

MM74C14 Hex Schmitt Trigger

General Description

The MM74C14 Hex Schmitt Trigger is a monolithic complementary MOS (CMOS) integrated circuit constructed with N- and P-channel enhancement transistors. The positive and negative going threshold voltages V_{T+} and V_{T-} , show low variation with respect to temperature (typ. $0.0005V/^{\circ}C$ at $V_{CC} = 10V$), and hysteresis, $V_{T+} - V_{T-} \geq 0.2 V_{CC}$ is guaranteed.

All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by diode clamps to V_{CC} and GND.

Features

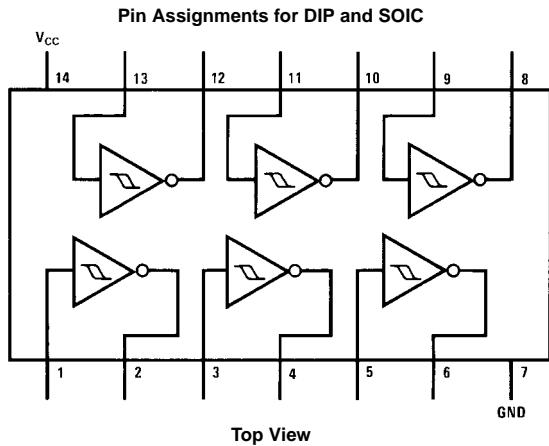
- Wide supply voltage range: 3.0V to 15V
- High noise immunity: 0.70 V_{CC} (typ.)
- Low power: TTL compatibility:
0.4 V_{CC} (typ.) 0.2 V_{CC} guaranteed
- Hysteresis: 0.4 V_{CC} (typ.): 0.2 V_{CC} guaranteed

Ordering Code:

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
MM74C14M	M14A	14-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-120, 0.150" Narrow
MM74C14N	N14A	14-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

Connection Diagram



MM74C14

Voltage at Any Pin	-0.3V to V_{CC} + 0.3V	Absolute Maximum V_{CC}	18V
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)	260°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C		
Power Dissipation			
Dual-In-Line	700 mW		
Small Outline	500mW		
Operating V_{CC} Range	3.0V to 15V		

DC Electrical Characteristics

Min/Max limits apply across the guaranteed temperature range unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
CMOS TO CMOS						
V_{T+}	Positive Going Threshold Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$	3.0	3.6	4.3	V
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	6.0	6.8	8.6	V
		$V_{CC} = 15V$	9.0	10.0	12.9	V
V_{T-}	Negative Going Threshold Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$	0.7	1.4	2.0	V
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	1.4	3.2	4.0	V
		$V_{CC} = 15V$	2.1	5.0	6.0	V
$V_{T+} - V_{T-}$	Hysteresis	$V_{CC} = 5V$	1.0	2.2	3.6	V
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	2.0	3.6	7.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 15V$	3.0	5.0	10.8	V
$V_{OUT(1)}$	Logical "1" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V, I_O = -10 \mu A$	4.5			V
		$V_{CC} = 10V, I_O = -10 \mu A$	9.0			V
$V_{OUT(0)}$	Logical "0" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V, I_O = 10 \mu A$			0.5	V
		$V_{CC} = 10V, I_O = 10 \mu A$			1.0	V
$I_{IN(1)}$	Logical "1" Input Current	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 15V$		0.005	1.0	μA
$I_{IN(0)}$	Logical "0" Input Current	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-1.0	-0.005		μA
I_{CC}	Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V/15V$		0.05	15	μA
		$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{IN} = 2.5V$ (Note 2)		20		μA
		$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{IN} = 5V$ (Note 2)		200		μA
		$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 7.5V$ (Note 2)		600		μA
CMOS/LPTTL INTERFACE						
$V_{IN(1)}$	Logical "1" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$	4.3			V
$V_{IN(0)}$	Logical "0" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$			0.7	V
$V_{OUT(1)}$	Logical "1" Output Voltage	$74C, V_{CC} = 4.75V, I_O = -360 \mu A$	2.4			V
$V_{OUT(0)}$	Logical "0" Output Voltage	$74C, V_{CC} = 4.75V, I_O = 360 \mu A$			0.4	V
OUTPUT DRIVE (see Family Characteristics Data Sheet) $T_A = 25^\circ C$ (Short Circuit Current)						
I_{SOURCE}	Output Source Current (P-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{OUT} = 0V$	-1.75	-3.3		mA
I_{SOURCE}	Output Source Current (P-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{OUT} = 0V$	-8.0	-15		mA
I_{SINK}	Output Sink Current (N-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$	1.75	3.6		mA
I_{SINK}	Output Sink Current (N-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$	8.0	16		mA

Note 2: Only one of the six inputs is at $\frac{1}{2} V_{CC}$; the others are either at V_{CC} or GND.

AC Electrical Characteristics (Note 3)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{PD0}	Propagation Delay from Input to Output	$V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$		220	400	n
		$V_{CC} = 10\text{V}$		80	200	ns
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	Any Input (Note 4)		5.0		pF
C_{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	Per Gate (Note 5)		20		pF

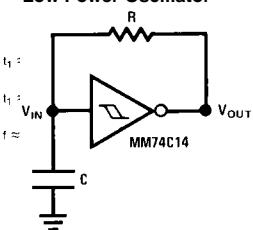
Note 3: AC Parameters are guaranteed by DC correlated testing.

Note 4: Capacitance is guaranteed by periodic testing.

Note 5: C_{PD} determines the no load AC power consumption of any CMOS device. For complete explanation see Family Characteristics Application Note—AN-90.

Typical Applications

Low Power Oscillator



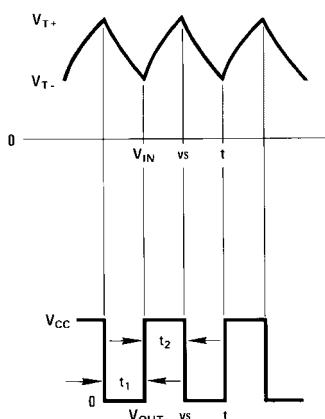
$$t_1 \approx RC \ell n \frac{V_{T+}}{V_T}$$

$$t_1 \approx RC \ell n \frac{V_{CC} - V_{T-}}{V_{CC} - V_{T+}}$$

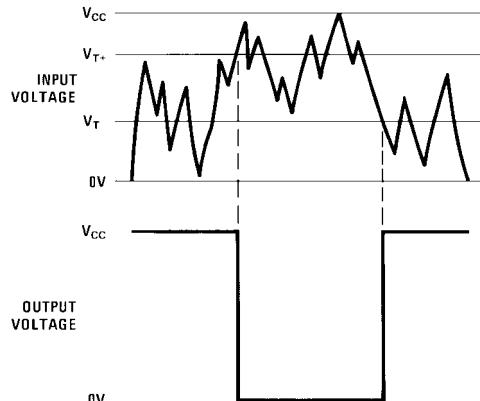
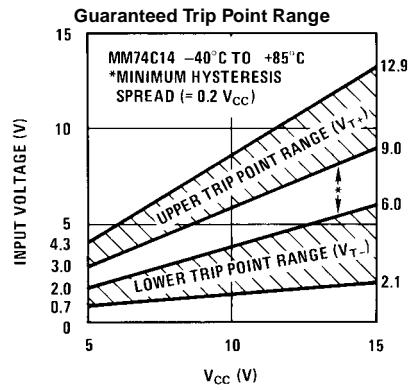
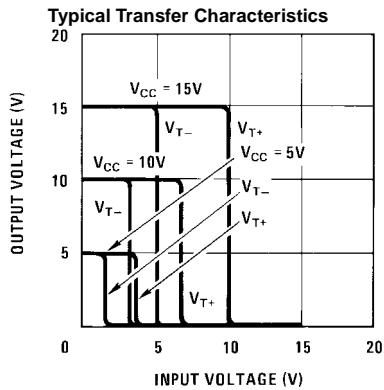
$$f \approx \frac{1}{RC \ell n \frac{V_{T+}(V_{CC} - V_{T-})}{V_{T-}(V_{CC} - V_{T+})}} \approx \frac{1}{1.7 RC}$$

Note: The equations assume $t_1 + t_2 \gg t_{pd0} + t_{pd1}$

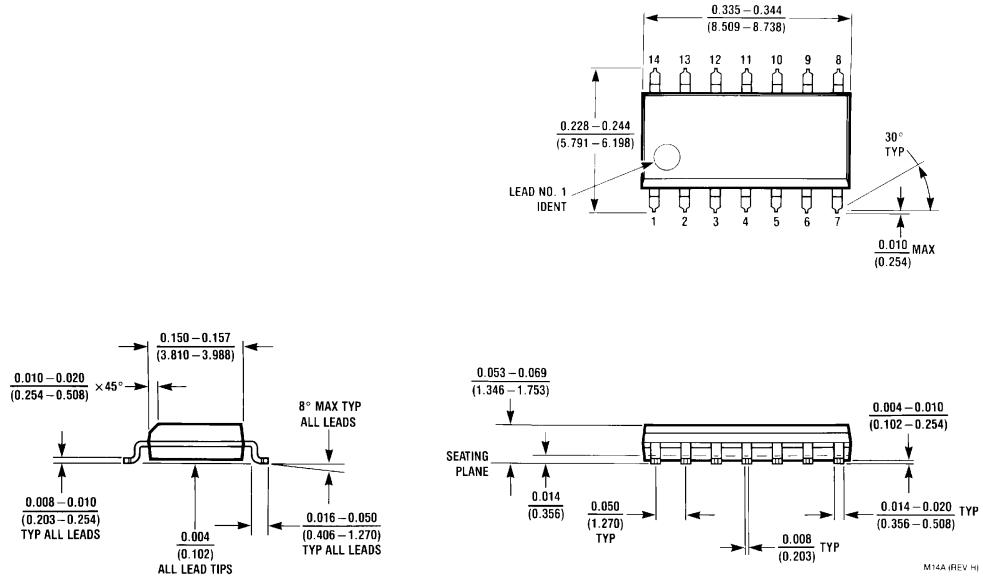
V_{CC} —————



Typical Performance Characteristics



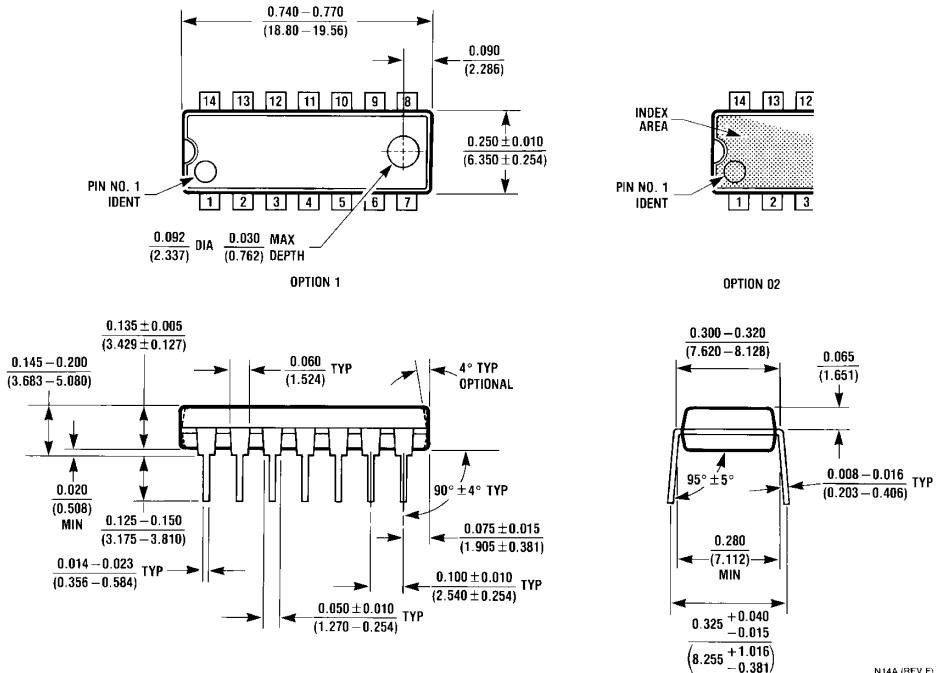
Note: For more information on output drive characteristics, power dissipation, and propagation delays, see AN-90.

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

14-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-120, 0.150" Narrow
Package Number M14A

Physical Dimensions

inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



14-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide
Package Number N14A

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