is independent of TV Brightness.) 1 : ON (RGB Brightness is linked with TV Brightness.)				OFF
RGB Brightness	– 0.9V~ + 0.9V			(7bit)	0V
OSD Contrast	0 : 2.5V _{p-p}	1 : 3.0V _{p-p}			3.0V _{p-p}
RGB Contrast	– 18dB~0dB			(7bit)	– 5dB
Color Limiter Level	00 : + 1dB	01 : 0dB	10 : – 1dB	11 : OFF	OFF
Sub Contrast	– 2dB~ + 2dB	0.25dB / STEP		(4bit)	0dB
RGB Cut Off	– 0.3V~ + 0.7V	Against 3V DC	4mV / STEP	(8bit)	+ 0.2V
GB Drive	– 3dB~ + 3dB	Against R Gain		(7bit)	0dB
IQ→UV Switching	0 : ON (Input signals are shifted 33deg.)	1 : OFF			ON
Blue Back ON/OFF	0 : OFF	1 : 1.2V _{p-p}			OFF
Color γ Correction	0 : ON	1 : OFF	on R-Y only		OFF
R-Y Relative Phase	0 : 99deg	1 : 94deg			94deg
G-Y Relative Phase	0 : 240deg	1 : 236deg			240deg
Flesh Color ON/OFF	0 : OFF	1 : ON			OFF
Flesh Color Pull-in Range	0 : ± 33deg	1 : ± 18deg	Against I Axis		± 18deg
DAC 1/2/3 Output	0 : OPEN	1 : ON			OPEN
Service Mode	0 : OFF	1 : ON (RGB Output Voltage turns to cut off Level.)			OFF
High-Bright Color	00 : OFF	01 : 0.02	10 : 0.09	11 : 0.12	OFF
White Peak Slice Level	0 : 95IRE	1 : 105IRE			95IRE
Peak ACL ON/OFF	0 : OFF	1 : ON			OFF
Black Expansion Max. Gain	0 : + 3dB	1 : OFF			+ 3dB
Black Detection Level	00 : 0IRE	01 : 1.5IRE	10 : 2.5IRE	11 : 4IRE	4IRE
γ Correction Point	00 : 80IRE	01 : 90IRE	10 : 100IRE	11 : OFF	OFF
Monitor Output Switching	00 : G-Y	01 : R-Y	10 : B-Y	11 : Y	G-Y

I²C BUS CONTROLLED FORMAT SUMMARY

Bus controlled format of TA1211N is based of I²C Bus control format of Philips.

Data transfer format**(1) Start and stop condition****(2) Bit transfer****(3) Acknowledge****(4) Slave address**

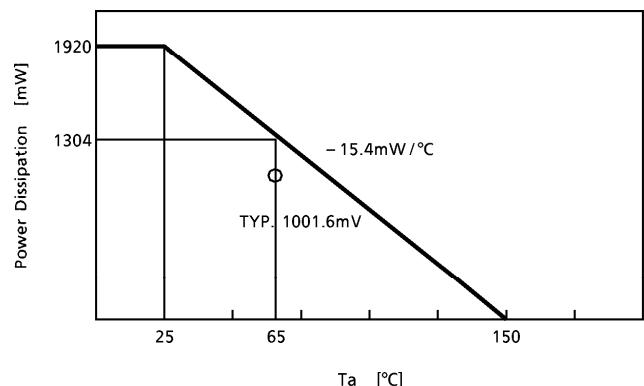
A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	R/W
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

Purchase of TOSHIBA I²C components conveys a license under the Philips I²C Patent Rights to use these components in an I²C system, provided that the system conforms to the I²C Standard Specification as defined by Philips.

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	14.5	V
Power Dissipation	P _{Dmax}	1920 (Note)	mW
Input Treminal Voltage	V _{in}	GND - 0.3~GND + 0.3	V
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	- 20~65	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	- 55~150	°C

(Note) When using this device at above Ta = 25°C, the power dissipation decreases by 15.4mV per 1°C rise.

Ta - P_D CURVE

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**DC CHARACTERISTICS**

Terminal voltage

PIN No.	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
4	Test1	V ₄	1	—	6.15	6.65	7.15	V
5	B-Y Clamp	V ₅	1	—	6.0	7.0	8.0	V
6	I ² L V _{CC}	V ₆	1	Supply 2.2V	—	2.2	—	V
7	Sand Castle Pulse Input	V ₇	1	—	4.3	4.6	4.9	V
9	I ² L GND	V ₉	1	Grounded	—	0	—	V
12	GND3	V ₁₂	1	Grounded	—	0	—	V
13	R Output	V ₁₃	1	Cut-off & drive : center	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
14	G Output	V ₁₄	1	Cut-off & drive : center	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
15	B Output	V ₁₅	1	Cut-off & drive : center	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
16	V _{CC3}	V ₁₆	1	Supply 12V	—	12	—	V
24	Analog RGB R Input	V ₂₄	1	—	3.7	4.0	4.3	V
25	Analog RGB G Input	V ₂₅	1	—	3.7	4.0	4.3	V
26	Analog RGB B Input	V ₂₆	1	—	3.7	4.0	4.3	V
27	RGB Contrast	V ₂₇	1	—	3.45	3.65	3.85	V
28	Uni-Color	V ₂₈	1	—	3.45	3.65	3.85	V
29	Brightness	V ₂₉	1	—	4.3	4.5	4.7	V
30	Quadratic Differential Input	V ₃₀	1	—	2.8	3.0	3.2	V
31	Y Clamp	V ₃₁	1	—	6.5	7.5	8.5	V
32	Color	V ₃₂	1	—	3.45	3.65	3.85	V
33	I / R-Y Input	V ₃₃	1	—	5.9	6.1	6.3	V
34	Q / B-Y Input	V ₃₄	1	—	5.9	6.1	6.3	V
35	Monitor Output	V ₃₅	1	—	4.5	4.7	4.9	V
36	B-Y Output	V ₃₆	1	—	5.15	5.30	5.45	V
37	G-Y Output	V ₃₇	1	—	5.15	5.30	5.45	V
38	R-Y Output	V ₃₈	1	—	5.15	5.30	5.45	V
39	V _{CC2}	V ₃₉	1	Supply 12V	—	12	—	V
40	Dynamic ABL Input	V ₄₀	1	—	2.1	2.6	3.1	V
41	Y Input	V ₄₁	1	—	4.3	4.5	4.7	V
42	DC Restoration	V ₄₂	1	—	4.1	4.3	4.5	V
43	Black Expansion Point	V ₄₃	1	—	4.1	4.3	4.5	V
44	Black Peak Hold	V ₄₄	1	—	3.7	4.5	5.3	V
45	Chroma Output	V ₄₅	1	—	2.3	2.6	2.9	V
46	GND2	V ₄₆	1	Grounded	—	0	—	V
48	Chroma Output	V ₄₈	1	—	4.05	4.20	4.35	V
49	V _{CC1}	V ₄₉	1	Supply 12V	—	12	—	V
50	Video Output	V ₅₀	1	—	2.1	2.3	2.5	V
52	GND1	V ₅₂	1	Grounded	—	0	—	V
53	Video Input	V ₅₃	1	—	6.15	6.35	6.55	V
54	R-Y Clamp	V ₅₄	1	—	6.0	7.0	8.0	V

Current dissipation

PIN No.	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
49	V _{CC} 1	I _{CC1}	1	—	3.92	4.90	6.13	mA
39	V _{CC} 2	I _{CC2}	1	—	14.64	18.30	22.88	mA
16	V _{CC} 3	I _{CC3}	1	—	46.72	58.40	73.00	mA
6	I ² L V _{CC}	I ² L I _{CC}	1	—	8.16	10.20	12.75	mA

AC CHARACTERISTICS

Clamp stage

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Video Gain	GVIDEO	2	(Note 1)	0.95	1.00	1.05	—
Video Frequency Response	GFVIDEO	2	(Note 2)	—	-1	-3	dB
Dynamic Range of Video In / Output	DRVVIDEO	2	(Note 3)	5.6	6.2	—	V _{p-p}
	V _{VIDEOMAX}			7.0	7.4	—	V
	V _{VIDEOMIN}			—	0.1	0.5	V
Video Clamp Characteristics	DRCLP	2	(Note 4)	3.8	4.0	4.2	V _{p-p}
	V _{DRCLPCEN}			2.35	2.40	2.55	V
	V _{CLPMAX}			4.4	4.6	4.8	V
	V _{CLPMIN}			2.1	2.3	2.5	V
Drive Current of Video Output	I _{VIDEO}	2	(Note 5)	1.2	1.5	1.8	mA

ACC stage

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
ACC Response	G _{ACCMAX}	2	(Note 6)	24	27	30	—
	G _{ACCEN}			10.5	12.5	15.0	—
	G _{ACCMIN}			0.5	0.6	0.7	—
Dynamic Range of Chroma In / Output	DR _{CHROMA}	2	(Note 7)	1.7	1.9	2.1	V _{p-p}
	V _{CHROMAMAX}			5.4	5.6	5.8	V
	V _{CHROMAMIN}			2.6	2.8	3.0	V
Drive Current of Chroma Output	I _{CHROMA}	2	(Note 8)	0.7	1.0	1.3	mA

Video stage

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Y Input Pedestal Clamp Voltage	V _{YCLP}	3	(Note 9)	4.3	4.5	4.7	V
Dynamic Range of Y Input	DR _{YIN}	3	(Note 10)	1.0	1.2	1.4	V _{p-p}
Clamp Pulse Phase for Y Input	T _{YCLP1}	3	(Note 11)	—	0.0	1.0	μs
	T _{YCLP2}			2.0	2.2	2.4	μs
DC Restoration AMP Gain	G _{DCRES}	3	(Note 12)	0.28	0.34	0.40	—
Max. Sensitivity of Dynamic ABL	G _{DABL}	3	(Note 13)	3.5	5.0	6.5	mV / μA
Dynamic Range of Quadratic Differential Input	DR _{QDIN}	3	(Note 14)	1.15	1.45	1.75	V _{p-p}
Quadratic Differential Frequency Response	GF _{QD}	3	(Note 15)	-3.0	0.0	3.0	dB

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Sharpness Control Range	GSHPMAX	3	(Note 16)	15	17	19	dB
	GSHPCEN			9	11	13	
	GSHPMIN			-9	-7	-5	
Black Expansion AMP Max. Gain	GBLEXP	3	(Note 17)	1.3	1.4	1.5	—
Black Expansion Start Point	VBLST1	3	(Note 18)	250	310	370	mV _{p-p}
	VBLST2			340	430	520	
Black Peak Detection Pulse Threshold Level	VBLDETON	3	(Note 19)	1.2	1.5	1.8	V
Black Peak Detection Level	VBLP1	3	(Note 20)	-20	0	20	mV
	VBLP2			3	11	18	
	VBLP3			11	18	25	
	VBLP4			21	28	35	
γ Correction Point	V γ 00	3	(Note 21)	530	575	620	mV
	V γ 01			600	645	690	
	V γ 10			670	715	760	
γ Correction Curve	G γ	3	(Note 22)	-2.7	-2.0	-1.3	dB
Blanking Pulse Threshold Level	VBLKON	3	(Note 23)	4.4	4.7	5.0	V
Clamp Pulse Threshold Level	VCLPON	3	(Note 24)	3.2	3.5	3.8	V

Chroma stage

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Color Difference Input Clamp Voltage	VRYCL	4	(Note 25)	5.9	6.1	6.3	V
	VBYCL			5.9	6.1	6.3	
Color Difference Input Dynamic Range	DRRY	4	(Note 26)	1.0	1.2	—	V _{p-p}
	DRBY			1.0	1.2	—	
Uni-Color Control Characteristics for Chroma	VRYUCMAX	4	(Note 27)	1.16	1.38	1.64	V _{p-p}
	VRYUCCEN			0.67	0.80	0.95	V _{p-p}
	VRYUCMIN			0.17	0.20	0.24	V _{p-p}
	GRYUC			16.5	17.5	18.5	dB
	VBYCMAX			1.45	1.72	2.04	V _{p-p}
	VBYCCEN			0.84	1.00	1.19	V _{p-p}
	VBYCMIN			0.21	0.25	0.30	V _{p-p}
	GBYUC			16.5	17.5	18.5	dB
Uni-Color Control Characteristics Difference Between Axes	ΔV_{UCMAX}	4	(Note 28)	1.0	2.0	3.0	dB
	ΔV_{UCCEN}			1.0	2.0	3.0	
	ΔV_{UCMIN}			1.0	2.0	3.0	

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Color Control Characteristics	V _{RYCOLMAX}	4	(Note 29)	1.83	2.18	2.56	V _{p-p}
	V _{RYCOLCEN}			1.16	1.38	1.64	V _{p-p}
	V _{RYCOLMIN}			0.23	0.27	0.32	V _{p-p}
	G _{RYCOLMAX}			3.0	4.0	5.0	dB
	G _{RYCOLMIN}			-15	-14	-13	dB
	V _{BYCOLMAX}			2.29	2.72	3.23	V _{p-p}
	V _{BYCOLCEN}			1.45	1.72	2.04	V _{p-p}
	V _{BYCOLMIN}			0.29	0.34	0.40	V _{p-p}
	G _{BYCOLMAX}			3	4	5	dB
	G _{BYCOLMIN}			-15	-14	-13	dB
Color Control Characteristics Difference Between Axes	ΔV _{COLMAX}	4	(Note 30)	1.0	2.0	3.0	dB
	ΔV _{COLCEN}			1.0	2.0	3.0	
	ΔV _{COLMIN}			1.0	2.0	3.0	
Color Control Voltage Variable Range	ΔV ₃₂₊	4	(Note 31)	0.57	0.63	0.69	V
	ΔV ₃₂₋			0.57	0.63	0.69	
R-Y Relative Phase	Δθ _{R99}	4	(Note 32)	96.5	99.0	101.5	°
	Δθ _{R94}			91.5	94.0	96.5	°
R-Y Relative Amplitude	V _{RY} / V _{BY}			0.72	0.80	0.88	—
G-Y Relative Phase	Δθ _{G240}	4	(Note 33)	237	240	243	°
	Δθ _{G236}			233	236	239	
G-Y Relative Amplitude	V _{GY} / V _{BY}			0.36	0.40	0.44	—
Half Tone Characteristics for Color Difference	G _{HTRY}	4	(Note 34)	0.47	0.50	0.53	—
	G _{HTBY}			0.47	0.50	0.53	—
Color Difference Output DC Voltage	V _{RYDC}	4	(Note 35)	4.5	4.7	4.9	V
	V _{GYDC}			4.5	4.7	4.9	
	V _{BYDC}			4.5	4.7	4.9	
Color γ Correction Characteristics	V _{COLγ}	4	(Note 36)	0.0	0.2	0.5	V _{p-p}
	Δγ			0.51	0.64	0.77	—
Color Limiter Characteristics	CLT ₀₀	4	(Note 37)	1.1	1.4	1.7	V _{p-p}
	CLT ₀₁			1.5	1.8	2.1	
	CLT ₁₀			1.8	2.1	2.4	
	CLT ₁₁			3.8	4.0	4.2	
Gain of High-Bright Color	HBC ₀₀	4	(Note 38)	—	0.00	0.02	—
	HBC ₀₁			0.01	0.02	0.04	
	HBC ₁₀			0.07	0.09	0.11	
	HBC ₁₁			0.10	0.12	0.14	

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Tint Control Characteristics	$\theta_{RTINTMAX}$	4	(Note 39)	34	40	46	°
	$\theta_{RTINTMIN}$			-46	-40	-34	
	$\theta_{BTINTMAX}$			34	40	46	
	$\theta_{BTINTMIN}$			-46	-40	-34	
Flesh Color Characteristics	$F\alpha_{18}$	4	(Note 40)	0.46	0.58	0.70	—
	$F\alpha_{33}$			0.38	0.48	0.58	

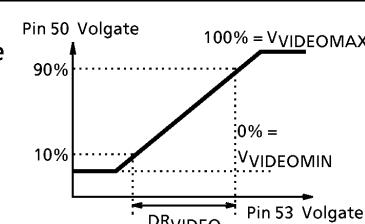
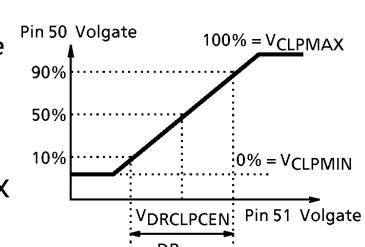
Text stage

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
AC Gain	G_R	5	(Note 41)	3.5	4.0	4.6	—
RGB Frequency Response	G_{FR}	5	(Note 42)	0.0	-1.0	-2.5	dB
Uni-Color Control Characteristics for Luminance	V_{YUCMAX}	5	(Note 43)	1.11	1.26	1.41	V_{p-p}
	V_{YUCCEN}			0.64	0.73	0.82	V_{p-p}
	V_{YUCMIN}			0.16	0.18	0.20	V_{p-p}
	G_{YUC}			16.5	17.5	18.5	dB
Uni-Color Control Voltage Variable Range	ΔV_{28+}	5	(Note 44)	0.59	0.65	0.71	V
	ΔV_{28-}			0.59	0.65	0.71	
Brightness Control Characteristics	V_{BRMAX}	5	(Note 45)	5.8	6.0	6.2	V
	V_{BRCEN}			4.5	4.7	4.9	
	V_{BRMIN}			3.2	3.4	3.6	
Brightness Sensitivity Per Step	ΔV_{BR}	5	(Note 46)	9.2	10.2	11.2	mV
Brightness Control Voltage Variable Range	ΔV_{29+}	5	(Note 47)	1.30	1.45	1.60	V
	ΔV_{29-}			1.30	1.45	1.60	
White Peak Slice Level	V_{WPS0}	5	(Note 48)	5.9	6.1	6.3	V
	V_{WPS1}			6.2	6.4	6.6	
Black Peak Slice Level	V_{BPS}	5	(Note 49)	2.6	2.8	3.0	V
DC Restoration	V_{DCREST}	5	(Note 50)	—	0	50	mV
RGB Output Drive Current	I_R	5	(Note 51)	2.8	3.7	5.0	mA
Half Tone Characteristics for Luminance	G_{HTY}	5	(Note 52)	0.47	0.50	0.53	—
Half Tone ON Threshold Voltage	V_{HTON}	5	(Note 53)	1.2	1.5	1.8	V
Vertical Blanking Output Level	V_{RVBLK}	5	(Note 54)	0.3	0.8	1.3	V
Horizontal Blanking Output Level	V_{RHBLK}	5	(Note 55)	0.3	0.8	1.3	V
Delay Time of Blanking Pulse	T_{DBLKON}	5	(Note 56)	—	0.10	0.30	μs
	$T_{DBLKOFF}$			—	0.25	0.45	
Sub-Contrast Variable Range	G_{SCONT+}	5	(Note 57)	1.8	2.0	2.2	dB
	G_{SCONT-}			-2.4	-2.2	-2.0	
RGB Output Voltage	V_R	5	(Note 58)	3.1	3.3	3.5	V

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIRCUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Cut Off Control Variable Range	$\Delta V_{RCO} +$	5	(Note 59)	0.49	0.54	0.59	V
	$\Delta V_{RCO} -$			-0.59	-0.54	-0.49	
Drive Control Variable Range	$G_{GDRV} +$	5	(Note 60)	3.5	4.0	4.5	dB
	$G_{GDRV} -$			-4.5	-4.0	-3.5	
Output Voltage at Mute Mode (Bus Control)	$V_{RMUTEBUS}$	5	(Note 61)	2.5	2.7	2.9	V
Output Voltage at Mute Mode (DC Control)	$V_{RMUTEDC}$	5	(Note 62)	2.5	2.7	2.9	V
Picture Mute Threshold Voltage	$V_{RPICMUTE}$	5	(Note 63)	2.4	2.7	3.0	V
TV Mute Threshold Voltage	$V_{RTVMUTE}$	5	(Note 64)	1.2	1.5	1.8	V
Output Voltage at Blue Back Mode	V_{RBB}	5	(Note 65)	2.5	2.7	2.9	V
	V_{GBB}			2.5	2.7	2.9	
	V_{BBB}			4.2	4.4	4.6	
Output Voltage at Service Mode	V_{RSER}	5	(Note 66)	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
Peak ACL Level	V_{ACL}	5	(Note 67)	2.8	3.0	3.2	V
Analog RGB Gain	G_{ANAR}	5	(Note 68)	4.5	5.1	5.7	—
Analog RGB Frequency Response	GF_{ANAR}	5	(Note 69)	0.0	-2.0	-4.0	dB
Analog RGB Input Dynamic Range	D_{ANAR}	5	(Note 70)	1.0	1.5	—	V_{p-p}
Analog RGB White Peak Slice Level	$V_{ANARWPS}$	5	(Note 71)	6.80	7.00	7.25	V
Analog RGB Black Peak Slice Level	$V_{ANARBPS}$	5	(Note 72)	2.0	2.2	2.4	V
Analog RGB Contrast Control Characteristics	$V_{ANARCONMAX}$	5	(Note 73)	1.36	1.53	1.72	V_{p-p}
	$V_{ANARCONCEN}$			0.76	0.85	0.95	V_{p-p}
	$V_{ANARCONMIN}$			0.20	0.22	0.25	V_{p-p}
	$G_{ANARCON}$			15.8	16.8	17.8	dB
Analog RGB Contrast Control Voltage Variable Range	ΔV_{27+}	5	(Note 74)	0.59	0.65	0.71	V
	ΔV_{27-}			0.59	0.65	0.71	
Analog PGB Brightness Characteristics	$V_{ANARBRMAX1}$	5	(Note 75)	4.3	4.5	4.7	V
	$V_{ANARBCEN1}$			3.4	3.6	3.8	
	$V_{ANARBRMIN1}$			2.5	2.7	2.9	
	$V_{ANARBRMAX2}$			5.7	5.9	6.1	
	$V_{ANARBCEN2}$			4.4	4.6	4.8	
	$V_{ANARBRMIN2}$			3.1	3.3	3.5	
Analog PGB Brightness Sensitivity Per Step	$\Delta V_{ANARBR1}$	5	(Note 76)	12.7	14.1	15.5	mV
	$\Delta V_{ANARBR2}$			9.2	10.2	11.2	
Analog PGB Y _S Threshold Voltage	V_{ANARON}	5	(Note 77)	1.2	1.5	1.8	V

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Analog RGB Y _S Propagation Characteristics	$\tau_{RANARYS}$	5	(Note 78)	—	20	100	ns
	$t_{P R A N A R Y S}$			—	20	100	
	$\Delta t_{P R A N A Y S}$			—	0	20	
	$\tau_{F A N A R Y S}$			—	10	100	
	$t_{P F A N A R Y S}$			—	45	100	
	$\Delta t_{P F A N A Y S}$			—	0	20	
Analog RGB Propagation Characteristics	$\tau_{R A N A R}$	5	(Note 79)	—	30	100	ns
	$t_{P R A N A R}$			—	15	100	
	$\Delta t_{P R A N A}$			—	0	20	
	$\tau_{F A N A R}$			—	40	100	
	$t_{P F A N A R}$			—	20	100	
	$\Delta t_{P F A N A}$			—	0	20	
Crosstalk from TV to Analog RGB	CT _{TV-ANA}	5	(Note 80)	—	-55	-50	dB
Crosstalk from Analog RGB to TV	CT _{ANA-TV}	5	(Note 81)	—	-55	-50	dB
Analog RGB Crosstalk Between Axes	CT _{ANARGB}	5	(Note 82)	—	-55	-40	dB
OSD Y _S Threshold Voltage	V _{OSDRON}	5	(Note 83)	1.2	1.5	1.8	V
OSD RGB Output Low Level	V _{OSDRLOW}	5	(Note 84)	2.5	2.7	2.9	V
OSD RGB Output High Level	V _{OSDRHIGH1}	5	(Note 85)	5.5	5.7	5.9	V
	V _{OSDRHIGH0}			5.0	5.2	5.4	V
OSD RGB Threshold Level	V _{OSDRTH}	5	(Note 86)	1.2	1.5	1.8	V
OSD RGB Y _S Propagation Characteristics	$\tau_{R O S D R Y S}$	5	(Note 87)	—	15	100	ns
	$t_{P R O S D R Y S}$			—	20	100	
	$\Delta t_{P R O S D Y S}$			—	0	20	
	$\tau_{F O S D R Y S}$			—	35	100	
	$t_{P F O S D R Y S}$			—	25	100	
	$\Delta t_{P F O S D Y S}$			—	0	20	
OSD RGB Propagation Characteristics	$\tau_{R O S D R}$	5	(Note 88)	—	25	100	ns
	$t_{P R O S D R}$			—	15	100	
	$\Delta t_{P R O S D}$			—	0	20	
	$\tau_{F O S D R}$			—	35	100	
	$t_{P F O S D R}$			—	25	100	
	$\Delta t_{P F O S D}$			—	0	20	

TEST CONDITION
Clamp stage

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)						
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD		
			S45	S47	S51	S53		
1	Video Gain	2	a	a	a	b	(1) Input a 100kHz, 0.5V _{p-p} sine wave into pin 53. (2) Measure the video gain from pin 53 to pin 50 ; G_{VIDEO}	
2	Video Frequency Response	2	a	a	a	b	(1) Input a 8MHz, 0.5V _{p-p} sine wave into pin 53. (2) Measure the video gain from pin 53 to pin 50. (3) Calculate the difference of video gain between for 100kHz input and for 8MHz Input ; GF_{VIDEO}	
3	Dynamic Range of Video In / Output	2	a	a	a	a	(1) Observe the pin 50's voltage change whilte varying pin 53's voltage. (2) Measure DR_{VIDEO} , $V_{VIDEOMAX}$ and $V_{VIDEOMIN}$.	
4	Video Clamp Characteristics	2	a	a	b	a	(1) Observe the pin 50's voltage change whilte varying pin 51's voltage. (2) Measure DR_{CLP} , $V_{DRCLPCEN}$, V_{CLPMAX} and V_{CLPMIN} .	
5	Drive Current of Video Output	2	a	a	a	a	(1) Measure the current flows into pin 50 when this pin is connected 6.0V via 200Ω resistor ; I_{VIDEO}	

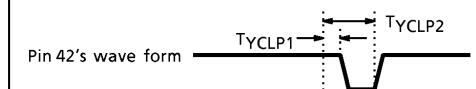
ACC stage

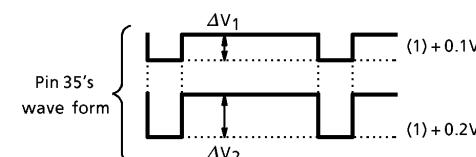
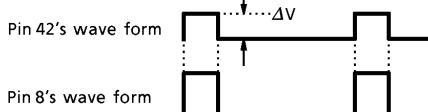
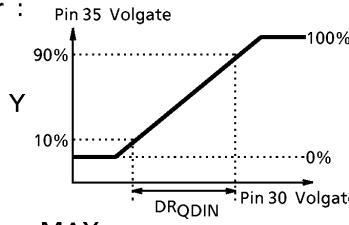
NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)						
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD		
			S45	S47	S51	S53		
6	ACC Response	2	b	b	a	a	(1) Input a 3.58MHz, 50mV _{p-p} sine wave into pin 45. (2) Measure the ACC gain from pin 45 to pin 48 when 5.0V is supplied to pin 47 ; $G_{ACC MAX}$ (3) Measure the ACC gain when 2.5V is supplied ; $G_{ACC CEN}$ (4) Measure the ACC gain when 0V is supplied ; $G_{ACC MIN}$	

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)									
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE				MEASUREMENT MEHOD				
			S45	S47	S51	S53					
7	Dynamic Range of Chroma In / Output	2	b	b	a	a	(1) Input a 3.58MHz, 50mV _{p-p} sine wave into pin 45. (2) Supply 0V to pin 47. (3) While increasing input amplitude, measure the input amplitude at which output signal begins to be clipped ; DRCHROMA (4) Supply 5.0V to pin 47. (5) While increasing input amplitude, measure the output voltage at which output signal is clipped on its high / low limit ; $V_{CHROMAMAX}$ / $V_{CHROMAMIN}$				
8	Drive Current of Chroma Output	2	a	a	a	a	(1) Measure the current flows into pin 48 when this pin is connected 6.0V via 200Ω resistor ; I_{CHROMA}				

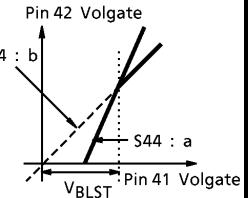
Video stage

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)								
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE							MEASUREMENT MEHOD
			S07	S08	S20	S40	S41	S43	S44	
9	Y Input Pedestal Clamp Voltage	3	b	a	b	off	a	off	b	(1) Measure the pin 41's DC Voltage ; V_{YCLP}
10	Dynamic Range of Y Input	3	b	a	b	off	a	off	b	(1) Uni-Color : Center (2) Monitor Output : Y (3) Supply 4.0V to pin 30. (4) While increasing pin 41's voltage from V_{YCLP} , measure the pin 41's voltage at which pin 35's voltage is clipped. (5) Calculate the difference between (4)'s voltage and V_{YCLP} ; $DRYIN$
11	Clamp Pulse Phase for Y Input	3	b	b	b	off	off	off	b	(1) Connect pin 41 to V_{CC} via $20k\Omega$. (2) Measure $TYCLP1$ and $TYCLP2$.

Pin 42's wave form 
 Pin 7's wave form 

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)								MEASUREMENT MEHOD	
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE								
			S07	S08	S20	S40	S41	S43	S44		
12	DC Restoration AMP Gain	3	b	a	b	off	a	off	b	(1) Connect pin 42 to an extemal power supply and adjust the supply voltage so that pin 42's in / output current is 0A. (2) Monitor Output : Y (3) Set pin 42's voltage to (1)'s voltage + 0.1V and + 0.2V, then measure ΔV_1 and ΔV_2 .	
											
										(4) Calculate : $G_{DCRES} = (\Delta V_1 - \Delta V_2) / 0.1 / G_R$	
13	Max. Sensitivity of Dynamic ABL	3	b	a	b	a	a	off	a	(1) Black Expansion : OFF (2) Measure ΔV .	
											
										(3) Calculate : $G_{DABL} = \Delta V / 10$	
14	Dynamic Range of Quadratic Differential Input	3	b	a	b	off	a	off	b	(1) Uni-Color : Pin 35 Volgate Center (2) Monitor Output : Y (3) Supply 4.35V to pin 41. (4) Sharpness : MAX. (5) Measure pin 31's voltage and fix to that voltage by extemal power supply. (6) Measure the DR_{QDIN} .	
											
15	Quadratic Differential Frequency Response	3	b	a	a	off	b	off	b	(1) Sharpness : MAX. (2) Supply 4.85V to pin 41 (3) Input a 100kHz / 8MHz, 0.1Vp-p SIGNAL3 into pin 30, (4) Measure the pin 13's output amplitude and calculate the amplitude ratio between for 100kHz input and for 8MHz input ; GF_{QD}	

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)								
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE							MEASUREMENT MEHOD
			S07	S08	S20	S40	S41	S43	S44	
16	Sharpness Control Range	3	b	a	a	off	b	off	b	(1) Monitor Output : Y (2) Input a 2.4MHz, 0.1V _{p-p} sine wave into pin 30. (3) Input a (2)'s signal into pin 41 with reversed phase. (4) Measure the gain between pin 41 and pin 35 with Sharpness MAX. ; GSHPMAX Sharpness Center ; GSHPCEN Sharpness MIN. ; GSHPMIN
17	Black Expansion AMP Max. Gain	3	b	a	b	off	b	off	a	(1) Black Detection Level : 4IRE (2) Input a 500kHz, 0.1V _{p-p} sine wave into pin 41. (3) Supply 4.5V to pin 43. (4) Measure the pin 42's output amplitude with Black Expansion ON and OFF, and calculate the ratio ; GBLEXP
18	Black Expansion Start Point	3	b	a	a	off	a	off	b or a	(1) Black Expansion Gain : +3dB (2) While increasing pin 41's voltage from V_{YCLP} , observe the change of pin 42's voltage. (3) Measure the V_{BLST} when pin 43's voltage is V_{YCLP} ; V_{BLST1} , and when it is $V_{YCLP} + 0.5V$; V_{BLST2}
19	Black Peak Detection Pulse Threshold Level	3	a	a	b	a	a	off	c	(1) Supply 4.0V to pin 41. (2) While increasing pin 7's voltage, measure the pin 7's voltage at which pin 44's voltage changes.



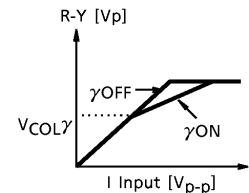
NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)								
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE						MEASUREMENT MEHOD	
			S07	S08	S20	S40	S41	S43		
20	Black Peak Detection Level	3	b	a	b	off	a	off	c	(1) Black Expansion Gain : +3dB (2) While increasing pin 41's voltage, measure the pin 41's voltage at which pin 44's voltage changes with Black Detection Level 0IRE ; V_{B0} Black Detection Level 1.5IRE ; V_{B1} Black Detection Level 2.5IRE ; V_{B2} Black Detection Level 4IRE ; V_{B3} (3) Calculate : $V_{BLP1} = V_{B3} - V_{YCLP}$ $V_{BLP2} = V_{B2} - V_{B3}$ $V_{BLP3} = V_{B1} - V_{B3}$ $V_{BLP4} = V_{B0} - V_{B3}$
21	γ Correction Point	3	b	a	b	off	a	off	b	(1) While increasing pin 41's voltage from V_{YCLP} , observe the change of pin 42's voltage. (2) Measure the V_γ With γ Correction Point 80IRE ; $V_{\gamma 00}$ γ Correction Point 90IRE ; $V_{\gamma 01}$ γ Correction Point 100IRE ; $V_{\gamma 10}$
22	γ Correction Curve	3	b	a	b	off	a	off	b	(1) Same as Note 21-(1). (2) Measure the gain with γ Correction ON against the gain with γ Correction OFF, which 0dB ; G_γ
23	Blanking Pulse Threshold Level	3	b	b	b	off	a	off	b	(1) Supply 4.0V to pin 41. (2) While increasing pin 8's voltage, measure the pin 8's voltage at which pin 42's voltage changes ; V_{BLKON}
24	Clamp Pulse Threshold Level	3	a	b	b	off	a	off	b	(1) While increasing pin 7's voltage, measure the pin 7's voltage at which pin 41's voltage turns to V_{YCLP} ; V_{CLPON}

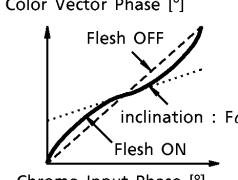
Chroma stage

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)			
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE		MEASUREMENT MEHOD
			S33	S34	
25	Color Difference Input Clamp Voltage	4	a	a	(1) Measure the pin 33's voltage ; VRYCL (2) Measure the pin 34's voltage ; VBYCL
26	Color Difference Input Dynamic Range	4	b	b	(1) Input a 100kHz, 0.1V _{p-p} SIGNAL3 into pin 34. (2) Input a signal whose phase is 90° advanced against SIGNAL3 into pin 33. (3) Color and Uni-Color : MIN. (4) Monitor Output : R-Y (5) While increasing input amplitude, measure the input amplitude at which pin 35's output signal begins to be clipped ; DRRY (6) Monitor Output : B-Y (7) While increasing input amplitude, measure the input amplitude at which pin 35's output signal begins to be clipped ; DRBY
27	Uni-Color Control Characteristics for Chroma	4	b	b	(1) Input a 100kHz, 0.2V _{p-p} SIGNAL3 into pin 34. (2) Input a signal whose phase is 90° advanced against SIGNAL3 into pin 33. (3) Monitor Output : R-Y (4) Measure the pin 35's amplitude with Uni-Color MAX. ; VRYUCMAX (5) Measure the pin 35's amplitude with Uni-Color Center ; VRYUCCEN (6) Measure the pin 35's amplitude with Uni-Color MIN. ; VRYUCMIN (7) Calculate : GRYUC = $20\log(VRYUCMAX/VRYUCMIN)$ (8) Monitor Output : B-Y (9) Repeat (4)~(7) ; VBYUCMAX, VBYUCCEN, VBYUCMIN and GBYUC
28	Uni-Color Control Characteristics Difference Between Axes	4	b	b	(1) Calculate : $\Delta VUCMAX = 20\log(VBYUCMAX/VRYUCMAX)$ (2) Calculate : $\Delta VUCCEN = 20\log(VBYUCCEN/VRYUCCEN)$ (3) Calculate : $\Delta VUCMIN = 20\log(VBYUCMIN/VRYUCMIN)$

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)			
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE		MEASUREMENT MEHOD
			S33	S34	
29	Color Control Characteristics	4	b	b	<p>(1) Input a 100kHz, 0.2V_{p-p} SIGNAL3 into pin 34.</p> <p>(2) Input a signal whose phase is 90° advanced against SIGNAL3 into pin 33.</p> <p>(3) Monitor Output : R-Y</p> <p>(4) Measure the pin 35's amplitude with Color MAX. ; $V_{RYCOLMAX}$</p> <p>(5) Measure the pin 35's amplitude with Color Center ; $V_{RYCOLCEN}$</p> <p>(6) Measure the pin 35's amplitude with Color MIN. ; $V_{RYCOLMIN}$</p> <p>(7) Calculate :</p> $GRYCOLMAX = 20\log(V_{RYCOLMAX}/V_{RYCOLCEN})$ <p>(8) Calculate :</p> $GRYCOLMIN = 20\log(V_{RYCOLMIN}/V_{RYCOLCEN})$ <p>(9) Monitor Output : B-Y</p> <p>(10) Repeat (4)~(8) ; $V_{BYCOLMAX}$, $V_{BYCOLCEN}$, $V_{BYCOLMIN}$, $G_{BYCOLMAX}$ and $G_{BYCOLMIN}$</p>
30	Color Control Characteristics Difference Between Axes	4	b	b	<p>(1) Calculate :</p> $\Delta V_{COLMAX} = 20\log(V_{BYCOLMAX}/V_{RYCOLMAX})$ <p>(2) Calculate :</p> $\Delta V_{COLCEN} = 20\log(V_{BYCOLCEN}/V_{RYCOLCEN})$ <p>(3) Calculate :</p> $\Delta V_{COLMIN} = 20\log(V_{BYCOLMIN}/V_{RYCOLMIN})$
31	Color Control Voltage Variable Range	4	a	a	<p>(1) Measure the pin 32's voltage with Color MAX. ; V_{32MAX}</p> <p>(2) Measure the pin 32's voltage with Color Center ; V_{32CEN}</p> <p>(3) Measure the pin 32's voltage with Color MIN. ; V_{32MIN}</p> <p>(4) Calculate : $\Delta V_{32+} = V_{32MAX} - V_{32CEN}$ $\Delta V_{32-} = V_{32CEN} - V_{32MIN}$</p>
32	R-Y Relative Phase	4	b	b	<p>(1) Input a 100kHz, 0.2V_{p-p} SIGNAL3 into pin 34.</p> <p>(2) Input a signal whose phase is 90° advanced against SIGNAL3 into pin 33.</p> <p>(3) R-Y Relative Phase : 99°</p> <p>(4) Monitor Output : R-Y and B-Y</p> <p>(5) Measure the R-Y Relative Phase against B-Y ; $\Delta\theta_{R99}$</p>
	R-Y Relative Amplitude	4			<p>(6) R-Y Relative Phase : 94°</p> <p>(7) Repeat (4) and (5) ; $\Delta\theta_{R94}$</p> <p>(8) Measure the R-Y Relative Amplitude against B-Y ; V_{RY}/V_{BY}</p>

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)			
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE		MEASUREMENT MEHOD
			S33	S34	
33	G-Y Relative Phase	4	b	b	(1) Input a 100kHz, 0.2V _{p-p} SIGNAL3 into pin 34. (2) Input a signal whose phase is 90° advanced against SIGNAL3 into pin 33. (3) G-Y Relative Phase : 240° (4) Monitor Output : G-Y and B-Y (5) Measure the G-Y Relative Phase against B-Y ; $\Delta\theta G_{240}$ (6) G-Y Relative Phase : 236° (7) Repeat (4) and (5) ; $\Delta\theta G_{236}$ (8) Measure the G-Y Relative Amplitude against B-Y ; V_{GY}/V_{BY}
	G-Y Relative Amplitude				
34	Half Tone Characteristics for Color Difference	4	b	b	(1) Input a 100kHz, 0.2V _{p-p} SIGNAL3 into pin 33. (2) Monitor Output : R-Y (3) Measure the pin 35's output amplitude ; V_{35RYA} (4) Supply 5.0V to pin 22. (5) Measure the pin 35's output amplitude ; V_{35RYB} (6) Calculate : $G_{HTRY} = V_{35RYB}/V_{35RYA}$ (7) Input 100kHz, 0.2V _{p-p} SIGNAL3 into pin 34. (8) Monitor Output : B-Y (9) Repeat (3)~(6) ; G_{HTBY}
35	Color Difference Output DC Voltage	4	a	a	(1) Color Mute : ON (2) Monitor Output : R-Y, and measure the pin 35's DC voltage ; V_{RYDC} (3) Monitor Output : G-Y, and measure the pin 35's DC voltage ; V_{GYDC} (4) Monitor Output : B-Y, and measure the pin 35's DC voltage ; V_{BYDC}
36	Color γ Correction Characteristics	4	b	a	(1) Input a 100kHz, 0.1V _{p-p} SIGNAL3 into pin 33. (2) Monitor Output : R-Y (3) While varying input amplitude, observe the change of pin 35's output amplitude with Color γ Correction ON and OFF. (4) Measure the start point ; V_{COLY} (5) Assuming that the inclination with OFF is "1", measure the inclination with ON ; $\Delta\gamma$
37	Color Limiter Characteristics	4	a	b	(1) Input a 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL2 into pin 34. (2) Color : MAX. (3) Monitor Output : B-Y (4) Measure the pin 35's output amplitude with Color Limiter Level +1dB, 0dB, -1dB and OFF ; CLT_{00} , CLT_{01} , CLT_{10} and CLT_{11}



NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)			
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE		MEASUREMENT MEHOD
			S33	S34	
38	Gain of High-Bright Color	4	a	b	<p>(1) Input a $0.2V_{p-p}$ SIGNAL2 into pin 34.</p> <p>(2) Monitor Output : B-Y</p> <p>(3) Adjust Color Control so that pin 35's output amplitude turns to $2V_{p-p}$.</p> <p>(4) Monitor Output : Y</p> <p>(5) Measure the pin 35's output amplitude with High-Bright Color OFF, 0.02, 0.09 and 0.12 ; V3500, V3501, V3510 and V3511</p> <p>(6) Calculate : $HBC_{00} = V3500 / 2$ $HBC_{01} = V3501 / 2$ $HBC_{10} = V3510 / 2$ $HBC_{11} = V3511 / 2$</p>
39	Tint Control Characteristics	4	b	b	<p>(1) Input a 100kHz, $0.2V_{p-p}$ SIGNAL3 into pin 34.</p> <p>(2) Input a signal whose phase is 90° advanced against SIGNAL3 into pin 33.</p> <p>(3) Monitor Output : R-Y</p> <p>(4) Measure the phase shift of pin 35's output between Tint MAX. and Center ; $\theta_{RTINTMAX}$</p> <p>(5) Measure the phase shift of pin 35's output between Tint MIN. and Center ; $\theta_{RTINTMIN}$</p> <p>(6) Monitor Output : B-Y</p> <p>(7) Repeat (4) and (5) ; $\theta_{BTINTMAX}$ and $\theta_{BTINTMIN}$</p>
40	Flesh Color Characteristics	4	b	b	<p>(1) Input I/Q signal which is demodulated from Flesh-Bar Signal (its phase is $-30 \sim +240^\circ$, 15° intervals) into pin 33/34.</p> <p>(2) Flesh Color Pull-in Range : ± 18degrees</p> <p>(3) Monitor Output : R-Y and B-Y</p> <p>(4) While observing pin 35's output, measure the color vector response like a right graph.</p> <p>(5) Measure the inclination near I axis with Flesh ON ; $F\alpha_{18}$</p> <p>(6) Flesh Color Pull-in Range : $\pm 33^\circ$</p> <p>(7) Repeat (3)~(5) ; $F\alpha_{33}$</p> 

Text stage

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)						
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD		
			S24	S25	S26	S41		
41	AC Gain	5	a	a	a	b	(1) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Measure the AC gain from pin 41 to pin 13 ; G _R (3) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
42	RGB Frequency Response	5	a	a	a	b	(1) Input a 8MHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Measure the AC gain from pin 41 to pin 13. (3) Calculate the difference of AC gain between for 10kHz input and for 8MHz Input ; G _{FR} (4) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
43	Uni-Color Control Characteristics for Luminance	5	a	a	a	b	(1) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Monitor Output : Y (3) Measure the pin 35's output amplitude with Uni-Color MAX., Center and MIN. ; V _{YUCMAX} , V _{YUCCEN} and V _{YUCMIN} (4) Calculate : G _{YUC} = 20log (V _{YUCMAX} / V _{YUCMIN})	
44	Uni-Color Control Voltage Variable Range	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Measure the pin 28's DC voltage with Uni-Color MAX., Center and MIN. ; V _{28MAX} , V _{28CEN} and V _{28MIN} (2) Calculate : ΔV ₂₈₊ = V _{28MAX} - V _{28CEN} ΔV ₂₈₋ = V _{28CEN} - V _{28MIN}	
45	Brightness Control Characteristics	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Monitor Output : Y (2) Measure the pin 35's output DC voltage in picture period with Brightness MAX., Center and MIN. ; V _{BRMAX} , V _{BRcen} and V _{BRMIN}	
46	Brightness Sensitivity Per Step	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Calculate : ΔV _{BR} = (V _{BRMAX} - V _{BRMIN}) / 256	
47	Brightness Control Voltage Variable Range	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Measure the pin 29's DC voltage with Brightness MAX., Center and MIN. V _{29MAX} , V _{29CEN} and V _{29MIN} (2) Calculate : ΔV ₂₉₊ = V _{29MAX} - V _{29CEN} ΔV ₂₉₋ = V _{29CEN} - V _{29MIN}	
48	White Peak Slice Level	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Uni-Color, Sub Contrast : MAX. (2) White Peak Slice Level : 95IRE (3) While increasing pin 41's DC voltage, measure the pin 13's output voltage at which the output is clipped ; V _{WPS0} (4) White Peak Slice Level : 105IRE (5) Repeat (3) ; V _{WPS1}	

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)						
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD		
			S24	S25	S26	S41		
49	Black Peak Slice Level	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Uni-Color, Sub Contrast : MAX. (2) While decreasing pin 41's DC voltage, measure the pin 13's output voltage at which the output is clipped ; V_{BPS}	
50	DC Restoration	5	a	a	a	b	(1) Input a Stair Step Signal into pin 41. (2) Adjust Uni-Color so that the output amplitude turns to $1.25V_{p-p}$ (3) While varying input APL from 10% to 90%, measure the change of POINT A's voltage ; V_{DCREST}	
51	RGB Output Drive Current	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Adjust Brightness so that the pin 13's DC voltage turns to 3.2V in picture period. (2) Connect pin 13 to 4.2V via 100Ω , and measure the current flowing into pin 13 ; I_R (3) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
52	Half Tone Characteristics for Luminance	5	a	a	a	b	(1) Input a $100kHz$, $0.3V_{p-p}$ SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Measure the pin 13's amplitude in picture period ; V_{13A} (3) Supply 5.0V to pin 22. (4) Measure the pin 13's amplitude in picture period ; V_{13B} (5) Calculate : $GHTY = V_{13B} / V_{13A}$	
53	Half Tone ON Threshold Voltage	5	a	a	a	b	(1) Input a $100kHz$, $0.3V_{p-p}$ SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Increasing pin 22's voltage from 0V. (3) Measure the pin 22's voltage at which the pin 13's amplitude makes a change ; V_{HTON}	
54	Vertical Blanking Output Level	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Measure the pin 13's DC voltage in a vertical blanking period ; V_{RVBLK} (2) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
55	Horizontal Blanking Output Level	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Measure the pin 13's DC voltage in a horizontal blanking period ; V_{RHBLK} (2) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)							
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD			
			S24	S25	S26	S41			
56	Delay Time of Blanking Pulse	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Input a signal like a below figure into pin 8 and measure the T_{DBLKON} and $T_{DBLKOFF}$.		
57	Sub-Contrast Variable Range	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Measure the pin 13's amplitude in picture period with Sub Contrast MAX., Center and MIN. ; $V_{13SCMAX}$, $V_{13SCCEN}$ and $V_{13SCMIN}$ (3) Calculate : $G_{SCONT+} = 20\log(V_{13SCMAX}/V_{13SCCEN})$ $G_{SCONT-} = 20\log(V_{13SCMIN}/V_{13SCCEN})$		
58	RGB Output Voltage	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Measure the pin 13's DC voltage in picture period ; V_R (2) Green and Blue channels have same spec.		
59	Cut Off Control Variable Range	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Service Mode : ON (2) Measure the pin 13's DC voltage in picture period with R Cut Off MAX., Center and MIN ; V_{RCOMAX} , V_{RCOCEN} and V_{RCOMIN} (3) Calculate : $\Delta V_{RCO+} = V_{RCOMAX} - V_{RCOCEN}$ $\Delta V_{RCO-} = V_{RCOMIN} - V_{RCOCEN}$ (4) Green and Blue channels have same spec.		
60	Drive Control Variable Range	5	a	a	a	b	(1) Input a 100kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Measure the pin 14's amplitude in picture period with G Drive MAX., Center and MIN ; V_{GDRMAX} , V_{GDRCEN} and V_{GDRMIN} (3) Calculate : $G_{GDRV+} = 20\log(V_{GDRMAX}/V_{GDRCEN})$ $G_{GDRV-} = 20\log(V_{GDRMIN}/V_{GDRCEN})$ (4) Blue channel has same spec.		
61	Output Voltage at Mute Mode (Bus Control)	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Picture Mute : ON (2) Measure the pin 13's DC voltage in picture period ; $V_{RMUTEBUS}$ (3) Green and Blue channels have same spec.		

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)					
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD	
			S24	S25	S26	S41	
62	Output Voltage at Mute Mode (DC Control)	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Supply 5.0V to pin 21. (2) Measure the pin 13's DC voltage in picture period ; $V_{RMUTEDC}$ (3) Green and Blue channels have same spec.
63	Picture Mute Threshold Voltage	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Analog RGB Brightness : MAX. (2) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (3) Increasing pin 21's voltage from 0V, measure the pin 21's voltage at which pin 13's voltage makes a change ; $V_{RPICMUTE}$ (4) Green and Blue channels have same spec.
64	TV Mute Threshold Voltage	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Increasing pin 21's voltage from 0V, measure the pin 21's voltage at which pin 13's voltage makes a change ; $V_{RTVMUTE}$ (2) Green and Blue channels have same spec.
65	Output Voltage at Blue Back Mode	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Blue Back : ON (2) Measure the pin 13's DC voltage in picture period ; V_{RBB} (3) Measure the pin 14's DC voltage in picture period ; V_{GBB} (4) Measure the pin 15's DC voltage in picture period ; V_{BBB}
66	Output Voltage at Service Mode	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Service Mode : ON (2) Supply 5.0V to pin 21. (3) Measure the pin 13's DC voltage in picture period ; V_{RSER} (4) Green and Blue channels have same spec.
67	Peak ACL Level	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Peak ACL : ON (2) Color : MAX. (3) Switch S34 to b, and input SIGNAL2 into TP34A. (4) While increasing the SIGNAL2's amplitude, measure the pin 15's amplitude in picture period at which pin 28's voltage makes a change ; V_{ACL}

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)						
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD		
			S24	S25	S26	S41		
68	Analog RGB Gain	5	a/c	a/c	a/c	b	(1) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Adjust G/B Drive so that pin 14's/ 15's amplitude turn to be equal with pin 13's one. (3) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (4) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 24. (5) Measure the pin 13's amplitude in picture period ; V_{ANAR} (6) Calculate : $G_{ANAR} = V_{ANAR} / 0.3$ (7) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
69	Analog RGB Frequency Response	5	a/c	a/c	a/c	b	(1) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Adjust G/B Drive so that pin 14's/ 15's amplitude turn to be equal with pin 13's one. (3) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (4) Input a 8kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 24. (5) Measure the pin 13's amplitude in picture period ; V_{ANAR8M} (6) Calculate : $G_{FANAR} = 20\log(V_{ANAR8M}/V_{ANAR})$ (7) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
70	Analog RGB Input Dynamic Range	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (2) RGB Contrast : MIN. (3) Input a SIGNAL2 into pin 24. (4) While increasing input amplitude, measure the input amplitude at which pin 13's output signal begins to be clipped ; D_{ANAR} (5) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
71	Analog RGB White Peak Slice Level	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Adjust G/B Drive so that pin 14's/ 15's amplitude turn to be equal with pin 13's one. (3) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (4) RGB Contrast : MAX. (5) While increasing pin 24's DC voltage, measure the pin 13's output voltage at which the output is clipped ; $V_{ANARWPS}$ (6) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	

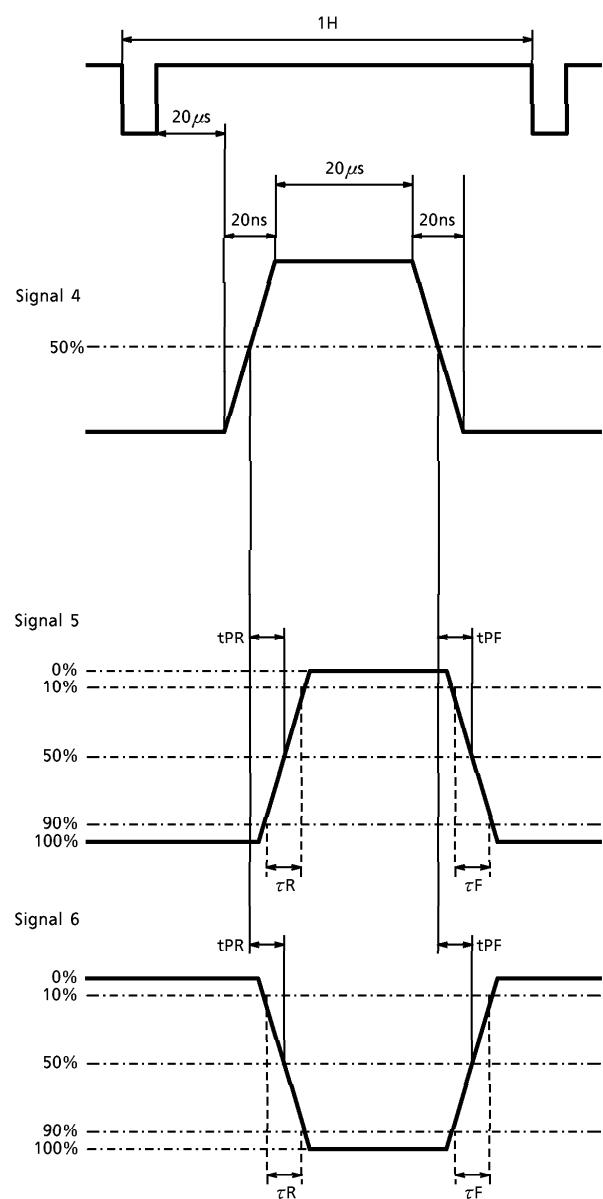
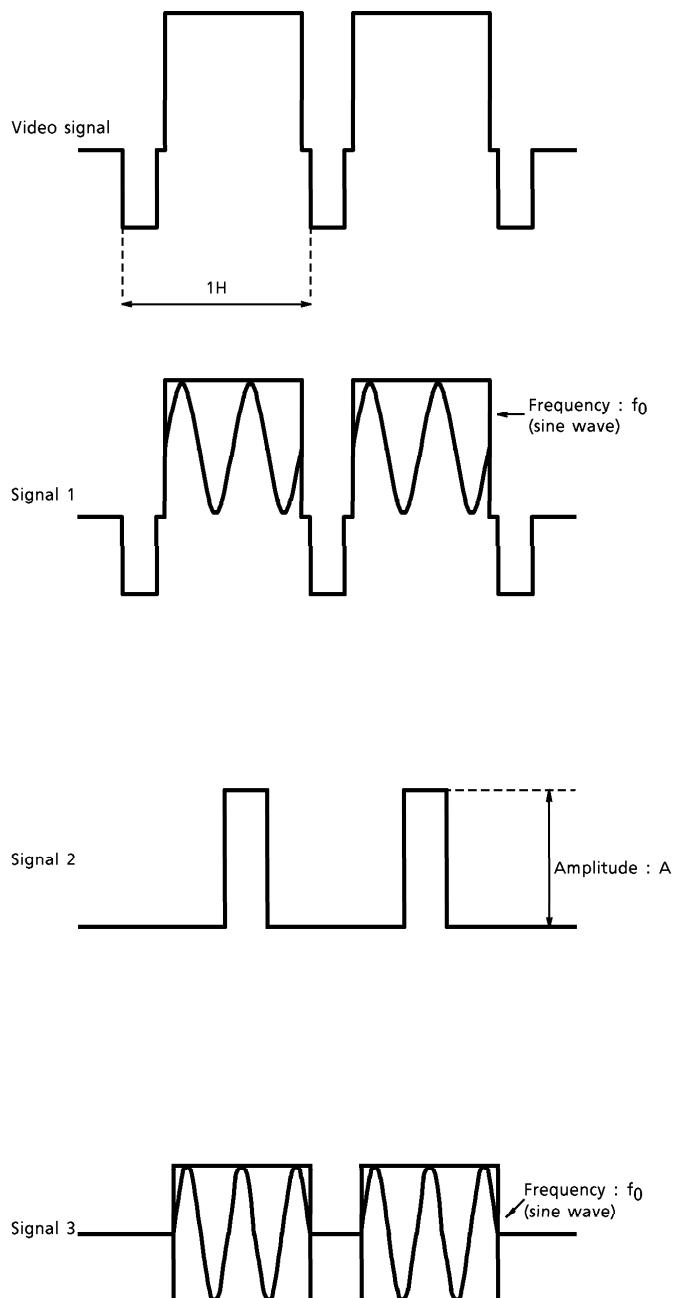
NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)						
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD		
			S24	S25	S26	S41		
72	Analog RGB Black Peak Slice Level	5	a	a	a	a		(1) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Adjust G / B Drive so that pin 14's / 15's amplitude turn to be equal with pin 13's one. (3) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (4) RGB Contrast : MAX. (5) While decreasing pin 24's DC voltage, measure the pin 13's output voltage at which the output is clipped ; $V_{ANARBPS}$ (6) Green and Blue channels have same spec.
73	Analog RGB Contrast Control Characteristics	5	a/c	a/c	a/c	b		(1) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Adjust G / B Drive so that pin 14's / 15's amplitude turn to be equal with pin 13's one. (3) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (4) Input a 100kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 24. (5) Measure the pin 13's output amplitude with RGB Contranst MAX., Center and MIN. ; $V_{ANARCONMAX}$, $V_{ANARCONCEN}$ and $V_{ANARCONMIN}$ (6) Calculate : $G_{ANARCON} = 20\log(V_{ANARCONMAX}/V_{ANARCONMIN})$ (7) Green and Blue channels have same spec.
74	Analog RGB Contrast Control Voltage Variable Range	5	a	a	a	a		(1) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (2) Measure the pin 27's DC voltage with RGB Contranst MAX., Center and MIN. ; V_{27MAX} , V_{27CEN} and V_{27MIN} (3) Calculate : $\Delta V_{27+} = V_{27MAX} - V_{27CEN}$ $\Delta V_{27-} = V_{27CEN} - V_{27MIN}$

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)					
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD	
			S24	S25	S26	S41	
75	Analog RGB Brightness Characteristics	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Adjust G/B Drive so that pin 14's/15's amplitude turn to be equal with pin 13's one. (3) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (4) Input a SIGNAL2 into pin 24. (5) Brightness Linking : OFF (6) Adjust the amplitude of SIGNAL2 so that pin 13's amplitude turns to 0.5V _{p-p} in picture period. (7) Measure the pin 13's output DC voltage in picture period with RGB Brightness MAX., Center and MIN. ; $V_{ANARBRMAX1}$, $V_{ANARBRCEN1}$ and $V_{ANARBRMIN1}$ (8) Brightness Linking : ON (9) Adjust the amplitude of SIGNAL2 so that pin 13's amplitude turns to 0.5V _{p-p} in picture period. (10) Measure the pin 13's output DC voltage in picture period with Brightness MAX., Center and MIN. ; $V_{ANARBRMAX2}$, $V_{ANARBRCEN2}$ and $V_{ANARBRMIN2}$ (11) Green and Blue channels have same spec.
76	Analog RGB Brightness Sensitivity Per Step	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Calculate : $\Delta V_{ANARBR1} = (V_{ANARBRMAX1} - V_{ANARBRMIN1}) / 128$ $\Delta V_{ANARBR2} = (V_{ANARBRMAX2} - V_{ANARBRMIN2}) / 256$ (2) Green and Blue channels have same spec.
77	Analog RGB Y _S Threshold Voltage	5	c	a	a	a	(1) Input a 10kHz, 0.3V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 24. (2) While increasing pin 23's DC voltage, measure the pin 23's voltage at which SIGNAL1 appears on pin 13 ; V_{ANARON} (3) Green and Blue channels have same spec.

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)						
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD		
			S24	S25	S26	S41		
78	Analog RGB Y _S Propagation Charcteristics	5	a	a	a	a	(1) RGB Brightness : MAX. (2) Input a $3V_{p-p}$ SIGNAL4 into pin 23. (3) According to SIGNAL5, measure the Propagation Characteristics at pin 13 ; $\tau_{RANARYS}$, $t_{PRANARYS}$, $\tau_{FANARYS}$ and $t_{PFANARYS}$ (4) Green and Blue channels have same spec. (5) Calculate the MAX. difference of raising time and falling time between axes ; $\Delta t_{PRANAYS}$ and $\Delta t_{PFANAYS}$	
79	Analog RGB Propagation Charcteristics	5	a/c	a/c	a/c	a	(1) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (2) Input a $0.5V_{p-p}$ SIGNAL4 into pin 24. (3) According to SIGNAL5, measure the Propagation Characteristics at pin 13 ; τ_{RANAR} , t_{PRANAR} , τ_{FANAR} and t_{PFANAR} (4) Green and Blue channels have same spec. (5) Calculate the MAX. difference of raising time and falling time between axes ; Δt_{PRANA} and Δt_{PFANA}	
80	Crosstalk from TV to Analog RGB	5	a	a	a	b	(1) Input a 4MHz, $0.7V_{p-p}$ SIGNAL1 into pin 41. (2) Adjust Sub Contrast so that the pin 13's amplitude turns to $3.0V_{p-p}$ in picture period. (3) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (4) Measure the pin 13's amplitude in picture period ; V_{13CTA} (5) Calculate : $CT_{TV-ANA} = 20\log(V_{13CTA}/3)$ (6) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
81	Crosstalk from Analog RGB to TV	5	a/b	a/b	a/b	a	(1) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (2) Input a 4MHz, $0.7V_{p-p}$ SIGNAL1 into pin 24. (3) Adjust RGB Contrast so that the pin 13's amplitude turns to $3.0V_{p-p}$ in picture period. (4) Shapness : Center (5) Measure the pin 13's amplitude in picture period ; V_{13CTB} (6) Calculate : $CT_{ANA-TV} = 20\log(V_{13CTB}/3)$ (7) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	

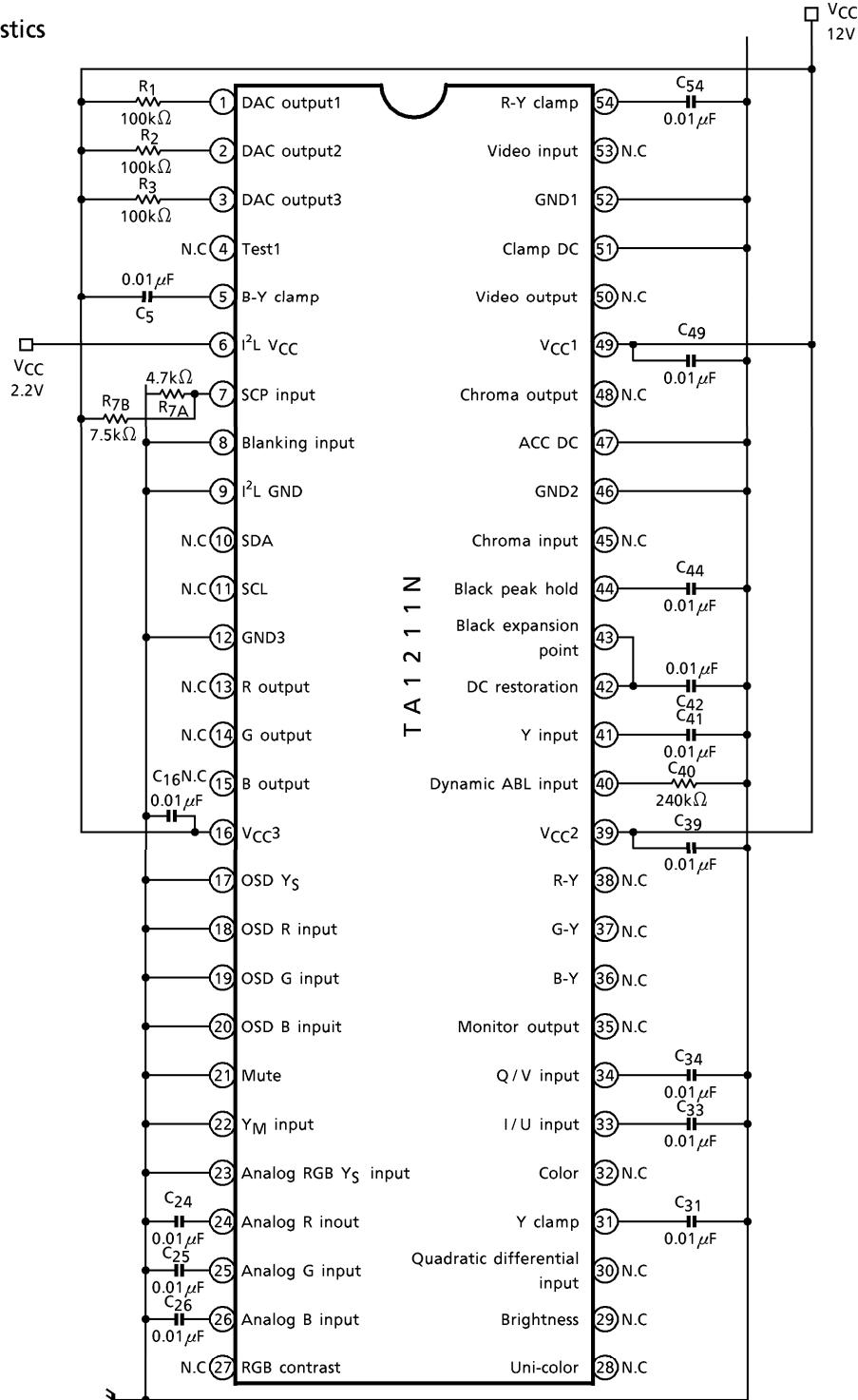
NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION ($V_{CC} = 12V$, $I^2L V_{CC} = 2.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)						
		TEST CIR-CUIT	SW MODE			MEASUREMENT MEHOD		
			S24	S25	S26	S41		
82	Analog RGB Crosstalk Between Axes	5	a / b	a / b	a / b	a	(1) Supply 5.0V to pin 23. (2) Input a 1MHz, 0.5V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 24. (3) Measure the pin 13's, 14's and pin 15's amplitude in picture period and calculate the Crosstalk between axes. (4) Input a 1MHz, 0.5V _{p-p} SIGNAL1 into pin 25 / 26. (5) Repeat (3) and pick up the MAX. Crosstalk amog all pairs of channels ; CTANARGB	
83	OSD Y _S Threshold Voltage	5	a	a	a	a	(1) While increasing pin 17's DC voltage, measure the pin 17's voltage at which the pin 13's voltage makes a change ; V _{OSDRON} (2) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
84	OSD RGB Output Low Level	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Supply 5.0V to pin 17. (2) Measure the pin 13's DC voltage in picture period ; V _{OSDRLOW} (3) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
85	OSD RGB Output High Level	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Supply 5.0V to pin 17. (2) Supply 5.0V to pin 18. (3) Measure the pin 13's DC voltage in picture period with OSD Contranst 3.0V _{p-p} and 2.5V _{p-p} ; V _{OSDRHIGH1} and V _{OSDRHIGH0}	
86	OSD RGB Threshold Level	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Supply 5.0V to pin 17. (2) While increasing pin 18's DC voltage, measure the pin 18's voltage at which the pin 13's voltage makes a change ; V _{OSDRTH} (3) Green and Blue channels have same spec.	
87	OSD RGB Y _S Propagation Charcteristics	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Input a 3V _{p-p} SIGNAL4 into pin 17. (2) According to SIGNAL6, measure the Propagation Characteristics at pin 13 ; $\tau_{ROSDRYS}$, $t_{PROSDRYS}$, $\tau_{FOSDRYS}$ and $t_{PFOSDRYS}$ (3) Green and Blue channels have same spec. (4) Calculate the MAX. difference of raising time and falling time between axes ; $\Delta t_{PROSDRYS}$ and $\Delta t_{PFOSDRYS}$	
88	OSD RGB Propagation Charcteristics	5	a	a	a	a	(1) Supply 5.0V to pin 17. (2) Input a 3.0V _{p-p} SIGNAL4 into pin 18. (3) According to SIGNAL5, measure the Propagation Characteristics at pin 13 ; τ_{ROSDR} , t_{PROSDR} , τ_{FOSDR} and t_{PFOSDR} (4) Green and Blue channels have same spec. (5) Calculate the MAX. difference of raising time and falling time between axes ; Δt_{PROSD} and Δt_{PFOSD}	

SIGNALS FOR MEASUREMENT



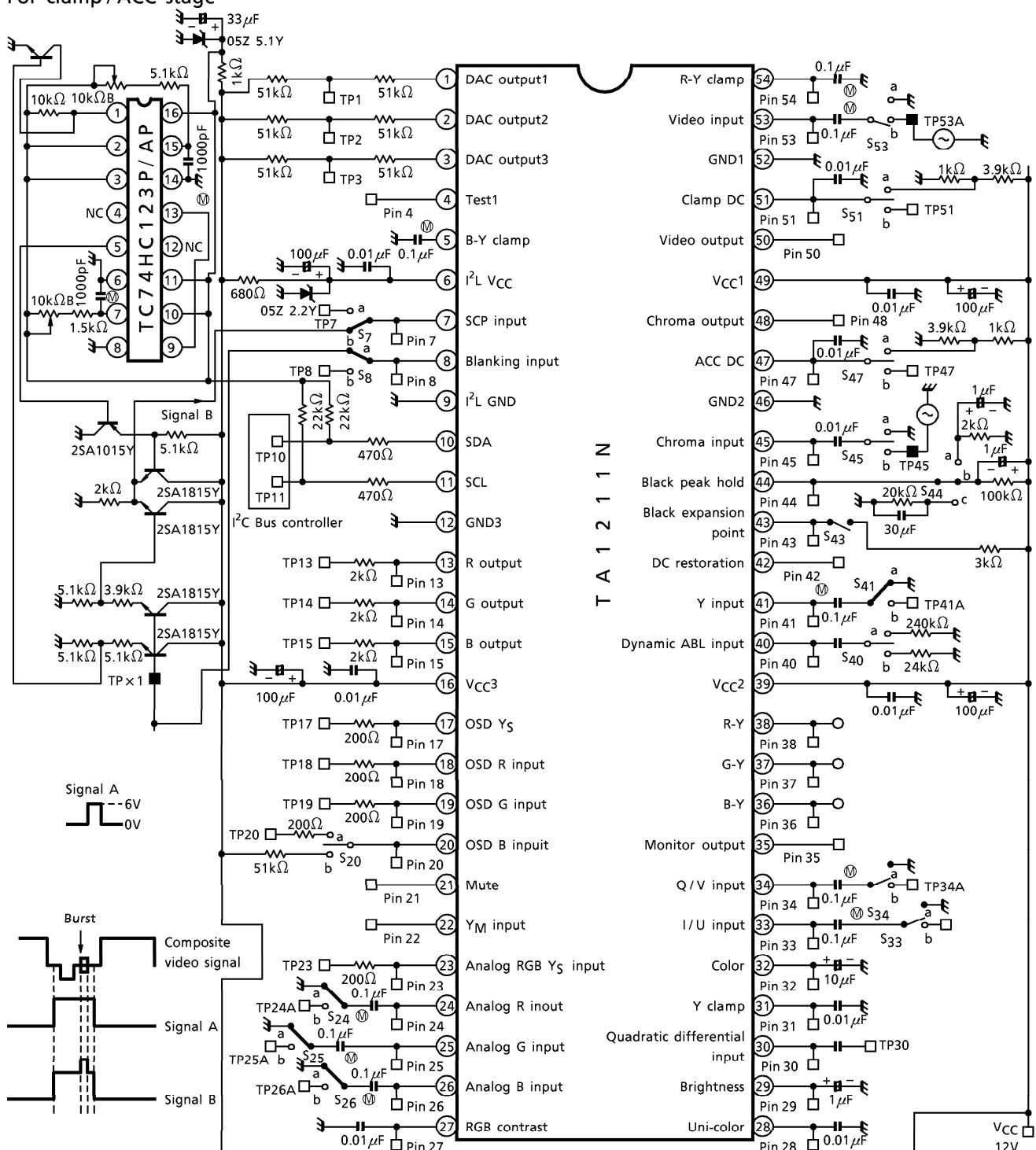
TEST CIRCUIT 1

For DC characteristics



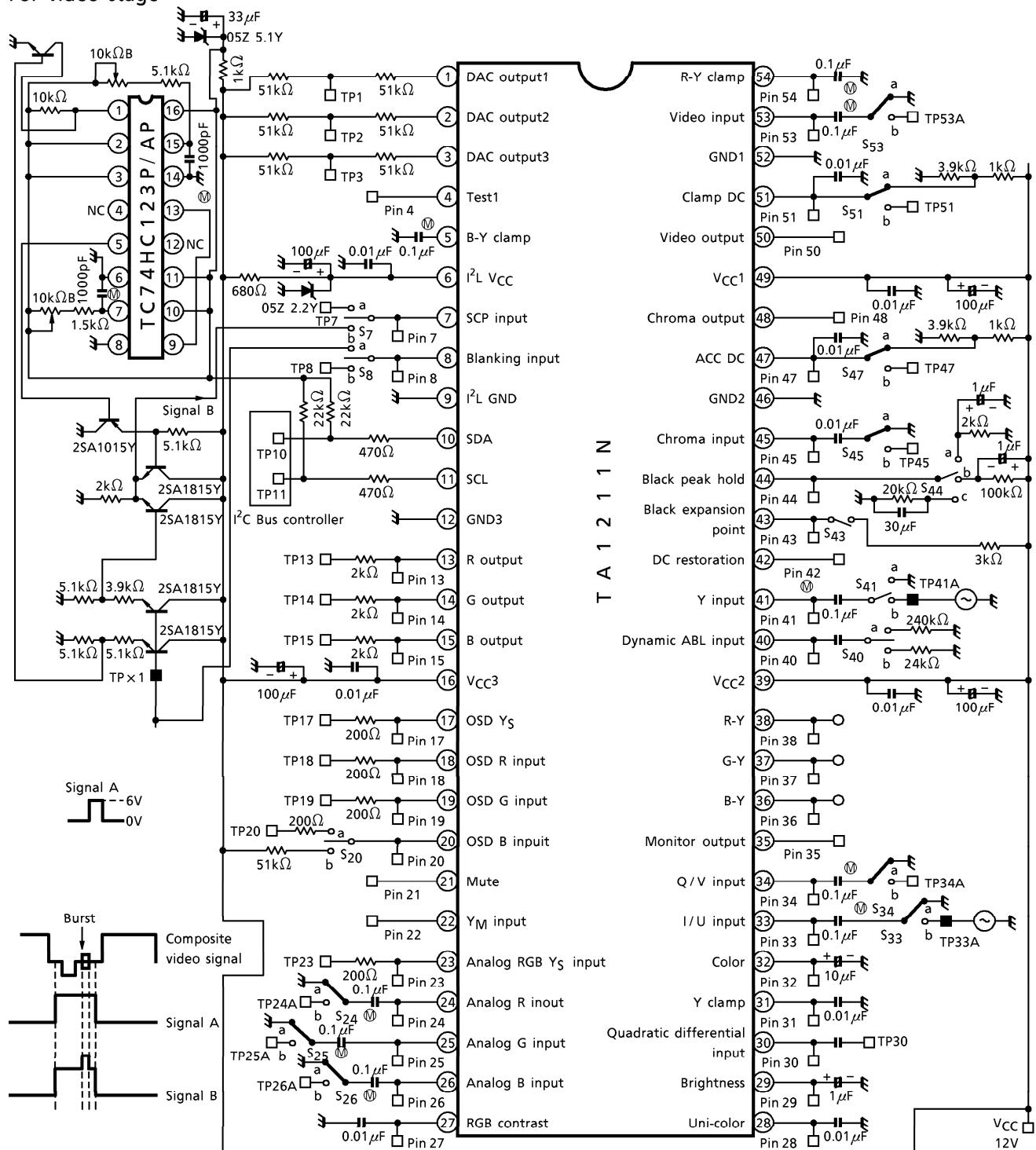
TEST CIRCUIT 2

For clamp / ACC stage



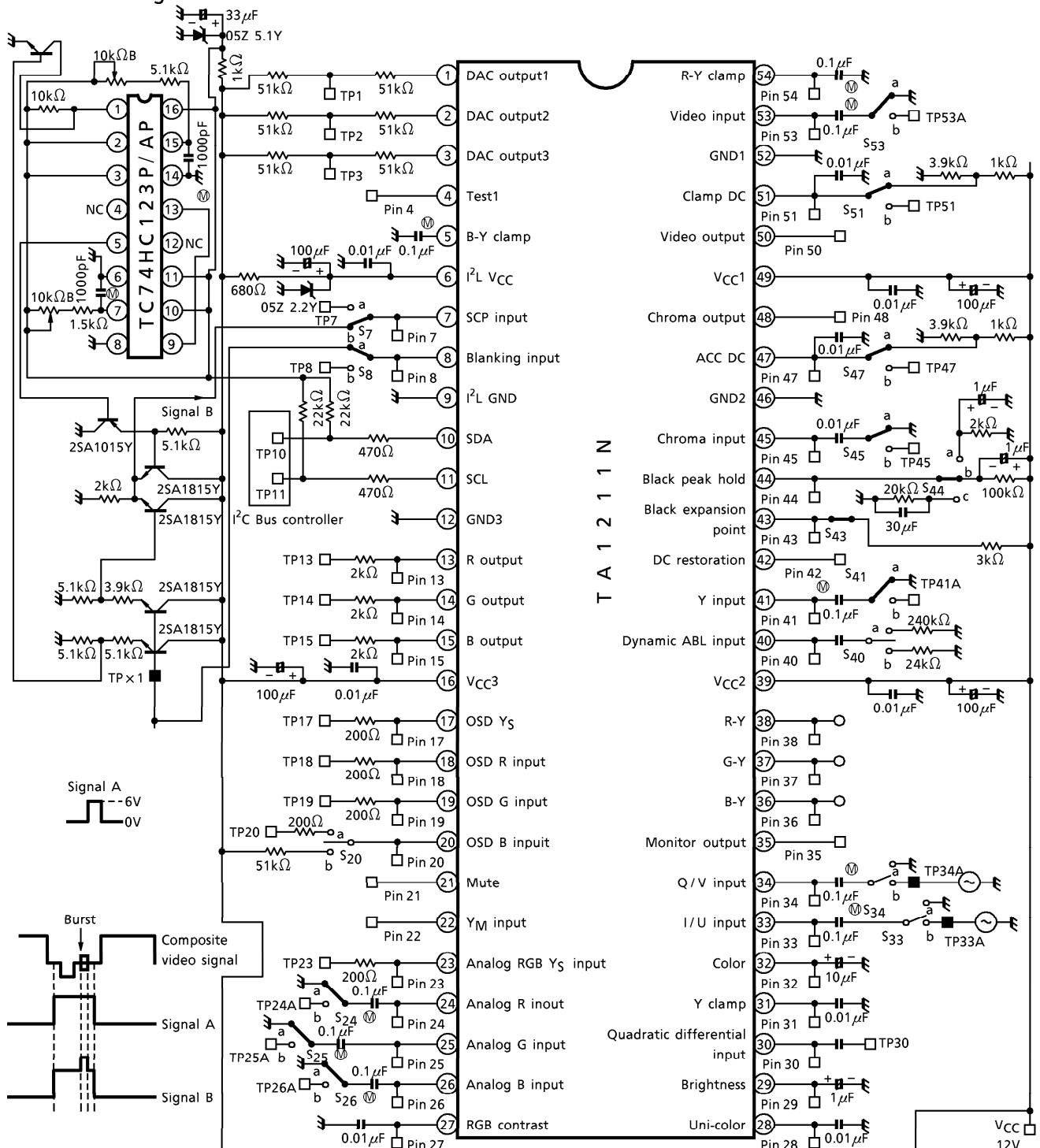
TEST CIRCUIT 3

For video stage



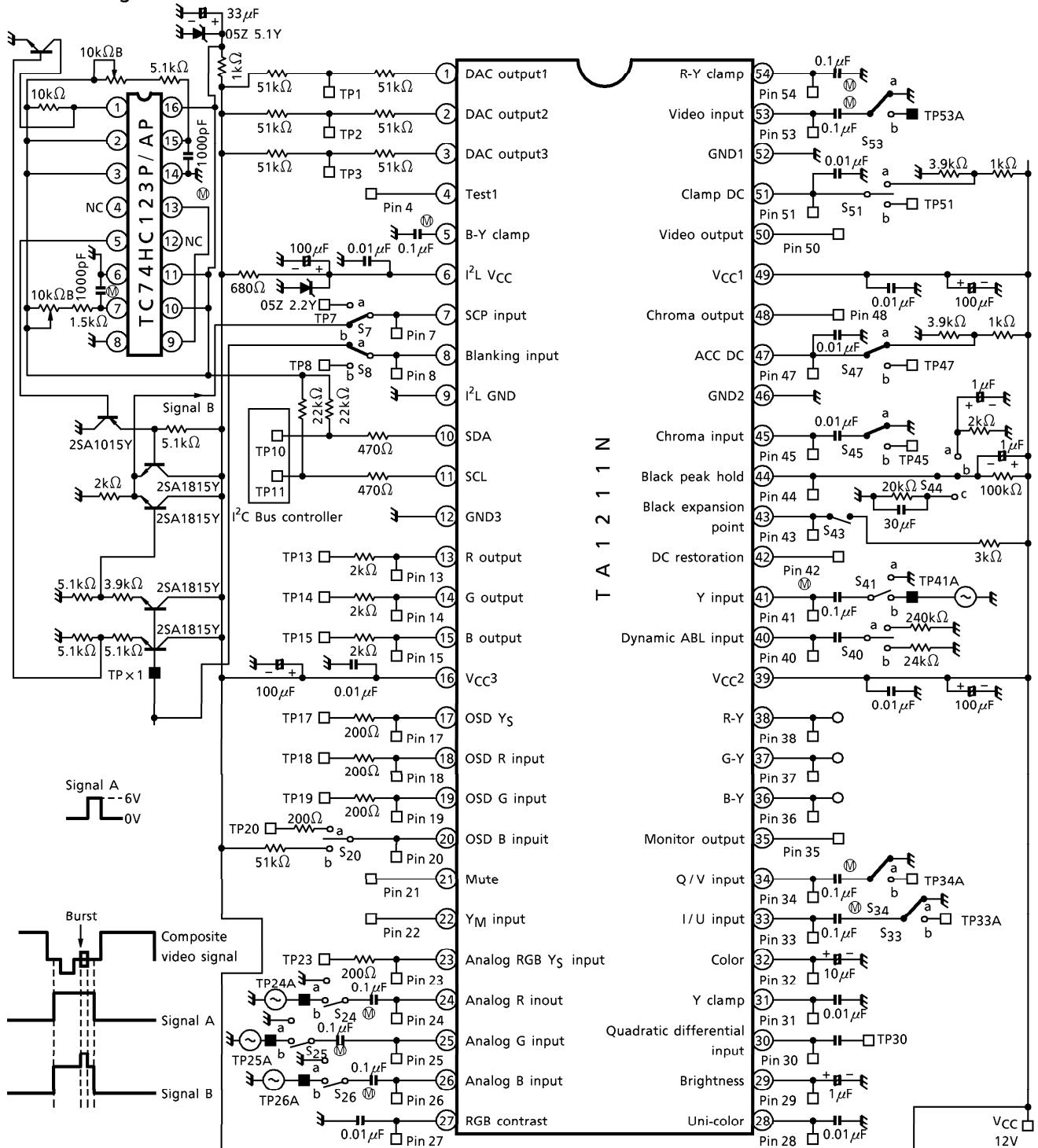
TEST CIRCUIT 4

For chroma stage

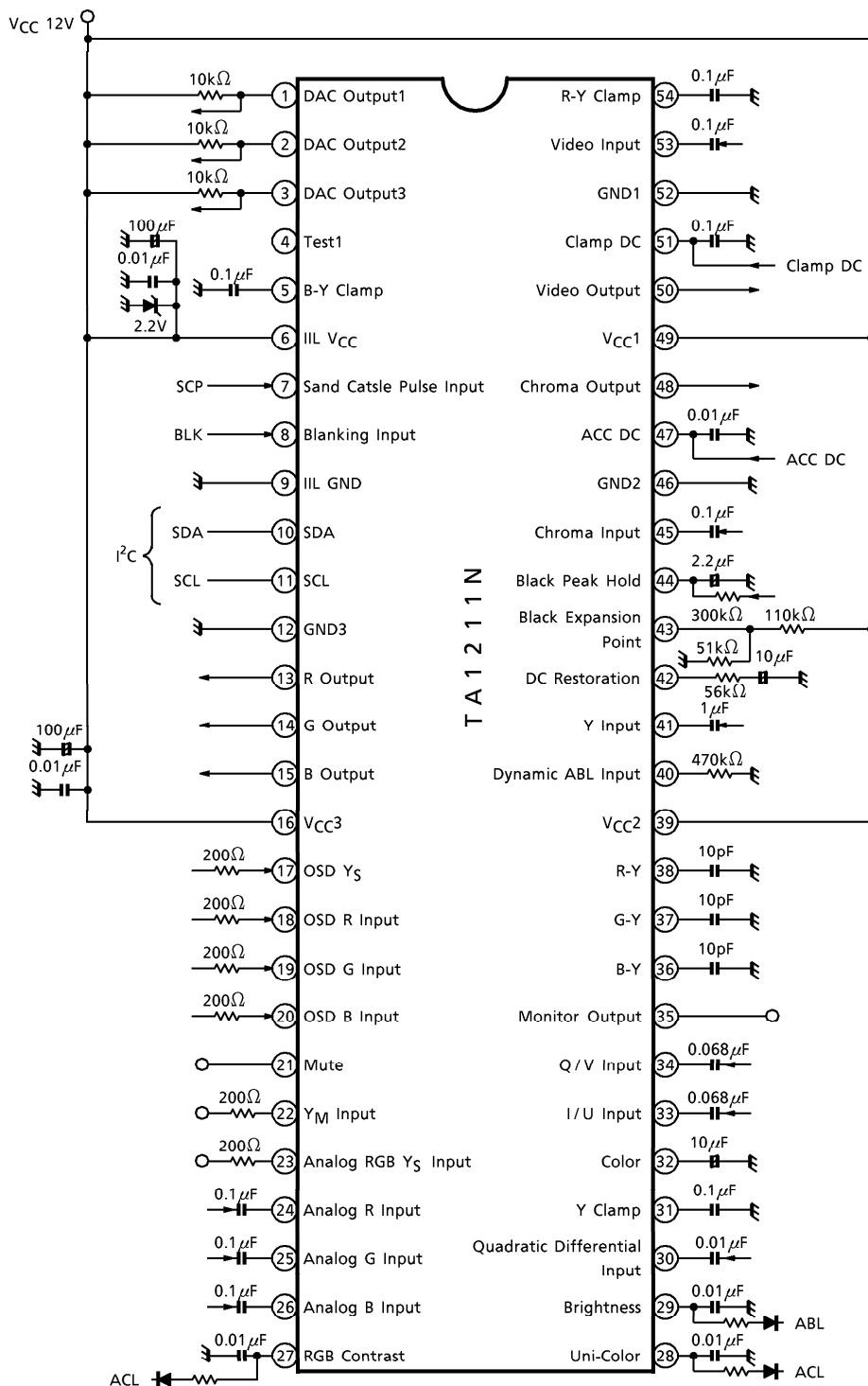


TEST CIRCUIT 5

For text stage



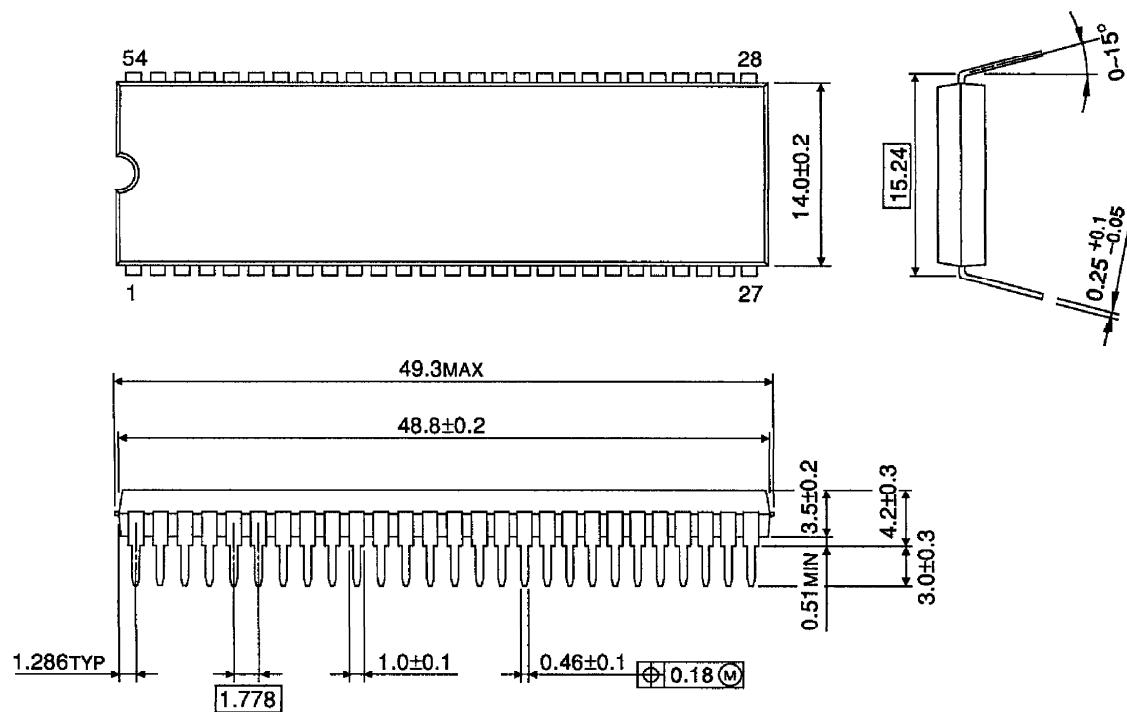
APPLICATION CIRCUIT



OUTLINE DRAWING

SDIP54-P-600-1.78

Unit : mm



Weight : 5.44g (Typ.)