

Quadrature Downconverter

Preliminary Information

Supersedes October 1996 version in Media IC Handbook HB4599-1.0

DS3842 - 4.1 March 1997

The SL1710 is a quadrature downconverter, intended for use with both Professional and Consumer Digital Satellite Applications.

The device contains high linearity, low noise amplifiers, quadrature mixers, plus an on-chip oscillator, operating between 350MHz and 500MHz, which may be synthesised via the differential prescaler outputs.

An AGC with 18dB gain control is provided to cope with a wide range of input signal levels.

I and Q outputs are via low impedance single ended amplifiers. These may be connected to a dual channel analog to digital converter such as the PCA916, VP216, VP215 or VP213, via a suitable anti-alias filter.

FEATURES

- Wide input frequency range (350-500MHz)
- On chip oscillator with varactor tuning or SAW resonator operation capability
- Nominal 40dB conversion gain from IF input to I and Q outputs
- AGC amplifier with 18dB gain control range
- I to Q phase match 90°C to ± 2°, gain match better than 1dB
- Low impedance I and Q single ended outputs, with 15MHz ± 1dB BW
- Divide by 32 prescaler outputs
- Suitable for QPSK and up to 64QAM systems

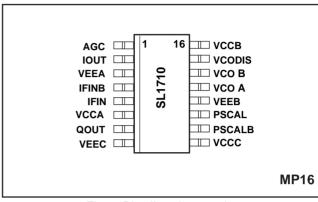


Fig. 1 Pin allocation top view

ORDERING INFORMATION

SL1710/KG/MPAS SL1710/KG/MPAD (Tape and Reel)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage temperature -55°C to +150°C

Junction temperature -29°C to +150°C

Supply voltage -0.3 to 7.0V

Voltage at any other pin -0.3 to +7.0V

APPLICATIONS

- Consumer digital satellite decoders
- Professional digital satellite decoders
- Communication systems

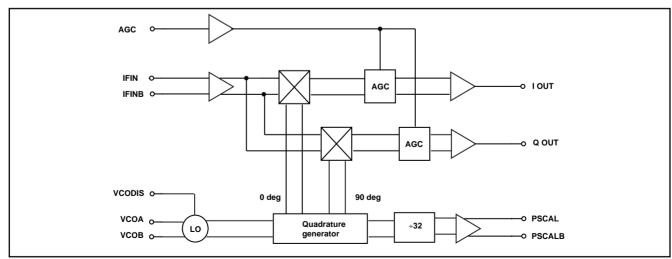


Fig.2. SL1710 block diagram

SL1710

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 T_{amb} = 0^oC to +80^oC, V_{ee} = 0V, V_{ce} = 4.75 to 5.25 V, Fif = 479.5 MHz, IF bandwidth \pm 15 MHz, output amplitude -11dBV These characteristics are guaranteed by either production test or design. They apply within the specified ambient temperature and supply voltage unless otherwise stated.

			Value			
Characteristic	Pin	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
Supply voltage	6,9,16	4.75	-	5.25	V	
Supply current	6,9,16		94	110	mA	
RF Input						
RF freq range	4, 5	350		500	MHz	
Impedance	4, 5		75		ohm	@ 480MHz. Fig. 4
VSWR	4, 5			1.7		@ 480MHz. Fig. 4
Noise Figure	4, 5			19	dB	AGC at maximum gain
Noise Figure variation with	4, 5		0.5	1	dB/dB	
gain						
VCO						
V _{co} freq (fo) control range	13, 14	350		500	MHz	External tank circuit with varicap
Phase noise	13, 14			-85	dBc/Hz	@ 10kHz from fo. but measured in
						I or Q output. Note (1, 2)
Fo sensitivity to V _{CC}	13, 14			2	MHz/Volt	Fixed external components and no
						control loop
Fo sensitivity to temperature	13, 14			40	KHz/°C	Uncompensation
Prescaler output, VOH	10, 11	V _{cc} -0.96			Volt	At 25°C
VOL	10, 11			V _{cc} -1.65	Volt	
Prescaler output duty cycle	10, 11	40			60	%Under maximum load conditions
						Fig. 5
AGC						
Gain, Vagc = +2.5V			40		dB	
Temp stability of gain	1			±2	dB	For any gain setting 0V to 5V
Gain, Vagc = +0.5V	1	44			dB	See Fig.6
Gain, Vagc = $+ V_{CC} - 0.5V$	1			32	dB	See Fig.6
AGC range			18		dB	
I Q outputs						480MHz local oscillator, 481 to
						495MHz RF input @ -51dBV
						Gain set to give -11dBV,
						1-15MHz baseband output into
Output insuradays	0.7				a la sas	maximum load. Fig. 7
Output impedance	2, 7	,		8	ohm	Fig. 8
Output clipping level	2, 7	1.5 88	00	02	V p-p	1 15MHz
I phase lag with respect to Q IQ crosstalk	2, 7	00	90	92 20	degs dB	1 -15MHz
Output amplitude match	2, 7			1	dВ	I releative to Q, 1 -15MHz
Baseband flatness	2, 7			±1	dВ	1-15MHz, 1kΩ 15pF load
Two tone 3rd order intercept 2, 7		+3		-'	dВV	Referred to output. @ 1MHz
point	· 1 1 1				GD V	Output load 1kohm, 15pF, all
P~t		1				
·						AGC settings 0.7V pk-pk output
lm3	2, 7	28			dBc	AGC settings, 0.7V pk-pk output

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}$ C to 80° C, $V_{ee} = 0$ V, $V_{cc} = 4.75$ to 5.25 V, These characteristics are guaranteed by either production test or design. They apply within the specified ambient temperature and supply voltage unless otherwise stated.

		Value				
Characteristic	Pin	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
Prescaler sidebands	2, 7		-50	-47	dBV	Measured in IQ outputs
Power supply rejection	2, 7	25	30		dB	Attenuation VCC to IQ outputs, over 0-500kHz

Notes:

- 1. The choice of L will have an effect on phase noise of the VCO
- 2. Target value at fo=500MHz, L (tank)=10nH, Q (tank, unloaded)=50, SSB

DESCRIPTION

The SL1710 is a quadrature downconverter, intended for high linearity, low noise digital satellite applications. It contains all the elements necessary, with the exception of the VCO tuning components, to extract baseband I and Q signals from a QPSK or QAM IF input signal.

A block diagram for the SL1710 is shown in Fig. 2.

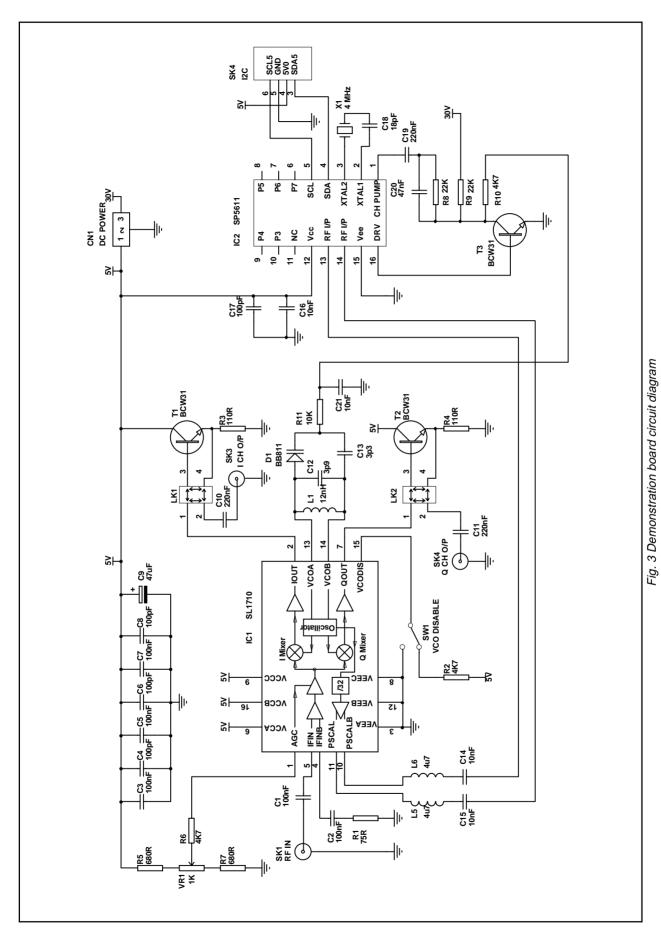
In normal consumer digital satellite applications, the device is fed via a SAW filter, centred at the standard IF of 479.5MHz. A filtered single channel is therefore presented to the device, at a typical level of -51dBV. An AGC is included with 18dB of gain control, which is guaranteed to provide an overall conversion gain between 30 and 45dB from the RF input to the I and Q outputs.

The quadrature mixers are fed from an on-chip oscillator which is centred on the incoming IF. The oscillator external tuning network should be fully symmetric, to ensure optimum gain and phase match.

Single ended I and Q amplifiers are provided, which output a 760mV (p/p) signal, assuming a nominal -51dBV input signal and 40dB gain, suitable for driving a dual channel ADC such as the PCA 869, PCA 913 and PCA 916 via an anti-alias filter (see application notes). The ADC is normally AC coupled via two capacitors (typically $4.7\mu F$).

The SL1710 also includes divide by 32 prescaler output. These may be fed to an external PLL circuit which can be used to drive the on-chip oscillator, thus forming a complete control loop.

The VCO can be disabled by applying 0V to pin 15.



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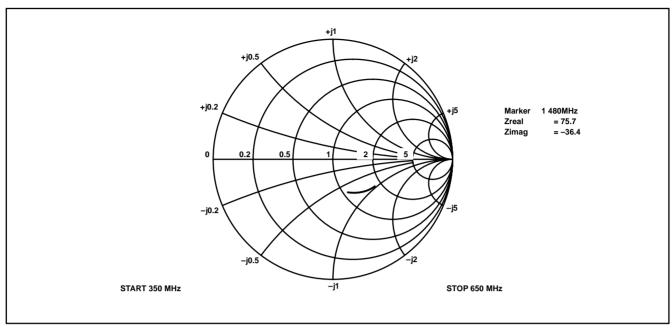


Fig.4 Typical RF input impedance

APPLICATION NOTES

These application notes should be read in conjunction with the circuit diagram Fig 3. and the PCB layout illustrated in Figs 9 and 10. An alternative oscillator configuration using a SAW Resonator is shown in the circuit diagram Fig. 11 and the PCB layout illustrated in Figs 12 and 13. These boards have been designed to permit the initial evaluation of the SL1710 performance.

VARACTOR TUNED

The application detailed in Fig.3 uses a synthesised VCO. The tuning range of the oscillator is;

Varactor line Voltage. Oscillator Frequency
5 Volts 458MHz
30 Volts 504MHz

This configuration gives a VCO sensitivity of 1.84MHz/Volt. The inductor L1 is a 12nF surface mount component. Different VCO centre frequencies and sensitivities can be achieved by changing the values of L1, C12 and C13.

The VCO frequency is controlled by the SP5611 synthesiser which is programmed via an I²C bus. The RF input to the synthesiser is from the SL1710 prescaler outputs via RF inductors L3 and L4.

SAW RESONATOR OSCILLATOR

The application detailed in Fig. 11 shows an SL1710 with a SAW Resonator controlled oscillator. In this instance the frequency accuracy and stability of the oscillator are determined by the Saw Resonator. The PCB detailed in Figs. 12 and 13 is designed to accommodate the following SAWR;

Manufacturer Part No MURATA SAR479.45MB10X200

PRESCALER OUTPUTS

The VCO frequency/32 is available at the differential prescaler outputs pins 10 and 11. This enables the on board VCO to be synthesised via a PLL.

VCO DISABLE

The on-chip oscillator can be disabled by connecting the VCO Disable (pin 15) to ground and enabled by connecting the pin to $V_{\rm CC}$ via a 4K7 pull up resistor.

AGC

The DC voltage measured at TP1 should be adjusted using VR1 to read 2.5 volts with respect to $\rm V_{EE}.$ this voltage equates to the nominal centre of the AGC control curve. The control voltage applied to pin 1 can be varied between 0.5 Volts (maximum gain) and $\rm V_{CC}$ -0.5 Volts minimum gain)

SL1710

I & Q OUTPUTS

The I and Q output stages of the SL1710 are sensitive to the loads connected to them. To avoid degrading the output signals resistive loads connected to these pins should always be $1K\Omega$ or greater with a parallel capacitance of 15pF or less

For evaluation purposes this makes the output unsuitable for connection to test equipment via normal coaxial cables. To alleviate this problem the application board is fitted with emitter follower buffer amplifiers which allow the connection of loads as low as 50Ω via coaxial cables without loading the output stages of the SL1710. These buffer amplifiers can be either connected in circuit, or bypassed by changing the position of Links 1 and 2.

This technique may be used in a real application where the SL1710 is used to drive and ADC via an anti-alias filter. Great care must be taken to ensure that the loading conditions stated above are not exceeded when designing the anti-alias filter section. Use of an emitter follower buffer is the easiest way to alleviate this constraint.

With the AGC voltage adjusted to 2.5 Volts apply an input signal to the IF IN (pin 5) and monitor the Base Band output level at the I and Q outputs. Adjust the RF input level until an output level of 760mV pk-pk is achieved. For best performance this level should not exceeded.

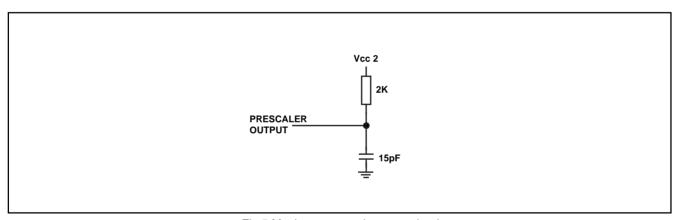


Fig.5 Maximum prescaler output load

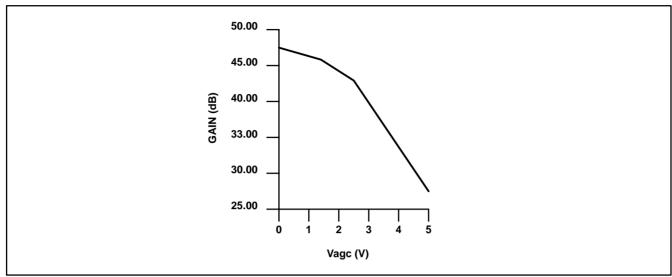


Fig. 6 AGC operation

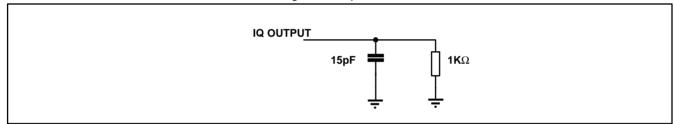


Fig. 7 Maximum IQ output load

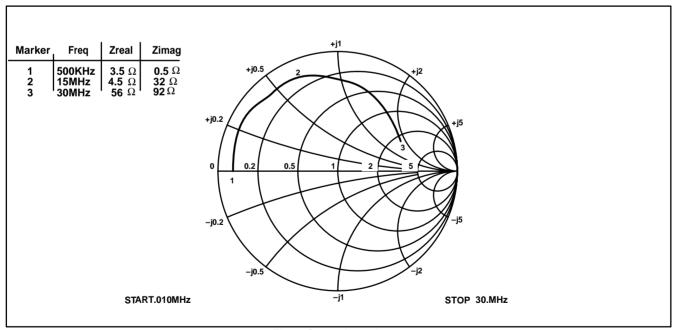


Fig. 8 Output impedance

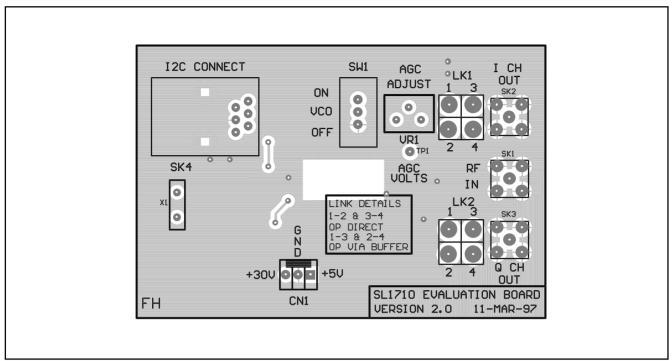


Fig. 9 Demonstration PCB top view

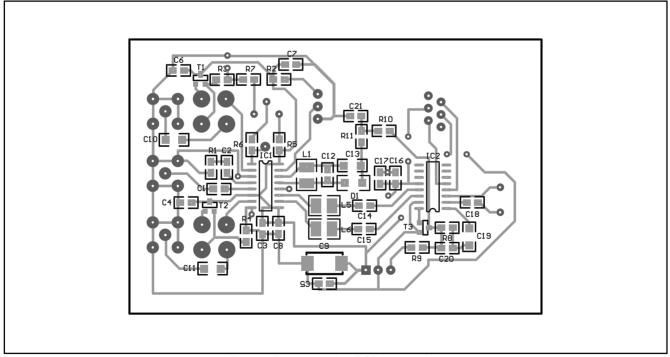


Fig. 10 Demonstration PCB bottomview

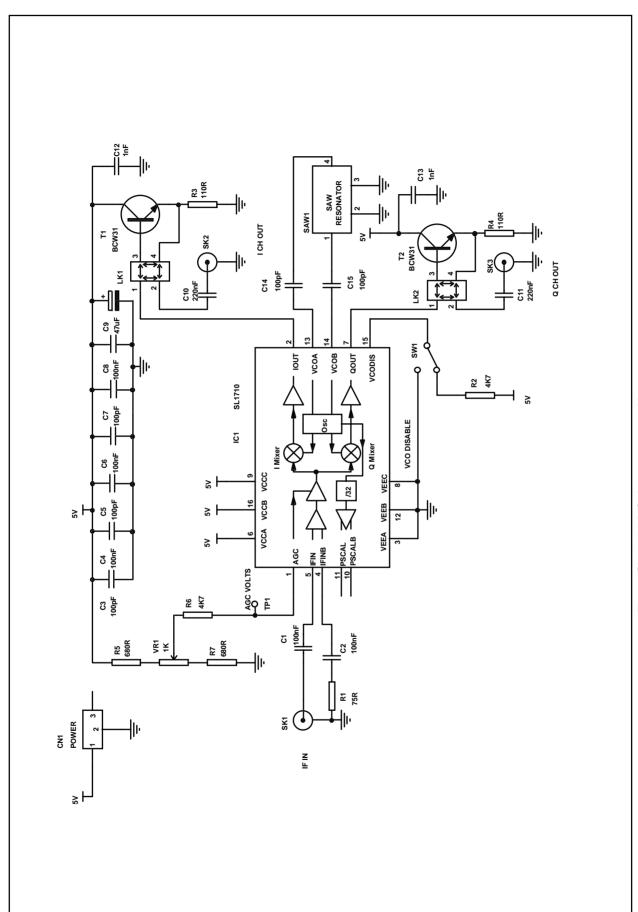


Fig. 11 SL1710 I & Q downconverter with saw resonator

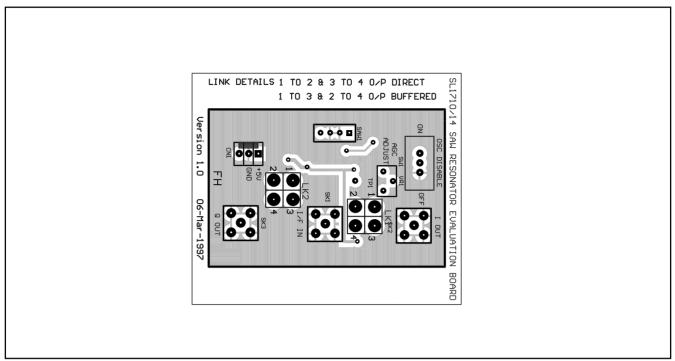


Fig. 12

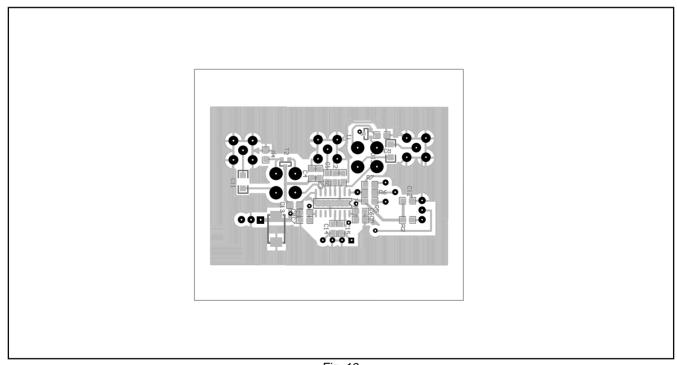
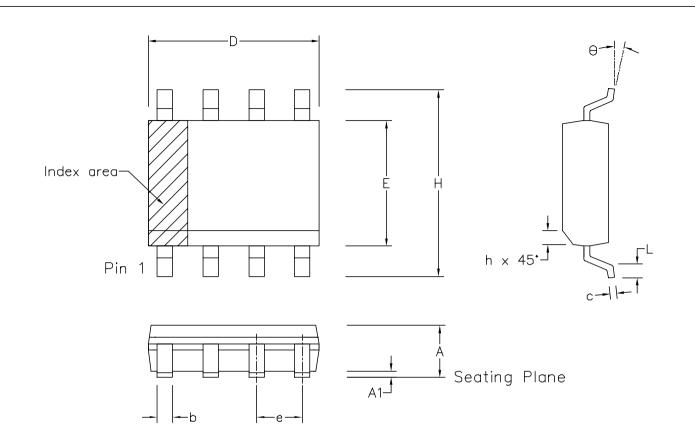


Fig. 13



	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	mm	mm	inch	inch	
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010	
D	9.80	10.00	0.386	0.394	
Н	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244	
Е	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157	
L	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050	
е	1.27	BSC	0.050 BSC		
b	0.33	0.51	0.013	0.020	
U	0.00				
С	0.19	0.25	0.008	0.010	
				0.010 8°	
С	0.19	0.25	0.008		
С	0.19 0°	0.25 8° 0.50	0.008 0°	8°	
С	0.19 0° 0.25	0.25 8° 0.50	0.008 0° 0.010 eatures	8°	

Notes:

- 1. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it not present, a visual index feature, e.g. a dot, must be located within the cross—hatched area.
- 2. Controlling dimension are in inches.

- 3. Dimension D do not include mould flash, protusion or gate burrs. These shall not exceed 0.006" per side.
 4. Dimension E1 do not include inter—lead flash or protusion. These shall not exceed 0.010" per side.
 5. Dimension b does not include dambar protusion/intrusion. Allowable dambar protusion shall be 0.004" total in excess of b dimension.

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ISSUE	1	2	3	4		MITEL	SEMICONDUCTOR	Title: Package Outline Drawing for 16 Ids SOIC(N)-0.150" Body Width (MP)
ACN	006745	201938	202597	203706				16 Ids SUIC(N)-0.130 Body width (MP)
DATE	7APR95	27FEB97	12JUN97	9DEC97				Drawing Number
APPROVED								GPD00012



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