

No. **※ 4251**

LC78865M

16-bit A/D Converter

Preliminary

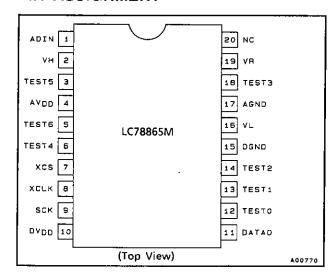
OVERVIEW

The LC78865M is a 16-bit single-channel CMOS A/D converter designed for digital audio applications. It uses the charge re-distribution successive approximation conversion technique.

FEATURES

- Single-channel 16-bit A/D converter with microcontroller interface
- Uses the charge re-distribution successive approximation conversion technique
- · LSB-first, offset-binary output data format
- · On-chip sample-and-hold
- Single +5 V supply
- · CMOS process

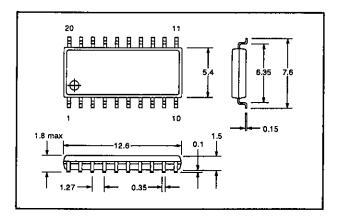
PIN ASSIGNMENT



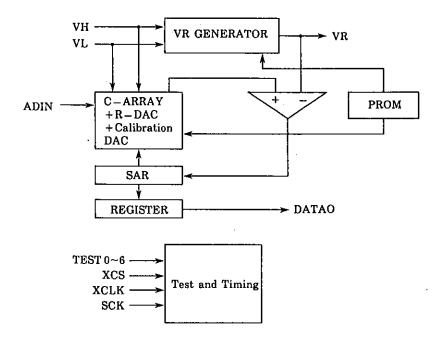
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Unit: mm

3036B-MFP20



BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

Name	Number	Description
1	ADIN	Analog input
2	VH	HIGH-level reference voltage
3	TEST5	Test pin. This pin has internal pull-up. Leave open for normal operation.
4	AV _{DD}	Analog supply voltage
5	TEST6	Test pin. Connect to digital ground for normal operation.
6	TEST4	Test pin. Connect to digital ground for normal operation.
7	XCS	Data control pin. When XCS is LOW, the last-converted data is output on the DATAO pin. This pin is normally controlled by a microcontroller.
8	XCLK	Data transfer clock input
9	SCK	System clock input
10	DV _{DD}	Digital supply
11	DATAO	Digital output data. This pin is high-impedance when XCS is HIGH.
12	TEST0	Test pin. Connect to digital ground for normal operation.
13	TEST1	Test pin. Connect to digital ground for normal operation.
14	TEST2	Test pin. Connect to digital ground for normal operation.
15	DGND	Digital ground
16	VL	LOW-level reference voltage
17	AGND	Analog ground
18	TEST3	Test pin. Leave open for normal operation.
19	VR	Reference voltage output. The voltage on this pin is equal to $(V_H + V_L)/2$. Leave it open for normal operation.
20	NC	No connection

SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_{\bullet} = 25$ °C, $V_{SS} = 0$ V

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Supply voltage	V _{DD}	-0.3 to 7.0	V	
Input voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3 to V_{DO} + 0.3	V	
Output voltage	V _{out}	-0.3 to V_{DD} + 0.3	٧	
Operating temperature	Торг	-20 to 75	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to 125	°C	

Recommended DC Operating Conditions

 $T_a = 25$ °C, $V_{SS} = 0$ V

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit
roidiletti		min	typ _	max	Onit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}	4.5	5.0	5.5	٧
HIGH-level reference voltage	V _H	3.3	_	V _{DD}	٧
LOW-level reference voltage	V _L	0	-	1.2	V
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	V _L	-	V _H	٧

DC Electrical Characteristics

 T_a = -20 to 75 °C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			1324
			min -	typ	max	Unit
HIGH-level input voltage	VIH	All digital inputs except SCK	2.2	_	-	٧
LOW-level input voltage	V _{IL}	All digital inputs except SCK	-	-	0.8	٧
HIGH-level output voltage	Voh	l _{OH} = -1 μA	V _{DD} - 0.05	-	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	Vol	loL = 1 μA	-	=	V _{SS.} + 0.05	٧
Clock input pulsewidth	tsck	SCK pin	0.5	_	-	V _{PP}

AC Characteristics

 T_{a} = -20 to 75 °C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V

Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Conditions		11-14		
			min	typ	max	Unit
XCS setup time	Txcss		1.5		_	μs
XCS hold time	Txcsh	-	1.5	-	-	μs
XCLK cycle time	Тхскс		1.0	-	-	μs
XCLK pulsewidth	ТН		300	-	-	ns
DATAO delay time	TDL	- "	0	-	150	ns
SCK clock frequency	FSCK		5	14.32	16	MHz

Analog Characteristics

 $T_{\text{\tiny 4}}$ = 25 °C, AV_{DD} = DV_{DD} = 5.0 V, V_{H} = 5.0 V, V_{L} = 0 V

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			IIula
			mln	typ	max	Unit
A/D conversion frequency	fs	See note.	17.4	49.7	55.6	kHz
Linearity	LE		-	-	0.025	%
Power consumption	PD		-	70	130	mW

Note

One conversion takes 288 SCK cycles. After conversion, the whole output word is loaded into the output register. Thus, while XCS is HIGH, the output register is updated every 288 SCK cycles. When XCS goes LOW, output register update is inhibited and preparation for output takes place.

Input Impedance

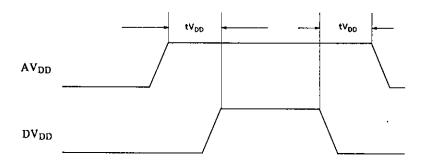
$$AV_{DD} = DV_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{H} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{L} = 0 \text{ V}$$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			mln	typ	max	Unit
Input impedance	ADIN	DC input, Sampling rate = 49.7 kHz	5	_	_	ΜΩ
- inpoduto		1 kHz AC input, Sampling rate = 49.7 kHz	250	_	-	kΩ

SUPPLY TIMING

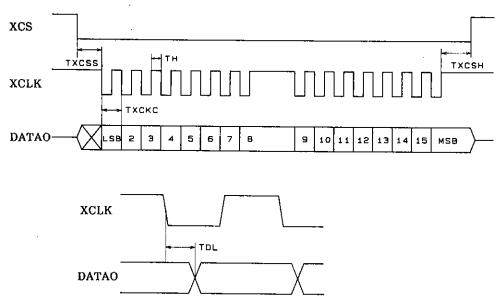
The analog and digital supply lines, AV_{DD} and DV_{DD} , are completely independent. The ground lines, AGND and DGND, should be connected together on the circuit board. The two supply lines should power-up and

power-down at exactly the same time. At worst, the digital supply line can come up two or three milliseconds behind the analog line, but never before it. The reverse applies on power-down.



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TIMING DIAGRAM



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THE CONVERSION TECHNIQUE

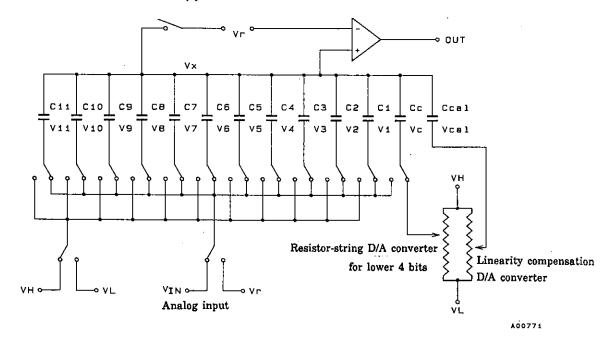
The LC78865M uses the charge re-distribution successive approximation technique. It includes a capacitive charge accumulator for the upper 12 bits, a resistor string DAC for the lower four bits, and a linearity compensation resistor string DAC.

The converter works by accumulating a charge proportional to the input voltage in the accumulation capacitors. The voltage produced is compared with the reference voltages. Each bit of the output word is determined sequentially, from most-significant to least-significant. The charge accumulation capacitors also function as a sample-and-hold circuit. The device

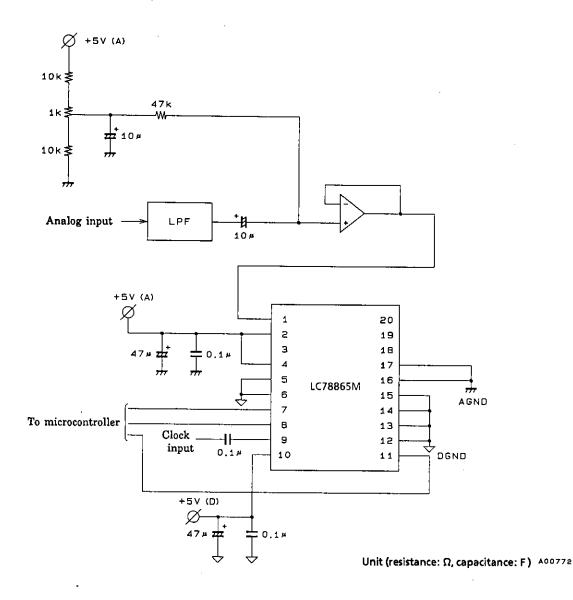
operates from a single supply voltage using a virtual earth voltage, Vr, halfway between the two reference voltages. The successive approximation comparisons use a signed-magnitude comparision with Vr as the reference

The resolution of the successive approximation technique described above is limited by the accuracy of the internal reference, Vr, and the accumulation capacitors. Errors caused by these effects are measured at the factory for each device, and the error characteristic stored in internal PROM. The data from the PROM is used to drive the linearity compensation D/A converter.

Charge Accumulation Successive Approximation Converter



APPLICATION CIRCUIT



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